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Supplemental information

**Sensitive extraction-free SARS-CoV-2 RNA virus
detection using a chelating resin**

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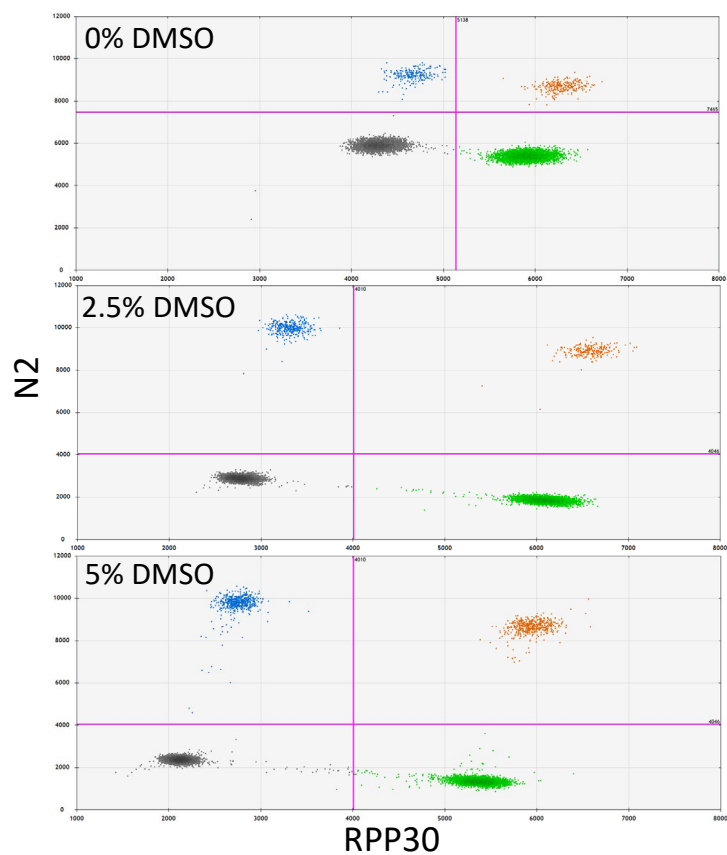
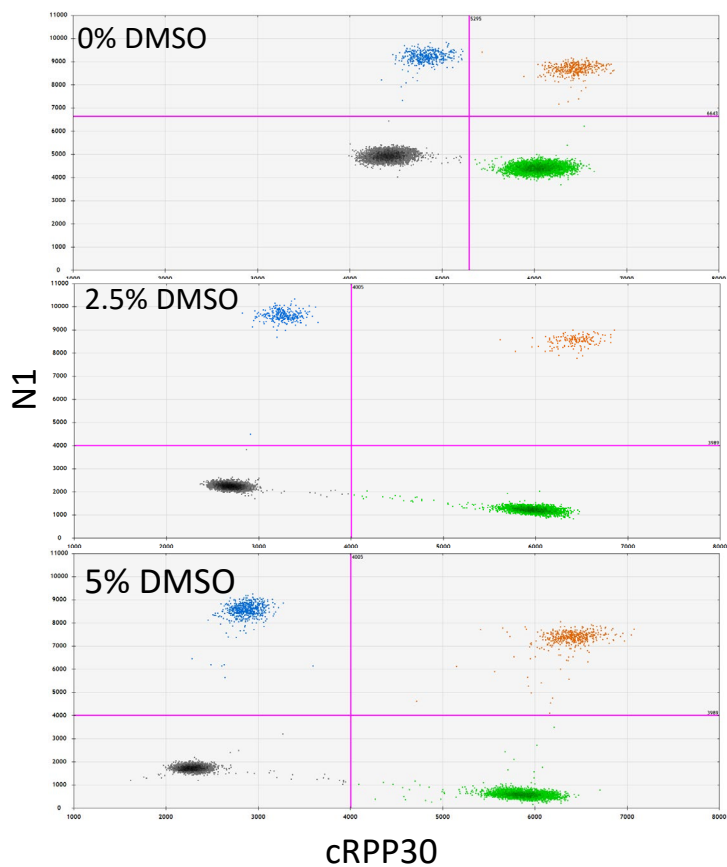


Figure S1. DMSO decreases negative droplet intensity in RT-ddPCR assays, related to Figures 1, 2, 4 & 5. The RT-ddPCR reactions containing 0%, 2.5%, or 5% DMSO were performed for a Chelex-lowTE sample prepared with the ATCC SARS-CoV-2 virions and 293FT cells using N1 and cRPP30 (left panel) or N2 and RPP30 (right panel). The grey clusters represent negative droplets; blue and green clusters represent Fam and Hex positive droplets, respectively; and orange clusters represent double positive droplets.

