

Standardized Neurodevelopmental Surveillance of High-Risk Infants Using Telehealth: Implementation Study During COVID-19

Maitre, NL

SDC, Table

**Table, Supplemental Digital Content 1: Secondary Outcome: Provider\* Perception**

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral, disagree, strongly disagree	NA
Zoom was easy to use	5 (83.3)	1 (16.7)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
The telehealth sessions were helpful to assess the patient's developmental status	3 (75.0)	1 (25.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
The telehealth sessions were helpful in formulating a plan for the patient's developmental progress	6 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
The telehealth sessions were helpful in deciding on referral types essential for the patient's developmental progress	6 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
The telehealth sessions were helpful in deciding on diagnostic procedures essential for the patient's developmental progress	2 (33.3)	2 (33.3)	0 (0.0)	2 (33.3)
The telehealth sessions were helpful in deciding on prescriptions essential for the patient's developmental progress	3 (50.0)	1 (16.7)	0 (0.0)	2 (33.3)
I felt that I could support the family in spite of the distance	3 (50.0)	3 (50.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
I would recommend the telehealth visit to other providers	4 (66.7)	2 (33.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
I am satisfied with the overall quality of the telehealth visit	3 (50.0)	3 (50.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)

NA, not applicable

Data are *n* (%), percentages may not add up to 100 because of rounding

\* 4 physicians, 1 occupational therapist, 1 physical therapist