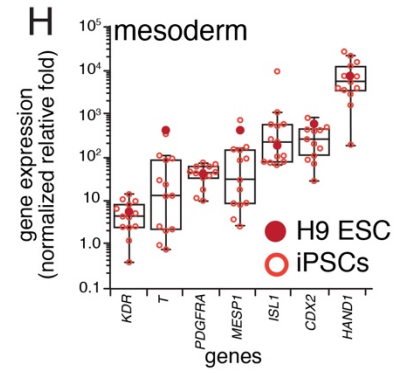
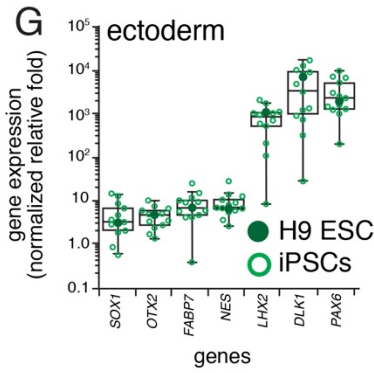
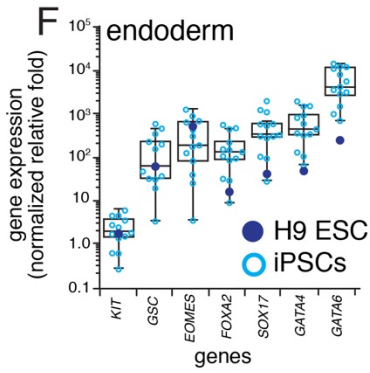
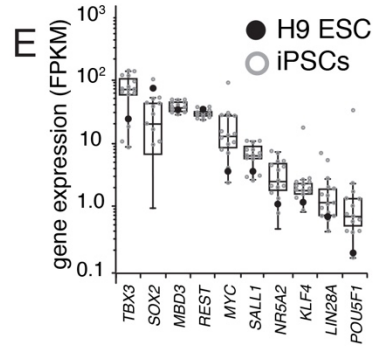
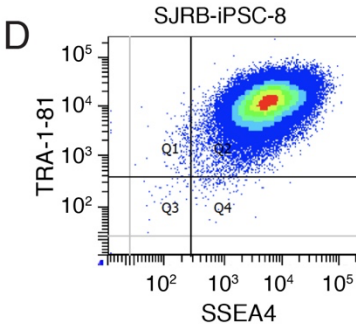
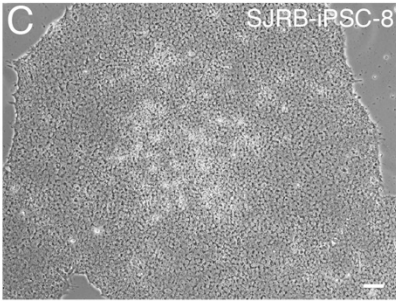
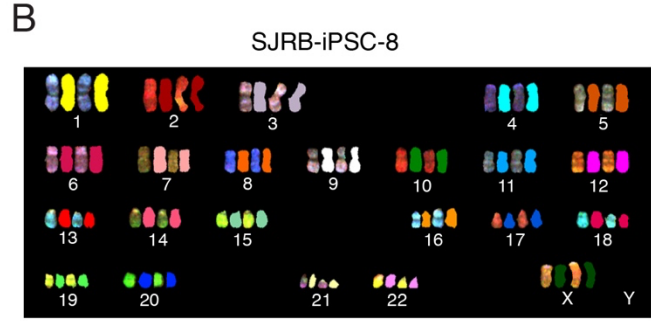
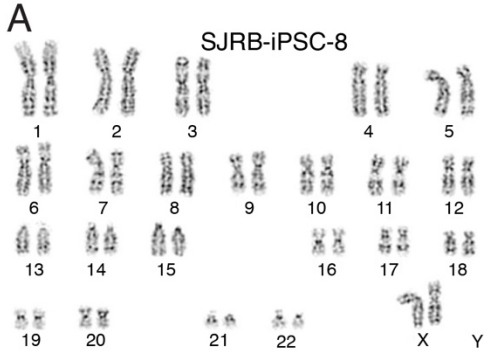


