

GOT1 Inhibition promotes Pancreatic Cancer cell death by Ferroptosis

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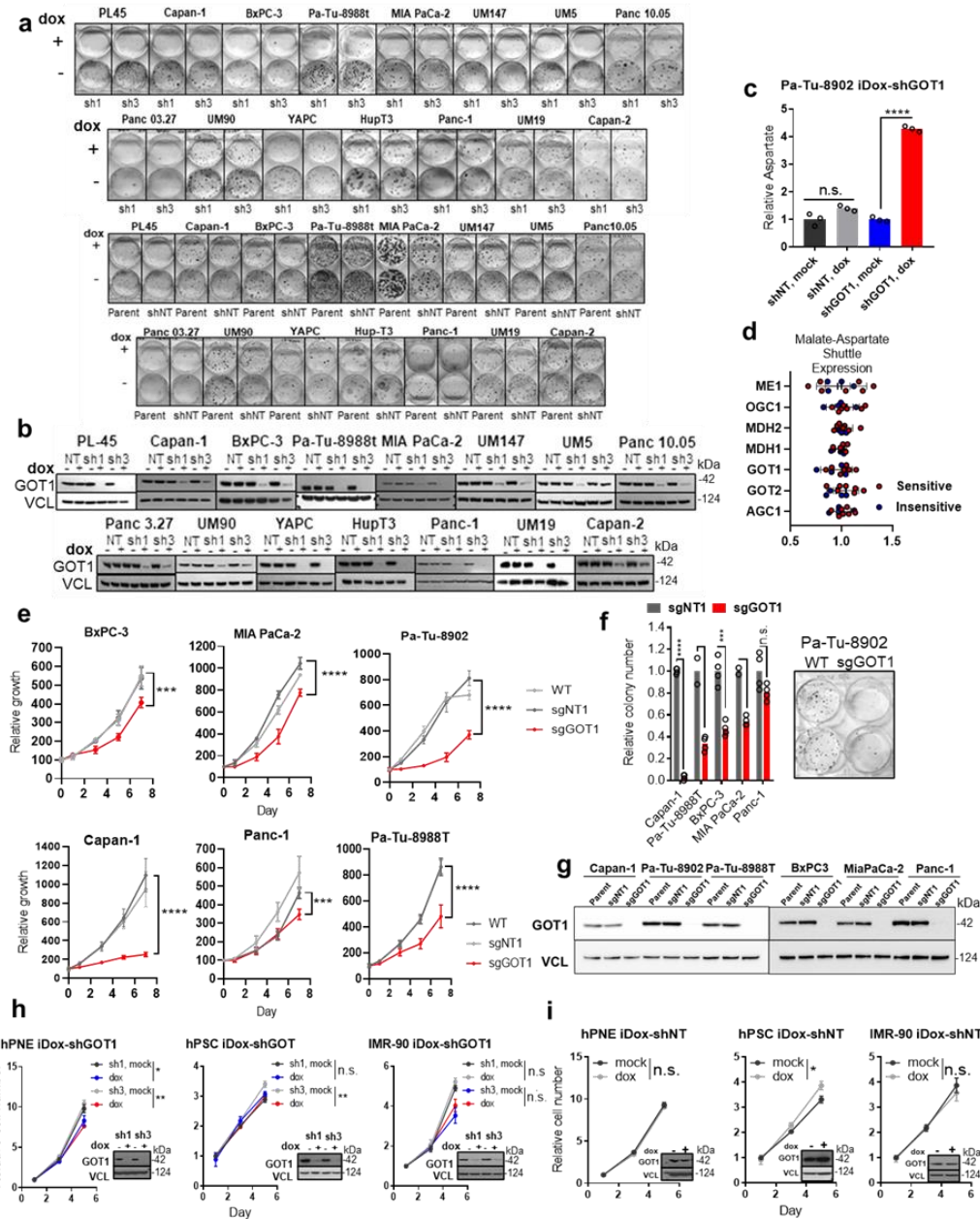
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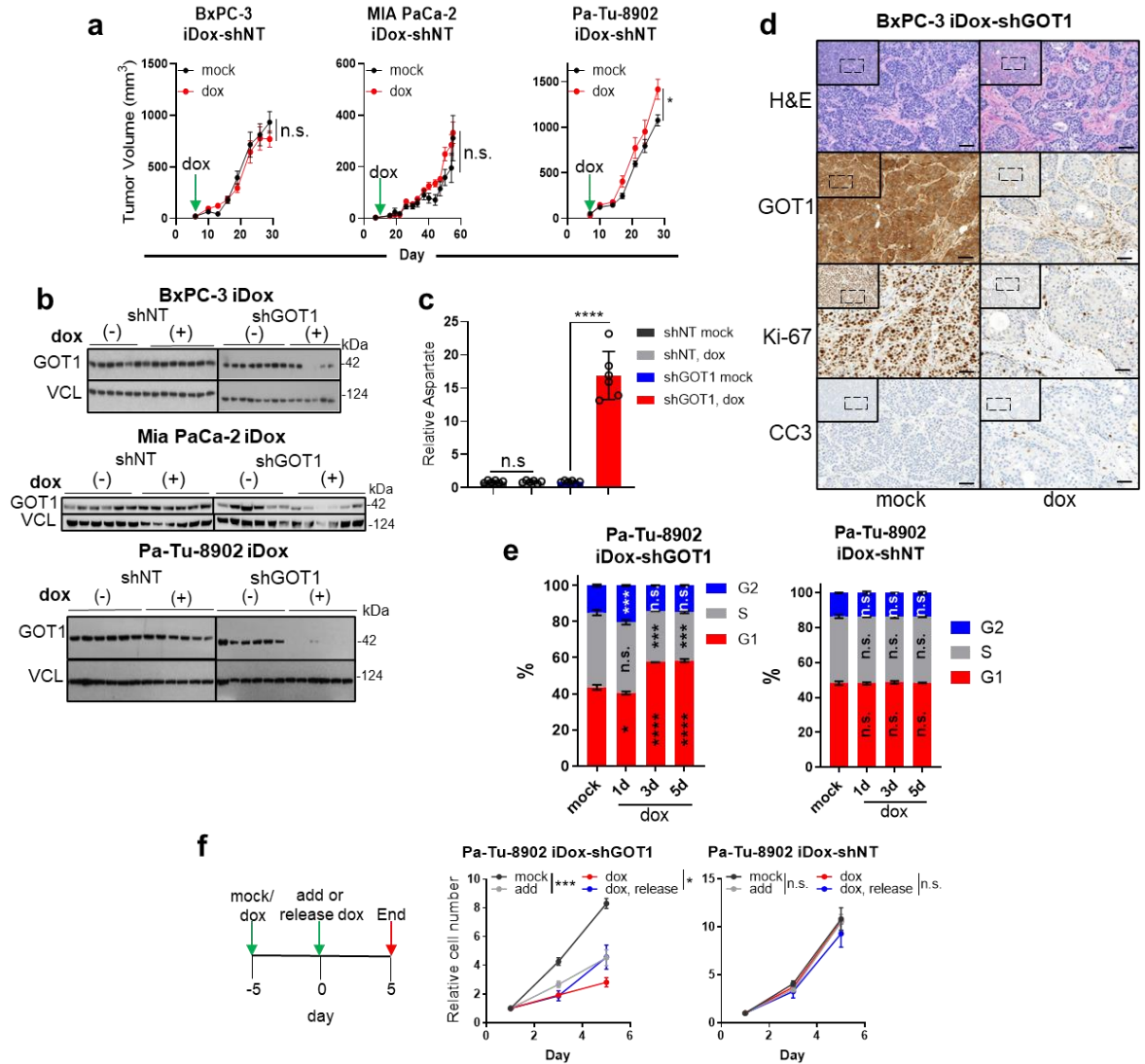
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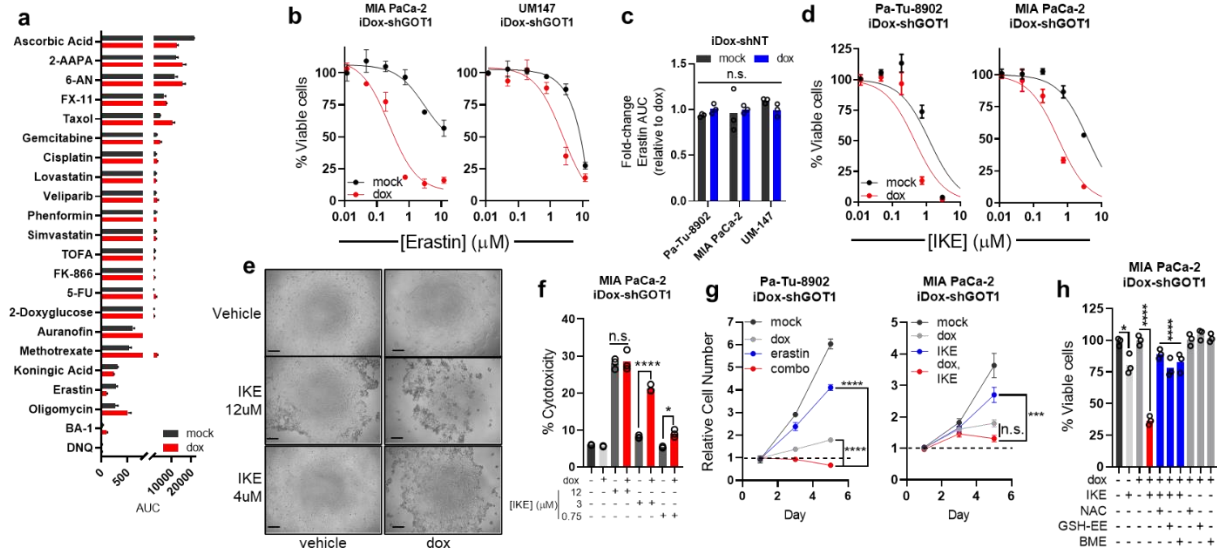
Supplementary Figure 1. GOT1 is dispensable in non-transformed cell lines.

