# **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## Biochemical reconstitution defines new functions for membranebound glycosidases in assembly of the bacterial cell wall

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Figure S1.  $\Delta mpgB$  cells are hypersensitive to oxacillin. Spot dilution series of *S. pneumoniae* strains with the indicated deletion were plated on agar containing 32 ng/mL oxacillin. A representative result from two independent experiments is shown.





SpMpgB: S. pneumoniae SPD\_0912 StMpgB: S. thermophilus stu0757 EfMpgB: E. faecalis EF1518 BsMpgB: B. subtilis BSU19130 SpMpgA: S. pneumoniae SPD\_1346 EcMltG: E. coli b1097 BsMltG: B. subtilis BSU27370 SpMpgA $^{\Delta LysM}$ : SpMpgA $^{\Delta D219-P295}$ EcMltG $^{\Delta LysM}$ : EcMltG $^{\Delta K33-F110}$ 



**Figure S3. MpgA and MpgB do not cleave isolated** *S. pneumoniae* sacculi. Isolated *S. pneumoniae* sacculi labeled with Remazol Brilliant Blue (RBB: ~500  $\mu$ g) were incubated with 5  $\mu$ M MpgA, MpgB, or their catalytically inactive variant indicated with an asterisk. Peptidoglycan cleavage activity was assessed by measuring the released RBB from the sacculi, which was determined by measuring the A<sub>595 nm</sub> of the reaction supernatant after pelleting the intact peptidoglycan by centrifugation (1, 2). Mutanolysin (5  $\mu$ M), a well-characterized muramidase capable of digesting *S. pneumoniae* sacculi, was used as a positive control (Fig. S7). Error bars represent mean  $\pm$  SD from triplicates. A representative result from two independent experiments is shown.



R = L-Ala-D-*i*Gln-L-Lys-D-Ala-D-Ala

**Figure S4. Chemical structures of muropeptide products detected in digestion reactions following sodium borohydride reduction.** A1-A4 are peptidoglycan muramidase products and B1-B3 are lytic transglycosylase products with an 1,6-anhydroMurNAc end. See Fig. 4A for the schematic of LC-MS assay used to detect cleavage products.



Figure S5. Representative mass spectra of muropeptide products. See Fig. S4 for the chemical structure of each product.



**Figure S6. Extracted ion chromatogram for the MpgA sample treated with mutanolysin.** Addition of mutanolysin to the MpgA-treated sample results in the disappearance of peaks A2-A4 and the increase in peak A1 compared to the MpgA-only sample (Fig 4C, panel 1). See Fig 4A for the peak assignment.



Figure S7. Muropeptides with anhydro-MurNAc ends are detected in peptidoglycan isolated from *S. pneumoniae* complemented with *Ec*MltG, but not in peptidoglycan complemented with *Sp*MpgA. Isolated peptidoglycan from unencapsulated *S. pneumoniae* D39 (A),  $P_{lac}$ -*SpmpgA*  $\Delta mpgA$  (B), or  $P_{lac}$ -*EcmltG*  $\Delta mpgA$  (C) was digested with mutanolysin. The resulting muropeptide products were separated and detected by LC-MS. The total ion chromatogram (TIC) and the extracted ion chromatogram (EIC: m/z = 806.378) are shown for each sample. Major peaks at ~18 min and ~41 min correspond to a tripeptide monomer and crosslinked dimer with unbranched stem peptides, respectively. A peak corresponding to a tripeptide monomer with an anhydro-MurNAc end was only detected in peptidoglycan isolated from cells expressing *Ec*MltG. Note that  $P_{lac}$  is a constitutive promoter in the absence of LacI (3). (D) Chemical structure and mass spectrum of the anhydro-MurNAc containing muropeptide species. Representative results from two independent experiments are shown.

