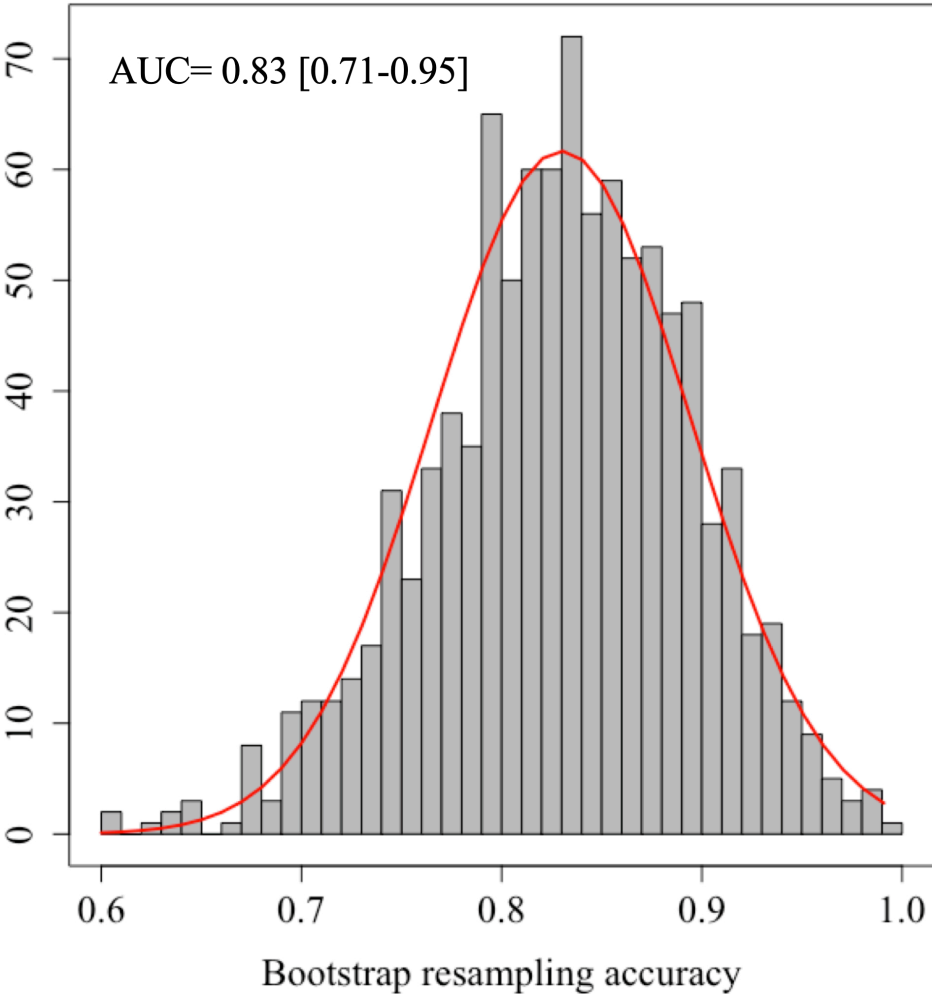


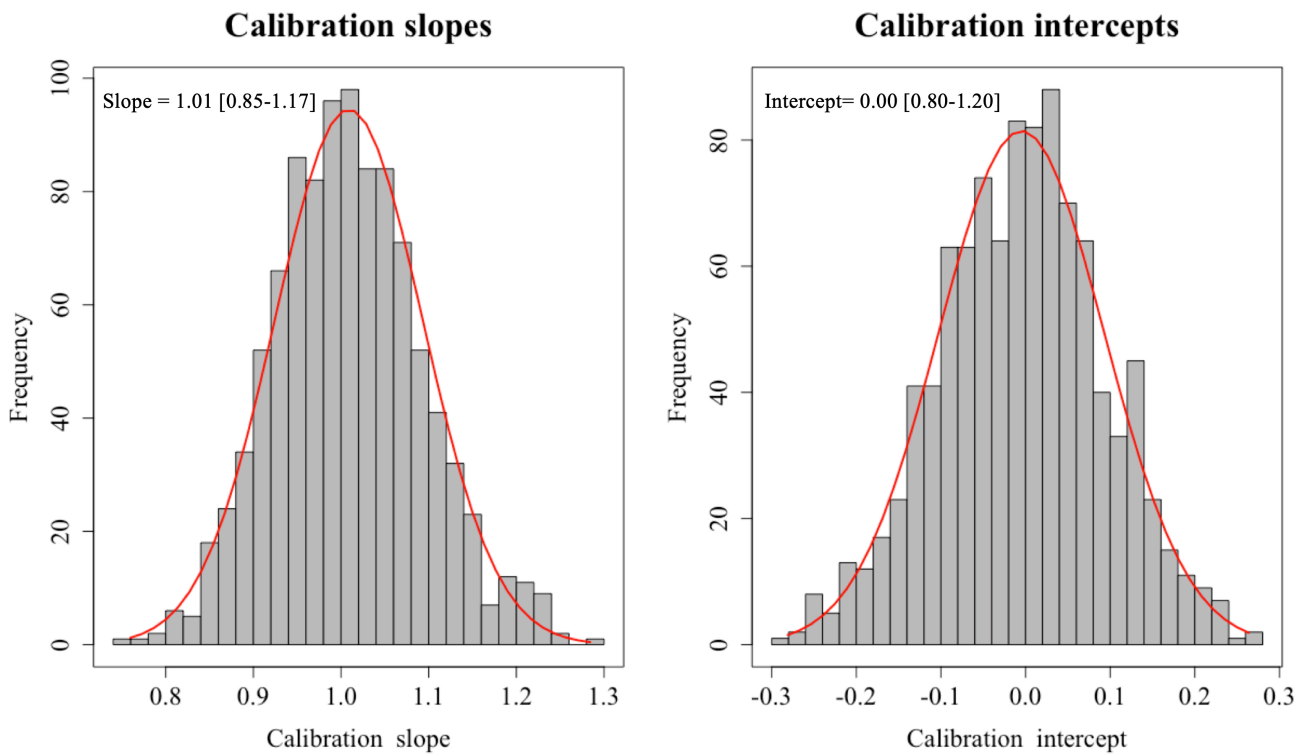
## **SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

### Bootstrapping Validation



Distribution of bootstrapped AUC.