a-b) Colony formation assays (a) and GOT1 immunoblots (b) from 1d. Blots in (b) are representative of three independent experiments. **c)** LC-MS/MS measurements of aspartate following five days of knockdown, n=3 biologically independent experiments, ****P<0.0001 iDox-shGOT1. **d)** mRNA expression of malate-aspartate shuttle components in PDA cell lines from the Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia. **e)** Proliferation (n=4 biologically independent samples); BxPC-3 ***P=0.0007; MIA PaCa-2 ****P=<0.0001; ****Pa-Tu-8902 P=<0.0001, ****Capan-1 P=<0.0001, Panc-1 ***P= 0.0001, Pa-Tu-8988T ****P= <0.0001; **f)** Colony formation Capan-1, n=4, ****P=<0.0001; Pa-Tu-8902, n=2, BxPC-3, n=4, **P=0.0003, MIA PaCa-2, n=2; Panc-1, n=4, n.s. P=0.0950. Derived from biologically independent samples; **g)** Western blot following sgGOT1 corresponding to figures 1e-f and **Supplementary Data 1e**. Blots are representative of two independent experiments. **h-i)** Proliferation of immortalized non-transformed human cell lines normalized to day 1 for iDox-shGOT1 (h) hPNE, n=3, *P=0.0358 sh1 and **P=0.0054 sh3; hPSC, n=3, n.s. P= 0.0614 sh1 and **P=0.0072 sh3; IMR-90, n=4, n.s. P=0.0379 sh1, and n.s. P=0.0974 sh3 and iDox-shNT (i) hPNE, n=3, n.s. P=0.2783; hPSC, n=3, n.s. P=0.0126; IMR-90, n=4, n.s. P=0.2293 derived from biologically independent samples. Error bars represent mean ± SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P > 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



