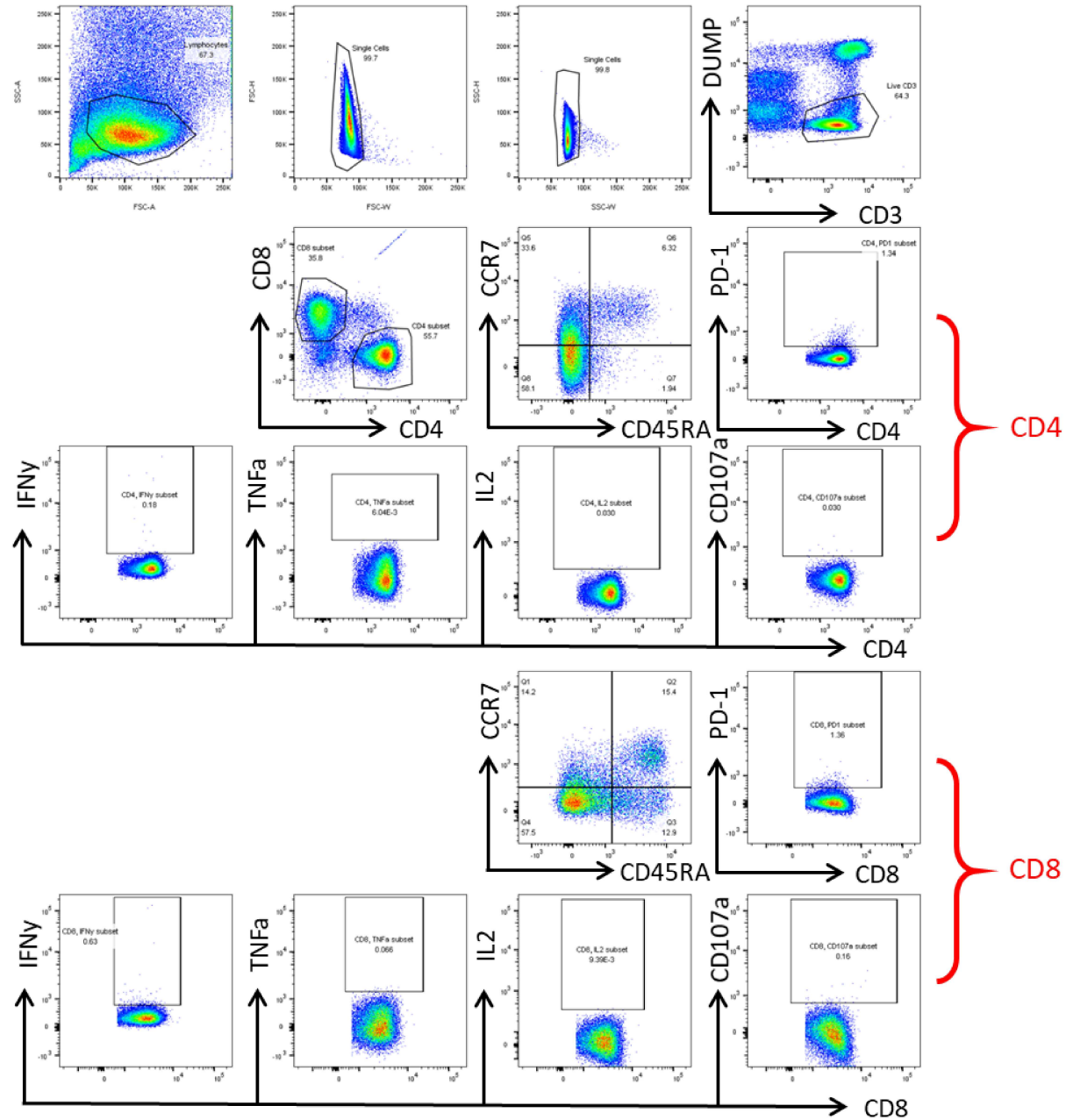
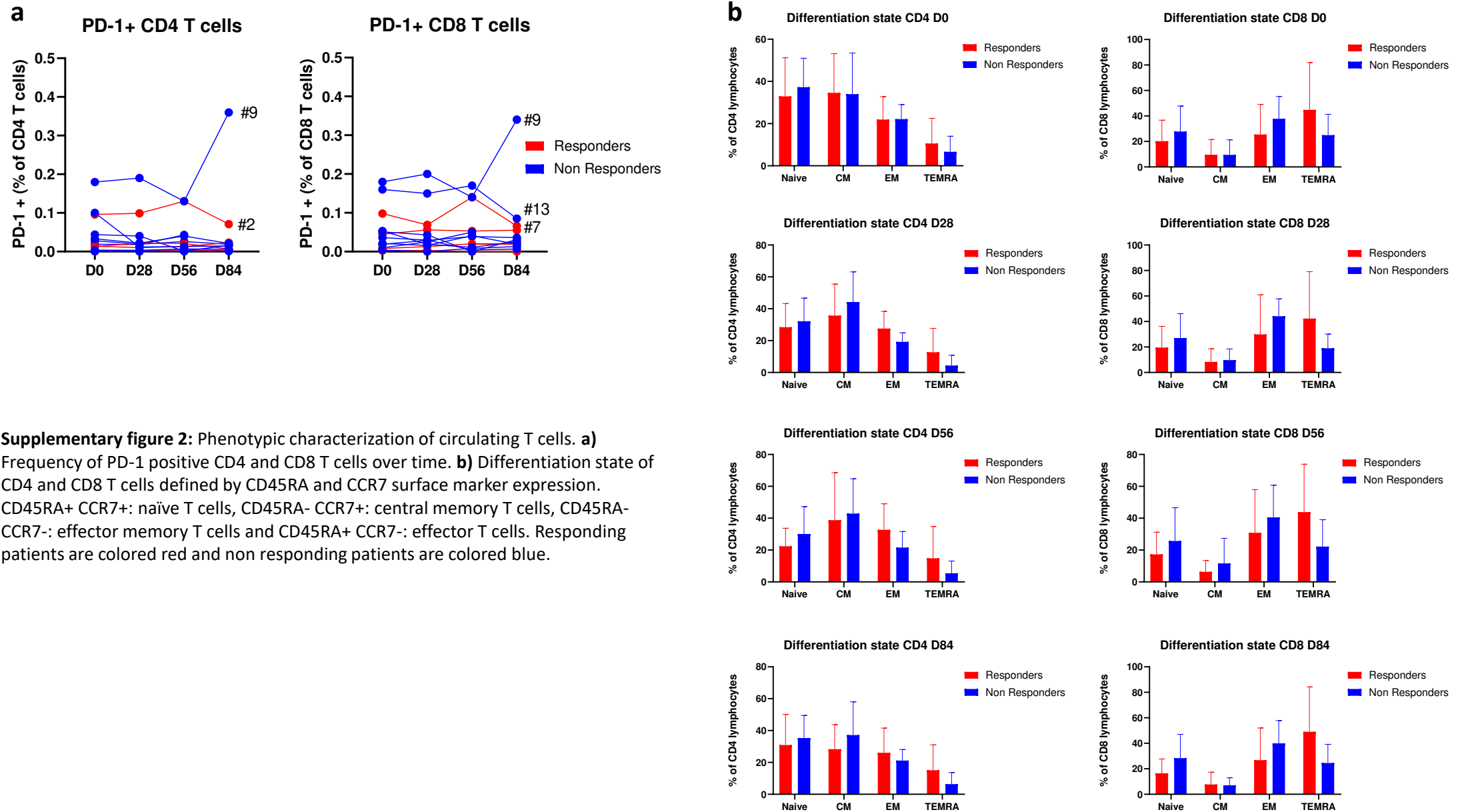
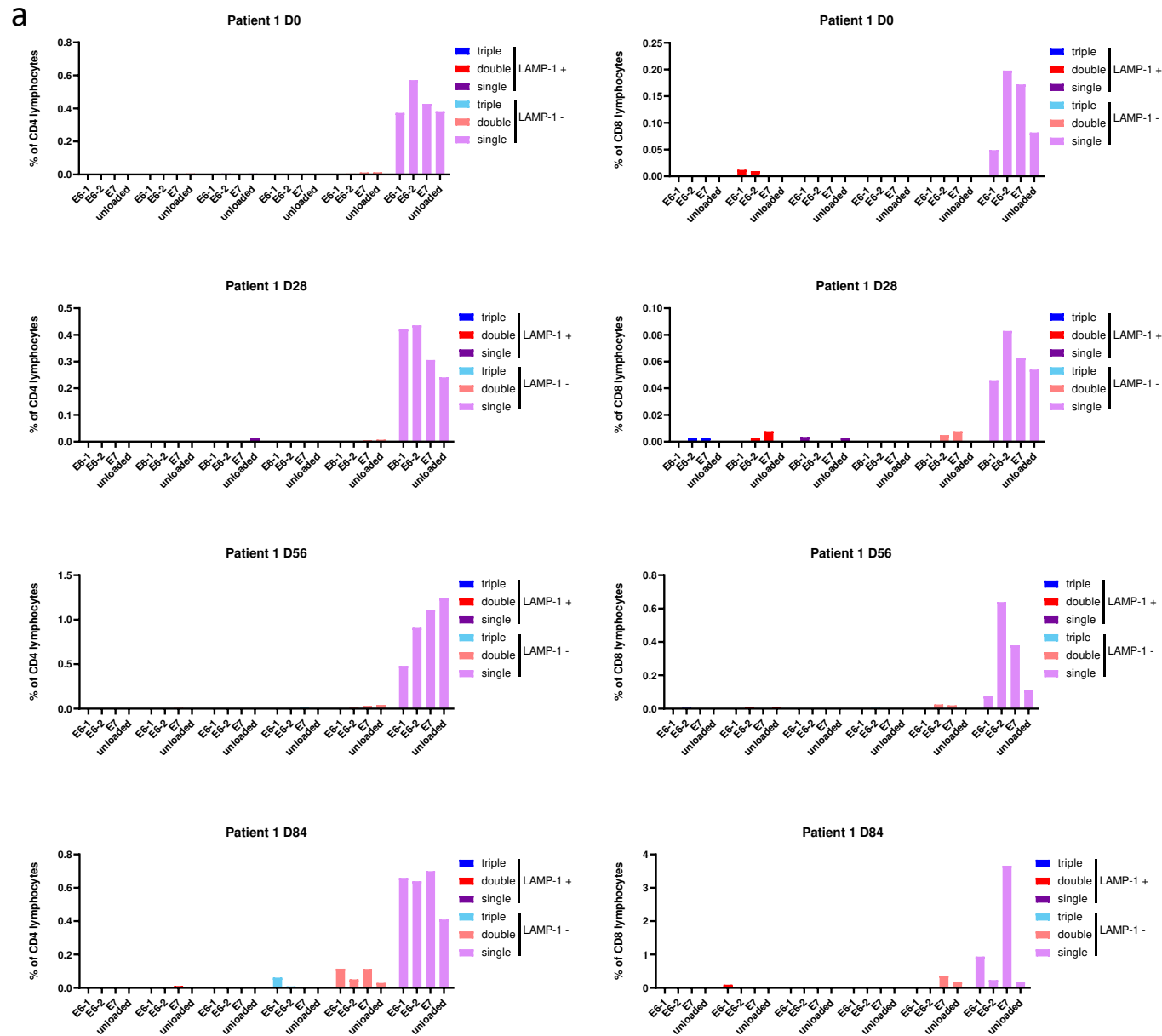