**Supplementary Figure 2 – Calibration Histogram**



*Distribution of bootstrapped slopes and intercept of calibration curve. The optimal is slope=1 and intercept=0.*

**Supplementary Table 1 – Comparison between included and excluded patients according to the presence of HDFs analysis.**

	HDFs available		p. value
	No N=81	Yes N=67	
<b>Demographic characteristics</b>			
Age (years)	58.27±14.19	62.2±13.1	0.084
Sex (Male) (n(%))	46 (55.4%)	41 (61.2%)	0.585
Weight (Kg)	73.8±14.8	71.8±14.7	0.417
Height (cm)	167±10.4	166±9.17	0.750
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	26.2 [23.0;29.6]	25.3 [22.8;28.5]	0.514
BSA (m <sup>2</sup> )	1.82±0.21	1.79±0.20	0.442
SBP (mmHg)	128±20.2	132±20.0	0.383
DBP (mmHg)	73.9±13.3	73.5±12.3	0.905
<b>Conventional Echocardiographic parameters</b>			
LVMi (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	101±32.2	149±45.1	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
RWT	0.39 [0.33;0.47]	0.39 [0.32;0.44]	0.487
LVH (n(%))	33 (40.7%)	59 (88.1%)	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
LAVi (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	40.8 [29.9;53.3]	41.4 [33.4;55.2]	0.621
LAe (n(%))	53 (65.4%)	46 (68.7%)	0.855
TmE (m/s)	0.63 [0.50;0.84]	0.69 [0.57;0.84]	0.323
TmE/TmA	1.00 [0.71;1.34]	0.99 [0.71;1.45]	0.782
LtdiE (cm/s)	7.80 [5.60;10.2]	8.30 [5.62;10.3]	0.967
StdiE (cm/s)	5.25 [3.77;7.00]	5.20 [3.82;7.20]	0.944
TmE/MtdiE	9.36 [7.13;13.8]	9.57 [7.77;14.0]	0.586
<b>Right Heart Catheterization</b>			
mPAP (mmHg)	32.2±13.9	29.9±11.4	0.278
PCWP (mmHg)	14.00 [12.0;23.0]	14.0 [11.3;20.0]	0.667
ILFP (n(%))	40 (49.3%)	33 (49.3%)	1.000

Significant *p* results between ILFP and NLFP are reported by boldface. **Legend:** BMI=body mass index; BSA=body surface area; SBP=systolic blood pressure; DBP=diastolic blood pressure; LVMi=left ventricular mass indexed to body surface area; LVH=left ventricular hypertrophy; LAVi=left atrial volume indexed to body surface area; LAe=left atrial enlargement; MAP=mean pulmonary arterial pressure; PCWP=postcapillary wedge pressure; ILFP=increased left ventricular filling pressure.

**Supplementary Table 2 – Scoring system development: penalized logistic regression for variable selection.**

	<b>beta</b>
<b>Demographic characteristics</b>	
Age (years)	-
Sex (male)	-
<b>Conventional Echocardiographic parameters</b>	
EF (%)	-0.322
GLS (%)	-
LVMi (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	-
LAVi (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	1.046
TmE/MtdiE	0.027
StdiE (cm/s)	-0.173
TRv (m/s)	-
EDVi (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	-
<b>Hemodynamic Forces</b>	
DLF (%)	-0.058

Beta coefficients are available only for variables revealed to be strong predictors of PCWP class; other ones have been shrinkaged to zero. **Legend:** LVMi=left ventricular mass indexed to body surface area; LAVi=left atrial volume indexed to body surface area; TmE/MtdiE=E wave on transmitral doppler/ mean tissue doppler E wave; StdiE=septal tissue doppler E wave; TRv=tricuspidal regurgitation velocity; DLF=diastolic longitudinal force.

**Supplementary Table 3 – Performance of the scoring system with a 2-points threshold**

<b>Whole study population</b>	<b>NLFP</b> <i>n = 34</i>	<b>ILFP</b> <i>n = 33</i>	
Scoring points ≤ 2	29	9	<i>NPV = 76.3%</i>
Scoring points > 2	5	24	<i>PPV = 82.8%</i>
	<i>Specificity = 85.3%</i>	<i>Sensibility = 72.7%</i>	<i>Accuracy = 79.1%</i>
<b>“Indeterminate filling pressure” according current recommendations</b>	<b>NLFP</b> <i>n = 18</i>	<b>ILFP</b> <i>n = 6</i>	
Scoring points ≤ 2	17	2	<i>NPV = 89.5%</i>
Scoring points > 2	1	4	<i>PPV = 80.0%</i>
	<i>Specificity = 94.4%</i>	<i>Sensibility = 66.7%</i>	<i>Accuracy = 87.5%</i>

**Legend:** ILFP=increased left ventricular filling pressure; NLFP= normal left ventricular filling pressure, NPV: negative predictive value; PPV: positive predictive value.