## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Table S1a. Ventricular assist device use by heart recipient sex and age among recipients of a male donor transplanted in 2003 or later (N=25458)

	0-12 years		13-24	years	25-44 years ≥ 45 years		25-44 years ≥ 45 years		/ears
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	
	(MF)	(MM)	(MF)	(MM)	(MF)	(MM)	(MF)	(MM)	
Person-years of	5424	5902	3371	6365	4518	14516	14788	92246	
observation									
Ventricular assist	14.8	16.1	20.0	32.8	31.9	47.0	26.3	38.1	
device									
Missing (%)	0	0	0	0	0	0.03	0	0.1	

Table S1b. Ventricular assist device use by heart recipient sex and age among recipients of a female donor transplanted in 2003 or later (N=11355)

	0-12 years		13-24 years		25-44 years		≥ 45 years	
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males
	(FF)	(FM)	(FF)	(FM)	(FF)	FM)	(FF)	(FM)
Person-years of	4225	4472	2987	3204	5109	3379	18010	22555
observation								

Ventricular assist	14.5	11.9	20.0	23.5	29.8	37.8	24.8	30.0
device								
Missing (%)	0	0.04	0	0.3	0	0.1	0.1	0.04

## Table S2: Comparison of heart graft failure rates by recipient sex, limited to recipients transplanted in 2003 or later

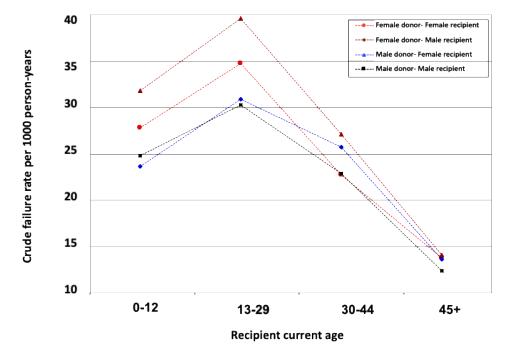
Age interval	Male donor	Female donor				
_	aHR (95% confidence interval)	aHR (95% confidence interval)				
0-12 years	1.37 (0.87, 2.15)	0.92 (0.54, 1.56)				
13-24 years	1.38 (0.89, 2.15)	1.68 (0.96, 2.93)				
25-44 years	1.39 (0.92, 2.10)	0.91 (0.54, 1.52)				
≥45 years	1.10 (0.94, 1.28)	0.93 (0.77, 1.11)				

Adjusted hazard ratios (aHR) represent the hazards in female recipients relative to those in male recipients in the same age interval. The model was adjusted for recipient race, primary heart disease, donor age, donor race, donor:recipient weight ratio, medical condition at transplant, use of a ventricular assist device and era of transplant.

## Table S3: Comparison of heart graft failure rates by recipient sex, adjusted for donor: recipient predicted heart mass ratio

Age interval	Male donor	Female donor
	aHR (95% confidence interval)	aHR (95% confidence interval)
18-24 years	1.46 (0.83, 2.56)	1.21 (0.60, 2.43)
25-44 years	1.29 (0.90, 1.83)	1.08 (0.72, 1.60)
≥45 years	1.17 (1.02, 1.35)	1.07 (0.92, 1.23)

Adjusted hazard ratios (aHR) represent the hazards in female recipients relative to those in male recipients in the same age interval. The model was adjusted for recipient race, primary heart disease, donor age, donor race, donor:recipient predicted heart mass ratio, medical condition at transplant, use of a ventricular assist device, and era of transplant.





**Figure S1: Crude absolute HEART graft failure rates by donor-recipient sex combination-**Fitted graft failure rates (failures per 1000 person-years) within each current age interval (0-12, 13-29, 30-44, ≥45 years) are shown for each donor-recipient sex combination. These estimates do not take timing of failures into consideration. Because more males than females receive heart transplants, a greater proportion of the person-years for males than females in each age interval are from the first month post-transplant, when failure rates are highest. This biases towards higher apparent failure rates in males.