Supplementary figures

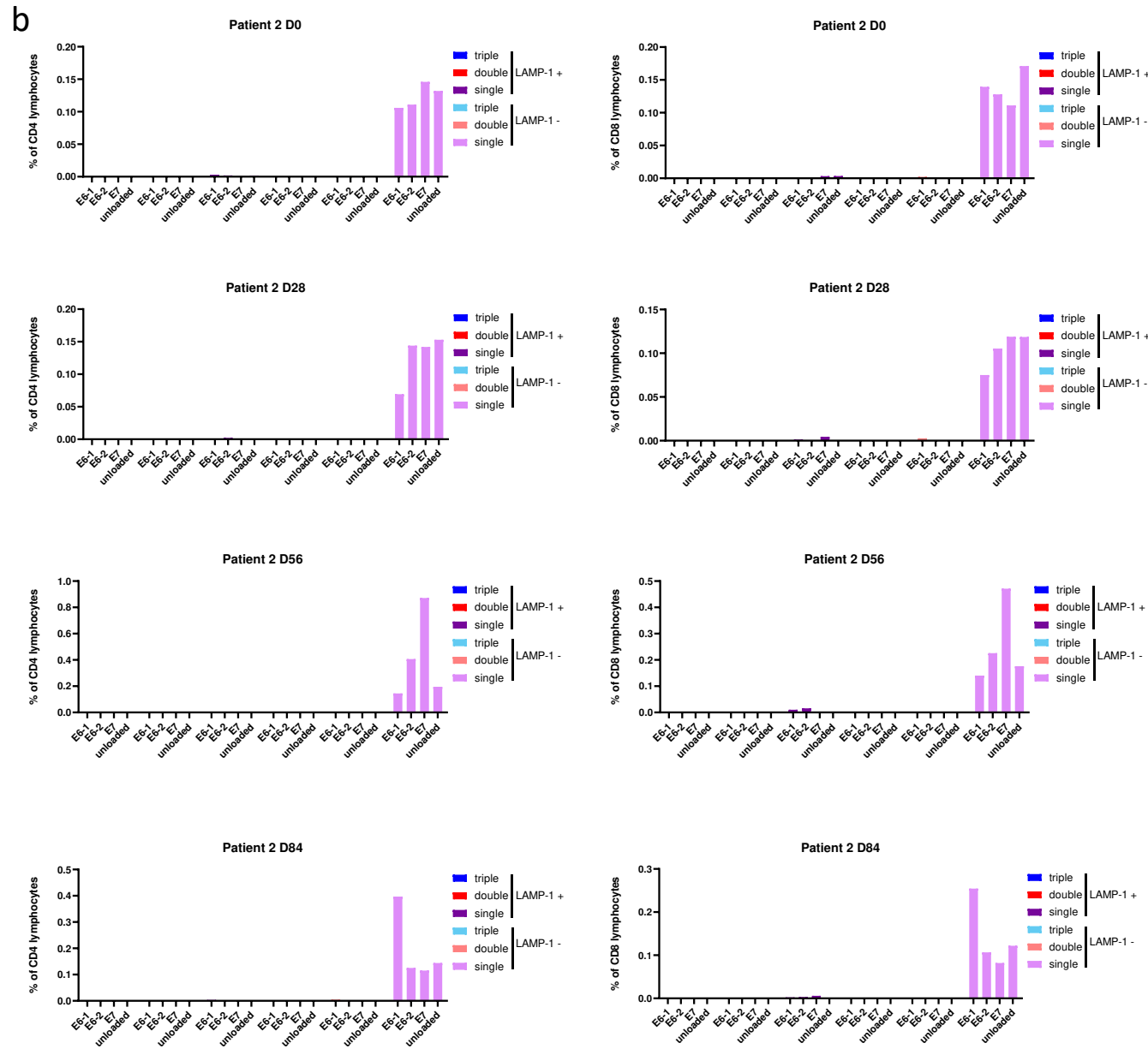
Supplementary figure 1: Gating strategy example of phenotypic characterization and cytokine production of CD4 and CD8 T cells.



