

YMTHE, Volume 29

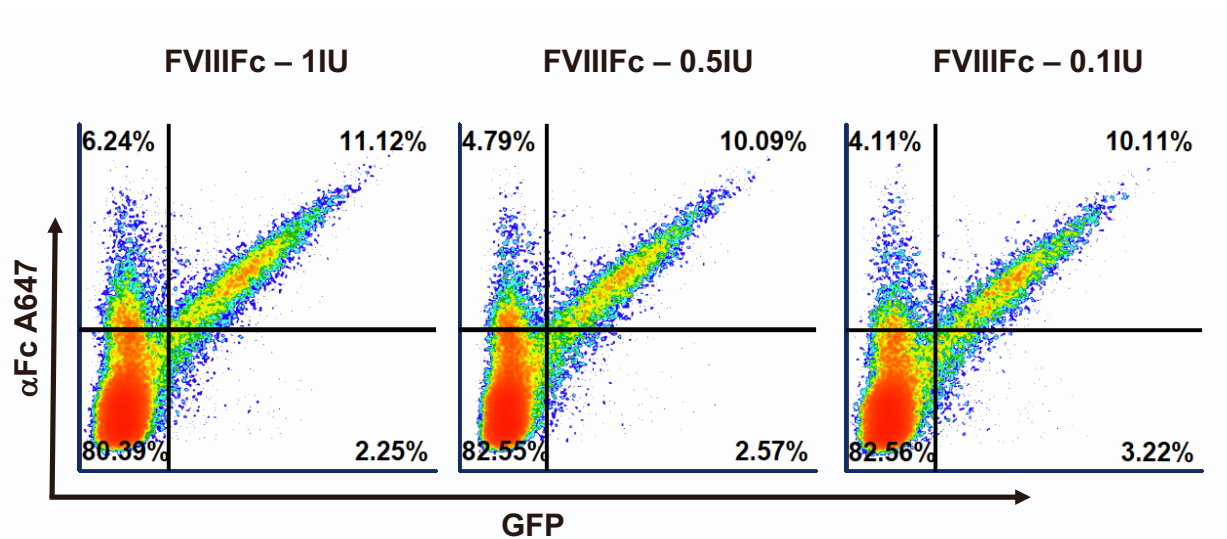
Supplemental Information

CAR- and TRuC-redirected regulatory

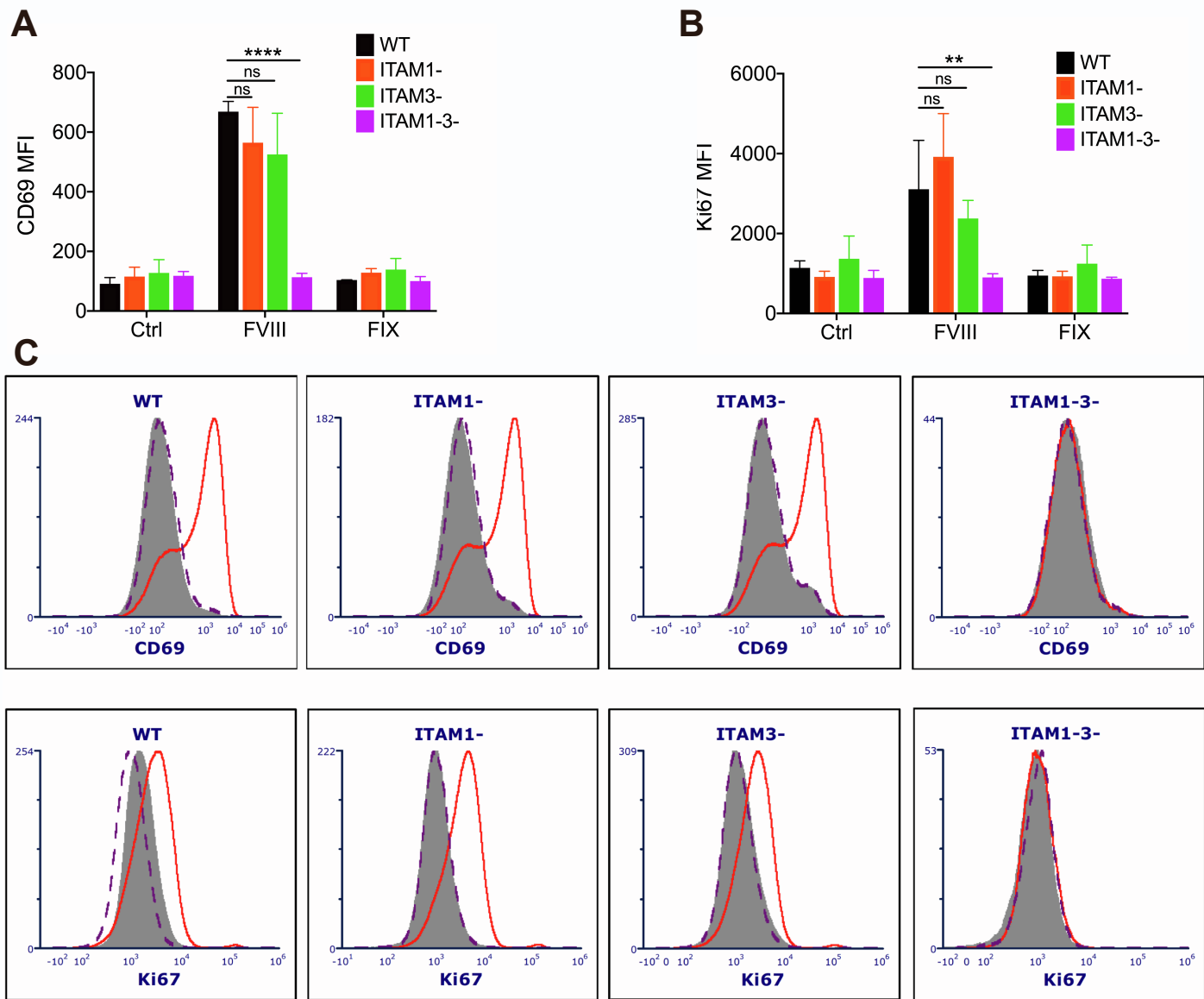
T cells differ in capacity to control

