

APPENDIX : Summary of BA sessions - short (4-6 weeks)

Session	Description	Example
Week 1: Introduction to Behavioral Activation (BA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Introduce the BA model of depression and treatment. ● Review how situations, feelings, and actions lead to downward or upward spiraling of mood. ● Introduce tracking activities and how you feel (mood) during or after each activity throughout the day. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. BA Model example: Stressful situations can lead to negative mood and behaviors that make things harder to feel better (e.g., staying in your room more, not doing homework). 2. Those negative behaviors may lead to more problems/stress which results in <i>a downward spiral</i> towards low mood/depression. <p>Upward spirals: When your actions follow a <i>goal</i> instead of your <i>mood</i> to help improve how you feel</p>

Week 2: Goal Setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Talk through how to set SMART goals (Specific, Measurable, Appealing, Realistic, and Time-Bound) related to improving mood● Introduce importance of breaking down the goals into smaller steps, i.e., mini-steps to reach a goal.● Practice setting up SMART goals and mini-steps for the week for yourself.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. SMART Goal Example: I plan to go on a 30-min walk with my dog and friend 3x this week2. Mini-steps: 1) Check the weather to find the best days; 2) text my friend to see which days work; 3) pick a park or walking route; 4) send myself/my friend a google calendar invite
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<p>Week 3: Identifying Barriers & Problem Solving</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Importance of identifying internal and external barriers that get in the way of accomplishing goals. ● Introduce problem-solving to help overcome barriers ● Practice goal-setting. 	<p>1. Examples of Barriers:</p> <p><i>Internal barriers</i> include not feeling motivated, getting distracted, difficulty communicating your needs, feeling overwhelmed.</p> <p><i>External barriers</i> include not having the right “tools” (e.g., need exercise equipment from a gym), need help from others (e.g., need a ride), other people not following through, or cost.</p> <p>2. Problem-solving example: When encountering a barrier, you can use <i>COPE</i>: Calm yourself then Clarify the issue, brainstorm Options, Pick and Perform an option, Evaluate how it went.</p>
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<p>Week 4. Overcoming Avoidance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Explaining that wanting to avoid something (avoidance) is a common internal barrier. ● Understanding your Trigger, Response, and <i>Avoidance Pattern</i> (TRAP). ● Using <i>Alternative Coping</i> to get back on TRAC(k). 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Examples of Avoidance: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Brooding</i> over a problem instead of solving it, <i>Procrastinating</i> taking action, <i>Hibernating</i> in your room or withdrawing socially, <i>Bursting</i> at people out of anger. 2. Example of TRAP/TRAC(k): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I feel triggered when my mom yells at me to clean my room, I respond by feeling angry and worthless, and I have an <i>Avoidance Pattern</i> of yelling back and starting a fight. I will try <i>Alternative Coping</i> of putting on my favorite dance song and listening to a podcast while I pick up my room.
<p>Week 5 & 6: Practice</p>	<p>Practice setting SMART Goals and Overcoming Barriers to goals.</p>	