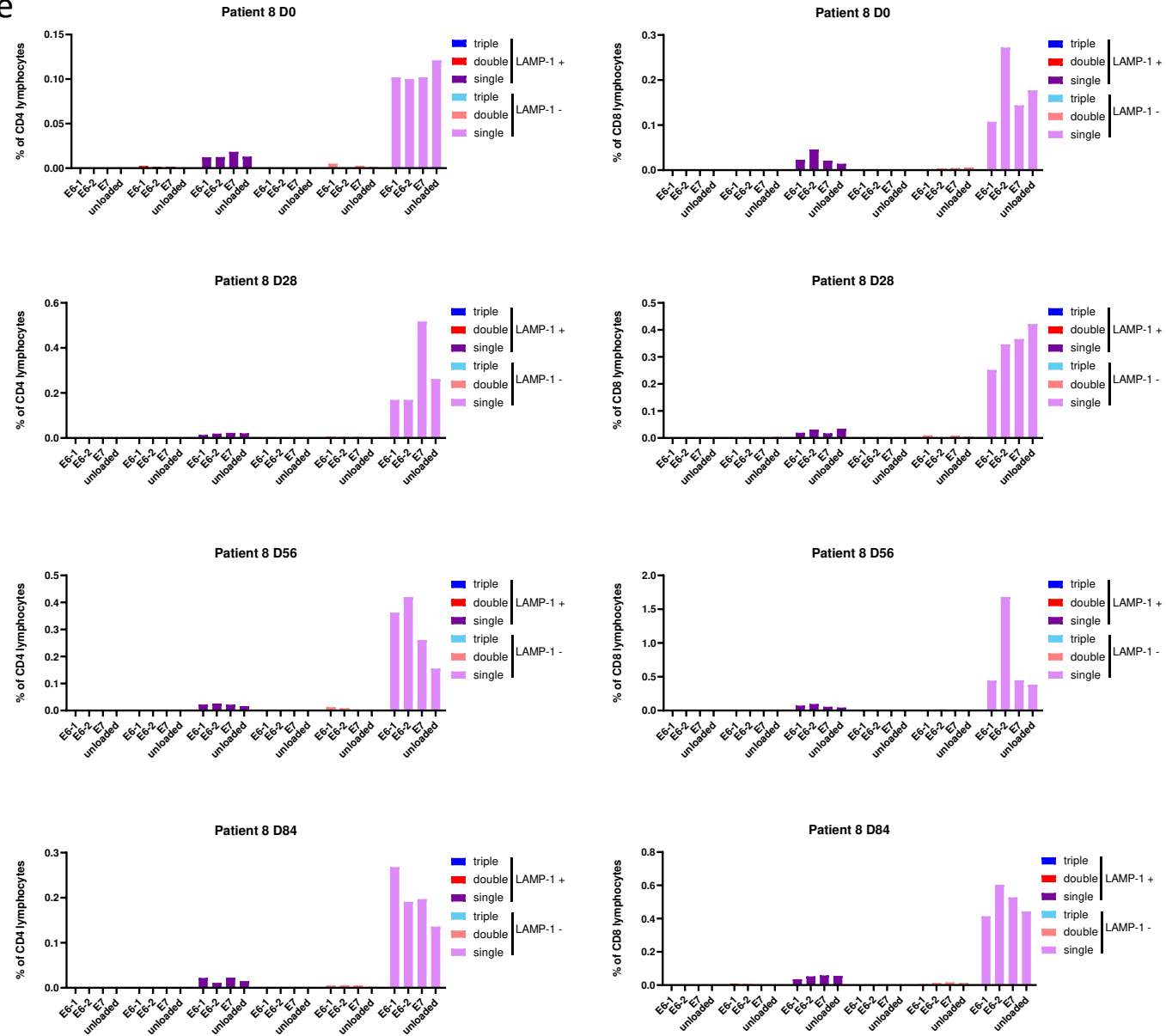


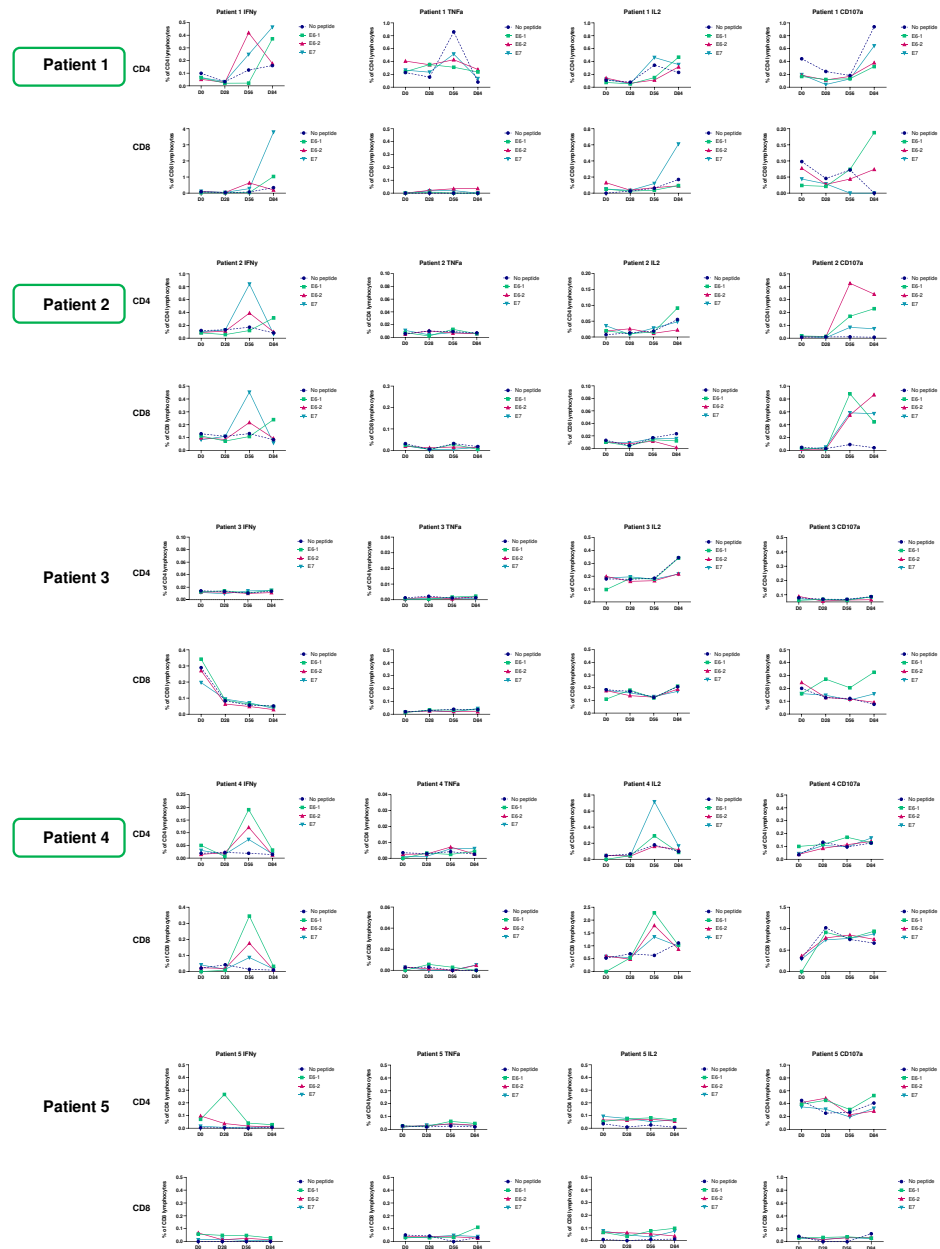


Supplementary figure 3: Depicted are the frequencies of single, double and triple cytokine producing CD4 and CD8 T cells, with and without co-expression of degranulation marker CD107a (LAMP-1), determined using Boolean gating. Depicted are immunologically responding patients **a** patient 1, **b** patient 2, **c** patient 4, **d** patient 7 and **e** patient 8.