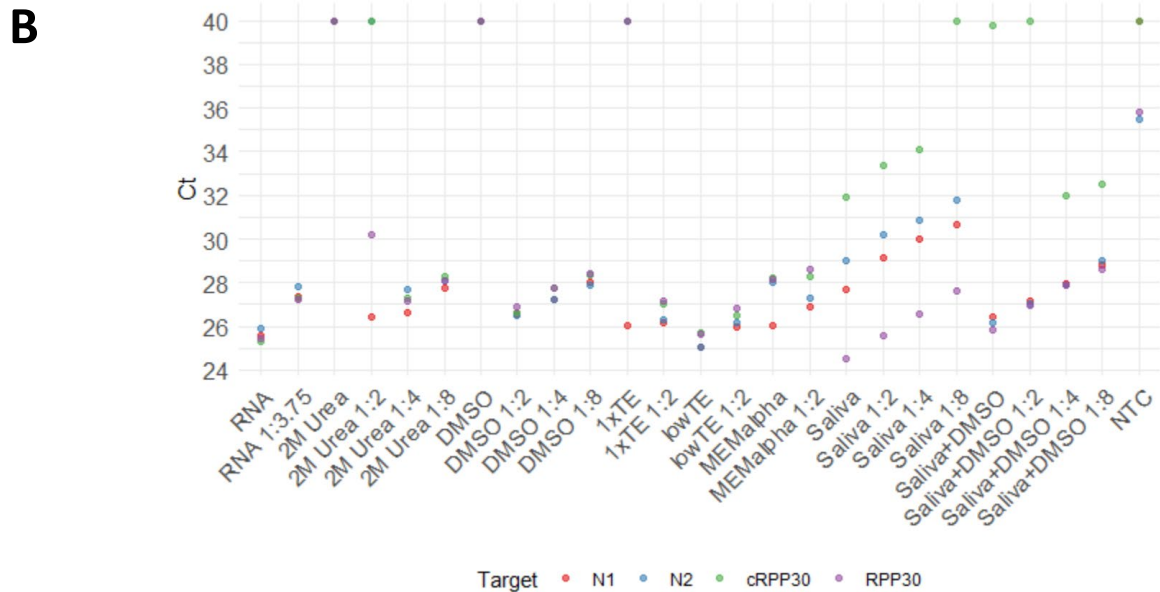
