A guanidine-degrading enzyme controls genomic stability of ethyleneproducing cyanobacteria

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Supplementary Fig. 1. **Degradation of guanidine by** *Synechocystis* **culture with nitrate gradually replaced by guanidine in the medium**. *Synechocystis* 6803 was inoculated with an initial OD₇₃₀ of 0.1 in the mBG11 medium with nitrate adjusted from 17.6 mM to 5 mM (0 mM gdm), and then the nitrate was gradually replaced by the equal molar concentrations of guanidine until the entire 5 mM nitrate was replaced by 5 mM guanidine (5 mM gdm). **a**, Guanidine concentrations in the culture media. **b**, OD₇₃₀ of cell cultures three days after inoculation. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 2. Comparison of cell growth of Synechocystis strains PCC 6803, PB805W ($\Delta s ll 1077$) and PB817W (*sll1077* overexpressed). Cells were grown in BG11 medium supplemented with 10 mM TES-NaOH (pH 8.2) and 50 mM NaHCO₃ under constant light of 50 μ E m⁻² s⁻¹ on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm and 30 °C. Data represent the means and standard deviations of three independent biological replicates. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 3. SDS-PAGE and western blot for comparison of expression levels of sll1077 in recombinant *Synechocystis* strains. These are an uncropped images for generating Fig. 3b in the main text.



Supplementary Fig. 4. Uncropped SDS-PAGE image showing the expression of Sll1077-His protein and the purified Sll1077-His protein. This is an uncropped image that was used for generating Fig. 4a in the main text.



Supplementary Fig. 5. Effect of removal of His-tag on the enzyme activity of Sll1077. Cell lysate containing the same amount of total soluble protein from each strain was incubated with 10 mM guanidine, 1 mM MnCl₂, and 20 mM Tris·HCl (pH7.5) at 30 °C for three hours. Then, the amounts of guanidine that had been consumed in the solution were calculated. '6803' is the wild-type *Synechocystis* 6803 strain that expresses the native Sll1077; 'PB816W' expresses the native Sll1077 and also expresses the His-tagged Sll1077-His through the recombinant expression cassette; 'PB817W' expresses the native Sll1077 and also expresses the tag-free Sll1077 through the recombinant expression cassette. **a**, Consumed guanidine by each cell lysate. **b**, Relative enzyme activity introduced by expressing Sll1077-His and the untagged Sll1077; calculated based on panel a. Data represents means and standard deviations from three replicates. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 6. Effect of presence of ATP on the enzyme activity of Sll1077-His. 'Ez + gdm' indicates purified Sll1077-His incubated with 5 mM guanidine, 1 mM MnCl₂, 50 mM NaCl and 20 mM Tris·HCl (pH7.5). "Ez + gdm + ATP" is the same as 'Ez + gdm' except that ATP is added to a final concentration of 1 mM. Data represents means and standard deviations from three replicates. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 7. Tolerance of *Synechococcus* **7942 to urea**. Cell growth curves of *Synechococcus* **7942** grown in nitrate-containing or nitrate-deprived BG11 medium (N-free) supplemented with 50 mM NaHCO₃, with or without 5 mM urea, under constant light of 50 μ E m⁻² s⁻¹ on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm and 30 °C. Data represent the average of two independent biological replicates and are overlaid with individual data points. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 8. Improved genomic stability of the *efe*-expressing *Synechococcus* **7942 derivative strain through co-overexpressing** *sll1077.* **a**, Schematic structure of the EFE expression cassette inserted into the genomes of *Synechococcus elongatus* strains EFE7942 and GD-EFE7942. Arrows indicate the primers used for PCR verification of genotypes of the *efe*-expressing strains. Red asterisks indicate sites where mutation occurred causing early termination of the translation of EFE in the randomly chosen big colonies of strain EFE7942 pictured in Fig. 6a. **b**, Colony PCR results showing the genotypes of *efe*-expressing cells initially grown on agar plates placed at 35 °C ("before") and then on agar plates placed at 30 °C ("after" as depicted in Fig. 6a). DNA fragments were amplified using primers illustrated as black arrows in a. Red arrow indicates the expected size of the PCR product should cells maintain the correct EFE expression cassette. Data represent results from at least three independent experiments.



