nature research

Corresponding author(s):	Danika Bannasch	
Last updated by author(s):	Apr 22, 2021	

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

_				
C-	ŀ٦	Ηi	ct	ics

For all statistical	analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a Confirmed				
☐ ☐ The exa	ct sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement			
A stater	nent on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
The stat	istical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided amon tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.			
A descri	A description of all covariates tested			
A descri	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)			
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
For Baye	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings			
For hier	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes			
Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software a	nd code			
Policy informatio	n about <u>availability of computer code</u>			
Data collection	No software was used for data collection.			
Data analysis	All software used was referenced in the methods section and the version used was provided.			
For manuscripts utiliz	For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not vet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and			

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All data generated or analyzed during this study are included in this published article (and its supplementary information files). GenBank accession numbers for promoter sequence variants are MT319114.1, MT319115.1, MT319116.1, MT319117.1.

	1	· C·		
Field	d-spec	citic r	eporti	ng

ricase select the o	the below that is the best he for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.	
\times Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences	
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>	
Life scier	nces study design	
All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.	
Sample size	Dogs and and breeds were selected for genotyping based on segregation of coat colors within and between breeds. Some breeds were included if they had been reported to have coat colors inconsistent with previously identified variants. Publicly available whole genome sequenced samples of dogs, wild canids and ancient samples were used. For phylogenetic analysis, whole genome sequence from at least one representative for each extant canid species was included, based on data availability.	
Data exclusions	All data exclusion was noted. Rational for excluding individuals samples in phylogenetic analysis are addressed in the methods section and based on evidence in prior studies.	
Replication	Phylogenies were inferred using Maximum Likelihood (Tamura-Nei model) with 250 bootstrap replications.	
Randomization	Dogs are grouped by color pattern as outlined in Figure 1 and described in the main text.	
Blinding	Classification of dogs by color pattern was done prior to genetic and genomic analyses, based on standard practices for genetic association studies.	

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
\geq	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\geq	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\geq	Palaeontology and archaeology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
	Animals and other organisms		
\geq	Human research participants		
\geq	Clinical data		
\triangleright	Dual use research of concern		

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

The study does not involve the use of laboratory animals.

Wild animals

Genomic data from natural populations of wild animals was obtained from prior studies.

DNA samples from owned pet dogs.

Ethics oversight

All animal experiments were done in accordance with the local regulations. Experiments were approved by the "Cantonal Committee For Animal Experiments" (Canton of Bern; permits 48/13, 75/16 and 71/19).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.