						310						33	20					33	30					34	0					35	0					360
L	S. pneumoniae S. pyogenes L. lactis E. faecalis B. subtilis monocytogenes E. coli P. aeruginosa H. pylori V. cholerae C. crescentus	ATI GK GC FA FP SS HW	L T I I L I V T I L V I L R L L T L I T I I T I					QKKEADKEQDD	TAVIIILLLL	 E H      		G (G (S		QTE V		KKKNEQRASA -	ETTTTPERES -		-TNSKSKYKQNN AEEKKKILLIK			LDKAAKSALTT				T F F F F F F F F I I -	IIIFIVAMAA -		AVVKKIEGNG -	-KRAKEAE-EE-	YYYFYN-VH-		L L L F L V V V E V 	E S S N S S N S S N S S S S S S S S S S		> > > > - - - - - - - - - -
L	S. pneumoniae S. pyogenes L. lactis E. faecalis B. subtilis . monocytogenes E. coli P. aeruginosa H. pylori V. cholerae C. crescentus	K D : K E D : F N I 	S G A I S G I E G V K S I  	R \	(R L (R L (R L (P L 		CY CY CY CY CY CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR	DAAADDAADDDAE	TY TY TY TY TY TY TY TY	38- S N Y Y D D F F F Y H F F H F V	0 KYTYNKTTPTQ			TTTTSSTRDSD		3 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	90 IDEEKTKRCKC		ML MI MV AH AN MM			, KATTSV DDNTSV KTKKA	400 N I Q I V N N I A I K H F I V I			Y D D P S D P S D P S D P S D P S D P S D E D K S E A W S S W A	T K T T E E G G Q H D	4 A H K A H K T A S C A	10 KSKKNQGDYGN	  L P L P L P L P			VVVVVKAWPK NNNQHHNYFYE		42 7 L - 7 7 L - 7 7 L - 7 1 L	20 F I L S L F M F M I L I L I L
L	S. pneumoniae S. pyogenes L. lactis E. faecalis B. subtilis . monocytogenes E. coli P. aeruginosa H. pylori V. cholerae C. crescentus	A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S			43 G A G S A G A T A T C A T C A T C		TEI DDI AI AI VE AE	L Q N Q K M K Q L R R	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	40 SGVVSSVVSSVV SSVVSSVV AV	' F F Y F F Y F F V F F			NRSAKKAR NAAKKAR R K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K		50 M PI M PI M PI M RI M RI M RI M RI M RI		2 S [ 2 S [ 2 S [ 2 S [ 2 T [ 2 S [		A I I S S T T T N N N N N N N	4   L    L    L  / L  / L  / 1  - N  	60 YA YA YA YG YG YG YG	Q - E - L - M - M -	( ())))))))))	KKKEKEEEER	- L L H H H Y Y S Y L	G G G K K K N N H D G	NKKTRKKKKNG	47(   STST V L T S V L T S V L T S V L T S V L T S I F	) LLLYYYRRKKL		O V O O A O A         	A   T     		480 NTIELER RRF	
L	S. pneumoniae S. pyogenes L. lactis E. faecalis B. subtilis . monocytogenes E. coli P. aeruginosa H. pylori V. cholerae C. crescentus	- S  - S  - S  - S  - T  - T  - T  - T			49 7 K M 7 A M 7 K M			GGP GGP GGP GGP GGP A FP FP	5 VADDASAAGAA	00 SSSPASPASPA NP NP	SGSSGGGSGG GSGGGSGG		4 1 1 1 S S WM L 1 1 S S S S A A 1 1	SAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	51 S I IT L IV L IA L IA L IA L IA L IV I IV I		QPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP		S D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	N L Y L Y L Y L Y L Y L F L D L	5 YY YY YY YY YY YY	20 FFVFFL FFVFF FFV FFV FFV				GGGGGGGGGKGG	53-YYYY VVVYTVA A VVVYTVA A VVVYTVA A VVVY		AAASTSNSSAA NKKKKTSAKR	N C F N L T Y N L N L S T Y L S T Y L T L			54 DRANNKK NNKKKR NNKKKR			

**Figure S8. Sequence alignment of the YceG catalytic subdomain.** Sequence conservation analysis of ~15000 sequences containing the YceG domain was performed using the EVcouplings server (4). The catalytic glutamate (~100% conserved) is highlighted in red. Residues conserved in >90% of the analyzed sequences are highlighted in black. The purple asterisk denotes the residue investigated in this study. Representative examples from 11 species (*S. pneumoniae*: SPD\_1346; *S. pyogenes*: Spy\_0348; *L. lactis*: L24228; *E. faecalis*: EF2915; *B. subtilis*: BSU27370; *L. monocytogenes*: lmo1499; *E. coli*: b1097; *P. aeruginosa*: PA2963; *H. pylori*: HP0587; *V. cholerae*: VC2017; *C. crescentus*: CCNA\_01751) are shown.



**Figure S9.** *Ec***MltG**<sup>ΔLysM</sup> **produces shorter lipid-linked cleavage products compared to** *Ec***MltG.** See Fig 3A for the schematic of the SDS-PAGE assay used to assess cleavage products. A representative image from two independent blots is shown.