Supplementary Fig. 9. Guanidine accumulative titers in the culture supernatants of *Synechococcus* strains. *Synechococcus* strains 7942, EFE7942 and GD-EFE7942 were grown under the same conditions as in Fig. 6b-d. "n.a." means samples were not saved for analysis of guanidine. Batch #1, day 0 - 3; batch #2, day 3 - 6; batch #3, day 6 - 9; batch #4, day 9 - 12; batch #5, day 12 - 13. Data represent means (as indicated by the bar chart) of two independent biological replicates and are overlaid with individual data points (sown as empty circles). Source data are provided in the Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 10. Colonies formed on agar plates spread with diluted 13th day cultures in Fig. 6b-d. *Synechococcus* strains 7942, EFE7942 and GD-EFE7942 were grown under the same conditions as in Fig. 6b-d were diluted and spread on to BG11 agar plates and incubated under light of ~15 μ E m⁻² s⁻¹ at ambient temperature for two weeks. Scale bars indicate 1 mm.



Supplementary Fig. 11. Comparison of ethylene productivities between *efe*-expressing *Synechococcus* strain GD-EFE7942 and *Synechocystis strain* PB752. **a**, Growth of two cyanobacterial strains. **b**, Specific ethylene productivities. Strains were inoculated in the mBG11 medium with an initial OD_{730} of about 0.05, under 120 μ E m⁻² s⁻¹, 130 rpm, 30 °C, aerated with 1% CO₂. Data represents means and standard deviations from three independent biological replicates. Source data are provided in the Source Data file.

S111077	1	MSDATPFRPPSEAEEALIKETRLPLTGWQQEVDQGLTYGLEAAASIKDRSIPTFSRGELPHYAGINTFMKAPYLED	76
S110228	1	MHSPNKFTSGPKQFLESEA	19
S111077	77	VREVGKYDVAIVGVPHDSGTTYRPGTRFGPQGIRRISALYTPYNFEMGVDLREQISLCDVGDIFTIPANNEKSFD	151
S110228	20	ITSYADAAVVVVPIPYEATTSYRKGCEHGPEAVLEASDQLEAYDEELGTSPCHDLGIYTCAPLADSNKHPALAGD	94
S111077	152	QISKGIAHIFSSGAFPIILGGDHSIGFPTVRGICRHLGDKKVGIIHFDRHVDTQETDLDERMHTCPWFHATNMANA	227
S110228	95	AMVTEVCDGIAPFVEDGKFVVAIGGEHAITTGVVRAMQRGTS-EPFTVVQIDAHGD-MRDKFEGSCHNHACVMRRVLELG	172
S111077	228	PAKNLVQLGIGGWQVPRQGVKVCRERATNILTVTDITEMSLDAAADFAIARATDGTDCVWISFDIDCIDAGFVPGTGWPE	307
S110228	173	LPTLPIAIRAICQEEADLIREKNIPVFWAREMADNPNWINEAIASITTQKVFLTIDMDGFDPGFMPGVGTPE	244
S111077	308	PGGLLPREALYLLKRIIRETNVCGMEVVEVSPPYDISDMTSLMATRVICDTMAHLVVSGQLPRTEKPAYIHAEANMAVDE	387
S110228	245	PGGLGWYEGLNFFRRLFQTKQVIGCDLMELAPVRG-SVVSEFSTAKLAYKLMGYWGESQRKKL	306
S111077	388	PWQ 390	
S110228		-	

Supplementary Fig. 12. Comparison of protein sequences of Sll1077 and Sll0228 of the *Synechocystis* **6803 strain**. Red letters indicate identical amino acids. Bold letters indicate the conservative putative active cite of agmatinase family proteins¹. Underscored letters indicate the conservative manganese [Mn] ion binding site¹.