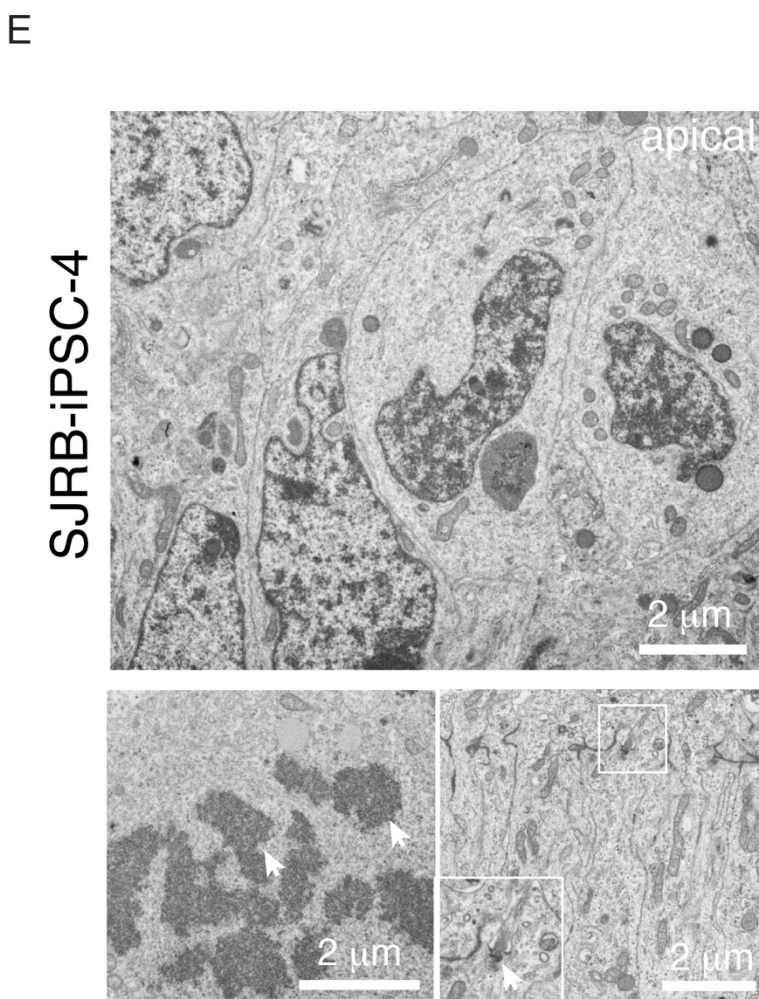
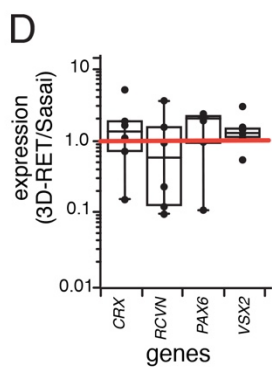
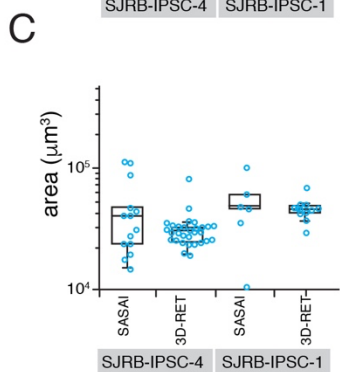
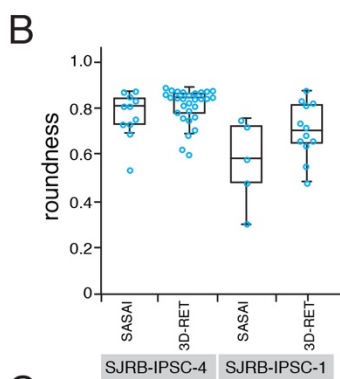
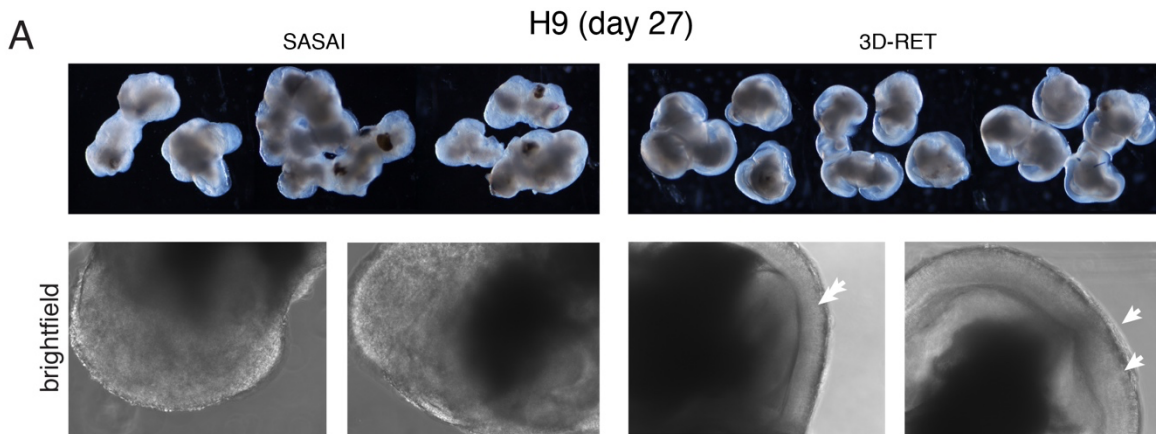
Supplementary Information