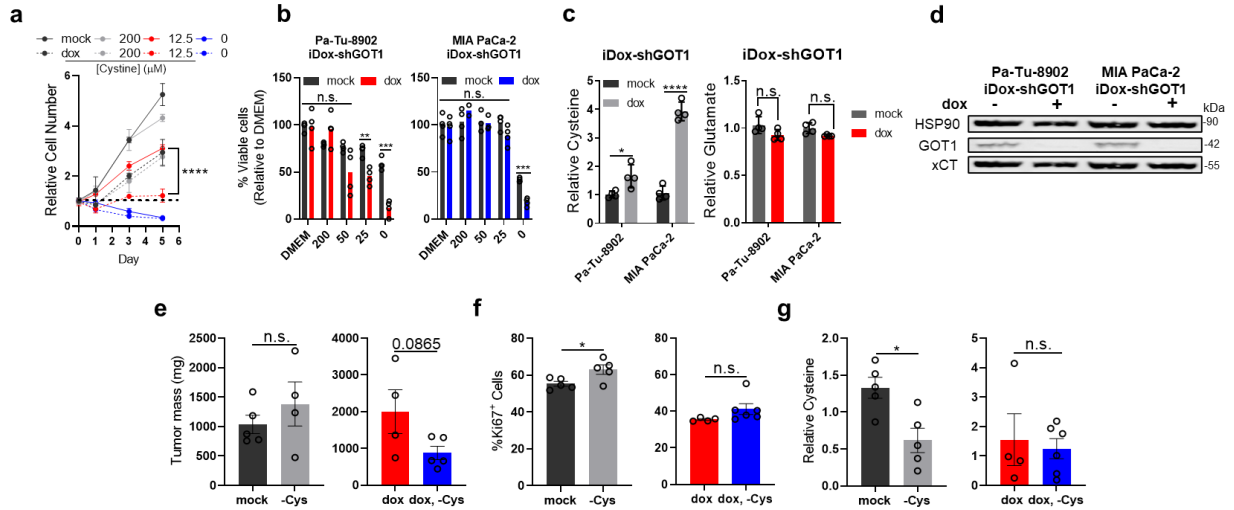
Supplementary Figure 2. GOT1 inhibition is cytostatic.

a) Growth of subcutaneous xenograft tumors containing non-targeting (NT) vectors treated with dox (red) or vehicle (black) (n= 6 tumors) corresponding to Figure 1e, BxPC3 n.s. P= 0.2254; MIA PaCA-2 n.s. P= 0.8362; Pa-Tu-8902 *P= 0.0227. **b)** Immunoblots for GOT1 from tumors in **1g** and **Supplementary Fig. 2a**. Blots are representative of two independent experiments for BxPC-3 and Pa-Tu-8902 and one independent experiment for MIA PaCa-2. **c)** LC-MS/MS measurements of aspartate taken from homogenized Pa-Tu-8902 iDox-shGOT1 tumors, n=6, n.s. P=0.9195 and ****P<0.0001. **d)** Histology of BxPC-3 iDox-shGOT1 subcutaneous xenograft tumors from vehicle- or dox-treated mice. H&E, Hematoxylin and Eosin, CC3, cleaved caspase 3. Scale bars represent 50 μm. Micrographs are representative of 6 independent tumors. **e)** Cell cycle upon 1, 3, or 5 days of dox treatment. Significance values are in relation to iDox-shGOT1 mock (n=3 biologically independent samples), G2 1d ***P=0.0002, G1 1d *P=0.0264; S 3d ***P=0.0001; G1 3d ****P=<0.0001; S 5d ***P=0.0001; G1 5d ****P<0.0001. **f)** Proliferation kinetics following GOT1 knockdown. Cells were untreated (black), dox was added to untreated cells (blue), pre-treated with dox and chronically exposed to dox (grey), or released from dox pretreated cells (red). Relative cell number at day 5 normalized to day 1 is displayed, (n=3 biologically independent samples), ***P=0.0002 mock and add; *P=0.0202 dox and dox, release. Error bars represent mean ± SD or mean ± SEM in (a) and (d). Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P > 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



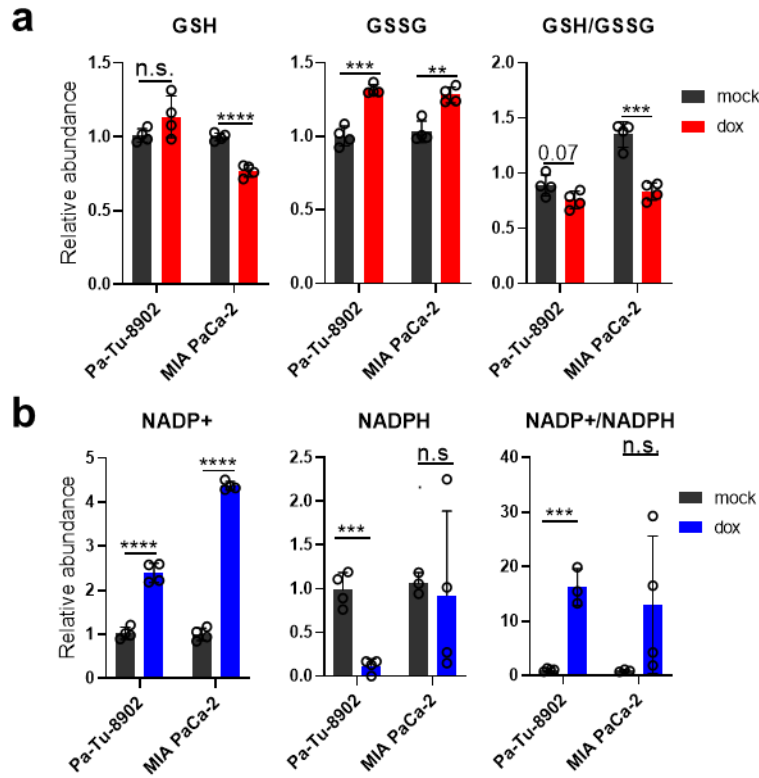
Supplementary Figure 3. GOT1 Inhibition sensitizes PDA to x_c^- inhibitors.

a) Area under the curve (AUC) in cell viability for each compound treated for 72 hours, n=3 biologically independent samples. **b)** Cell viability dose response curves for erastin after 24 hours in iDox-shGOT1 expressing cell lines. **c)** AUC fold-change for shNT expressing cell lines, n=3 biologically independent samples. **d)** Imidazole ketone erastin (IKE) cell viability dose curves, n=3 biologically independent samples. **e)** Bright field images of Pa-Tu08982 iDox-shGOT1 cells treated with IKE for 24 hours. Representative of two independent experiments. Scale bars represent 20 μ m. **f)** % Cytotoxicity following GOT1 knockdown and IKE treatment for 24 hours. Cytotoxicity was measured by LDH release and normalized to a cell lysis control, n=3 biologically independent samples, ****P=<0.0001 and *P=0.0311. **g)** Proliferation after 5 days of dox treatment with the indicated conditions. 750nM of Erastin or IKE was administered on day 1 and conditions are normalized to day 1 (n=3 biologically independent samples), ****P=<0.0001 Pa-Tu-8902 and ***P=0.0005 MIA PaCa-2. **h)** Cell viability of Mia PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 after 5 days of dox culture then 750nM IKE co-cultured with the indicated conditions (n=3 biologically independent samples). *P=0.0104 vehicle vs IKE, ****P=<0.0001 dox vs dox/IKE, ****P=<0.0001 dox/IKE vs, dox/IKE/NAC, GSH-EE, or BME. Error bars represent mean \pm SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

