Supplementary Online Content

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This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Characteristics of Patients With Complete and Incomplete Data

Variable	Overall population n=745	Patients with available data n=678	P value
Median age at baseline, yrs (IQR)	77.6 (68.1-83.6)	77.3 (67.8-83.1)	0.96
Race, No. (%) Caucasian Other Not available	699 (93.8) 19 (2.5) 27 (3.7)	635 (93.6) 18 (2.7) 25 (3.6)	0.99
Gleason score, No. (%) ≤6 7 ≥8 Not available	62 (8.3) 218 (29.3) 337 (45.2) 128 (17.2)	57 (8.4) 200 (29.5) 310 (45.7) 111 (16.4)	0.98
Prior local therapy, No. (%) No Surgery Radiotherapy Not available	353 (47.4) 196 (26.3) 181 (24.3) 15 (2.0)	328 (48.4) 177 (26.1) 173 (25.5) 0	0.93
De novo, No. (%) No Yes	483 (64.9) 262 (35.1)	433 (63.9) 245 (36.1)	0.70
Treatment for mHSPC, No. (%) ADT ADT+D Not available	617 (82.8) 81 (10.8) 47 (6.4)	602 (88.8) 76 (11.2) 0	0.82
Volume of disease at baseline, No. (%) Low High Not available	276 (37.0) 420 (56.4) 49 (6.6)	269 (39.7) 409 (60.3) 0	0.99
Visceral metastases at baseline, No. (%) No Yes	680 (91.3) 65 (8.7)	619 (91.3) 59 (8.7)	0.99
Liver metastases at baseline, No. (%) No Yes	709 (95.2) 36 (4.8)	649 (95.7) 29 (4.3)	0.62
ECOG PS at baseline, No. (%) 0 ≥1 Not available	324 (43.5) 369 (49.5) 52 (7.0)	316 (46.7) 362 (53.3) 0	0.55
Pain intensity at baseline, No. (%) VAS 0-3 VAS 4-5 VAS >5 Not available	514 (69.0) 112 (15.0) 70 (9.4) 49 (6.6)	506 (74.6) 107 (15.8) 65 (9.6) 0	0.94
Use of opioids at baseline, No. (%) No Yes Not available	598 (80.3) 99 (13.3) 48 (6.4)	585 (86.3) 93 (13.7) 0	0.79
Median PSA at baseline, ng/mL (IQR)	32 (10.0-98.5)	32.3 (10.2 – 99.7)	0.95
Use of BRI, No. (%) No	529 (71)	504 (74.3)	0.36

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Zoledronic Acid Denosumab	84 (11.3) 132 (17.7)	70 (11.3) 104 (14.2)	
Median time from start of AA to start of BRI, days (IQR)	15 (0-68)	15 (0-67)	0.99
Median time of BRI administration, days (IQR)	741 (362-1182)	738 (357-1174)	0.94
Median AA cycles, n (IQR)	9 (4-20)	9 (4-20)	0.99
Pain palliation, No. (%) No Yes Not available	198 (26.6) 497 (66.7) 50 (6.7)	190 (28) 486 (71.7) 2 (0.3)	0.87
Number of treatments received after AA, Median (IQR) 0-1 >1 Not available	1 (0-2) 511 (68.6) 225 (30.2) 9 (1.2)	1 (0-2) 488 (72) 190 (28) 0	0.99 0.29
Median FU in overall population, months (CI)	23.5 (19.8-24.9)	23.5 (19.7 – 24.8)	0.94

Abbreviations: AA = abiraterone acetate plus prednisone; ADT = androgen deprivation therapy; BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; D = docetaxel; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; FU = follow-up; IQR = interquartile range; mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer; NA = not available; PSA = prostate-specific antigen; VAS = visual analogue scale; yrs = years.

Note: High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases); low volume is defined as not high volume.

eTable 2. Univariate and Multivariate Analyses of Overall Survival in Overall Population

