Expanded View Figures

Figure EV1. BspF localizes to the endosomal recycling compartment.

- A Representative confocal fluorescence micrograph of HeLa cells co-transfected for 24 h to produce mCherry-BspF and GFP-BspF and treated with Cytochalasin D (200 nM) for 30 min prior to fixation. Scale bars: 10 and 2 μ m (insets).
- B Representative confocal fluorescence micrographs of HeLa cells co-transfected for 24 h to produce mCherry-BspF and either GFP-MICAL-L1, GFP-STX16, GFP-STX6, or GFP-VAMP3 and treated with Cytochalasin D (200 nM) for 30 min prior to fixation. Scale bars: 10 and 2 μ m (insets). Localization of GFP-MICAL-L1, GFP-STX16, GFP-STX6, or GFP-VAMP3 to mCherry-BspF-labeled tubules was quantified in at least 300 individual cells per experiment. Data are means \pm SD from n = 3 independent experiments.
- C Representative confocal fluorescence micrographs of HeLa cells co-transfected for 24 h to produce mCherry-BspF and either GFP-Rab11a or VAMP4-GFP and treated with Cytochalasin D (200 nM) for 30 min prior to fixation. Scale bars: 10 and 2 μ m (insets). Localization of GFP-Rab11a or VAMP4-GFP to mCherry-BspF-labeled tubules was quantified in at least 300 individual cells per experiment. Data are means \pm SD from n = 3 independent experiments.



Figure EV1.



Figure EV2. Retrograde transport of Cholera toxin depends upon Arf6, Rab8a, and Rab6a' in HeLa cells and BMMs.

A, B Quantification of CTxB transport to the Golgi apparatus in either HeLa cells producing either mCherry, Arf6^{T27N}-mCherry, mCherry-Rab8a^{T22N}, or mCherry-Rab6a'^{T27N} (A), or in BMMs producing either mCherry, Arf6^{Q67L}-mCherry, or Arf6^{T27N}-mCherry (B). Cells were transfected for 24 h (A) or transduced for 48 h (B) then incubated on ice with AlexaFluor488TM-Cholera Toxin subunit B (CTxB) for binding followed by a 20-min (A) or 30-min (B) incubation at 37°C to allow for CTxB retrograde transport to the Golgi apparatus (stained using an anti-GM130 antibody). CTxB retrograde transport is expressed as percentages of cells in which CTxB colocalized with the GM130 Golgi marker. Data are means \pm SD from n = 3 to 4 independent experiments, in which 100 cells were analyzed per experiment. Asterisks indicate statistically significant differences compared with mCherry-producing cells as determined by a one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparisons test (P < 0.05).



Figure EV3. Localization of Arf6-GFP alleles to mCherry-BspF-labeled tubules.

Representative confocal fluorescence micrographs of HeLa cells co-transfected for 24 h to produce mCherry-BspF and either Arf6-GFP, Arf6^{Q67L}-GFP, or Arf6^{T27N}-GFP and treated with Cytochalasin D (200 nM) for 30 min prior to fixation. Scale bars: 10 and 2 μ m (insets). Localization of Arf6-GFP, Arf6^{Q67L}-GFP, or Arf6^{T27N}-GFP to mCherry-BspF-labeled tubules was quantified in at least 300 individual cells per experiment. Data are means \pm SD from n = 3 independent experiments.



Figure EV4. CellProfiler analysis pipeline of Stx6-positive vesicle recruitment to rBCVs.

- A A confocal micrograph inset (10.5 μm² area) from a BMM infected with wild-type DsRed_m-expressing *B. abortus* and stained for endogenous Syntaxin 6 (AlexaFluor[™]488-Stx6) was selected in the DsRed channel (*Brucella*) and input into CellProfiler for analysis. Scale bars, 10 and 2 μm.
- B Color to gray module split the red (Brucella) and green (Stx6) channels and reverted the images to gray scale.
- C Identify primary objects module identified individual Brucella and Stx6-positive vesicles based on their size.
- D Expand or shrink objects module expanded the size of individual Brucella by 6 pixels to encompass whole rBCVs and associated vesicles.
- E Relate objects module identified Stx6-positive vesicles within the rBCV area and filtered out non-associated vesicles.
- F Classify objects module counted the number of vesicles associated with each rBCV (expanded Brucella). X- and y-axes represent pixels coordinates. The output data counted the number of vesicles associated with each Brucella, which was derived to determine the percentage of Stx6-positive rBCVs.