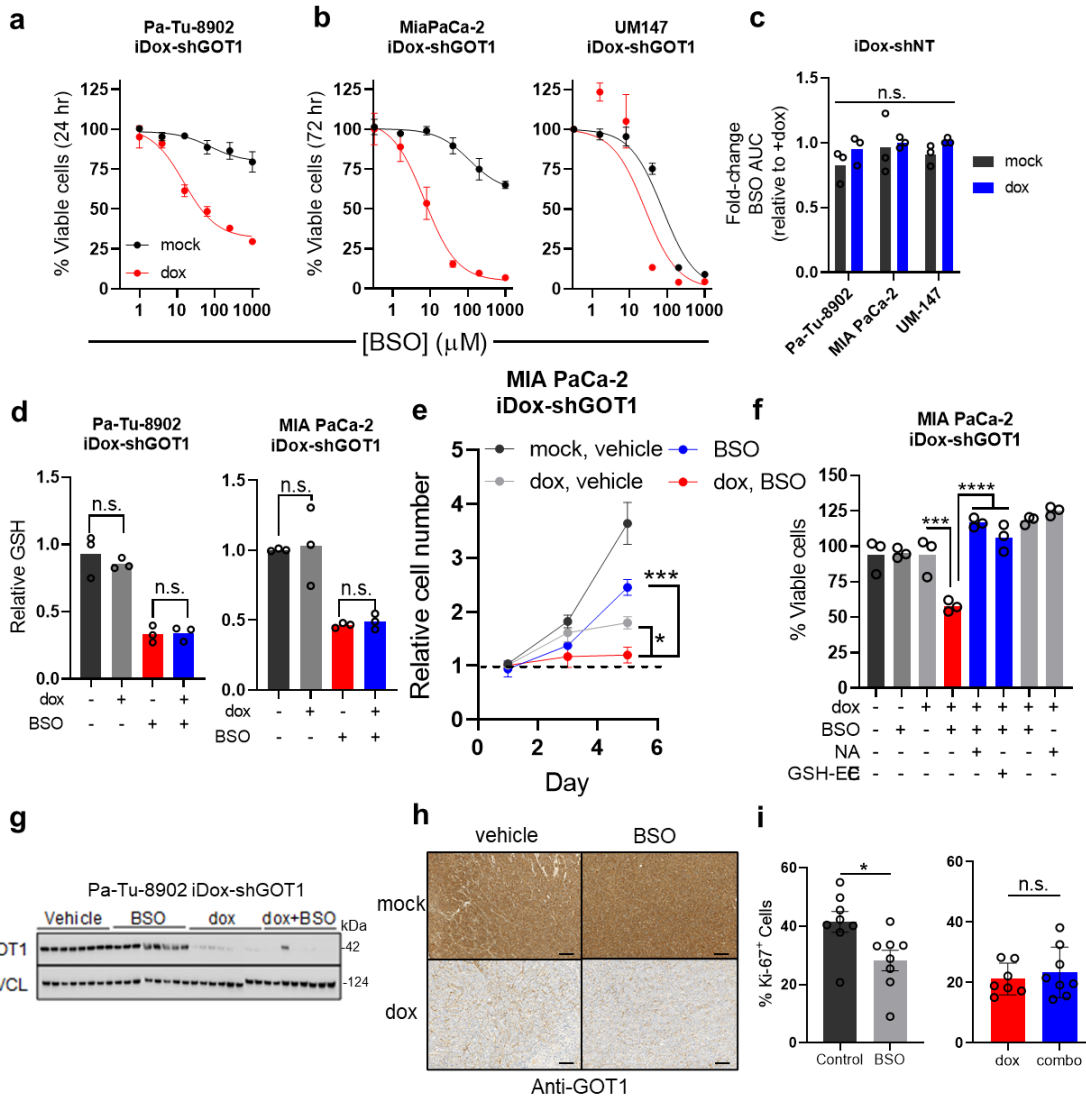


Supplementary Figure 4. PDA cultures require exogenous cystine for proliferation and viability.

a) Mia PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 proliferation following 5 days of GOT1 knockdown and the indicated media conditions (n=3 biologically independent experiments), ****P=<0.0001. **b)** Cell viability of Pa-Tu-8902 iDox-shGOT1 (red) and MIA PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 (blue) following 5 days of dox pre-treatment and 24 hours of the indicated cystine concentrations (n=4 biologically independent experiments), **P=0.002013 and ***P=0.000125 Pa-Tu-8902; ***P=0.000062 MIA PaCa-2. **c)** LC-MS/MS measures of intracellular cysteine and glutamate upon GOT1 knockdown, n=4 independent samples, Cysteine *P=0.0239 Pa-Tu-8902; ****P=<0.0001 MIA PaCa-2. **d)** xCT levels following GOT1 knockdown. Representative of 2 independent experiments. **e)** Post-treatment tumor mass (mock, n=5 tumors), (-Cys, 4), (dox, n=4), and (dox, -Cys, n=5). n.s. P=0.3873 mock vs. -Cys; n.s. P=0.0865 dox vs. dox/-Cys. **f)** Ki-67 staining in post-treatment tumors, n=5, * P=0.0294 mock vs.-Cys; n.s. P=0.1607 dox vs. dox/-Cys. **g)** Cysteine levels in tumors at endpoint, n=5, n.s. P=0.0113 mock vs.-Cys and n.s. P=0.7171 dox vs. dox/-Cys. Error bars represent mean ± SD (Figures a-c) or mean ± S.E.M (Figures e-g). Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