adaptive immunity to FVIII

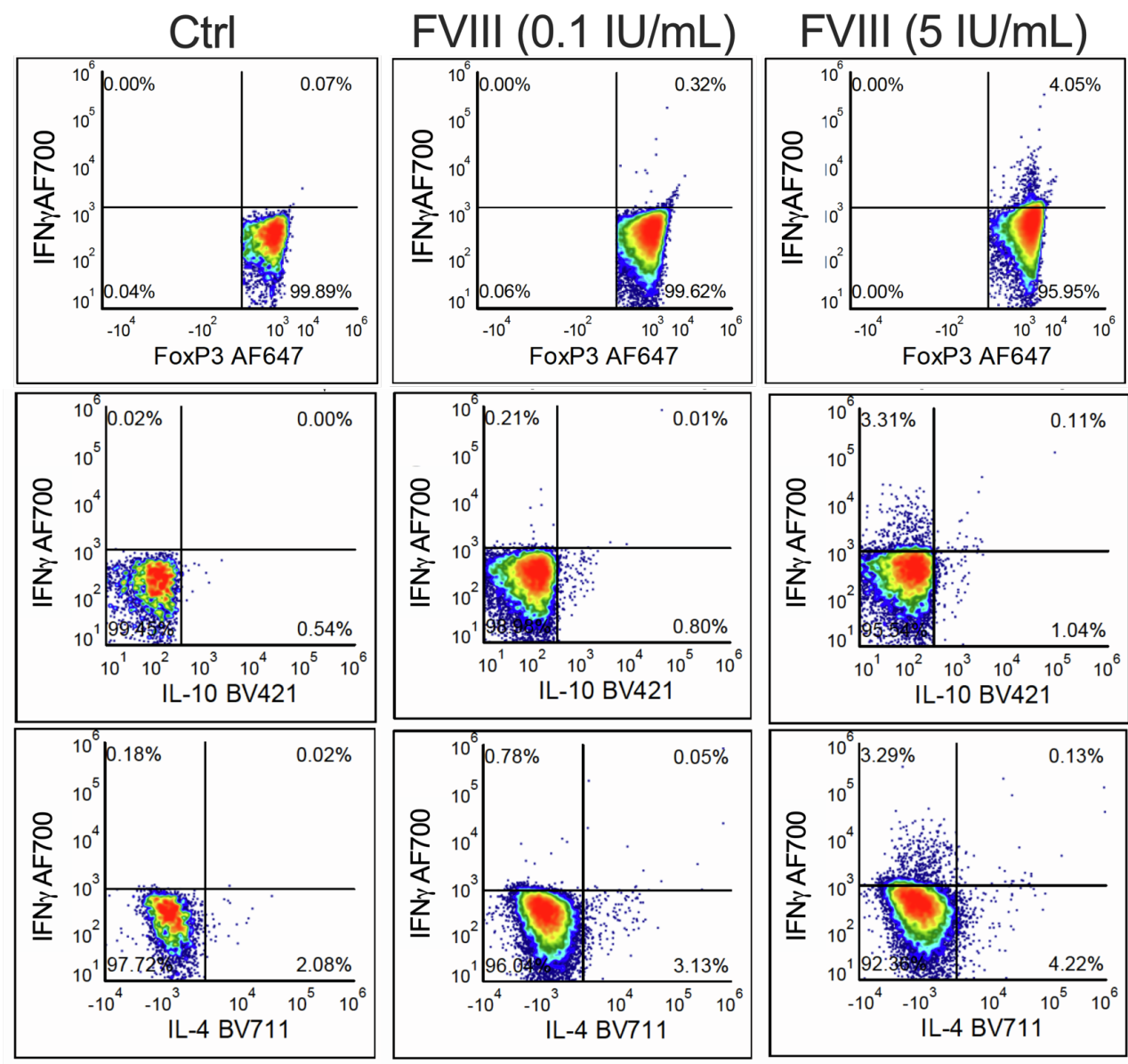
Jyoti Rana, Daniel J. Perry, Sandeep R.P. Kumar, Maite Muñoz-Melero, Rania Saboungi, Todd M. Brusko, and Moanaro Biswas