Retinoblastoma from Human Stem Cell-Derived Retinal Organoids

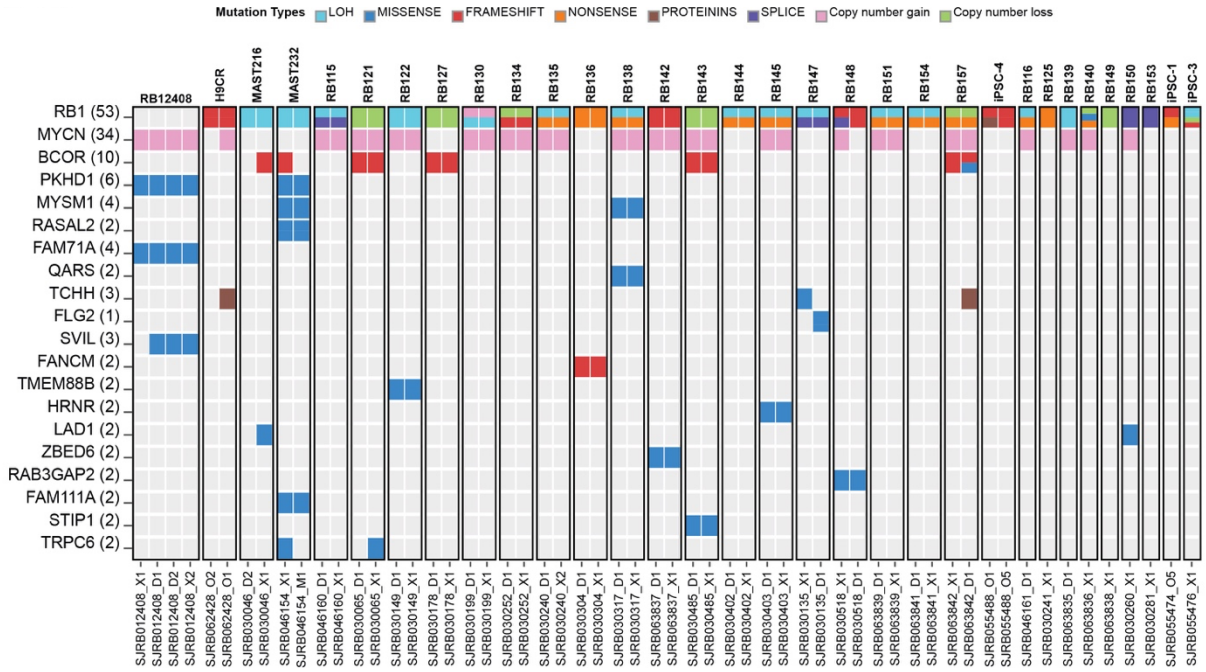
Jackie L. Norrie, Anjana Nityanandam, Karen Lai, Xiang Chen, Matthew Wilson, Elizabeth Stewart, Lyra Griffiths, Hongjian Jin, Gang Wu, Brent Orr, Quynh Tran, Sariah Allen, Colleen Reilly, Xin Zhou, Jiakun Zhang, Kyle Newman, Dianna Johnson, Rachel Brennan and Michael A. Dyer