Supplementary Table 1. All strains and plasmids used in this stu	ıdy.
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Strains	Genotype or features	Sources
NEB5a	fhuA2 Δ (argF-lacZ)U169 phoA glnV44 Φ 80 Δ (lacZ)M15	NEB
Summe la sustia an DCC (802	gyrA90 recA1 relA1 endA1 tht-1 hsdR1/	ATCC
Synechocystis sp. PCC 6805	wild-type	This stards
Synechocystis PB805W	Asuro// in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB806W	PCC 6803; inserted between <i>slr1495</i> and <i>sll1397</i>	This study
Synechocystis PB807W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB808W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB809W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB810W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB811W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB812W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB816W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB817W	OE of sll1077-His in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803	This study
Synechocystis PB752	OE of <i>efe</i> in <i>Synechocystis</i> sp. PCC 6803; inserted at the <i>slr0168</i> neutral site	
Synechococcus elongatus PCC 7942	Wild-type	In Lab
Synechococcus elongatus EFE7942	OE of <i>efe</i> in <i>Synechococcus elongatus</i> PCC 7942; inserted at neutral site 1, <i>i.e.</i> , "Synpcc7942_2498"	This stud
Synechococcus elongatus	OE of sll1077 in Synechococcus elongatus PCC 7942;	This stud
GD44	inserted at neutral site 4, <i>i.e.</i> , "Synpcc7942_0103"	
Synechococcus elongatus GD- EFE7942	OE of <i>sll1077</i> and <i>efe</i> in <i>Synechococcus elongatus</i> PCC 7942	This stud
Plasmids		
pBluescript II SK (+)	Amp ^R , pUC ori	Stratagen
pPB305	<i>sll1077U</i> -Cm ^R - <i>sll1077D</i> , inserted to the pBluescript II SK (+) vector backbone	This stud
pPB306	<i>slr1495</i> -Cm ^R -P _{tac} -RBSv306- <i>sll1077-His-sll1397</i> , inserted to the pBluescript II SK (+) vector backbone	This stud
pPB307	Derivative of pPB306; RBSv306 replaced by RBSv307	This stud
pPB308	Derivative of pPB306; RBSv307 replaced by RBSv308	This stud
pPB309	Derivative of pPB306; RBSv306 replaced by RBSv309	This stud
pPB310	Derivative of pPB306; RBSv306 replaced by RBSv310	This stud
pPB311	Derivative of pPB306; RBSv306 replaced by RBSv311	This stud
pPB312	Derivative of pPB309; XhoI site between <i>sll1077</i> and His tag deleted	This stud
pPB316	Derivative of pPB312; <i>rrnB</i> terminator added downstream of <i>sll1077-His</i>	This study
pPB317	Derivative of pPB316; His tag removed from downstream of <i>sll1077</i>	This stud
pJU158	<i>slr0168</i> -P _{psbA} -RBSv4- <i>efe</i> -T _{T7} -Sm ^R - <i>slr0168</i> , pUC ori	3
pEFE-FLAG-NS1	NS1Up- Sm ^R -P _{psbA} -RBSv4- <i>efe-T</i> ₁₇ - NS1Dn	This study
pCX0104-LuxAB-FT	Zn ⁺⁺ -inducible expression of P_{smtA} :: <i>luxAB</i> ::3×FLAG targeted to NS4 (Cm ^R)	4
pGD6803-NS4	NS4Dn-P _{tac} -RBSv309- <i>sll1077-T_{rrnR}</i> -Cm ^R -NS4Up	This stud