Figure S10. Cells lacking the LysM-like domain of MpgA have growth rates similar to wild-type in BHI broth. S. pneumoniae D39  $\Delta cps \ rpsLl$  strains containing the indicated copy of mpgA at the native locus and a zinc-inducible wild-type mpgA at the bgaA locus were grown in the absence of zinc. Representative growth curves from three independent experiments are shown.

mpgA	# of colonies after transformation with <i>∆pbp2b</i> amplicon
WT	0
∆LysM	>500
N455D	>500
Y488D	>500

Figure S11. PBP2b is dispensable in MpgA<sup> $\Delta$ LysM</sup> cells and in cells with catalytic domain defect. *S.* pneumoniae D39  $\Delta$ cps rpsL1 strains containing the indicated copy of mpgA at the native locus and a zinc-inducible wild-type mpgA at the bgaA locus were transformed with the pbp2b deletion amplicon in the absence of zinc. Y488D is an MpgA variant that was previously characterized to be partially defective (5). The numbers of transformants were adjusted to the numbers obtained with 1 mL of transformation mixture. Two independent transformation experiments were performed with similar results.

#### **Supplementary Methods**

#### Plasmid construction for protein expression

*Sp*MpgB. The *SPD\_0912 (M1-G204)* gene encoding MpgB was amplified from *S. pneumoniae* D39  $\Delta cps$  genomic DNA using primers oAT101/oAT102. After digestion with NdeI and BamHI, the PCR product was ligated into pET28b. The resulting plasmid pATPL240 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-*Sp*MpgB. Plasmid pATPL368, expressing His<sub>6</sub>-*Sp*MpgB<sup>D68N</sup> (catalytically inactive mutant *Sp*MpgB\*) was PCR generated from pATPL240 with oAT103/oAT104 containing the desired mutation.

*St*MpgB. The *stu0757 (A2-L221)* gene encoding MpgB was amplified from *S. thermophilus* LMG18311 genomic DNA using primers oAT105/oAT106, and this fragment was ligated to a linearized pMS211 plasmid backbone (oAT107/oAT108) via InFusion Cloning (TakaraBio). The resulting plasmid pATPL424 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-SUMO-FLAG-*St*MpgB.

*Ef*MpgB. The *EF1518 (D2-N209)* gene encoding MpgB was amplified from *E. faecalis* V583 genomic DNA using primers oAT109/oAT110 and this fragment was ligated to a linearized pMS211 plasmid backbone (oAT107/oAT108) via InFusion Cloning. The resulting plasmid pATPL425 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-SUMO-FLAG-*Ef*MpgB.

*Bs*MpgB. The *BSU19130 (K2-E225)* gene encoding MpgB was amplified from *B. subtilis* PY79 genomic DNA using primers oAT111/oAT112 and this fragment was ligated to a linearized pMS211 plasmid backbone (oAT107/oAT108) via InFusion Cloning. The resulting plasmid pATPL426 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-SUMO-FLAG-*Bs*MpgB.

SpMpgA. The SPD\_1346 (M1-N551) gene encoding MpgA was amplified from S. pneumoniae D39  $\Delta cps$  genomic DNA using primers oAT113/oAT114. After digestion with NdeI and XhoI, the PCR product was ligated into pET28b. The resulting plasmid pATPL434 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-SpMpgA. Primer pairs oAT115/oAT116, and oAT117/oAT118 were used to generate expression plasmids pATPL472 (His<sub>6</sub>-SpMpgA<sup>E428Q</sup>; catalytically inactive mutant SpMpgA\*) and pATPL473 (His<sub>6</sub>-SpMpgA<sup>N455D</sup>), respectively, from pATPL434 via InFusion Cloning. Plasmid pATPL488, expressing His<sub>6</sub>-SpMpgA<sup> $\Delta$ D219-P295</sup> (His<sub>6</sub>-SpMpgA<sup> $\Delta$ LysM</sup>), was generated from pATPL434 with oAT119/120.

*Ec*MltG. The *b1097 (M1-Q340)* gene encoding MltG was amplified from *E. coli* BL21(DE3) genomic DNA using primers oAT121/oAT122. After digestion with NdeI and XhoI, the PCR product was ligated into pET28b. The resulting plasmid pATPL474 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-*Ec*MltG. Primer pairs oAT123/oAT124 and

oAT125/oAT126 were used to construct expression plasmids pATPL475 (His<sub>6</sub>-*Ec*MltG<sup>E224Q</sup>; catalytically inactive mutant *Ec*MltG<sup>\*</sup>) and pATPL476 (His<sub>6</sub>-*Ec*MltG<sup>D245N</sup>), respectively, from pATPL474 via InFusion Cloning. Plasmid pJP121, expressing His<sub>6</sub>-*Ec*MltG<sup> $\Delta$ K33-F110</sup> (His<sub>6</sub>-*Ec*MltG<sup> $\Delta$ LysM</sup>), was generated from pATPL474 with oJP202/203.