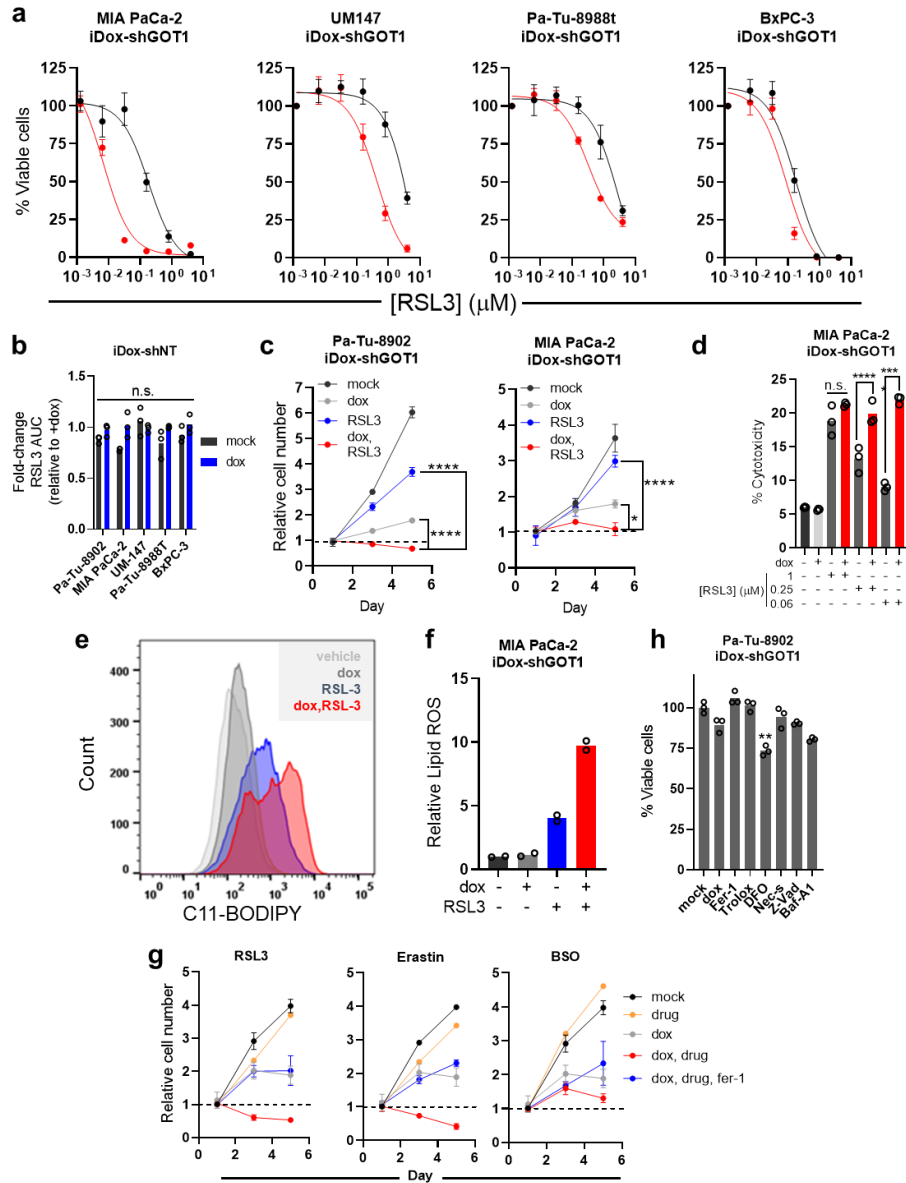


Supplementary Figure 5. GOT1 inhibition promotes redox stress. **a-b)** LC-MS/MS measures of redox co-factors, n=4 biological replicates. GSH n.s. P= 0.1370 Pa-Tu8902; **** P <0.0001 MIA PaCa-2, GSSG *** P= 0.0002; ** P= 0.0015; GSH/GSSG n.s. P= 0.0774; *** P= 0.0003. NADP+ **** P= <0.0001 Pa-Tu-8902 and MIA PaCa-2; NADPH *** P= 0.0002; n.s. P= 0.8178. NADP+/NADPH *** P= 0.0003; n.s. P= 0.1663. Error bars represent mean \pm SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



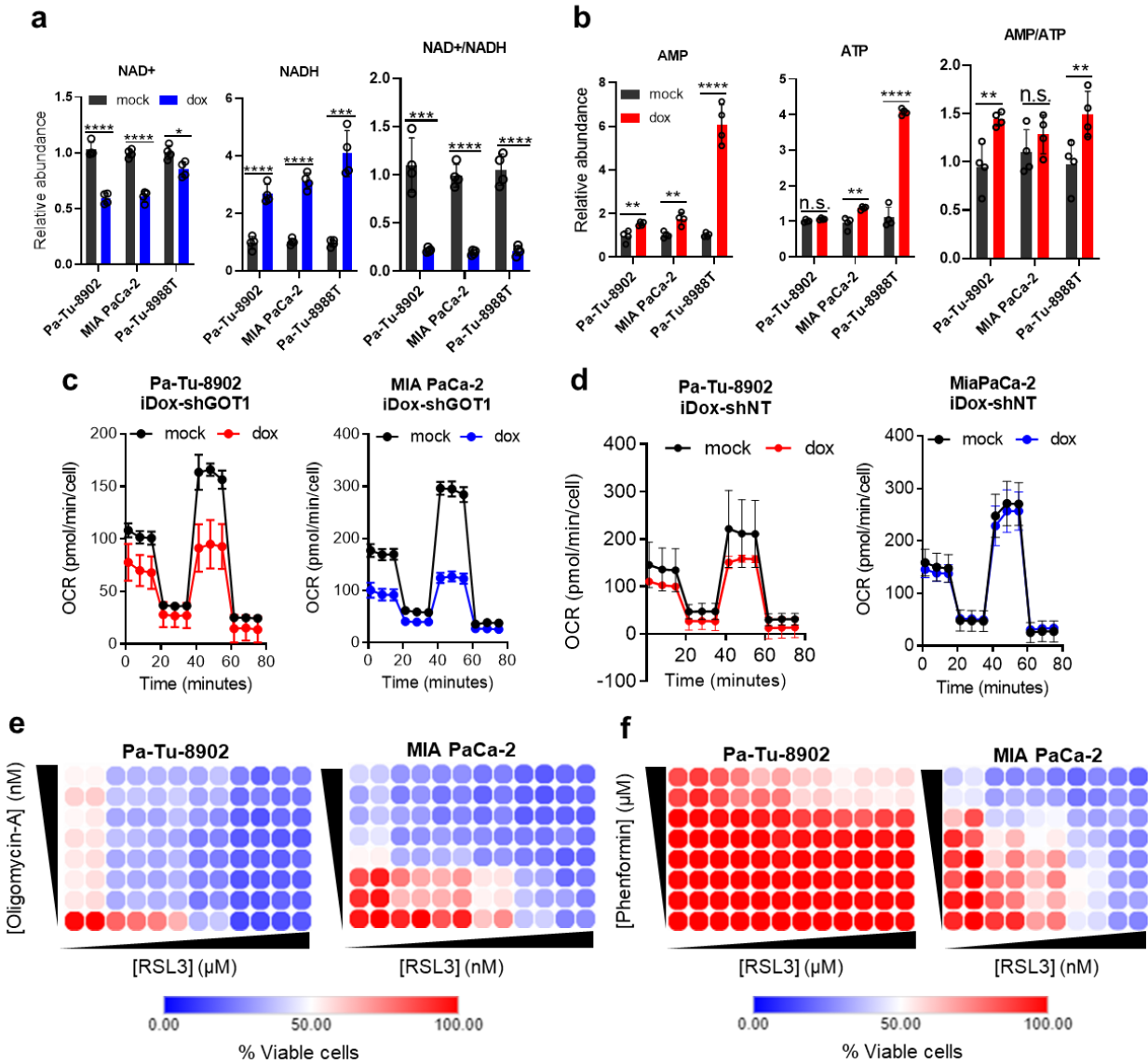
Supplementary Figure 6. PDA require GSH synthesis under GOT1 deficient conditions.

