# nature research

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

#### **Statistics**

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	Confirmed		
	×	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement	
X		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly	
	×	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.	
×		A description of all covariates tested	
	×	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons	
	×	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)	
	×	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F, t, r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.	
X		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings	
×		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes	
X		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated	
	1	Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.	

### Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>		
Data collection	bcl2fastq (2.20.0.422), cutadapt 2.10, STAR 2.7.5b, featureCounts (1.5.2), RazerS 3 (3.5.3), miRMaster (1.1), UMI-tools (1.0.0), seqtk (1.3)	
Data analysis	RNAfold (2.4.17), ggplot2 (3.3.2), gghalves (0.0.1.9000), ggridges (0.5.1), ComplexUpset (1.2.0), Seurat (3.1.1), uwot (0.1.4), miEAA (2.0), custom code available at https://github.com/CCB-SB/sc_mirna_seq_manuscript	

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All data are freely accessible from SRA with accession SRP279094 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/?term=SRP279094)

# Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No sample size calculation was performed. All performance evaluation tests were conducted with n equal or greater to 3 independent experiments. The sample size of the experiments with the SCLC patient CTCs results from the number of patients in the study from whom a higher amount of blood than necessary for the actual study could be drawn. In total, the blood of 7 SCLC patients was used and 2-28 CTCs per patient could be isolated. Sample sizes and statistical data are reported in figure legends.
Data exclusions	We excluded cells that were likely of low quality in the process to evluate the most abundant miRNAs.
Replication	Spike-in experiments (stage 1) were conducted in triplicate. The results of the eight best performing protocols were confirmed with three additional replicales. For the MCF7 single cell equivalents (stage 2) and the 8 cell lines (stage 3) six replicates each were performed. Replication was successful in all cases. Replicates of single patient cancer cells are not feasible. Patients with less than 3 cells were excluded in expression distribution analyses.
Randomization	No clinical trial was conducted and no treatment / control groups were analyzed, therefore randomization was not applicable.
Blinding	Blinding was not required because the results of the study were quantitative and not subject to individual subjective judgement or interpretation.

# Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).
Research sample	State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.
Sampling strategy	Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.
Data collection	Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.
Timing	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Non-participation	State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.
Randomization	If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

# Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

#### All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.
Research sample	Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.

Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.
Did the study involve fiel	d work? Yes No

## Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).
Access & import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

# Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimen	tal systems Me	thods
n/a Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
Antibodies	×	ChIP-seq
Eukaryotic cell lines	×	Flow cytometry
Palaeontology and arc	chaeology 🗶	MRI-based neuroimaging
X Animals and other org	ganisms	
Human research parti	cipants	
🗶 🗌 Clinical data		
Dual use research of c	concern	
1		

### Antibodies

Antibodies used	anti-human EpCAM (1:20 dilution, clone HEA-125, Miltenyi-Biotech, Germany)	
Validation	Only commercially available antibodies were used that were tested by the manufacturer.	

# Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

MCF7 (DSMZ), RRID:CVCL\_0031 KG1 (ATCC), CCL-246 Jurkat Clone E61 (ATCC), TIB-152 Hep G2 (ATCC), HB-8065 BJ (ATCC), CRL-2522

	HT-29 (ATCC), HTB-38
	REH (ATCC), CRL-8286
	THP-1 (ATCC), TIB-202
	A549 (ATCC), CCL-185
Authentication	MCF7, THP-1 and A549 cell lines were authenticated using short tandem repeat (STR) DNA fingerprinting. The other cell lines were not authenticated.
Mycoplasma contamination	MCF7 was mycoplasma-tested and found to be negativ. The other cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	No commonly misidentified cell line was used in this study.

#### Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).	
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.	
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.	
Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.		
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research		
Laboratory animals	For laboratory animals, report species, strain, sex and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.	
Wild animals	Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.	
Field-collected samples	For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.	
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Human research participants

Population characteristics	All patient data is summarized in Supplementary Table 5.	
Recruitment	Patients with SCLC were recruited at two local therapy centers (University Hospital Regensburg and Krankenhaus Barmherzige Brueder Regensburg). Inclusion criteria were: histologically confirmed SCLC Stage IV, ability to understand and sign an informed consent form. No other inclusion criteria were defined. Exclusion criteria were inability to follow the study protocol and inability to give written informed consent. Since this study can not be considered a controlled trial there is a chance for selection bias for age, gender, line of treatment. Also the size of the cohort with 7 patients is small. Since this study tried to show feasability of miRNA analysis in CTCs without deducting any consequence for therapy or patient stratification we deem the probability of significant selection bias as low.	
Ethics oversight	ethic vote 07-079, approved by the University of Regensburg Ethics Committee	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

# Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u>

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJEguidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration (Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

## Dual use research of concern

Policy information about dual use research of concern

#### Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

agents



#### Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No	Yes
	Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
	Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
	Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
	Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
	Alter the host range of a pathogen
	Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
	Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
	Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents

# ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.	
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

#### Methodology

Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.

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Data quality

Software

Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

#### Flow Cytometry

#### Plots

Confirm that:

The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation	Sample preparation Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.	
Instrument Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.		
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.	
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.	

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

# Magnetic resonance imaging

#### Experimental design

Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.   Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.   State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).	
Design specifications		
Behavioral performance measure		
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	Diffusion MRI Used Not used	
Preprocessing		
0	ssing software Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for	

Normalization

If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.

Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.

# Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate or factorial designs were used.		
Specify type of analysis: 🗌 Whole brain 🔲 ROI-based 🔛 Both		
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo)	

## Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective connectivity Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis		
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).	
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis	Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.	