*Bs*MltG. The *BSU27370 (M1-K360)* gene encoding MltG was amplified from *B. subtilis* PY79 genomic DNA using primers oAT127/oAT128. After digestion with NdeI and XhoI, the PCR product was ligated into pET28b. The resulting plasmid pATPL489 expresses His<sub>6</sub>-*Bs*MltG.

#### S. pneumoniae strain construction

AT513 ( $\Delta lytA::kan$ ): The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *lytA* were amplified using primer pairs oAT129/oAT130 and oAT131/oAT132. The *kan* gene was amplified by oAT133/oAT134 from D39  $\Delta cps \Delta bgaA::kan$  genomic DNA. These PCR fragments were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with kanamycin. Integration into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT135/oAT134.

AT514 ( $\Delta lytB$ ::*kan*): The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *lytB* were amplified using primer pairs oAT136/oAT137 and oAT138/oAT139. These PCR fragments and *kan* were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with kanamycin. Integration into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT140/oAT134.

AT515 ( $\Delta lytC$ ::*kan*): The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *lytC* were amplified using primer pairs oAT141/oAT142 and oAT143/oAT144. These PCR fragments and *kan* were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with kanamycin. Integration into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT145/oAT134.

AT516 ( $\Delta cbpD$ ::*kan*): The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *cbpD* were amplified using primer pairs oAT146/oAT147 and oAT148/oAT149. These PCR fragments and *kan* were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with kanamycin. Integration into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT150/oAT134. AT520 ( $\Delta spd_0873::erm$ ): The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of  $spd_0873$  were amplified using primer pairs oAT151/oAT152 and oAT153/oAT154. The *erm* gene was amplified by oAT133/oAT134 from D39  $\Delta cps \Delta bgaA::erm$  genomic DNA. These PCR fragments were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with erythromycin. Integration into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT155/oAT134.

AT446 ( $\Delta mpgB$ ): P<sub>96</sub> (*spd\_0104* promoter region) and *B. subtilis sacB* gene were amplified using primer pairs oAT156/oAT157 and oAT158/oAT159 and combined to make a P<sub>96</sub>-*sacB* DNA fragment (6). The ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *mpgB* were amplified using primer pairs oAT160/oAT161 and oAT162/oAT163. These PCR fragments and *erm* were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  and transformants were selected with erythromycin (AT428). For making a markerless deletion, the ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *mpgB* were amplified using primer pairs oAT160/oAT164 and oAT165/oAT163. These PCR fragments were combined by overlap extension PCR, and the resulting PCR cassette was transformed into AT428. Transformants were selected with 10% sucrose, and the loss of resistance marker was assessed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT166 and oAT167. Markerless deletion of *mpgB* was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

AT563 & AT564: Wild-type (AT563) and  $\Delta mpgB$  (AT564) constitutively expressing LacI were constructed by transforming pPEPY-PF6-*lacI* to D39  $\Delta cps$  or AT446 and selecting transformants with gentamicin.

AT580-584: Plasmids containing P<sub>lac</sub>-*mpgB* were constructed by first linearizing the pPEPZ-P<sub>lac</sub> vector using primers oAT168/oAT169. This linearized vector was ligated to *SpmpgB* (oAT170/oAT171), *StmpgB* (oAT172/oAT173), *EfmpgB* (oAT174/oAT175) or *BsmpgB* (oAT176/oAT177) via InFusion Cloning to generate pATPL461 (P<sub>lac</sub>-SpmpgB), pATPL462 (P<sub>lac</sub>-StmpgB), pATPL463 (P<sub>lac</sub>-EfmpgB) or pATPL464 (P<sub>lac</sub>-BsmpgB). These plasmids were transformed into AT564 and transformants were selected with spectinomycin.

AT600 & AT635: Plasmids containing  $P_{lac}$ -*EcmltG* or  $P_{lac}$ -*SpmpgA* were constructed by ligating the linearized pPEPZ-P<sub>lac</sub> vector to *EcmltG* (oAT178/oAT179) or *SpmpgA* (oAT180/oAT181) via InFusion Cloning. The resulting plasmids pATPL471 ( $P_{lac}$ -*EcmltG*) and pATPL492 ( $P_{lac}$ -*SpmpgA*) were transformed into D39  $\Delta cps$  to generate AT592 and AT634, respectively. A *mpgA* deletion cassette was assembled by first amplifying the ~1kb upstream and downstream regions of *mpgA* using primer pairs

oAT182/oAT183 and oAT184/oAT185. These PCR fragments and *kan* were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting PCR cassette was transformed into AT592 or AT634 and transformants were selected with kanamycin. Integration of the deletion cassette into the genome was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oAT186/oAT134.