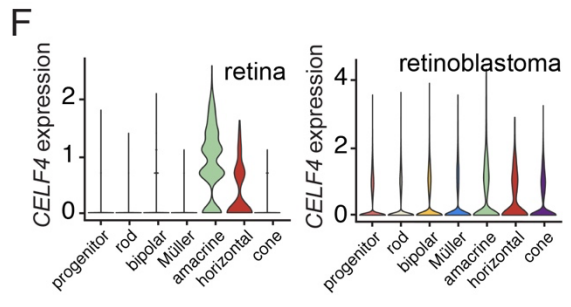
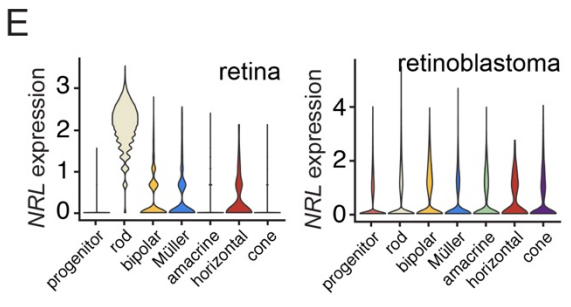
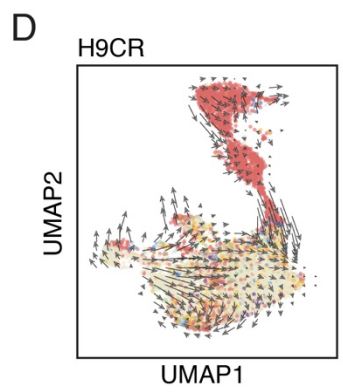
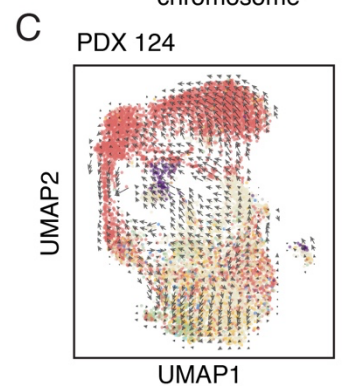
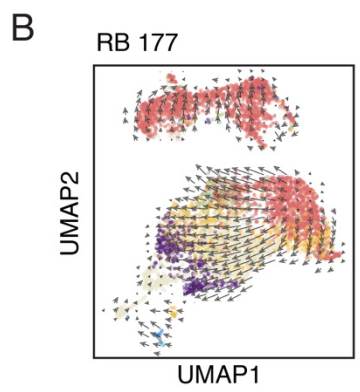
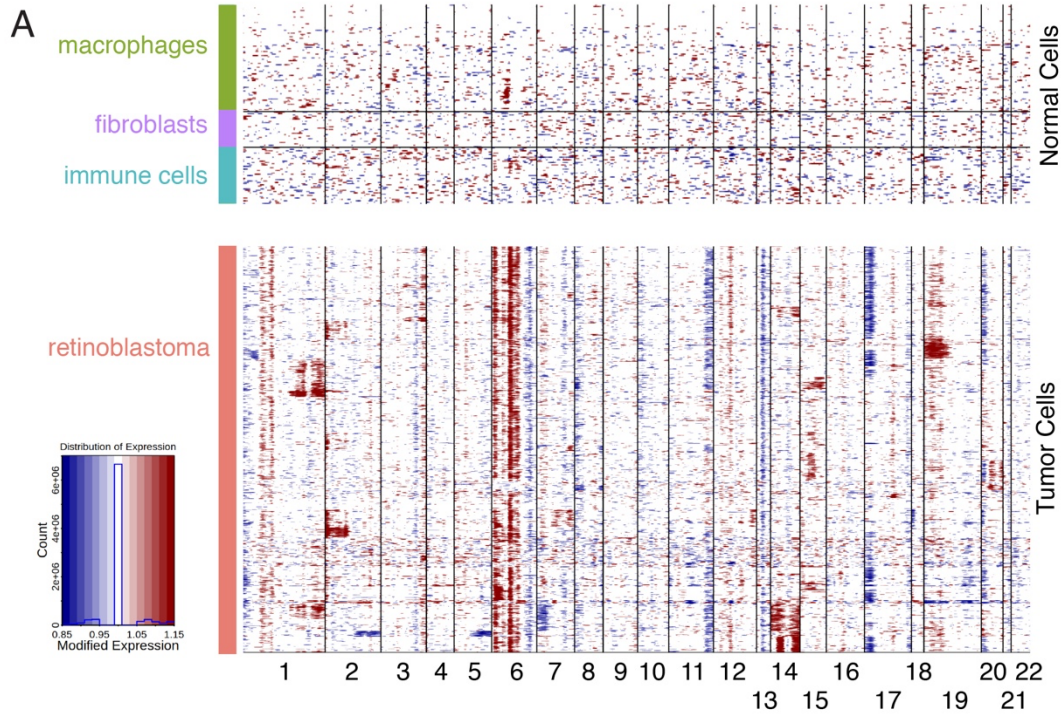
Supplementary Figure 1. Characterization of iPSC lines from patients with germline *RBI* mutations. **A)** Micrograph of representative karyotype for one of the iPSC clones. **B)** Spectral karyotype (SKY) of the same clone shown in (A). **C)** Brightfield micrograph of an iPSC colony. All 15 iPSC lines were analyzed with similar results. **D)** Scatterplot of FACS analysis for two markers of pluripotent cells (Q2 = 99.4% of single cells). **E)** Box and whisker plot of pluripotency gene expression from RNA-seq for each of the 15 individual iPSC lines (open gray circles) and H9 ESCs as a control (filled black circle). **F-H)** Box and whisker plot of endoderm, ectoderm and mesodermal cells from the trilineage assay for each of the 15 individual iPSC lines (open circles) and H9 ESCs (closed circle). Data are normalized relative fold change compared to undifferentiated H9 ESCs. Box and whisker plots include center line as median, box as Q1 and Q3, and whiskers as 1.5x interquartile range. Scale bar, 50 μ m.