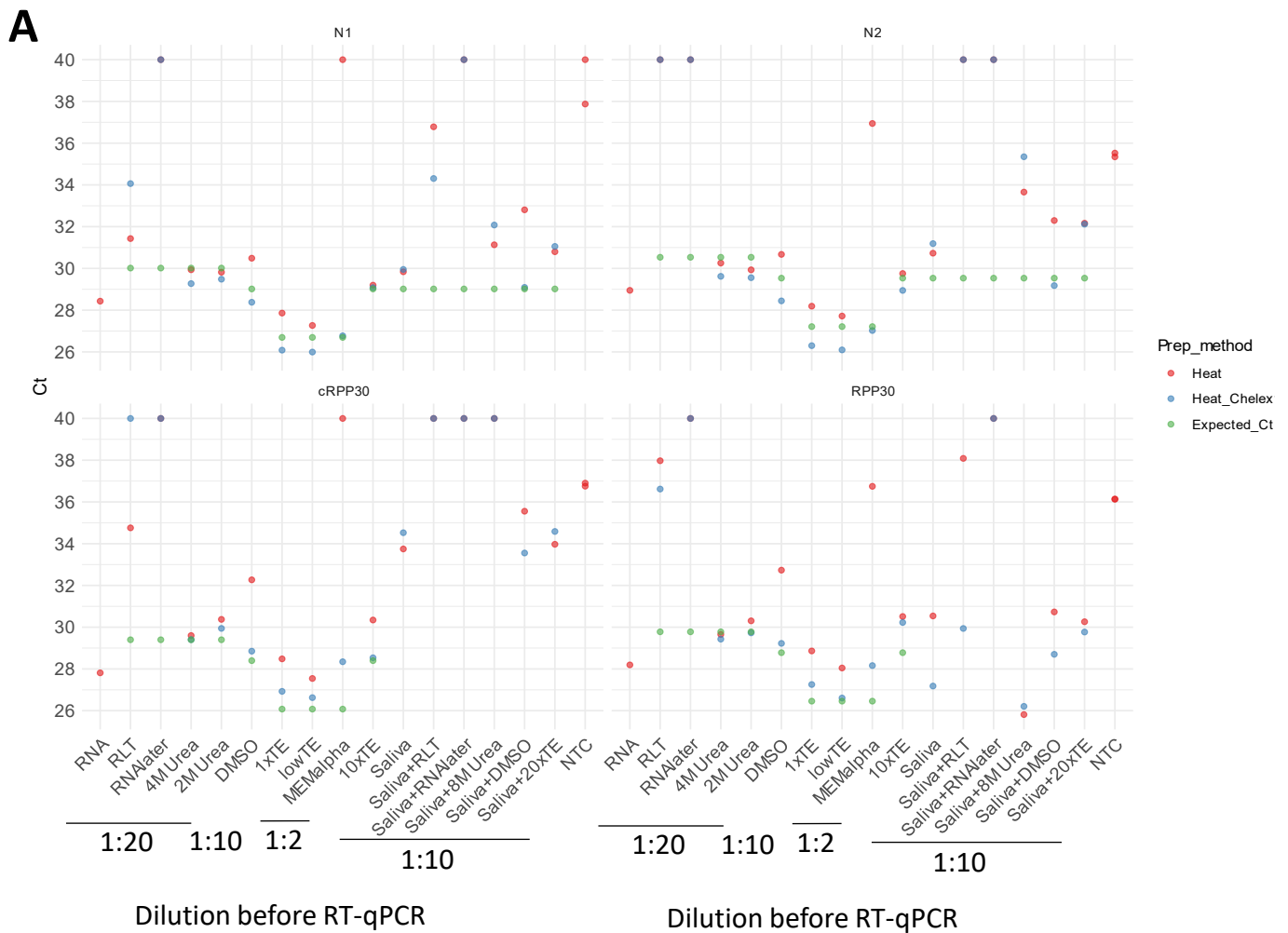