IU15898 (rpsL1,  $\Delta bgaA$ ::P<sub>zn</sub>-mpgA): A PCR fragment containing *tet* and a zinc-inducible mpgA flanked by the upstream and downstream regions of bgaA was amplified from IU8872 genomic DNA using primers oTT657/oCS121. This PCR fragment was transformed into D39 *cps rpsL1* (IU1824) and the transformants were selected with tetracycline. Integration of the fragment was confirmed by diagnostic PCR using primers oBR05/oSK27 and the construct was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

IU18052, IU18054, IU18056 and IU18058: A PCR fragment containing kan and rpsL flanked by the upstream and downstream regions of mpgA was amplified from K637 genomic DNA using primers oP1348/oP1349. This PCR fragment was transformed into IU15898 and the transformants were selected with kanamycin (IU15922). IU18052 was constructed by first amplifying the 5' fragment and 3' fragment using primer pairs oP1348/oTT1406 and oTT1407/oP1349, respectively. These fragments were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting mpgA<sup>N455D</sup> PCR cassette was transformed into IU15922 and transformants were selected with streptomycin. IU18054 was constructed by first amplifying the 5' fragment and 3' fragment using primer pairs oP1348/oTT1408 and oTT1409/oP1349, respectively. These fragments were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting  $mpgA^{\Delta LysM}$  $(mpgA^{\Delta D219-P295})$  PCR cassette was transformed into IU15922 and transformants were selected with streptomycin. IU18056 was constructed by first amplifying the 5' fragment and 3' fragment using primer pairs oP1348/oTT1410 and oTT1411/oP1349, respectively. These fragments were assembled by overlap extension PCR. The resulting  $\Delta mpgA$  PCR cassette was transformed into IU15922 and transformants were selected with streptomycin. IU18058 was constructed by first amplifying the *mpgA*<sup>Y488D</sup> PCR cassette from IU9760 genomic DNA using primers oP1348 and oP1349. The resulting mpgA<sup>Y488D</sup> PCR cassette was transformed into IU15922 and transformants were selected with streptomycin. Construction of these strains were carried out in the presence of 0.2 mM Zn<sup>2+</sup> and 0.02 mM Mn<sup>2+</sup>. Constructs were confirmed by DNA sequencing.

Strain	Description <sup>*</sup>	Reference
E. coli		
XL1-Blue	Host strain for plasmid cloning	Stratagene
Stellar	Host strain for plasmid cloning	TakaraBio
C43(DE3)	BL21(DE3) derivative strain for protein production	(7)
S. pneumoniae		
D39 $\Delta cps$	Unencapsulated D39 derivative strain (wild-type)	(8)
AT030	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta bgaA$ :: <i>erm</i> ; Erm <sup>R</sup>	(9)
AT031	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta bgaA$ ::kan; Kan <sup>R</sup>	(9)
AT513	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta lytA::kan$ ; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT514	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta lytB::kan$ ; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT515	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta lytC::kan$ ; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT516	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta cbpD$ ::kan; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT520	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta spd_0873::erm$ ; Erm <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT446	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta mpgB$	This study
AT563	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent); Gent <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT564	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ ; Gent <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT580	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ , $\Delta spd_1735$ ::(P <sub>lac</sub> , spec); Gent <sup>R</sup> , Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT581	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ , $\Delta spd_1735$ ::(P <sub>lac</sub> -SpmpgB, spec); Gent <sup>R</sup> , Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT582	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ , $\Delta spd_1735$ ::(P <sub>iac</sub> -StmpgB, spec); Gent <sup>R</sup> , Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT583	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ , $\Delta spd_1735$ ::(P <sub>lac</sub> -EfmpgB, spec); Gent <sup>R</sup> , Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT584	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta prsA$ ::(PF6-lacI, gent), $\Delta mpgB$ , $\Delta spd_1735$ ::(P <sub>lac</sub> -BsmpgB, spec); Gent <sup>R</sup> , Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT600	D39 Δ <i>cps</i> , Δ <i>mpgA</i> :: <i>kan</i> , Δ <i>spd</i> _1735::(P <sub>lac</sub> - <i>mpgA</i> , <i>spec</i> ); Spec <sup>R</sup> , Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
AT635	D39 Δcps, ΔmpgA::kan, Δspd_1735::(P <sub>lac</sub> -EcmltG, spec); Spec <sup>R</sup> , Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
K637	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta mpgA$ ::(P <sub>c</sub> -kan,rpsL); Kan <sup>R</sup>	(5)
IU1824	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $rpsL1$ ; Str <sup>R</sup>	(8)
IU8872	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $\Delta bgaA$ ::(P <sub>zn</sub> -mpgA, tet), Tet <sup>R</sup>	(5)
IU9760	D39 $\Delta cps$ , $rpsL1$ ; $mpgA^{Y488D}$ ; Str <sup>R</sup>	(5)
IU15898	D39 $\Delta cps, rpsL1, \Delta bgaA::(P_{zn}-mpgA, tet); Str^{R}, Tet^{R}$	This study
IU18052	D39 $\Delta cps, rpsL1, \Delta bgaA::(P_{zn}-mpgA, tet), mpgA^{N455D}; Str^{R}, Tet^{R}$	This study
IU18054	D39 $\Delta cps, rpsL1, \Delta bgaA::(P_{zn}-mpgA, tet), mpgA^{\Delta D219-P295}; Str^R, Tet^R$	This study
IU18056	D39 $\Delta cps, rpsL1; \Delta bgaA::(P_{zn}-mpgA, tet), \Delta mpgA; Str^R, Tet^R$	This study
IU18058	D39 $\Delta cps, rpsL1; \Delta bgaA::(P_{zn}-mpgA, tet), mpgA^{Y488D}; Str^R, Tet^R$	This study