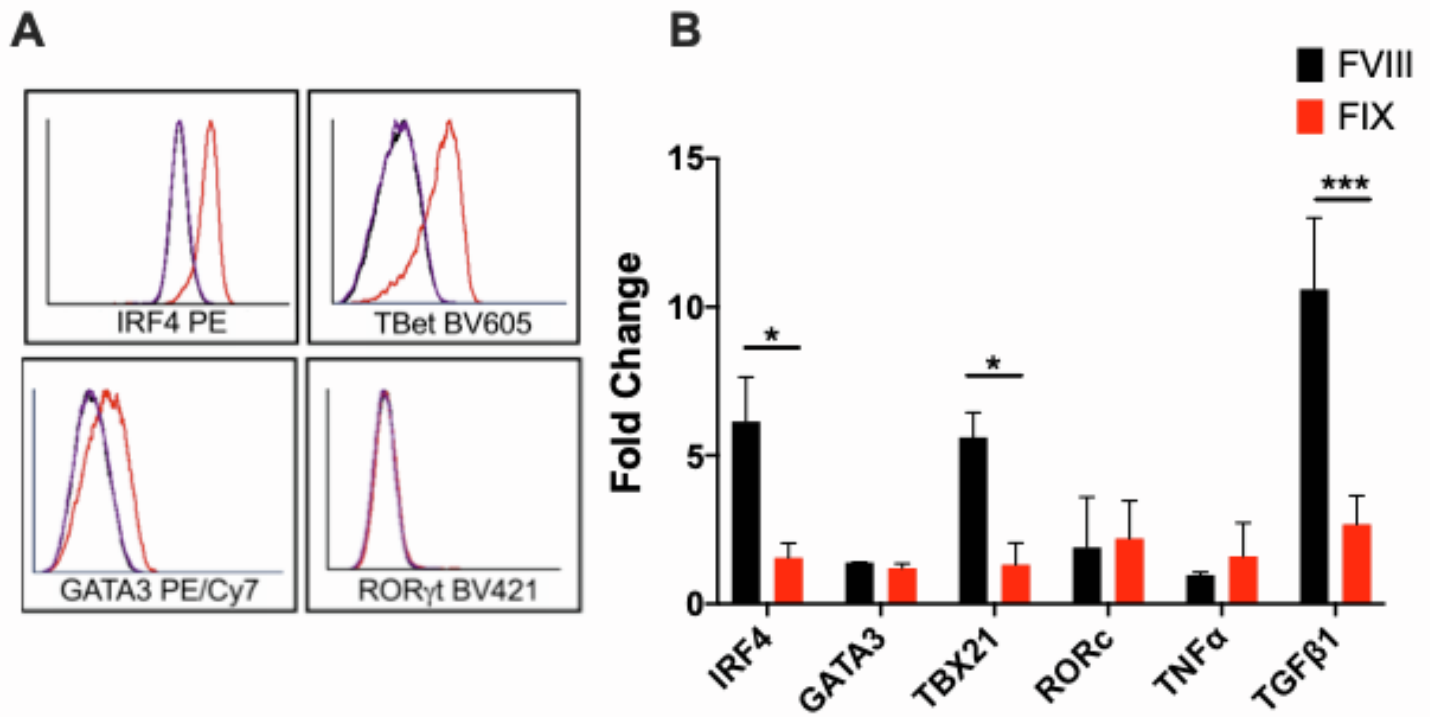
Supplementary Figure 1. FVIII CAR binds antigen with high sensitivity. Transduced (GFP⁺) WT CAR Treg cells were incubated with 1, 0.5 or 0.1 IU of FVIII Fc for 20 minutes at RT, following which percentage of GFP⁺ cells that bound FVIII Fc was detected by αFc conjugated to AF647 by flow cytometry.



