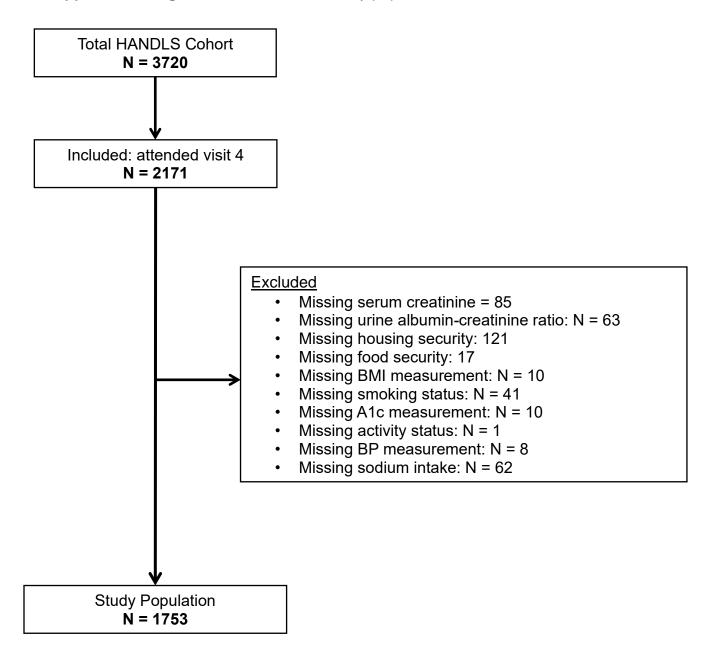
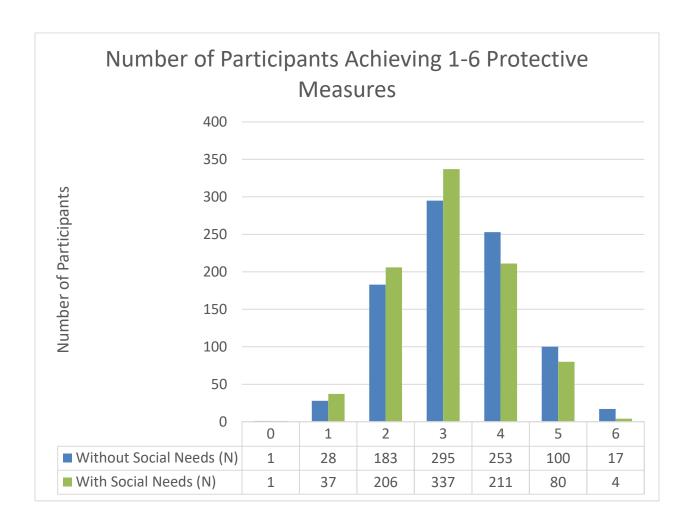
Supplemental Figure S1. Derivation of study population.



Supplemental Figure S2. Number of participants who achieved 1-6 protective measures.



Supplemental Figure S3. Comparison of the number of participants who achieved the primary outcome and each independent measure.

Number of Individuals with/without Health-related Social Needs **Achieving Kidney Protective Measures** 900 92% 90% 800 700 76% 77% 67% 600 Number of Participants 500 49% 42% 400 42% 37% 36% 34% 300 27% 26% 22% 200 100 0 Blood *Achieved ≥4 Hgb A1c *Sodium *Physically BMI ≤25 pressure *Non-smoker ≤7.5% intake <2000 **Targets** active ≤130/80

804

791

317

369

191

230

591

431

322

236

*P-value < 0.05

■ Without Social Needs (N)

■ With Social Needs (N)

Abbreviations: BMI – body mass index

370

295

Units: BMI – kg/m²; Blood pressure – mmHg; Sodium intake – mg/day

668

671

Having social needs was defined as reporting housing and/or food insecurity. Food insecurity was defined as often or occasionally eating less due to not having enough money for food in the past 12 months. Housing insecurity was defined as inability to afford a suitable home, or difficulty making rent or mortgage payments.