



**Fig. S1. Validation of the** *MLS\_Stat3\_NES* **construct in murine Embryonic Stem Cells. A**: Western blot for total STAT3 on *Stat3*<sup>+/+</sup>, *Stat3*<sup>-/-</sup> and MLS\_Stat3\_NES cells. Note the shift in molecular weight due to the presence of MLS and NES tags. STAT3 protein level in both MLS\_Stat3\_NES clones is lower than *Stat3*<sup>+/+</sup> cells. **B**: qPCR analysis of the Stat3 and its nuclear target gene *Socs3*. Gene expression analysis of *Stat3*<sup>+/+</sup> cells, *Stat3*<sup>-/-</sup> cells, and two MLS\_Stat3\_NES clones (A/B) cultured in presence of LIF. Note that both clones have the same undetectable level of *Socs3* and *Stat3*<sup>-/-</sup> cells stained with anti-STAT3 and anti-ATAD3 antibodies. Merge image shows colocalization between STAT3 and the nucleoids marked by ATAD3; DAPI serves as a nuclear counterstain. Scale bar: 20 μm.



В



**Fig. S2. Validation of the injected mRNAs on zebrafish. A:** IF on zebrafish cells, dissociated and plated from 24-hpf embryos injected with *mStat3* and *MLS\_mStat3* mRNA. The antibody reveals the expression of mSTAT3 (green). The mito-targeted STAT3 co-localizes with ATAD3 (red), a marker of mitochondrial nucleoids, confirming the correct subcellular localization of the proteins. Conversely the analysis of cells from embryos injected with *mStat3* mRNA results in a more diffused staining. Scale bar = 10um. **B:** Whole mount IF on 24-hpf zebrafish embryos injected with pCS2 + MLS\_mSTAT3\_NES plasmid. The mosaic expression is driven by a CMV promoter to verify the intracellular localization of the murine protein. mSTAT3 (green) staining confirms the expected mitochondrial localization of the protein.



**Fig. S3. Validation of effects of** *mStat3* and *MLS\_Stat3\_NES* mRNA injected in zebrafish embryos A: qRT-PCR analysis of *socs3a* mRNA levels in 48-hpf embryos injected with *mStat3* and *MLS\_mStat3\_NES*. B: qRT-PCR analysis of *mt\_nd2* mRNA levels in *mStat3* and *MLS\_mStat3\_NES* 48-hpf injected embryos. C: qRT-PCT analysis of *p53* mRNA in 48-hpf larvae injected with *MLS\_mStat3\_NES*. D: qRT-PCR analysis of *mt\_nd2* levels from 3.7 hpf to 6 dpf, in larvae injected with *mStat3* mRNA. E: qRT-PCR analysis of *mStat3* levels from 3.7 hpf to 6 dpf, in larvae injected with *mStat3* mRNA. *Bactin* was used as an internal control. Statistical analysis was performed by unpaired t-test on 3 independent biological samples (where n not specified). \*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.001; ns=not significant; error bars=SEM.





**Fig. S4. STAT3-dependent mitochondrial transcription depends on Y705 and S727 phosphorylations. A:** WISH with anti-*mt\_nd2* mRNA probe in 48-hpf uninjected embryos (11 embryos out of 14 showed the reported signal) and embryos injected with either *mStat3* (15 embryos out of 15 showed the reported signal), *mStat3-Y705F* (17 embryos out of 18 showed the reported signal) or *mStat3-S727A* (15 embryos out of 17 showed the reported signal). **B:** WISH with anti-*mt\_nd2* mRNA probe in 48-hpf uninjected embryo (24 larvae out of 24 showed the reported signal) and embryos injected with either *MLS\_mStat3\_NES* (21 larvae out of 31 showed the reported signal), *MLS\_mStat3\_NES* Y705F (19 larvae out of 20 showed the reported signal) or *MLS\_mStat3\_NES* S727A (17 larvae out of 21 showed the reported signal).





**Fig. S5. Analysis of S727 modification in ESCs and in NIH-3T3 cells. A:** IF with anti-STAT3 and anti-ATAD3 Ab on ESCs *Stat3<sup>-/-</sup>* transiently transfected with the constructs encoding: *mStat3*, *MLS\_mStat3\_NES*, *MLS\_mStat3\_NES*, *S727A* or mStat3. Arrows indicate the colocalization of ATAD and STAT3. Scale bar: 200 µm. **B:** western blot of mitochondrial STAT3 from ESCs mitochondrial extracts; VDAC1 was used as a mitochondrial loading control, Lamin was used as a nuclear loading control. **C-C':** qRT-PCR analysis of *mt\_nd2* and *pcna* on 48-hpf larvae treated with either PD98059 12.5 µM or DMSO. western blot analysis of pSTAT3 S727 in NIH-3T3 cells treated for 24 hours with 12.5 µM PD98059 (β-Actin was used as a loading control). Statistical analysis was performed by unpaired t-test on 3 independent biological samples. \*p<0.05; error bars=SEM.