### Table S1. Bacterial strains used in this study

\*Abbreviations: Amp<sup>R</sup>, ampicillin/carbenicillin resistance; Cm<sup>R</sup>, chloramphenicol resistance; Erm<sup>R</sup>, erythromycin resistance; Gent<sup>R</sup>, gentamicin resistance; Kan<sup>R</sup>, kanamycin resistance; Spec<sup>R</sup>, spectinomycin resistance; Str<sup>R</sup>, streptomycin resistance; Tet<sup>R</sup>, tetracycline resistance

Plasmid	Description <sup>*</sup>	Reference
pET28b(+)	IPTG-inducible protein expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	Novagen
pATPL240	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgB expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL368	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgB <sup>D68N</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL434	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgA expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL472	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgA <sup>E428Q</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL473	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgA <sup>N455D</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL488	His <sub>6</sub> -SpMpgA <sup>△D219-P295</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL474	His <sub>6</sub> - <i>Ec</i> MltG expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL475	His <sub>6</sub> - <i>Ec</i> MltG <sup>E224Q</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL476	His <sub>6</sub> - <i>Ec</i> MltG <sup>D245N</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pJP121	His <sub>6</sub> - <i>Ec</i> MltG <sup>ΔK33-F110</sup> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL489	His <sub>6</sub> -BsMltG expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	This study
pMS211	His <sub>6</sub> -SUMO-FLAG- <i>Tt</i> RodA expression vector; Amp <sup>R</sup>	(10)
pATPL424	His <sub>6</sub> -SUMO-FLAG-StMpgB expression vector; Amp <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL425	His <sub>6</sub> -SUMO-FLAG- <i>Ef</i> MpgB expression vector; Amp <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL426	His <sub>6</sub> -SUMO-FLAG- <i>Bs</i> MpgB expression vector; Amp <sup>R</sup>	This study
pAM174	Encodes arabinose-inducible Ulp1 <sup>L403-K621</sup> protease; Cm <sup>R</sup>	(11)
pMgt1	S. aureus SgtB-His <sub>6</sub> expression vector; Amp <sup>R</sup>	(12)
pET24bSgtBY181D	S. aureus SgtB <sup>Y181D</sup> -His <sub>6</sub> expression vector; Kan <sup>R</sup>	(13)
pPEPY-PF6-lacI	S. pneumoniae prsA::PF6-lac1 integration vector; Gent <sup>R</sup> , Kan <sup>R</sup>	(14), Addgene
pPEPZ-P <sub>lac</sub>	S. pneumoniae spd_1735 integration vector containing IPTG-inducible $P_{lac}$ promoter; Spec <sup>R</sup>	(3), Addgene
pATPL461	S. pneumoniae spd_1735:: $P_{lac}$ -SpmpgB integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL462	S. pneumoniae spd_1735::P <sub>lac</sub> -StmpgB integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL463	S. pneumoniae spd_1735::P <sub>lac</sub> -EfmpgB integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL464	S. pneumoniae spd_1735::P <sub>lac</sub> -BsmpgB integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL471	S. pneumoniae spd_1735::P <sub>lac</sub> -EcmltG integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study
pATPL492	S. pneumoniae spd_1735::P <sub>lac</sub> -SpmpgA integration vector; Spec <sup>R</sup>	This study

Table S2. Plasmids used in this study

\*Abbreviations: Amp<sup>R</sup>, ampicillin/carbenicillin resistance; Cm<sup>R</sup>, chloramphenicol resistance; Erm<sup>R</sup>, erythromycin resistance; Gent<sup>R</sup>, gentamicin resistance; Kan<sup>R</sup>, kanamycin resistance; Spec<sup>R</sup>, spectinomycin resistance; Str<sup>R</sup>, streptomycin resistance; Tet<sup>R</sup>, tetracycline resistance