a-b) Cell viability dose response at 24 (a) and 72 hours (b), n=3 biologically independent samples representative of two independent experiments. **c)** AUC fold change in shNT matched cell lines, n=3 biologically independent samples. **d)** GSH-glo measures, n=3 biologically independent samples, n.s. $P=0.7408$ and $P=0.9996$ in Pa-Tu-8902; n.s. $P=0.9947$ and $P=0.9956$ in MIA PaCa-2. **e)** Proliferation after 5 days of GOT1 knockdown. BSO 40 μM treatment was initiated on day 1 and curves are normalized to day 1, n=3 biologically independent samples, *** $P=0.0007$ and * $P=0.0488$. **f)** Relative viability after 5 days of GOT1 knockdown and treatment with 40 μM BSO or co-treatment with 0.5mM N-acetyl cysteine (NAC) 0.5mM GSH-ethyl ester (GSH-EE), n=3 biologically independent samples, *** $P=0.0006$; **** $P<0.0001$. **g)** Immunoblot analysis of GOT1 from tumors in Figure 3f (n=8 tumors). Representative of a single independent experiment. **h)** Immunohistochemical staining of GOT1, n=8 tumors. Scale bars represent 50 μm . **i)** Quantification of Ki-67 staining in tumors from 3f, n=8 tumors, * $P=0.0194$. Error bars represent mean \pm SD or mean \pm SEM in (i). Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant $P>0.05$ (n.s. or # as noted). Data are provided as a Source Data file.



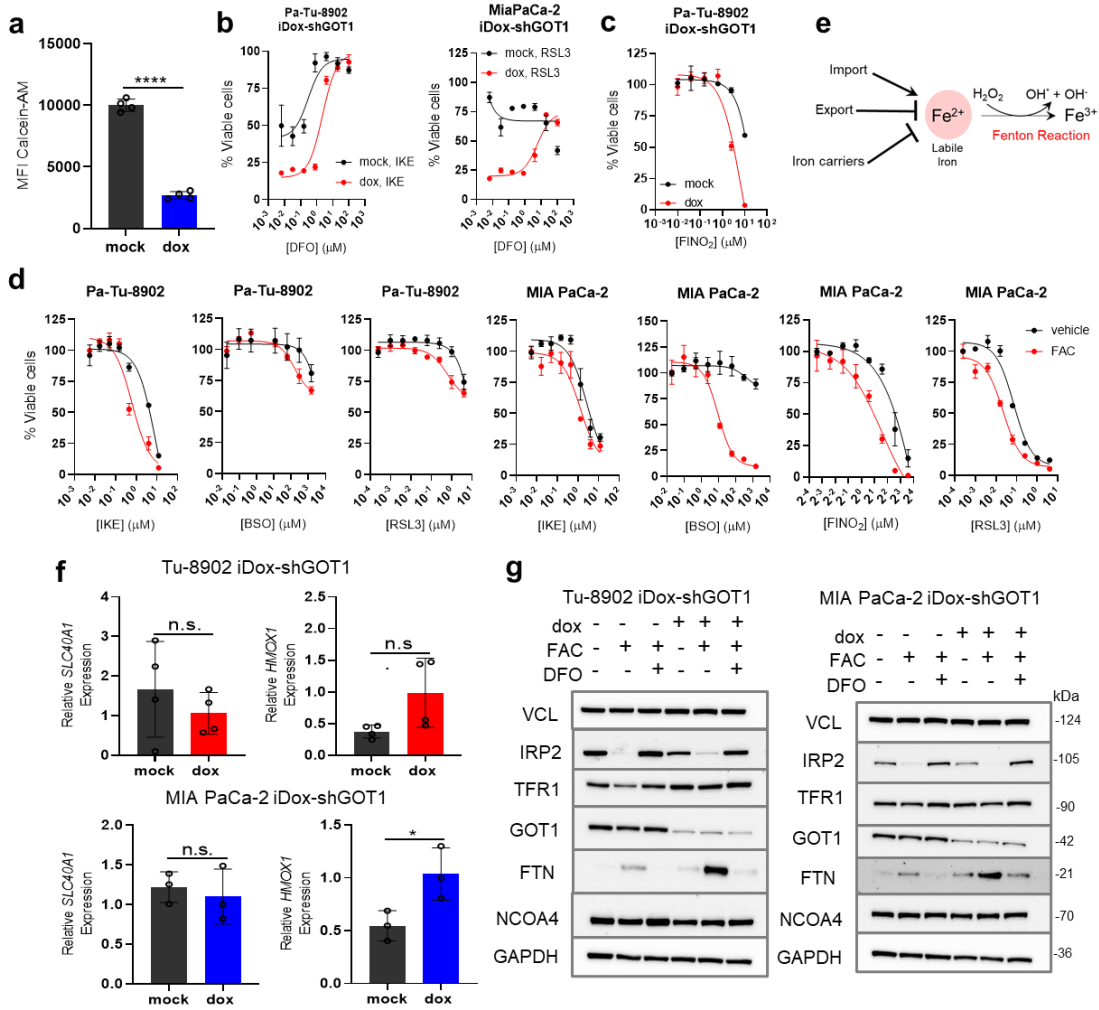
Supplementary Figure 7. Additional data demonstrating GOT1 inhibition sensitizes PDA to ferroptosis.