Variable	Univariable Analysis HR (95%Cl) <i>P</i> value		Multivariable Analysis HR (95%CI) <i>P</i> value	
Gleason grade (ref. ≤6) 7 ≥8	0.82 (0.58-1.16) 1.06 (0.76-1.49)	.26 .72	NA	NA
Prior local therapy (ref. no) Surgery Radiotherapy	0.62 (0.50-0.78) 0.73 (0.59-0.91)	<.001 .005	0.51 (0.39-0.68) 0.71 (0.55-0.93)	<.001 .03
De-novo (ref. no)	1.34 (1.12-1.61)	.001	NS	NS
Treatment for mHSPC (ref. ADT alone)	0.97 (0.74-1.29)	.87	NA	NA
Volume of disease at baseline (ref. high volume)	0.60 (0.50-0.72)	<.001	0.66 (0.54-0.80)	<.001
Visceral metastases at baseline (ref. no)	1.45 (1.08-1.95)	.01	NS	NS
Liver metastases at baseline (ref. no)	1.75 (1.20-2.54)	.004	2.04 (1.37-3.05)	.006
ECOG PS at baseline (ref. 0)	1.78 (1.49-2.13)	<.001	1.46 (1.20-1.78)	.003
Pain intensity at baseline (ref. VAS 0-3) 4-5 >5	1.26 (1.00-1.59) 2.03 (1.54-2.66)	.057 <.001	1.13 (0.87-1.45) 1.88 (1.39-2.54)	.35 <.001
Use of opioids at baseline (ref. no)	1.64 (1.30-2.08)	<.001	NS	NS
Use of BRI (ref. no)	0.65 (0.54-0.79)	<.001	0.64 (0.52-0.79)	<.001
PSA at baseline (as a continuous variable)	1.05 (1.03-1.06)	<.001	1.03 (1.01-1.05)	.006
Type of BRI used (ref. zoledronic acid)	0.93 (0.66 – 1.30)	.79	NA	NA

Abbreviations: ADT = androgen deprivation therapy; BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer; HR = hazard ratio; NA = not available; NS = not significant; PSA = prostate-specific antigen; ref. = reference; VAS = visual analogue scale

Note: the multivariable analysis included a subset of patients (n=678) with all available covariates data.

High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases); low volume is defined as not high volume.

eTable 3. Univariate and Multivariate Analyses of Time to First Skeletal-related Event in Overall Population

Variable	Univariable Analysis HR (95%Cl) <i>P</i> value		Multivariable Analysis HR (95%CI) <i>P</i> value	
Gleason grade (ref. ≤6) 7 ≥8	1.03 (0.65-1.63) 1.13 (0.72-1.75)	.88 .59	NA	NA
Prior local therapy (ref. no) Surgery Radiotherapy	0.79 (0.60-1.03) 0.75 (0.56-1.01)	.08 .05	NA	NA
De-novo (ref. no)	1.43 (1.13-1.81)	.002	NA	NA
Treatment for mHSPC (ref. ADT alone)	1.02 (0.71-1.47)	.90	NA	NA
Volume of disease at baseline (ref. high volume)	0.74 (0.58-0.95)	.02	0.73 (0.57-0.93)	.01
Visceral metastases at baseline (ref. no)	0.99 (0.63-1.56)	.96	NA	NA
Liver metastases at baseline (ref. no)	1.43 (0.83-2.44)	.19	NA	NA
ECOG PS at baseline (ref. 0)	1.53 (1.21-1.94)	.005	NS	NS
Pain intensity at baseline (ref. VAS 0-3) 4-5 >5	1.51 (1.10-2.05) 3.42 (2.43-4.82)	.009 <.001	1.50 (1.10-2.04) 3.52 (2.49-4.98)	.001 <.001
Use of opioids at baseline (ref. no)	2.42 (1.81-3.23)	<.001	NS	NS
Use of BRI (ref. no)	1.27 (1.00-1.60)	.04	NS NS	
PSA at baseline (as a continuous variable)	1.02 (0.98-1.05)	.08	NA	NA

Abbreviations: ADT = androgen deprivation therapy; BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer; HR = hazard ratio; NA = not available; NS = not significant; PSA = prostate-specific antigen; ref. = reference; VAS = visual analogue scale

Note: the multivariable analysis included a subset of patients (n=685) with all available covariates data.

High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases); low volume is defined as not high volume.

eTable 4. Overall Survival Analysis According to BRI Use Stratified by Covariates

Variables used for stratification	HR (95% CI)	P value
Center	0.75 (0.61-0.93)	.01
Volume of disease at baseline (ref. high volume)	0.67 (0.54-0.82)	.002
Prior local therapy (ref. no)	0.68 (0.56-0.83)	.001
De-novo (ref. no)	0.65 (0.54-0.78)	<.001
Liver metastases at baseline (ref. no)	0.65 (0.53-0.79)	<.001
Visceral metastases at baseline (ref. no)	0.66 (0.54-0.80)	<.001
ECOG PS at baseline (ref. 0)	0.66 (0.54-0.82)	.001
Pain intensity at baseline (ref. VAS 0-3)	0.61 (0.49-0.75)	<.001
Use of opioid at baseline (ref. no)	0.59 (0.48-0.73)	<.001
PSA at baseline (> median value)	0.66 (0.55-0.80)	<.001

Abbreviations: BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; HR = hazard ratio; PSA = prostate-specific antigen

Note: Median PSA = 32 ng/ml. High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases);

low volume is defined as not high volume.

eTable 5. Univariable and Multivariable Analyses of Overall Survival in Overall Population Stratified by Center