Supplementary Figure 2. Characterization of retinal organoids from using two different protocols. **A)** Micrograph of all the retinal organoids from a single 96 well dish for the same cells side-by-side using the Sasai and 3D-RET protocol. Lower panels show brightfield images with retinal structures (arrows). **B,C)** Box and whisker plot of quantitation of roundness and cross-sectional area of retinal organoids using the two methods. All organoids that were generated from a 96 well dish during a single round of differentiation were quantified. **D)** Box and whisker plot of normalized relative fold expression of retinal genes for iPSC organoids using the two methods (n=6). **E)** Representative electron micrograph of a retinal organoid showing tightly packed cells in the apical surface of the organoid as well as mitotic figure (inset and arrows) and cilium and apical junctions (inset and arrow). All 15 lines were analyzed with similar results. Box and whisker plots include center line as median, box as Q1 and Q3, and whiskers as 1.5x interquartile range.

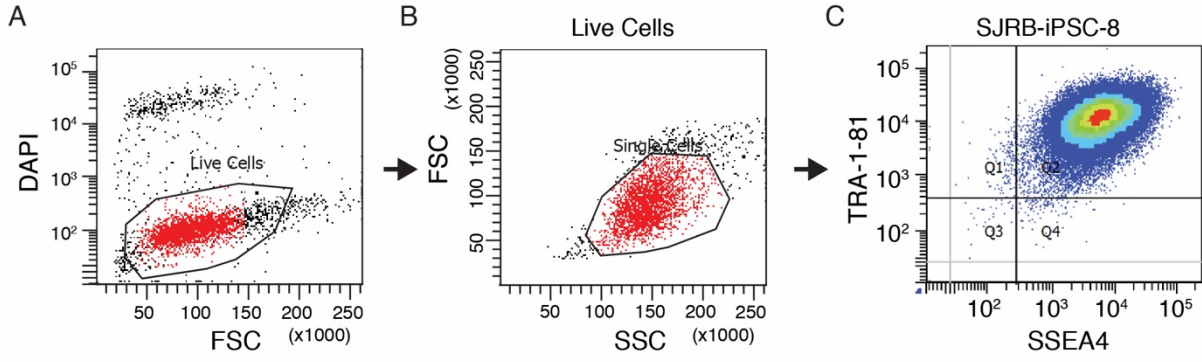


Supplementary Figure 3. Germline and somatic mutations in retinoblastoma. Heatmap of germline and somatic mutations in the retinoblastoma cohort analyzed here. Patient tumors have an _D1 or _D2 designation. O-PDX tumors have an _X1 or _X2 designation. 3D stem cell organoid derived tumors have an _O1, _O2 or _O5 designation.



Supplementary Figure 4. Inferred copy number variation in scRNA-seq and RNA velocity

analysis. A) Tumor cells can be distinguished from normal cells by inferring the chromosomal copy number of large chromosomal regions from gene expression levels as indicated. Normal cells including macrophages, fibroblasts and immune cells were identified by gene expression signatures of those cell types and the absence of inferred chromosomal copy number changes. **B-D)** RNA velocity analysis of a representative retinoblastoma patient tumor (RB177), O-PDX (PDX 124) and organoid derived tumor (H9CR) with cell identity from the label transfer shown as in Fig. 5. **E,F)** Velocity plot for a rod gene (NRL) and an amacrine/horizontal cell gene (CELF4) for normal retina and retinoblastoma showing that the tumor cells are a hybrid of multiple gene expression programs.



D

Population	#Events	%Parent	%Total
■ All Events	70,408	####	100.0
□ Live Cells	56,933	80.9	80.9
■ Single Cells	50,000	87.8	71.0
⊗ Q1	175	0.4	0.2
⊗ Q2	49,699	99.4	70.6
⊗ Q3	31	0.1	0.0
⊗ Q4	95	0.2	0.1

Supplementary Figure 5. Gating Strategy for Flow Cytometry. **A)** DAPI negative cells were selected as live cells. **B)** Single cells were selected from the population of live cells. **C)** Populations were analyzed for TRA-1-81 and SSEA4 positive cells. **D)** Population statistic for each stage of gating.

Supplementary Table 1. RB1 genotyping primers

Exon	Sequence
Exon 4	GTAGTGATTTGATGTAGAGC CCCAGAATCTAATTGTGAAC
Exon 8	AGTAGTAGAATGTTACCAAG TACTGCAAAAGAGTTAGCAC
Exon 10	TCTTTAATGAAATCTGTGCC GATATCTAAAGGTCACTAAG
Exon 14	GTGATTTTCTAAAATAGCAGG TGCCTTGACCTCCTGATCTG
Exon 21	GGTATTTTTAAGACAAAACCATG AAGGTCAGACAGAATATATGATCTC
Exon 25	GGTTGCTAACTATGAAACAC AGAAATTGGTATAAGCCAGG

Supplementary Table 2. Antibody List

Antibody	Vendor	Cat#	Source	Dilution
PAX6	DSHB	AB_528427	Mouse	1:100
Recoverin	Millipore	AB5585	Rabbit	1:5000
VSX2	Exalpha Biologics Inc.	X1180P	Sheep	1:200
OTX2	Santa Cruz	sc-30659	Goat	1:200
OCT3/4	BD Biosciences	BD 611202	Mouse	1:500