a) Cell viability dose response curves at 24 hours, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. **b)** Fold change in cell viability AUC in shNT cells, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. **c)** Proliferation following 5 days of knockdown and treatment with the indicated conditions. 32nM of RSL3 was administered on day 1. Cell numbers are normalized to day 1 for each condition, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. **** $P < 0.0001$. **d)** % Cytotoxicity following GOT1 knockdown and RSL3 treatment at 24 hours. Cytotoxicity was measured by LDH release and normalized to a cell lysis control, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. **** $P < 0.0001$. **e)** Distribution of Pa-Tu-8902 iDox-shGOT1 cells positive for C11-BODIPY corresponding to (4e). **f)** Fold change in viable MIA PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 cells positive for C-11 BODIPY, following 5 days of GOT1 knockdown. Cells were treated with the indicated conditions for 6 hours prior to measurements: vehicle (0.1% DMSO) +/- dox (black and grey), 1 μM RSL3. Data are normalized to the -dox and vehicle-treated condition, $n=2$ biologically independent samples. **g)** Proliferation of Pa-Tu-8902 iDox-shGOT1 following 5 days of knockdown and treatment with the indicated conditions ($n=3$ biologically independent samples). 32nM RSL3, 750nM Erastin, or 40 μM BSO +/- 1 μM Ferrostatin-1 (Fer-1) were used. Cell numbers are normalized to day 1 for each condition, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. **h)** Single agent viability controls for 4f-g, $n=3$ biologically independent samples. DFO vs. dox ** $P=0.0016$. Error bars represent mean \pm SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA. Non-significant $P > 0.05$ (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



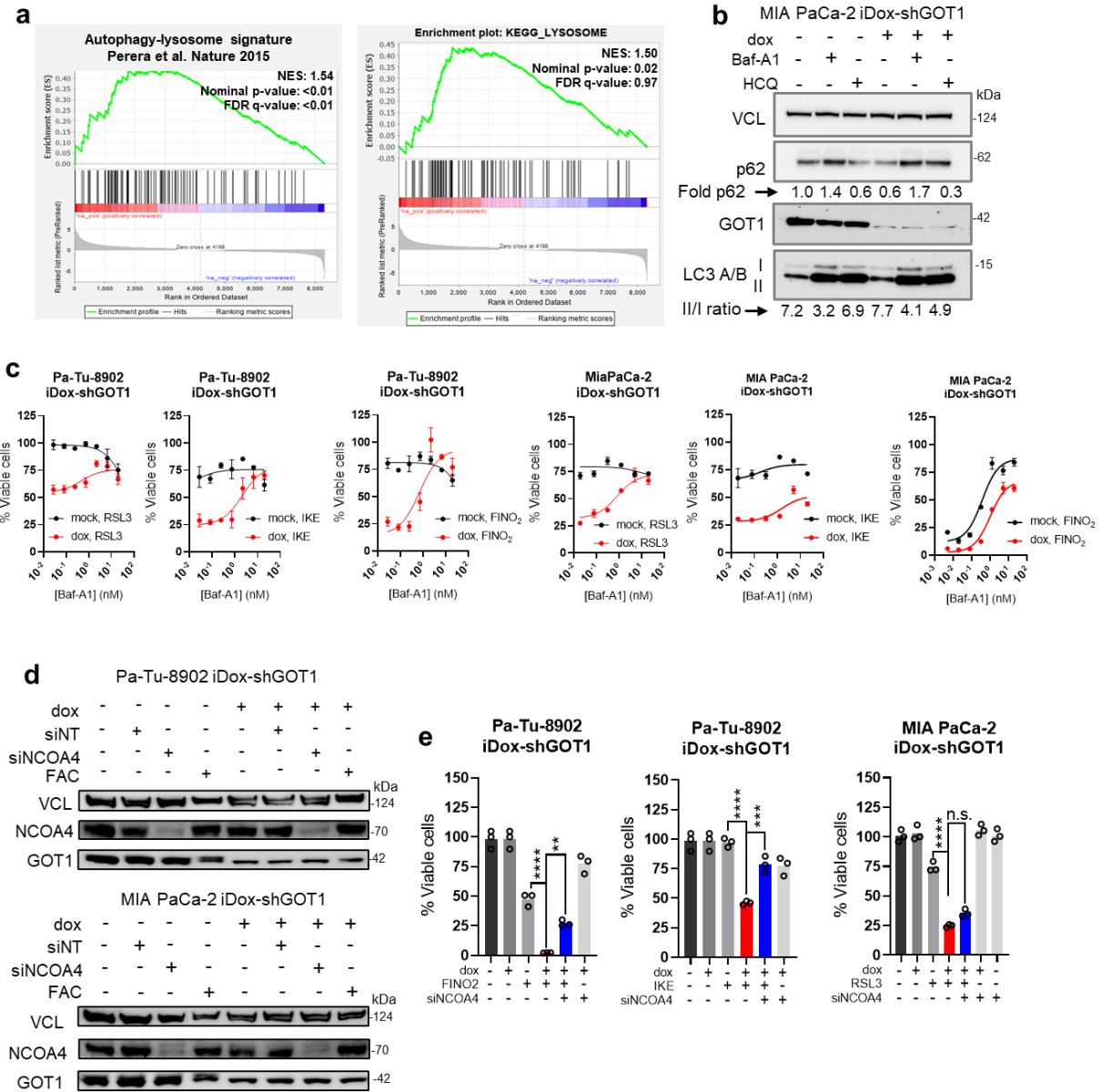
Supplementary Figure 8. Inhibition of mitochondrial metabolism potentiates ferroptosis