Plasmids	Primers	DNA sequences	Target	Template source
pPB305	SII1077U3	GGGCGAATTG <u>GGTACC</u> ggagtttcggttaagtctaag (KpnI)	Sll1077U	S6803 gDNA
	Sll1077U4	CACAGGTATCTGCAGaggtagttactagctaaacaac	Sll1077U	S6803 gDNA
	Sll1077D3	GAAGCAGTGTGGGATCCTagtaactttaacttgactaattattgc	Sll1077D	S6803 gDNA
	Sll1077D4	GAACAAAAGCTG <u>GAGCTC</u> cgagcagaacagttttacc (SacI)	Sll1077D	S6803 gDNA
	CatU3	gtaactacctCTGCAGATACCTGTGACGGAAGATCAC	cat	pACYC184
	CatD4	aaagttactAGGATCCCACACTGCTTCCGGTAGTC	cat	pACYC184
pPB300	sll1077U1	agatataCATATGagcgatgccaccccgtttc	sll1077	S6803 gDNA
	sll1077D2	ggtgCTCGAGttgccagggctcatccactg	sll1077	S6803 gDNA
pPB306	sll1077U3	CAATTTCACACAAggaggatataCATATGagcgatgccacccc gtttc	sll1077	pPB300
	sll1077-His- D4	caattcgcactgaatctccaGTCGACGTTAGCAGCCGGATCTT AGTG	sll1077	pPB300
pPB307	TACR4	GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
	sll1077U307	AAGGAGGAAACATatgagcgatgccaccccgtttc	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
pPB308	TACR4	GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
	sll1077U308	AAGGAGGAACAGCatgagcgatgccaccccgtttc	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
pPB309	TACR4	GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
	sll1077U309	AAGGAGAAACAGCatgagcgatgccaccccgtttc	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
pPB310	TACR4	GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
	sll1077U310	AAGAAGGAGAAACAGCatgagcgatgccaccccgtttc	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
pPB311	TACR4	GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
	sll1077U311	AAGAAGGAGAAACATAGCatgagcgatgccaccccgtttc	RBS of pPB306d	pPB306d
pPB312	sll1077C-F- 3xHis	CACCACCACTAAGATCCGGCTG	sll1077- His	pPB309
	sll1077C-R- 3xHis	GTGGTGGTGttgccagggctcatccactg	sll1077- His	pPB309
pPB313	sll1077C-F- TAA	TAAGATCCGGCTGCTAAC	sll1077	pPB309
	sll1077C-R	TTAttgccagggctcatc	sll1077	pPB309
pPB316	Primer rrnBU- sll1077	TAAGATCCGGCTGCTAACAAGCTTGCCTGATACA GATTAAATCAGAAC	rmBT1T2	<i>E. coli</i> NEB5α gDNA
	Primer rrnBD-SL1	caattcgcactgaatctccaGTCGACcaggaagagtttgtagaaacg	rrnBT1T2	<i>E. coli</i> NEB5α gDNA
pPB317	Primer rrnBU- sll1077	TAAGATCCGGCTGCTAACAAGCTTGCCTGATACA GATTAAATCAGAAC	rrnBT1T2	<i>E. coli</i> ΝΕΒ5α gDNA
	Primer rrnBD-SL1	caattcgcactgaatctccaGTCGACcaggaagagtttgtagaaacg	rrnBT1T2	<i>E. coli</i> NEB5α gDNA

Supplementary Table 2 | Primers used in this study.

pEFE- FLAG- NS1		Blunt end cloning; no primers used	pi	JU158		
pGD7942 -NS4		Blunt end cloning; no primers used	pl	PB317		
Following p Synechocyst	rimers were used is 6803	to verify mutation at the <i>slr0168</i> neutral site of genome of				
	US168e1	CAAGAGTAGTTCCCTCAACAC				
_	US168e2	CTGAAGGGATTACGCAATAC				
Following p genome of S	Following primers were used to verify the mutation at the <i>slr1495-sll1397</i> neutral site of genome of <i>Synechocystis</i> 6803					
	VF1a	GTC TCC AGG ATG CGT TAA C				
	VR1a	CGA TGC AAG ATT GAT AGA CAG AG				
Following primers were used to verify the mutation at the <i>sll1077</i> site of genome of <i>Synechocystis</i> 6803						
	Sll1077e1	ggcaattgttgattgagttg				
	Sll1077e2	gaggtgaatcttggtgatttg				
Following primers were used to verify the mutation at the neutral site 1, <i>i.e.</i> , "Synpcc7942_2498" site, of genome of <i>S. elongatus</i> PCC 7942						
	NS13	GTGCAGCAGCAACTTCAAG				
	NS14	GTGCGTTCCACAGACATC				
	NS15	GGCTGCTTGGCAAAAAC				
	NS16	CCTGTTGTGCTGTTTCGATTG				
Following primers were used to verify the mutation at neutral site 4, <i>i.e.</i> ,						
"Synpcc/942_0103" site, of genome of S. elongatus PCC 7942						
	5'NS4	tettgetetgaegeettatte				
	3'NS4	atcgtcccaagatccagaatgt				

Supplementary References

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