Figure S2. SARS-CoV-2 prepared in different buffers used for RT-qPCR without RNA-extraction, related to Figure 2. **(A)** Samples were diluted in H₂O as indicated at the bottom. Expected_Ct refers to Ct calculated based on Ct from extracted RNA normalized with added virion numbers after dilution using the Δ Ct method. **(B)** Buffer compatibility in RT-qPCR. Sample RNA, not heated and 5 μ l of which contained materials extracted from 6,250 virions. Other samples were heated in the presence of Chelex, of which undiluted samples also contained 6,250 virions per 5 μ l. Samples were diluted in H₂O. Samples with undetermined Ct values were plotted as Ct 40. The NEB Luna RT-qPCR kit and NEB-Luna-Program I was used. NTC, no-template control.

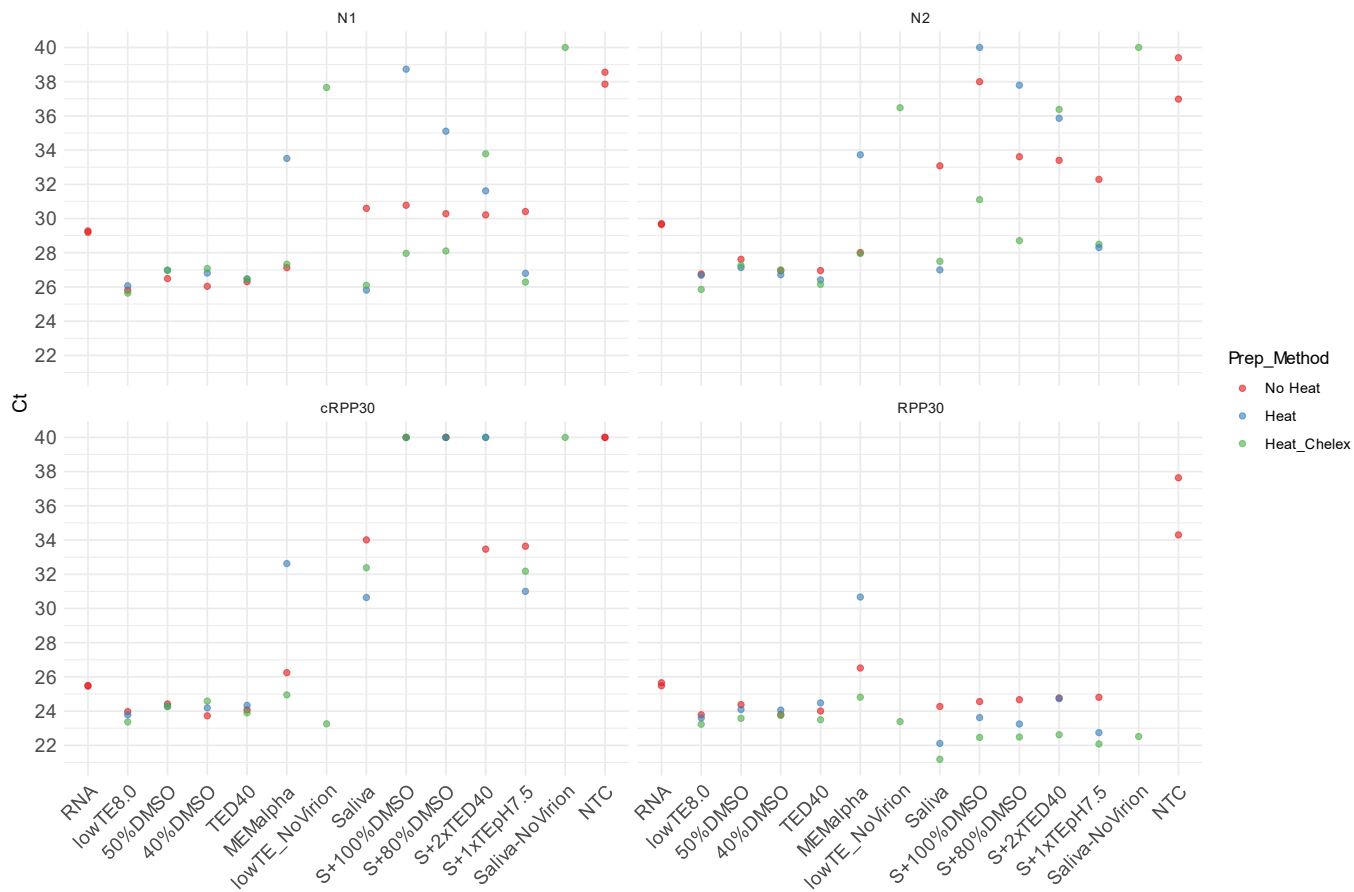
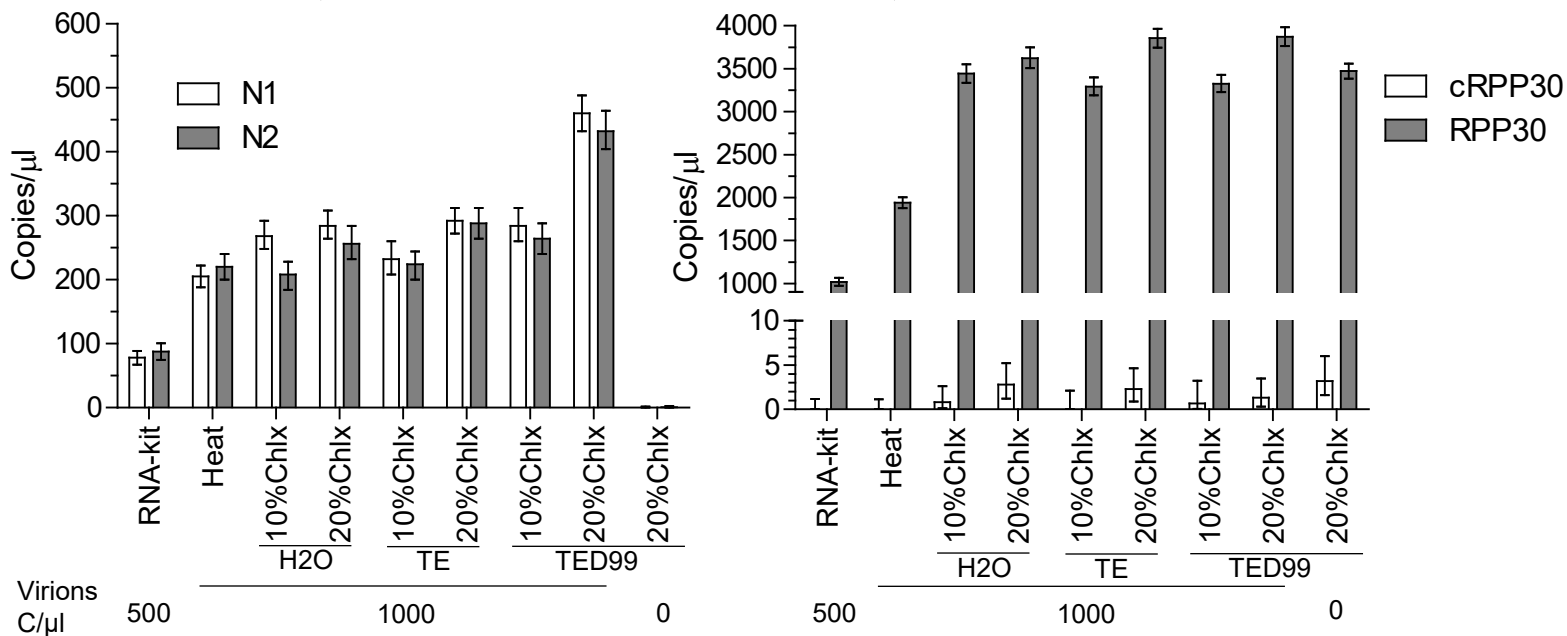
A**B**