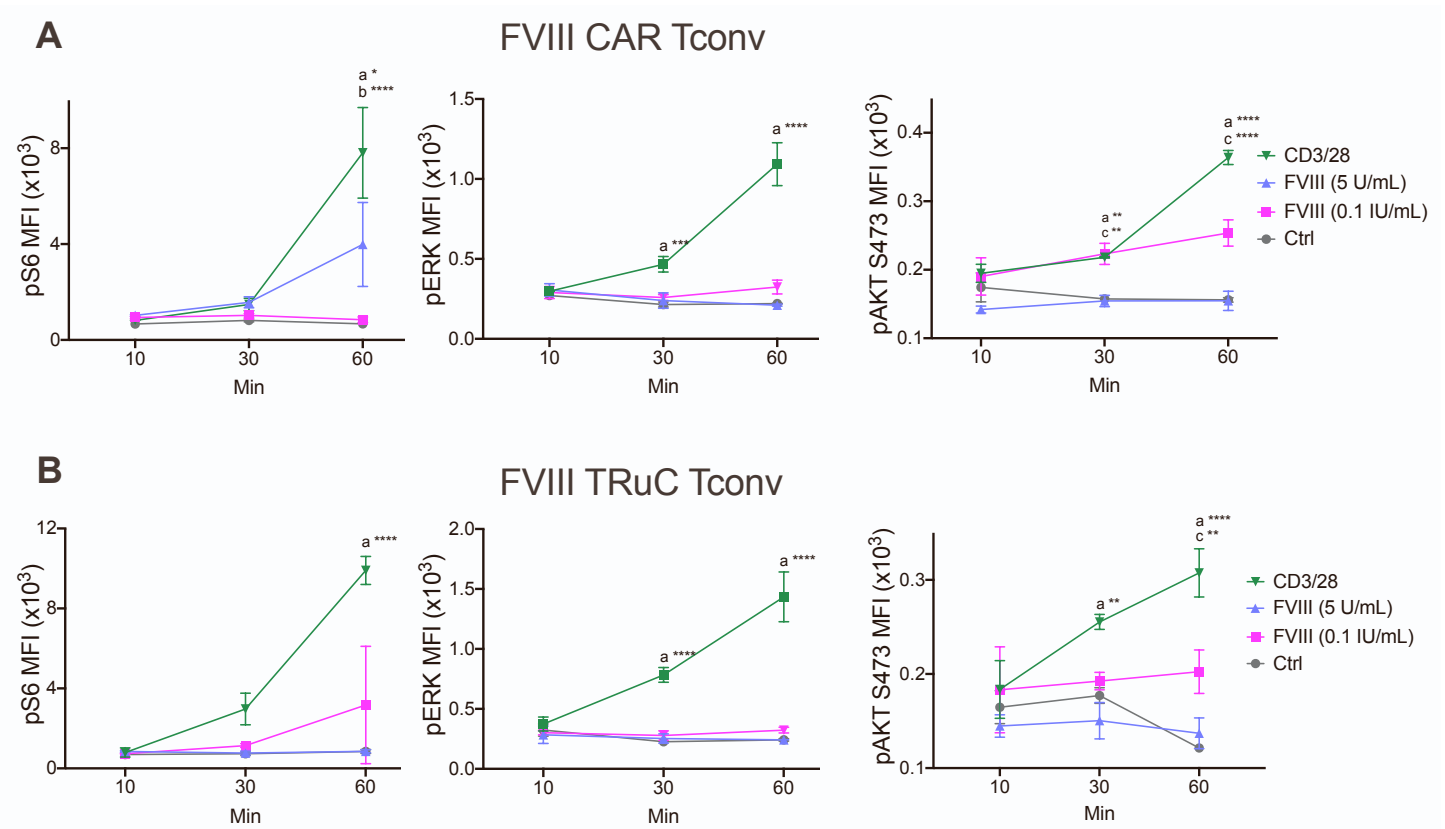
Supplementary Figure 2. ITAM1 or ITAM3 mutations do not affect CAR Treg activation. BDD-FVIII stimulation of WT, ITAM1⁻ or ITAM3⁻ FVIII CAR transduced Treg cells for 48h does not affect upregulation of **A**) CD69 or **B**) Ki67 *in vitro*, whereas double ITAM1-3⁻ mutation deactivates CD69 and Ki67 expression. Bar graphs of Tregs transduced with WT, ITAM1⁻, ITAM3⁻ or ITAM1-3⁻ mutated FVIII CARs. **C**) Representative histogram plots showing MFI for CD69 and Ki67 in WT, ITAM1⁻, ITAM3⁻ or ITAM1-3⁻ mutated FVIII CAR Tregs. Data points are averages \pm SEM. * P<0.05, ** P<0.01, *** P<0.001, **** p<0.0001 by 2-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparisons test.