Primer	Sequence (5'-3')*
oAT101	GTA <u>CATATG</u> TTTAAACGAATTCGAAGAGTGCTTGT
oAT102	ACT <u>GGATCC</u> CTAGCCAGATGTTGAAAA
oAT103	AATGTTATGCAGTCTAGTGAGTCT
oAT104	GCCTTCTTTTCCTTTTGTTTCAGTATA
oAT105	CCTGGGGGGTCATCCTTTAAATGGATAAGACGTCTGGTGGT
oAT106	TGCAGTCACCCGGGCTTAGAGACGAGAGAATATTCGTATCAGAAAG
oAT107	GCCCGGGTGACTGCAGGA
oAT108	GGATGACCCCCAGGGCC
oAT109	CCTGGGGGGGTCATCCGATGATTCGATGCGTAGAGTAAGA
oAT110	TGCAGTCACCCGGGCTTAATTTAACTTTTCAATAAACCAACGATTC
oAT111	CCTGGGGGGTCATCCAAGAAAAGAGAAAAGGCTGTTTC
oAT112	TGCAGTCACCCGGGCTTATTCATGAGCCTTGGATTCC
oAT113	GTA <u>CATATG</u> AGTGAAAAGTCAAGAGAAGAAGAGA
oAT114	ACTC <u>CTCGAG</u> TTAGTTTAATTTGCTGTTGACATGTTCAG
oAT115	TCGAAAAACAAGGTGCCAAGACAGAAGATCG
oAT116	CACCTTGTTTTCGACCAAGGAAGCAATGG
oAT117	TTCAAAGTGATATTGCAATCTTGTATGCCCAAGG
oAT118	CAATATCACTTTGAAGTGGCATATCACG
oAT119	GATAGGTAATAAGGAATCTAGCACGTACT
oAT120	CAAGAACCTGTACTTGCGACTTTG
oAT121	AGTA <u>CATATG</u> AAAAAAGTGTTATTGATAATCTTGTTATT
oAT122	ACTC <u>CTCGAG</u> TTACTGCGCATTTTTTCCTTAAG
oAT123	TCGAAAAACAAACCGCCGTTGCCAGTG
oAT124	CGGTTTGTTTTCGATAATTGATGCCATCGTC
oAT125	TGCAGACCAACCCGACCGTGATTTACGGG
oAT126	TCGGGTTGGTCTGCAGGCGCATACC
oAT127	AGTA <u>CATATG</u> TATATCAATCAGCAAAAAAAATCGTTT
oAT128	ACTC <u>CTCGAG</u> TTATTTCTCATTTTTTGAGGAAATGTATTTTTC
oAT129	ATGAGTTCAATTGTATCTATCGGCAG
oAT130	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCCTCATTCTACTCCTTATCAATTAAAACAAC
oAT131	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGTAATGGAATGTCTTTCAAATCAGAACAG
oAT132	TCCTCAATCTATATAACATAGCTTTATGAC
oAT133	GAGGGAGGAAAGGCAGGA
oAT134	CGCCGTATCTGTGCTCTC
oAT135	CGGTTCTCTGCTTTTATTATATTCG
oAT136	CACAGGAACAGTTGTATTATAAGGAG
oAT137	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCCTCATTACAAACTAATAAAAAATCAAGAACAGAT
oAT138	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGTACTATAAGTGAATATGATTTGAGTGAATAG
oAT139	ATGCTTGACTGAGACTTCCTTCA

Table S3. Oligonucleotide primers used in this study

\*Underlined sequences are restriction sites introduced in primers.