Figure S3. Tris EDTA and DMSO containing buffers, related to Figures 3, 4 & 5. **(A)** RT-qPCR of samples with heat-inactivated ATCC SARS-CoV-2 virions. 5 μ l of samples were used for one reaction in RT-qPCR except that samples in MEM α were diluted 1:1 with H₂O. "S+" refers to "Saliva + ". Samples with undetermined Ct values were plotted as Ct 40. The NEB Luna RT-qPCR kit and NEB-Luna-Program I was used. **(B)** RT-ddPCR of saliva samples with heat-inactivated ATCC SARS-CoV-2 virions. The Chelex was prepared in H₂O, lowTE or TED99 (lowTE with 99% DMSO). RNA-kit refers to RNA extracted with the RNeasy Protect Saliva Mini Kit. NTC, no-template control.

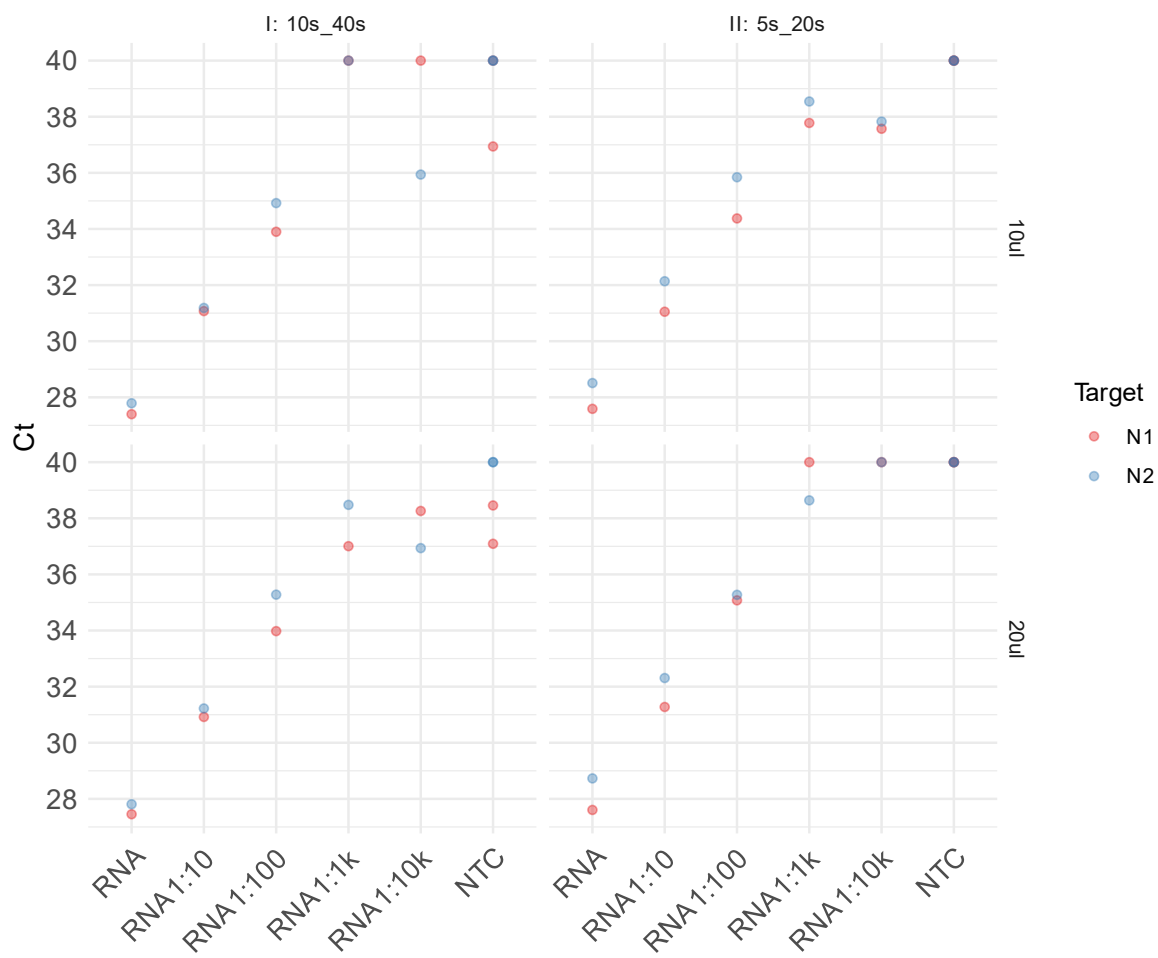


Figure S4. Optimization of the NEB Luna RT-qPCR assay, related to Figures 2 & 3. Extracted RNA samples were serially diluted and assayed either using 2.5 µl sample in a 10 µl reaction volume or 5 µl in a 20 µl reaction, and using a longer PCR protocol (I: 10 seconds of denature and 40 seconds of annealing/extension) or a shorter PCR protocol (II: 5 seconds of denature and 20 seconds of annealing/extension). NTC, no-template control.

Table S1. Oligonucleotides, related to STAR methods.

Target	Oligo name	Oligo sequence
2019-nCoV_N1	2019nCoV_N1F	GACCCCAAAATCAGCGAAAT
	2019nCoV_N1R	TCTGGTTACTGCCAGTTGAATCTG
	2019nCoV_N1Fam	ACCCCGCATTACGTTTGGTGGACC
2019-nCoV_N2	2019nCoV_N2F	TTACAAACATTGGCCGCAAA
	2019nCoV_N2R	GCGCGACATTCCGAAGAA
	2019nCoV_N2Fam	ACAATTTGCCCCCAGCGCTTCAG
RPP30 (aka RP)	RPP30F	AGATTTGGACCTGCGAGCG
	RPP30R	GAGCGGCTGTCTCCACAAGT
	RPP30Hex	TTCTGACCTGAAGGCTCTGCGCG
cRPP30	RPP30F	See above
	RPP30cR	GCAACAACCTGAATAGCCAagGT
	RPP30Hex	See above
chr5UC	chr5UC-F	ATTTATGACCAGCCACAGCC
	chr5UC-R	CCATCAGGGACTTGGTTTCA
	chr5UC-Hex	CAACTCCAGCAGCTGCACACCGC