Supplementary information

Mouse visual cortex areas represent perceptual and semantic features of learned visual categories

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Mouse visual cortex areas represent perceptual and semantic features of learned visual categories

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Includes:

Supplementary Tables 1–3

Supplementary Table $1 \mid$ Number of chronically recorded neurons per mouse and visual cortical area across all in-task and out-of-task imaging time points.

-	V1 LM	AL	RL	AM	PM	LI	P	POR
3.610	40 207						-	1 010
M13 3	49 296	294		402				
M14 3	68		273					
M15 3	58	284					359	267
M16 2	287 315	322			437			330
M17 4	35 297	383			432			233
M18 3	01		260					280
M19 4	17		364			261	323	
M20	305		299		399			401
M21			341	384	520			182
M22			187		396	345		333
# neurons 25	515 1213	3 1283	1724	786	2184	606	682	2026
# mice	7 4	4	6	2	5	2	2	7

Total # of chronically recorded neurons: 13019

Supplementary Table 2 | Number of chronically recorded neurons per mouse and visual cortical area across in-task imaging time points only.

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	V1	LM	AL	RL	AM	PM	LI	P	POR
M13	399	312	309		410				
M14	383			298					
M15	376		308			324		378	298
M16	315	325	323			450			335
M17	441	308	387			447			237
M18	310			273					286
M19	443			382			282	359	
M20		342		332		412			428
M21				348	398	543			265
M22				214		405	352		342
# neurons	2667	1287	1327	1847	808	2581	634	737	2191
# mice	7	4	4	6	2	6	2	2	7

Total # of chronically recorded neurons: 14079

Supplementary Table 3 | Regressors in the encoding model

Name	Aligned to trial event	Range (s)	Group		
Discrete regressors					
Orientation 1	Stimulus onset (SO)	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Orientation 2	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Orientation 3	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Orientation 4	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Orientation 5	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Orientation 6	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Spatial freq. 1	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Spatial freq. 2	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Spatial freq. 3	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Spatial freq. 4	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Spatial freq. 5	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Ori/SF		
Left category	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Category		
Right category	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Stim. all; Category		
Task	Stimulus onset	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Task		
Run	Running onset	SO-0.5 to +2.5	Running		
Choice left 1	First sequence of three left licks	SO-0.5 to +2.5	Choice		
	in a row				
Choice right 1	First sequence of three right	SO-0.5 to +2.5	Choice		
	licks in a row				
Choice left 2	First left lick in the trial	SO-0.5 to +2.5	Choice		
	response window				
Choice right 2	First right lick in the trial	SO-0.5 to +2.5	Choice		
	response window				
Reward	Reward delivery	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Reward		
T.O.	First lick in the trial response	-0.5 to $+2.5$	Reward		
	window in incorrect trials				
Continuous regress	sors				
Lick rate (left)	-	-1.0 to +1.0	Choice		
Lick rate (right)	-	-1.0 to +1.0	Choice		
Speed	-	-1.0 to +1.0	Running		
•			2		

Overview of regressors included in the encoding model (GLM analysis). The range of the regressor sets is defined relative to the trial event that the regressor was aligned to, except for specific values that are displayed as SO-##. The SO-## ranges started all \sim 0.5 seconds before stimulus onset. However, also these regressors were always aligned to their associated event (which was defined to be at precisely time point 0 within the range). Note that Left and Right category were defined as the trained categories.