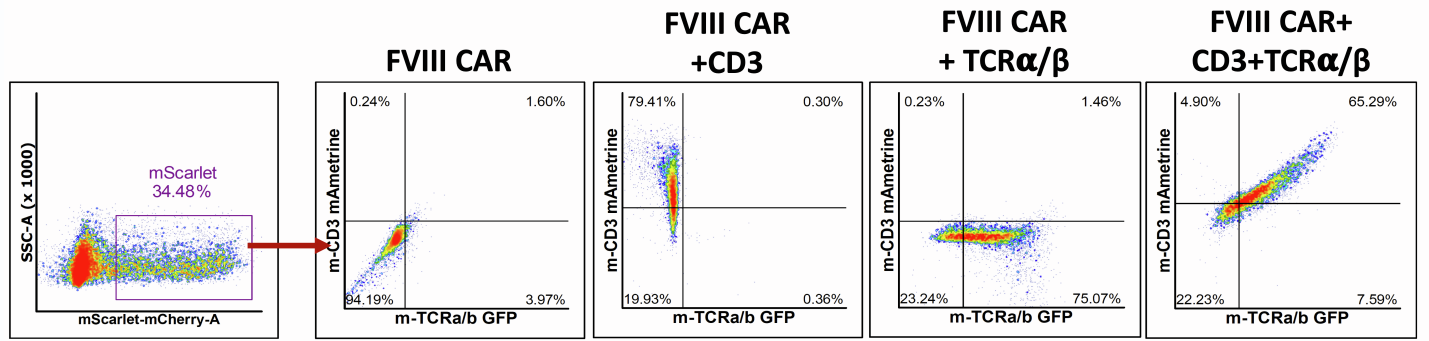
Supplementary Figure 3. CAR Tregs exhibit heterogenous cytokine release. Representative intracellular cytokine staining plots of BDD-FVIII stimulated CAR Tregs *in vitro*, depicting co-expression of FoxP3 and IFN_γ, as well as a heterogenous population of IL-4, IL-10 and IFN_γ secreting cells.