Variable	Univariable A		Multivariable Analysis		
	HR (95%CI)	<i>P</i> value	HR (95%CI)	P value	
Gleason grade (ref. ≤6) 7 ≥8	0.82 (0.58-1.16) 1.06 (0.76-1.49)	0.26 0.72	NA	NA	
Prior local therapy (ref. no) Surgery Radiotherapy	0.62 (0.50-0.78) 0.73 (0.59-0.91)	<.001 .005	0.58 (0.45-0.73) 0.79 (0.63-0.99)	<.001 .04	
De-novo (ref. no)	1.34 (1.12-1.60)	.001	NS	NS	
Treatment for mHSPC (ref. ADT alone)	1.26 (0.93-1.71)	.14	NA	NA	
Volume of disease at baseline (ref. high volume)	0.72 (0.58-0.88)	.001	0.68 (0.55-0.84)	.004	
Visceral metastases at baseline (ref. no)	1.43 (1.06-1.94)	.02	NS	NS	
Liver metastases at baseline (ref. no)	1.96 (1.33-2.89)	.007	1.97 (1.29-3.01)	.002	
ECOG PS at baseline (ref. 0)	1.62 (1.33-1.97)	<.001	1.42 (1.16-1.75)	.008	
Pain intensity at baseline (ref. VAS 0-3) 4-5 >5	1.43 (1.10-1.84) 1.96 (1.47-2.60)	.006 <.001	1.14 (0.87-1.49) 1.86 (1.37-2.52)	0.33 <.001	
Use of opioids at baseline (ref. no)	1.80 (1.41-2.86)	<.001	NS	NS	
Use of BRI (ref. no)	0.75 (0.61-0.93)	0.01	0.67 (0.51-0.88)	.004	
PSA at baseline (as a continuous variable)	1.06 (1.05-1.07)	<.001	1.03 (1.01-1.04)	.001	
Type of BRI used (ref. zoledronic acid)	0.97 (0.69-1.35)	.81	NA	NA	

Abbreviations: ADT = androgen deprivation therapy; BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer; HR = hazard ratio; NA = not available; NS = not significant; PSA = prostate-specific antigen; ref = reference; VAS = visual analogue scale

prostate-specific antigen; ref. = reference; VAS = visual analogue scale

Note: the multivariable analysis included a subset of patients (n=678) with all available covariates data. High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases); low volume is defined as not high volume.

eTable 6. Patient Characteristics and Overall Survival According to BRI Use Stratified by Center

Center	Number of Patients	Median OS, months (95% CI)	% BRI administration	Mean subsequent treatments	% ECOG PS >1	% high volume	Median baseline PSA (IQR)
1	24	26.8 (18.0-NR)	20.8	0.6	45.8	66.7	67 (11.7-116.3)
2	39	29.3 (24.5-NR)	80.0	1.2	63.1	24.2	8.0 (3.5-36.0)
3	26	37.4 (21.6-NR)	11.5	0.8	46.1	46.1	15.5 (4.25-51.5)
4	26	24.4 (16.4-NR)	19.2	0.8	30.8	30.8	12.0 (4.0-39.3)
5	126	36.5 (33.4-50.1)	47.2	2.3	15.1	33.3	16.1 (3.4-45.2)
6	393	21 (18.7-23.5)	6.9	0.6	64.8	80.0	55.6 (21.2-155.2)
7	10	34.8 (16.7-NR)	70.0	1.2	40.0	50.0	24.9 (15.3-65.1)
8	45	33.1 (22.8-49.2)	73.0	3.3	NA*	NA*	15.4 (7.62-58.5)

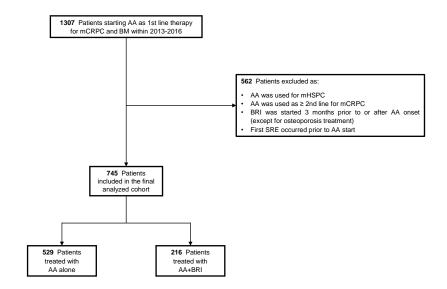
Abbreviations: BRI = bone resorption inhibitors; CI = confidence interval; ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; HR = hazard ratio; IQR = interquartile range; NA = not available; NR = not reached; PSA = prostate-specific antigen

Note: High volume is defined as ≥4 bone metastases of which at least 1 out of the pelvis and axis and/or visceral metastases); low volume is defined as not high volume.

^{*} data for ECOG-PS and volume were not available for this center.

eFigure. Study Population Flowchart

eFigure 1. Study population flow.



Legend: AA = abiraterone acetate plus prednisone; BM = bone metastases; BRI = bone-resorption inhibitors (zoledronic acid or denosumab); mCRPC = metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer; mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer; SRE = skeletal-related event (definition: palliative radiotherapy or surgery to bone, pathological fractures, or spinal cord compression)
Note: Number of deaths prior to data cut-off date (September 15, 2019) were 369 among those treated with AA and 147 among those treated with AA+BRI.