Supplementary Table 3. QRT-PCR primers

Gene	Sequence
PAX6	CTAGCCAGGTTGCGAAGAAC GGGCAATCGGTGGTAGTAAA
VSX2	GGCTCCCTGGCTTCTACAC ACATTTTTCGATCGCTGGAG
CRX	GCCCCACTATTCTGTCAACG CTTCAGAGCCACCTCCTCAC
GAPDH	CCAGCAAGAGCACAAGAGGAA GCCCTCCCCTCTTCAAG
RCVN	ACCAACCAGAAGCTGGAGTG CGTGTTTTCATCGTCTGGAA

Supplementary Table 4. RB1 genotyping primers

Assay	Gene	Taqman Probe
Neural	PAX6	Hs00240871_m1
Neural	NEUROG1	Hs01029249_s1
Neural	NEUROG2	Hs00702774_s1
Neural	EMX2	Hs00244574_m1
Neural	FOXP1	Hs01850784_s1
Neural	ASCL1	Hs04187546_g1
Neural	GBX2	Hs00230965_m1
Neural	DLX2	Hs00269993_m1
Neural	DMBX1	Hs00542612_m1
Neural	GAPDH	Hs99999905_m1
Neural	SOX10	Hs00366918_m1
Neural	ATOH1	Hs00245453_s1
Neural	OTX2	Hs00222238_m1
Neural	ZIC1	Hs00602749_m1
Neural	SOX17	Hs00751752_s1
Neural	GATA4	Hs00171403_m1
Neural	FOXA2	Hs00232764_m1
Neural	ETV2	Hs01012850_g1
Neural	MESP1	Hs01001283_g1
Neural	CD34	Hs02576480_m1
Neural	NANOGP1;NANOG	Hs04399610_g1
Retinoblastoma	MYC	Hs00153408_m1
Retinoblastoma	KLF4	Hs00358836_m1
Retinoblastoma	POU5F1	Hs04260367_gH
Retinoblastoma	BMP2	Hs00154192_m1
Retinoblastoma	EPHA7	Hs01033006_m1
Retinoblastoma	GAPDH	Hs99999905_m1
Retinoblastoma	SYK	Hs00895377_m1
Retinoblastoma	RAX	Hs00429459_m1
Retinoblastoma	PDE6H	Hs01124155_m1
Retinoblastoma	RD3	Hs01650935_m1
Retinoblastoma	SIX6	Hs00201310_m1

Supplementary Table 4 continued. RB1 genotyping primers

Assay	Gene	Taqman Probe
Trilineage	18S	Hs99999901_s1
Trilineage	PAX6	Hs01088114_m1
Trilineage	KDR	Hs00911700_m1
Trilineage	KIT	Hs00174029_m1
Trilineage	NES	Hs04187831_g1
Trilineage	PDGFRA	Hs00998018_m1
Trilineage	GSC	Hs00418279_m1
Trilineage	OTX2	Hs00222238_m1
Trilineage	CDX2	Hs01078080_m1
Trilineage	FOXA2	Hs05036278_s1
Trilineage	FABP7	Hs00361424_g1
Trilineage	HAND1	Hs02330376_s1
Trilineage	SOX17	Hs00751752_s1
Trilineage	DLK1	Hs00171584_m1
Trilineage	MESP1	Hs00251489_m1
Trilineage	GATA4	Hs00171403_m1
Trilineage	LHX2	Hs00180351_m1
Trilineage	ISL1	Hs00158126_m1
Trilineage	EOMES	Hs00172872_m1
Trilineage	SOX1	Hs01057642_s1
Trilineage	T	Hs00610080_m1
Trilineage	GATA6	Hs00232018_m1

Supplementary Table 5. RB1 gRNA sequences

Name	gRNA Sequence	Location
SM27.RB1.g2	TGACATAGCATTATCAACTTNGG	chr13:48345124-48345146
SM27.RB1.g3	AGCATTATCAACTTTGGTACNGG	chr13:48345118-48345140