a-b) LC-MS/MS measurements of NAD⁺, NADH, AMP, and ATP following 5 days of GOT1 knockdown, n=4 biologically independent experiments. NAD⁺ ****P= <0.0001; *P=0.0158. NADH ****P=<0.0001; ***P=0.0003. NAD⁺/NADH ***P= 0.0008; ****P=<0.0001. AMP **P=0.0054; **P=0.0032; ****P=<0.0001. ATP **P=0.0025; ****P=<0.0001. **c-d)** Oxygen consumption rate following GOT1 knockdown, n=3 biologically independent experiments. **e-f)** Dose response matrix of cell viability following 72 hours co-drug treatment, n=2 biologically independent experiments. Error bars represent mean ± SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 9. Labile iron potentiates ferroptosis.

a) Calcein-AM MFI in Mia PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 following GOT1 knockdown, n=3 biologically independent experiments. **** P= <0.0001. **b-d)** Cell viability dose response curves of various ferroptosis inducers treated with DFO (n=3 biologically independent experiments) (b), FINO₂ following GOT1 knockdown (c), or 200 μM of ferric ammonium citrate (FAC) (d), n=3 biologically independent experiments. **e)** Scheme of iron release mechanisms. **f)** Expression of *SLC40A1* and *HMOX1* in Pa-Tu08902 (red), n=4 biological replicates, or Mia PaCa-2 iDox-shGOT1 cells (blue), n=3 biological replicates. * P= 0.0417. **g)** Westerns of iron responsive genes following GOT1 knockdown. Representative of two independent experiments. Error bars represent mean \pm SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

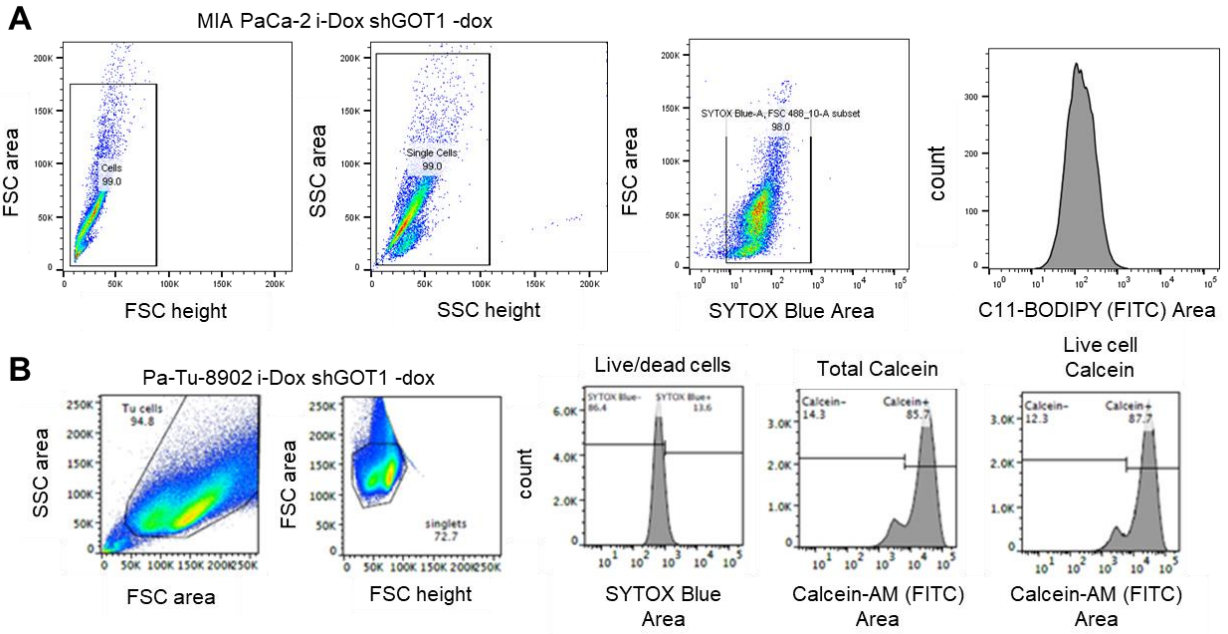


Supplementary Figure 10. Blocking lysosomal acidification or ferritinophagy blocks the GOT1 potentiation of ferroptosis.

a) Enrichment of lysosomal transcripts following GOT1 silencing in Pa-Tu-8902 iDox-shGOT1, n=3 biologically independent experiments. **b)** Western blot of autophagy markers in MIA PaCa-2. Representative of two independent experiments. **c)** Cell viability of cells co-treated with ferroptosis triggering compounds and increasing doses of Baf-A1, n=2 biologically independent experiments. **d)** Western blots analysis of NCOA4 after siNCOA4. Representative of three independent experiments. **e)** Knockdown of NCOA4 rescues GOT1-mediated ferroptosis in Pa-Tu-8902 and MIA PaCa-2, n=3 biologically independent experiments. Pa-Tu-8902 FINO2 vs. dox/FINO2 ****P<0.0001; dox/FINO2 vs. dox/FINO2/siNCOA4 ***P=0.0026. IKE vs. dox/IKE ****P<0.0001; IKE vs. dox/IKE/siNCOA4 ***P=0.0005. MIA PaCa-2 RSL3 vs. dox/RSL3 ****P<0.0001. Error bars represent mean ± SD. Two-tailed unpaired T-test or 1-way ANOVA: Non-significant P> 0.05 (n.s. or # as noted). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

Supplementary Table 1: Primer Sequences used in this study.

hRPS21_F TCGCATCATCGGTGCCAAG
hRPS21_R GCCATTAAACCTGCCTGTGAC
hSLC40A1_F CCAAAGGGATTGGATTGTTG
hSLC40A1_R CCAAAGGGATTGGATTGTTTCGTATTGTGGCATTCA
hHMOX1_F GGCAGAGGGTGATAGAAGAGG
hHMOX1_R AGCTCCTGCAACTCCTCAA



Supplementary Figure 11. Flow cytometry gating
a-b) Representative C11 BODIPY (a) and calcein-AM gating strategy (b).