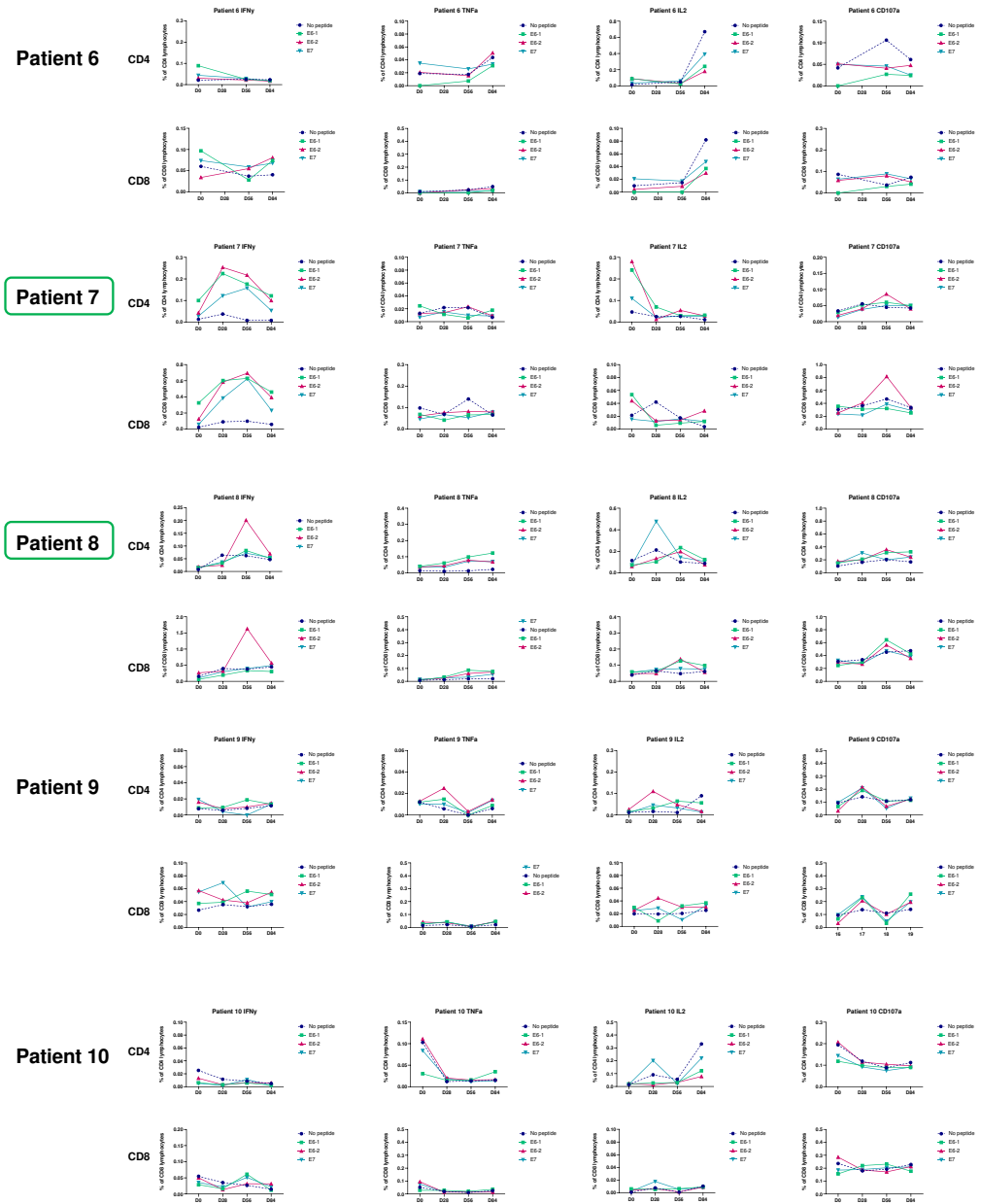


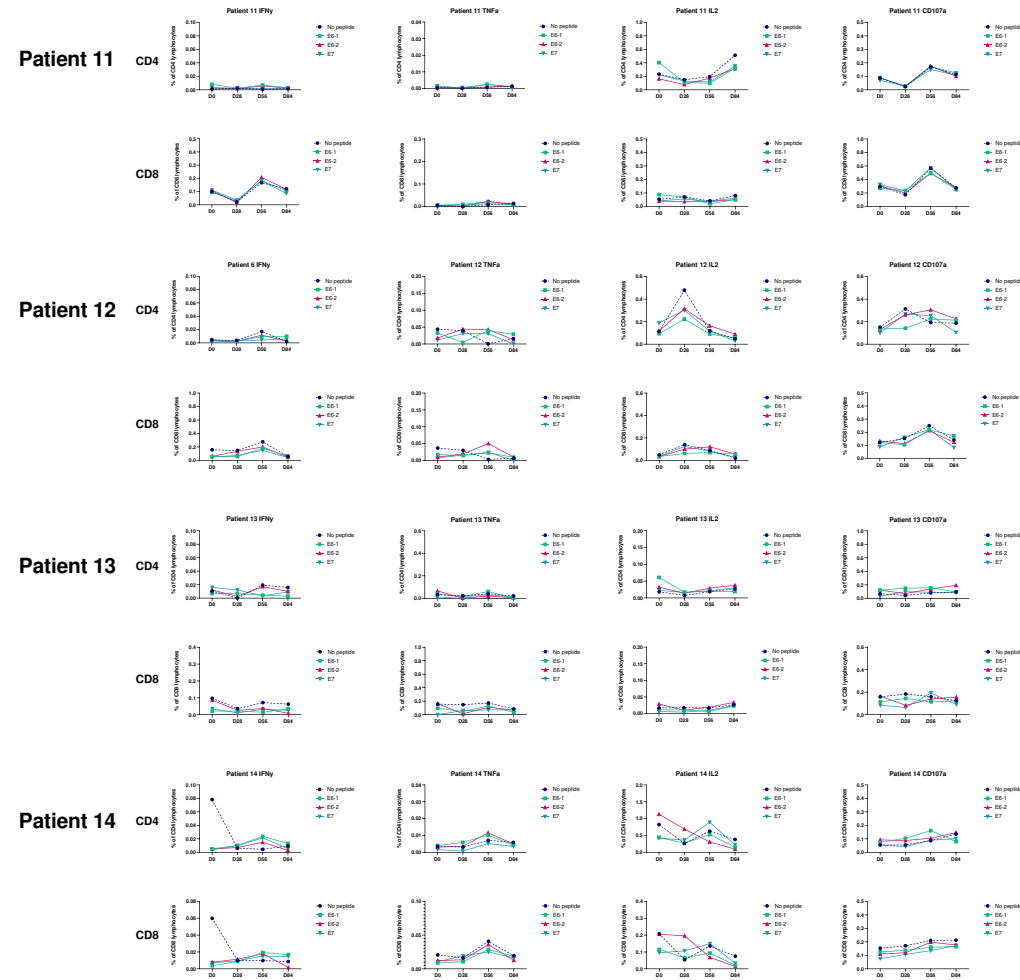
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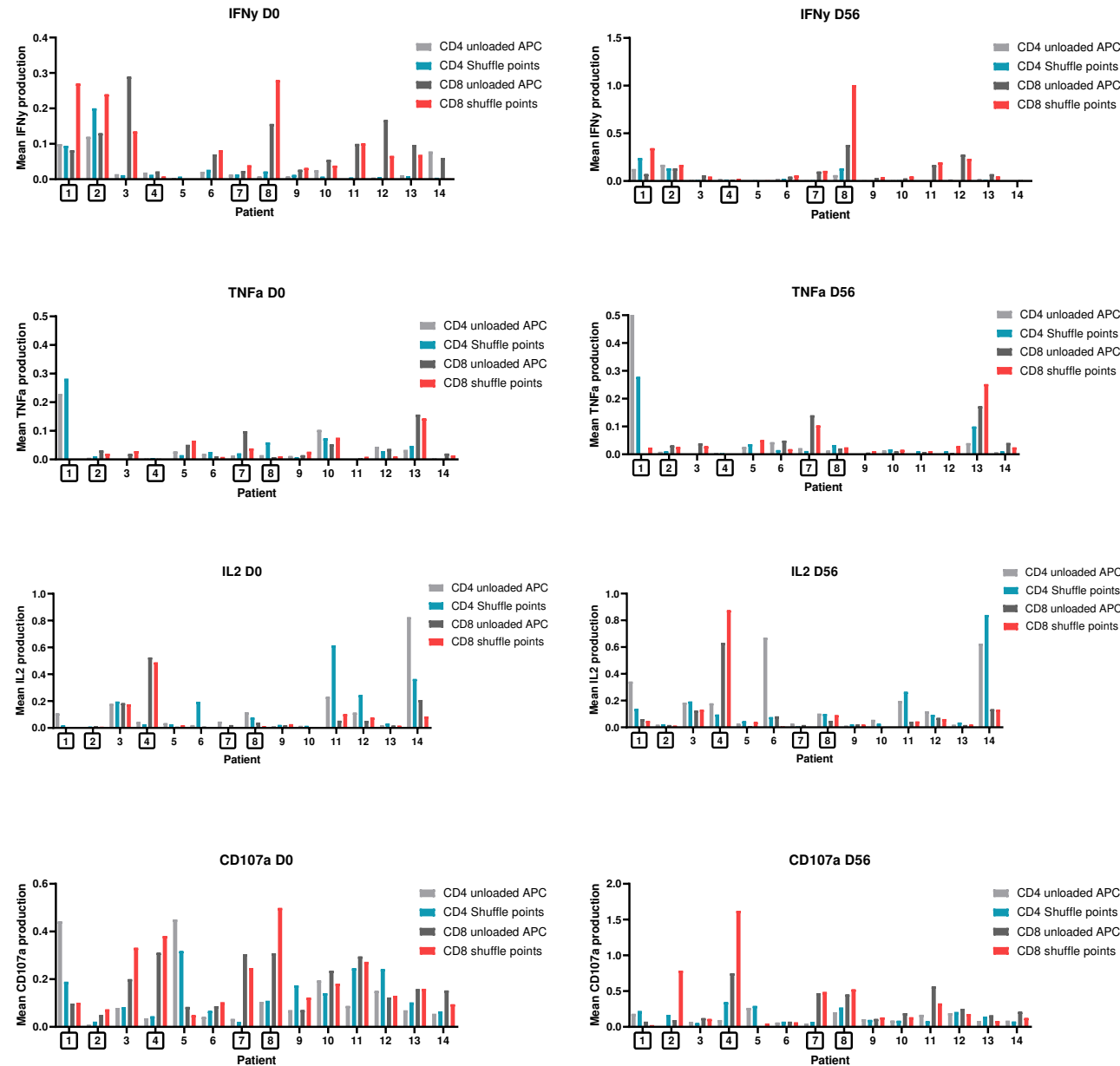




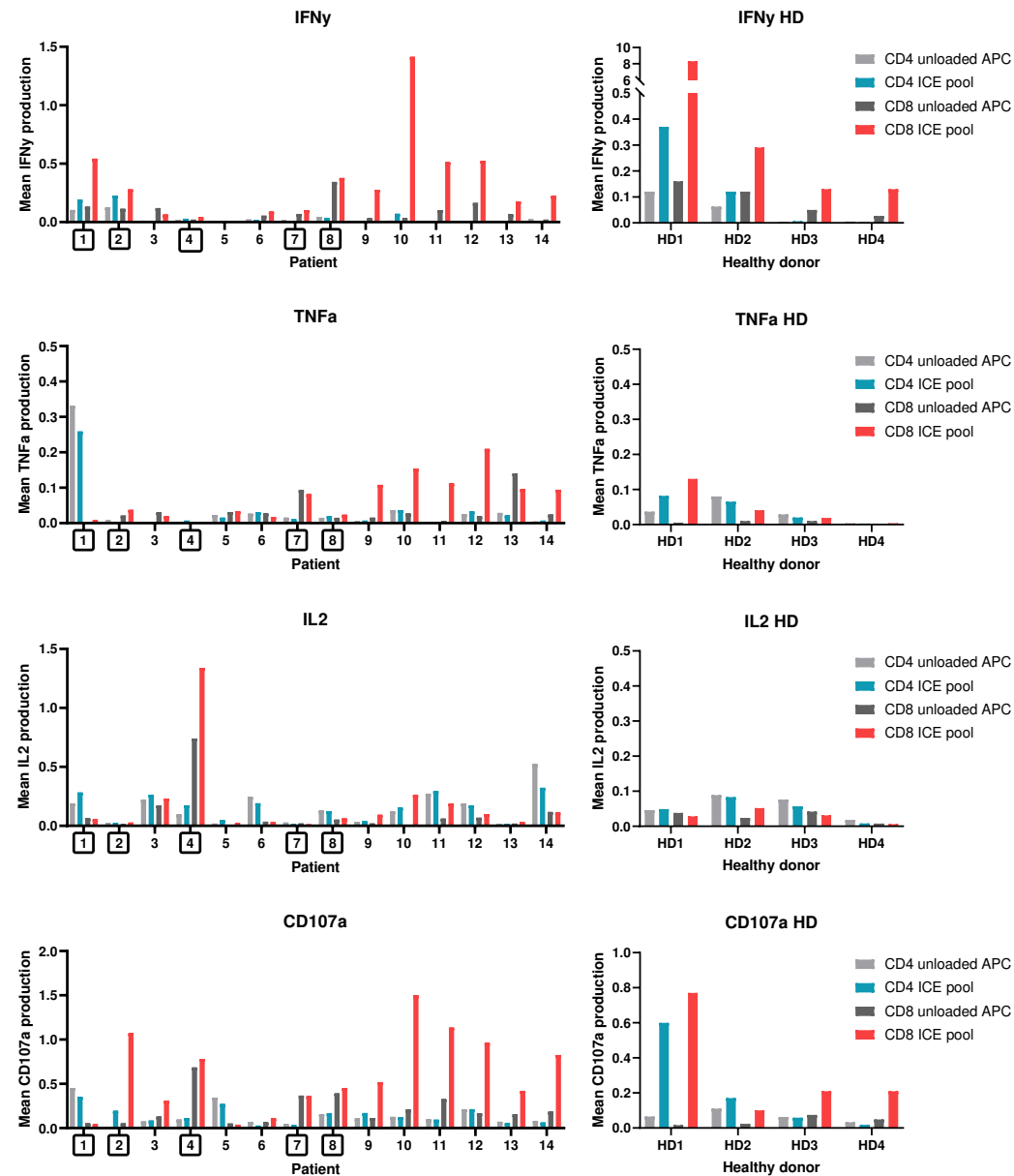
Supplementary figure 4: Time course graphs showing the IFN γ , TNF α , IL-2 and CD107a responses against E6-1, E6-2 and E7 peptide pool for each patient. No peptides indicate that T cells were co-cultured with unloaded APCs to access background or aspecific reactivity. The green boxes highlight the patients with an immunological response.







Supplementary figure 5: Reactivity against the peptides that arose as a consequence of shuffling the E6 and E7 coding sequences. Boxes highlight responding patients.



Supplementary figure 6: Reactivity against ICE peptide pool at day 0. On the left, patient responses are depicted and on the right four healthy controls are depicted for the matched cytokines or LAMP-1. The black boxes on the x-axis highlight responding patients.