Primer	Sequence (5'-3')
oAT140	TCTCTGGAATCTCGTATGGC
oAT141	AGAAAGAAGCAAGCAATCCTCA
oAT142	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCTCCTGAATGCTGTTCCACCTAG
oAT143	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGGCGATGATTTGAAAGAGGGATGT
oAT144	ATTTCTTACAAACCAGGTGCTTG
oAT145	GATGGAACCAGTGCTGACTTGA
oAT146	CTCGAAATGGGTGCGGAAAG
oAT147	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCTCTTCCTCCTTAAAAAATAATAATAAAGCGAT
oAT148	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGAAAATTGGAGTAGGAGAAATTTCC
oAT149	CATAAAAGTAAGGCAGGCTAACC
oAT150	GAATATCGCTCAGAATATTGGGA
oAT151	CCTTTCAAGATAACATTGGCTTC
oAT152	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCCTCATCTTATAATTCTACCCTAAAAAATCAAAAAA
oAT153	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGCATTTGTTTATCATTTGCTTTTTCTTTTTG
oAT154	TGATGAGGGATAGCTGCTTTAG
oAT155	CCTTTCACCTCAACAAAGTTACC
oAT156	TCCGATGATATCAAAGACAGATTGAAA
oAT157	ATTCGAAAATTCTCCTTCTTTCTATAGTT
oAT158	ATAGAAAGAAGGAGAATTTTCGAATATGAACATCAAAAAGTTTGCAAAAC
oAT159	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCCTCTTATTTGTTAACTGTTAATTGTCCTTG
oAT160	ATTCAAGACAAGTGGGATTCGT
oAT161	TTTCAATCTGTCTTTGATATCATCGGATTATTTACTTTGGATATCCTCGATATTTTTGA
oAT162	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGACCAGGTGTTTTTGTTATAAGTTTTCT
oAT163	CGTTACGGTTACCATCCATTATACC
oAT164	TTATTTACTTTGGATATCCTCGATATTTTTGA
oAT165	TCAAAAATATCGAGGATATCCAAAGTAAATAACCAGGTGTTTTTGTTATAAGTTTTCT
oAT166	TTGCTGGATGAAGTCAATATTACCC
oAT167	CAACTTCTACAATATCATTTTTCTTTAAC
oAT168	TATTTTCCTCCTTATTTATTTAGATCTTAATTGTG
oAT169	GATCCCTCCAGTAACTCGAG
oAT170	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGTTTAAACGAATTCGAAGAGTGCTT
oAT171	GTTACTGGAGGGATCCTAGCCAGATGTTGAAAAGAGAGTG
oAT172	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGTTTAAATGGATAAGACGTCTGGTG
oAT173	GTTACTGGAGGGATCTTAGAGACGAGAGAATATTCGTATCAGAAA
oAT174	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGGATGATTCGATGCGTAGAGTAA
oAT175	GTTACTGGAGGGATCTTAATTTAACTTTTCAATAAACCAACGATT
oAT176	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGAAGAAAAAGAGAAAAGGCTGTTTC
oAT177	GTTACTGGAGGGATCTTATTCATGAGCCTTGGATTCC
oAT178	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGAAAAAAGTGTTATTGATAATCTTGTT

Table S3. Oligonucleotide primers used in this study (cont.)

Primer	Sequence (5'-3')
oAT179	GTTACTGGAGGGATCTTACTGCGCATTTTTTTCCTTAAG
oAT180	TAAGGAGGAAAAATAATGAGTGAAAAGTCAAGAGAAGAAGAAGA
oAT181	GTTACTGGAGGGATCTTAGTTTAATTTGCTGTTGACATGTTCAG
oAT182	ATCATTCAGGCAAGCAAGTCT
oAT183	TCCTGCCTTTCCTCCTCAAGTTTTTCCTCCTTGTTGATAATCC
oAT184	GAGAGCACAGATACGGCGTAAACAAACTAAAATTATGTGATACTTCA
oAT185	AATCTAAAGTATAGTGAAATGAAATAAAACATG
oAT186	TTTACGTCTTTATGGGAGCAG
oJP202	GCTGTCGGCAAGATGGCGAA
oJP203	CCGCTGCGACTGGTAGAAG
oBR05	CCAGTCGTGCTCGCTACTTGGAGCC
oCS121	GCTTTCTTGAGGCAATTCACTTGGTGC
oSK27	CGTAGCCGTCTTTACCTGTGAAGT
oP1348	TCTTCTTGCAGCCTTGAAAGAGGTGGCAGT
oP1349	AGAGCAAACTAGGAAACTAGCCGCAGGTTG
oTT657	CGCCCCAAGTTCATCACCAATGACATCAAC
oTT1406	CCTTGGGCATACAAGATTGCAATATCACTTTGAAGTGGC
oTT1407	GCCACTTCAAAGTGATATTGCAATCTTGTATGCCCAAGG
oTT1408	TGTCAAAGTCGCAAGTACAGGTTCTTGGATAGGTAATAAGGAATCTAGCACGTACTGG
oTT1409	TA CAGTACGTGCTAGATTCCTTATTACCTATCCAAGAACCTGTACTTGCGACTTTGACAAT T
oTT1410	TAGTAGACCTTGCCTTCTGTGACATCAACTTCATCATAGCCTTTTACTTTTCTAAATCT
oTT1411	TTTAGAAAAAGTAAAAGGCTATGATGAAGTTGATGTCACAGAAGGCAAGGTCTACTA TGC

Table S3. Oligonucleotide primers used in this study (cont.)

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