**Fig. S6.** *mt\_nd2* mRNA expression is not affected by AG-490 nor in 48-hpf stat3 **mutant larvae. A-A':** FISH with *mt\_nd2* probe in the TeO of 48-hpf larvae treated for 24 hours with AG490. Fluorescence quantification of *mt\_nd2* mRNA levels in the TeO (n=10). **B-B':** FISH with *mt\_nd2* probe in the TeO of 48-hpf *stat3<sup>+/+</sup>*, *stat3<sup>+/-</sup>*, and *stat3<sup>-+/+</sup>*.

<sup>/-</sup> larvae. fluorescence quantification of *mt\_nd2* mRNA levels in the TeO. Statistical analysis was performed by unpaired t-test on 3 independent biological samples. ns = not significant; error bars=SEM.



Fig. S7. Stat3 depletion does not affect mitochondria morphology and biogenesis in the brain and intestine of  $stat3^{-/-}$  larvae. A: TEM analysis of mitochondrial morphology in intestine and brain of 6-dpf  $stat3^{-/-}$  mutants and WT siblings. B: EGFP expression in the intestine of 6-dpf  $stat3^{-/-}/Tg(CoxVIII-mls:EGFP)$  and WT/Tg(CoxVIII-mls:EGFP) siblings (n=6). C: Fluorescence quantification of EGFP expression in the intestine of 6-dpf  $stat3^{-/-}/Tg(CoxVIII-mls:EGFP)$  and WT/Tg(CoxVIII-mls:EGFP) siblings (p-value= 0.,6878). Statistical analysis was performed by unpaired t-test on indicated number of samples; ns = not significant; error bars=SEM.

## Table S1. List of sgRNAs sequences (5'-3' sequences)

Exon	Sequence	Reference
14	GGUCGAUCUUAAGUCCUUGG	Peron <i>et al</i> . (2020)
22	AGUGAGCUGCUUGGGAA	This paper
23	AUGAGAGAGUCGAGCGUGCG	This paper

 Table S2. List of primer used for genotyping (5'-3' sequences)

Primer	Primer sequence	Reference
stat3 ex14 fw	GGCCTCTCTGATAGTGACCG	Peron <i>et al</i> . (2020)
stat3 ex14 rv	AGTTGTGCTTAGACGCGATC	Peron <i>et al</i> . (2020)
stat3 ex22 fw	GTGTGTGTGTTAGGCAGGCT	This paper
stat3 ex22 rv	AGCTCCCTAATGCCTACCCA	This paper
stat3 ex23 fw	TGCAGGACTAACTCTGGCAA	This paper
stat3 ex23 rv	GCTTCGTTGTGCATGAGAGA	This paper
nr3c1 fw	ACCACTTCAAGCGGACAGAG	Facchinello <i>et al</i> . (2017)
nr3c1 rv	CCGGCTTCTGATCTTTCTGC	Facchinello <i>et al</i> . (2017)

## Table S3. List of cloning-related primers (5'-3' sequences)

Primer name	Primer sequence
MLS_STAT3_NES_Y705F fw	GCTGCCCCGTTCCTGAAGACC
MLS_STAT3_NES_Y705F rv	ACTACCTGGGTCGGCTTC
MLS_STAT3_NES_S727D fw	CCTGCCGATGGACCCCCGCACT
MLS_STAT3_NES_S727D rv	TCAATGGTATTGCTGCAGGTC
MLS_STAT3_NES_S727A fw	CCTGCCGATGGCCCCCGCAC
MLS_STAT3_NES_S727A rv	TCAATGGTATTGCTGCAGGTCGTTGGTGTC
MLS_STAT3_NES_ΔDNAbd fw	GGCGATCTCCAACATCTGTCAGATGC
MLS_STAT3_NES_ΔDNAbdrv	GCGGCTGGCAAGGAGTGGGTCTC

## Table S4. List of qRT-PCR and RT-PCR primers (5'-3' sequences)

Gene	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer sequence
zmt_nd2	GCAGTAGAAGCCACCACAAA	GCTAGACCGATTTTGAGAGCC
zgapdh	GTGGAGTCTACTGGTGTCTTC	GTGCAGGAGGCATTGCTTACA
zpcna	CCTTGGCACTGGTCTTTGAA	GGCACACGAGATCATGACAG
zp53	CAACGTTGGAGCCACTTGAG	CATCTGCGGACCACTTCAG
zstat1a	GCAGCTCAAGAAACTCCTGG	AAAGGTCTCTGCAGTTGGGT
zbactin	TGGGTATGGAATCTTGCGGT	GTGGGGCAATGATCTTGATCT
zsocs3a	GGAAGACAAGAGCCGAGACT	GCGATACACACCAAACCCTG
mSocs3	ATTTCGCTTCGGGACTAGC	AACTTGCTGTGGGTGACCAT
mStat3	TGTTGGAGCAGCATCTTCAG	GAGGTTCTCCACCACCTTCA
mbactin	CTAAGGCCAACCGTGAAAAG	ACCAGAGGGCATACAGGGACA