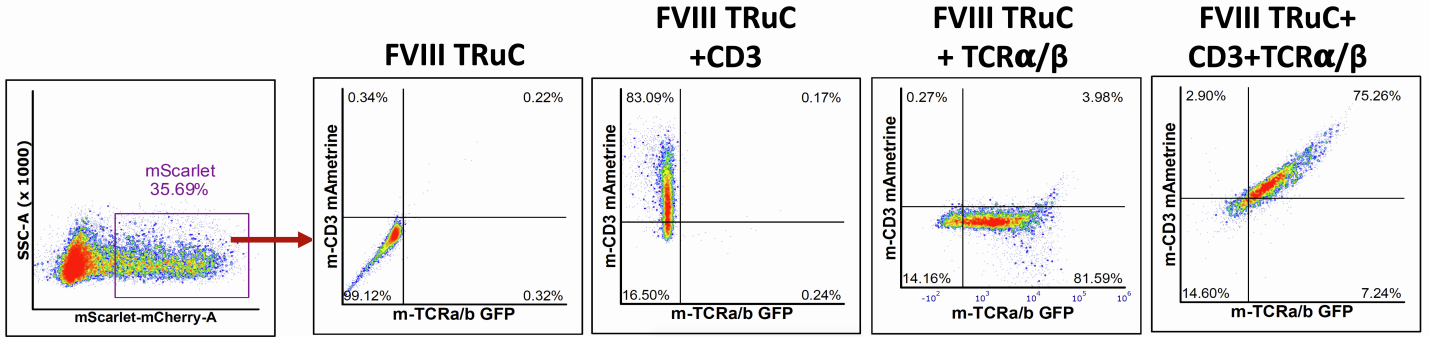
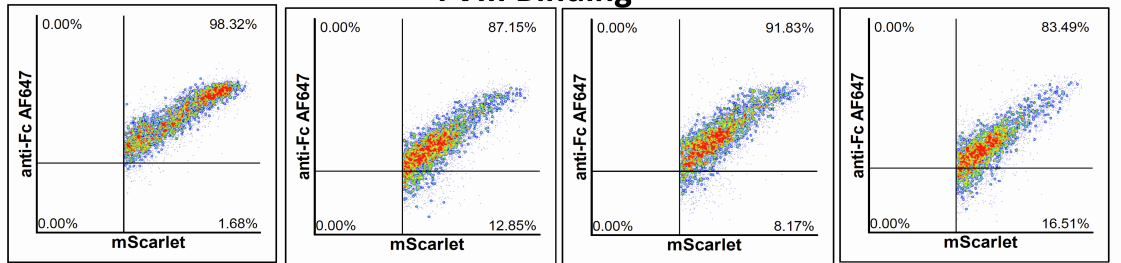
Supplementary Figure 4. Heterogeneous transcription factor expression by FVIII CAR Tregs. A) Representative histogram plots showing upregulation of transcription factors IRF4, TBet, GATA3, but not ROR γ t by BDD-FVIII stimulated CAR Tregs (red histograms) as compared to unstimulated controls (purple histogram). **B)** mRNA expression levels for IRF4, GATA3, TBX21, RORc, TNF α and TGF β 1 in BDD-FVIII or FIX stimulated FVIII CAR Tregs as determined by real time RT-PCR. Fold upregulation in mRNA expression is normalized to the housekeeping gene GAPDH and to unstimulated control. Data points are averages \pm SEM. * P<0.05, ** P<0.01, *** P<0.001 by 2-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparisons test.



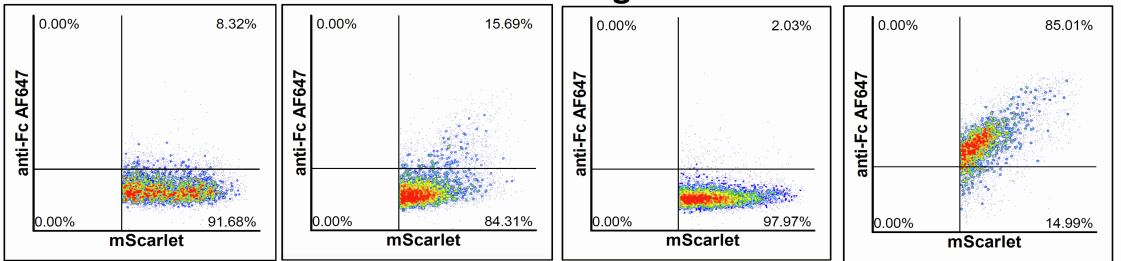
Supplementary Figure 5. TCR triggering of CAR or TRuC engineered Tconv cells elicits a strong signaling response. Phospho-flow cytometry of FVIII CAR Tconv and FVIII TRuC Tconv cells for estimation of pS6, pERK, pAKT (S473) at indicated times following stimulation with anti-CD3/28 microbeads, high dose (5 IU/mL) BDD-FVIII, low dose (0.1 IU/mL) BDD-FVIII, or unstimulated controls. Data points are averages \pm SEM. * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$, *** $P < 0.001$, **** $p < 0.0001$ by 2-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparison test. Groups with significant differences are annotated **a**: anti-CD3/28 vs control, **b**: FVIII (5 IU/mL) vs control, **c**: FVIII (0.1 IU/mL) vs control.



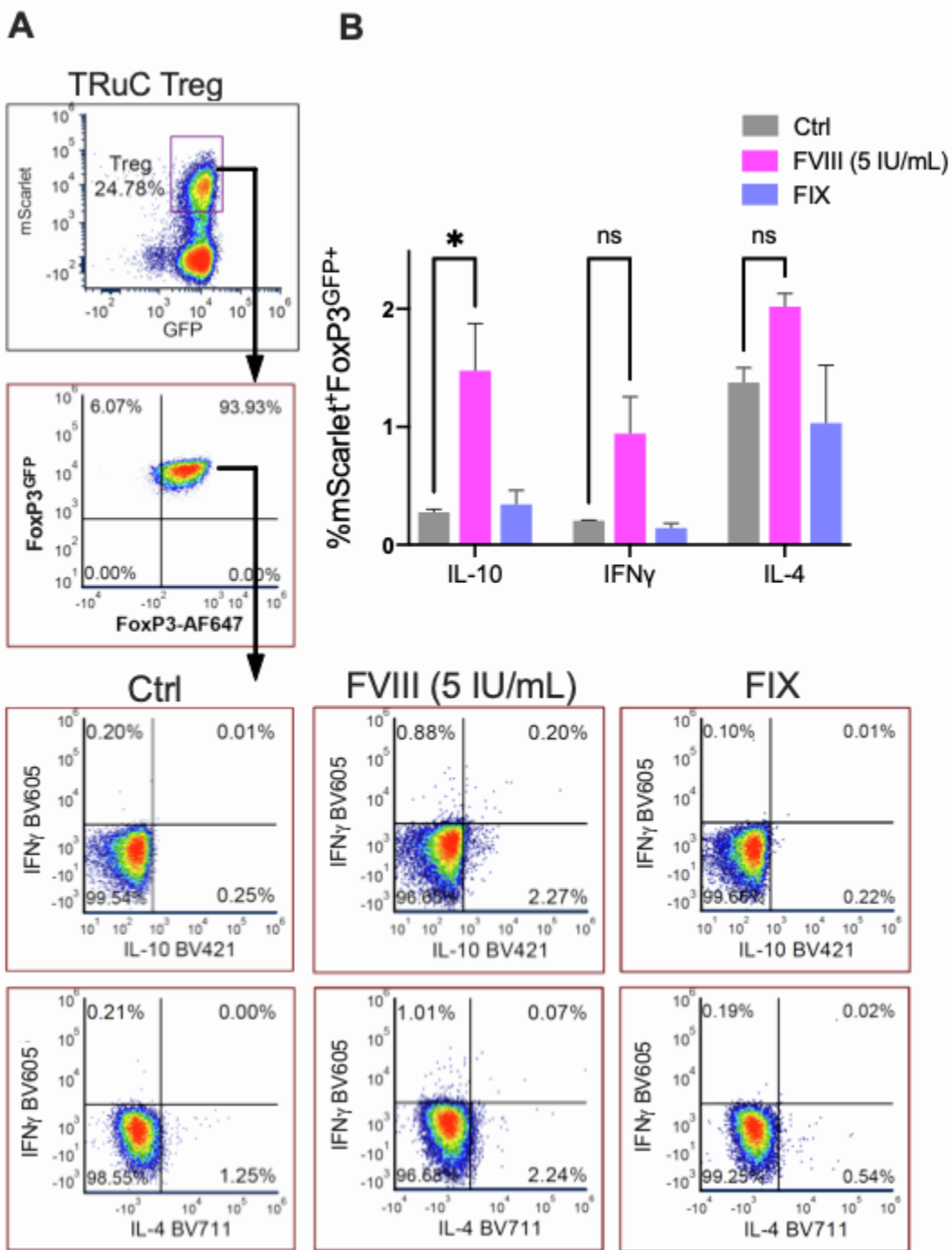
← **FVIII Binding** →



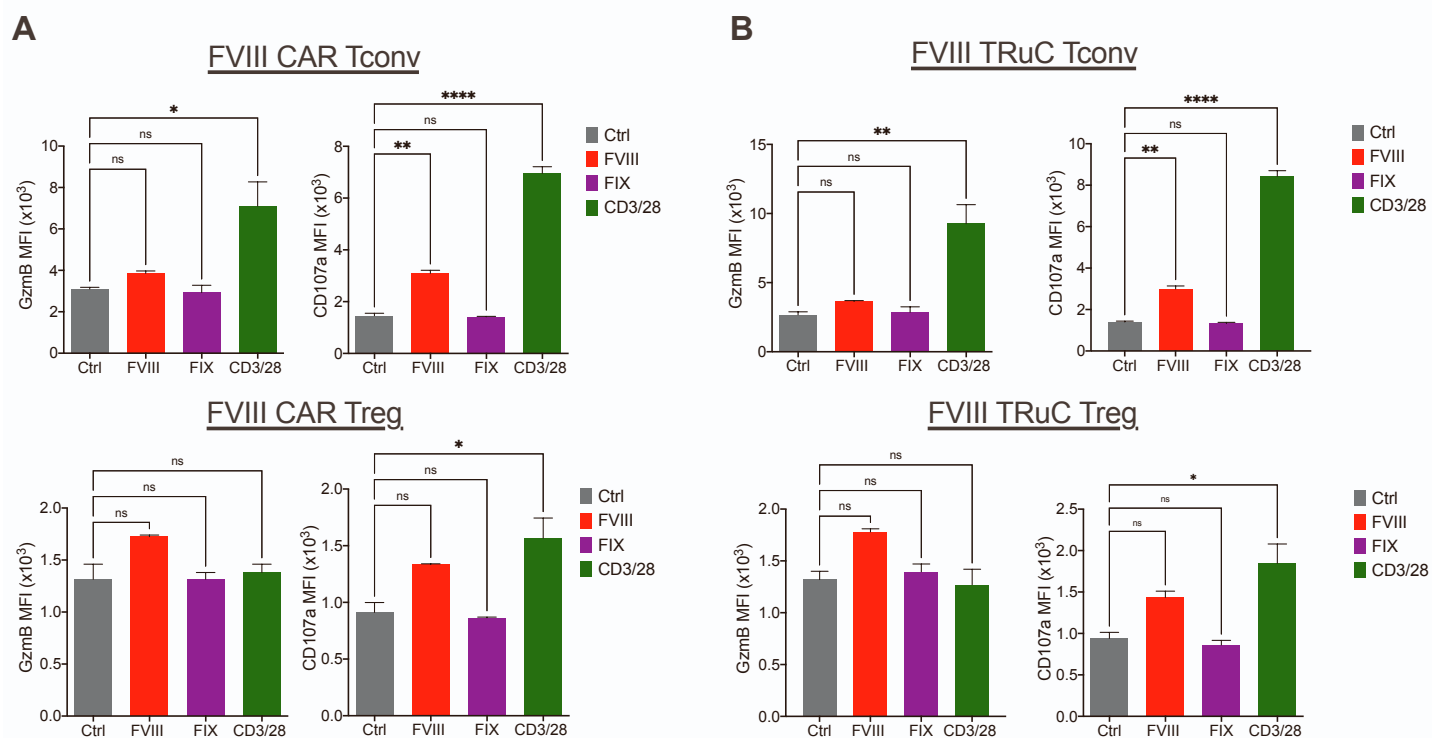
← **FVIII Binding** →



Supplementary Figure 6. Surface expression of FVIII TRuC is dependent on incorporation into the TCR-CD3 complex. FVIII CAR and FVIII TRuC plasmids were either singly transfected into HEK-293 cells, or co-transfected with the murine CD3 $\delta\gamma\epsilon\zeta$ (CD3) plasmid with mAmetrine tag, murine TCR alpha/beta encoding plasmid (TCR α/β) with GFP tag, or both plasmids, CD3+TCR α/β to form the TCR-CD3 complex, (GFP⁺mAmetrine⁺). FVIII CAR or FVIII TRuC (mScarlet⁺) surface expression was confirmed by incubation with 1IU FVIII Fc, for 20 minutes at RT, following which the percentage of mScarlet⁺ cells that bound FVIII Fc was detected by α Fc conjugated to AF647 by flow cytometry. FVIII CAR surface expression was independent of expression of CD3, TCR, or the TCR-CD3 complex. However, FVIII TRuC surface expression was dependent on co-expression of CD3 and TCR α/β , indicating its incorporation into the CD3-TCR complex.



Supplementary Figure 7. FVIII TRuC Tregs exhibit controlled cytokine expression. A) Intracellular cytokine staining of FVIII TRuC transduced Tregs stimulated with BDD-FVIII (5IU/mL), an irrelevant antigen, FIX or left unstimulated (Ctrl) for 36h in vitro. Representative dot plots to assess whether IFN γ and IL-10 or IFN γ and IL-4 are co-expressed. **B)** Bar graphs for the same. Data points are averages \pm SEM. * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$, *** $P < 0.001$ by 1-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparisons for **(B)**.



Supplementary Figure 8. FVIII specific CAR or TRuC Tregs do not upregulate cytotoxic markers *in vitro*. Upregulation of Granzyme B and CD107a in **(A)** FVIII stimulated CAR Tconv cells or CAR Tregs and **(B)** FVIII stimulated TRuC Tconv cells or TRuC Tregs. Mock stimulated cells, cells stimulated with an irrelevant antigen or anti-CD3/28 bead stimulated cells serve as controls. Data points are averages \pm SEM. * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$, *** $P < 0.001$ by 1-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparisons.