

Afucosylated *Plasmodium falciparum*-specific IgG is induced by infection but not by subunit vaccination

- Supplementary information -

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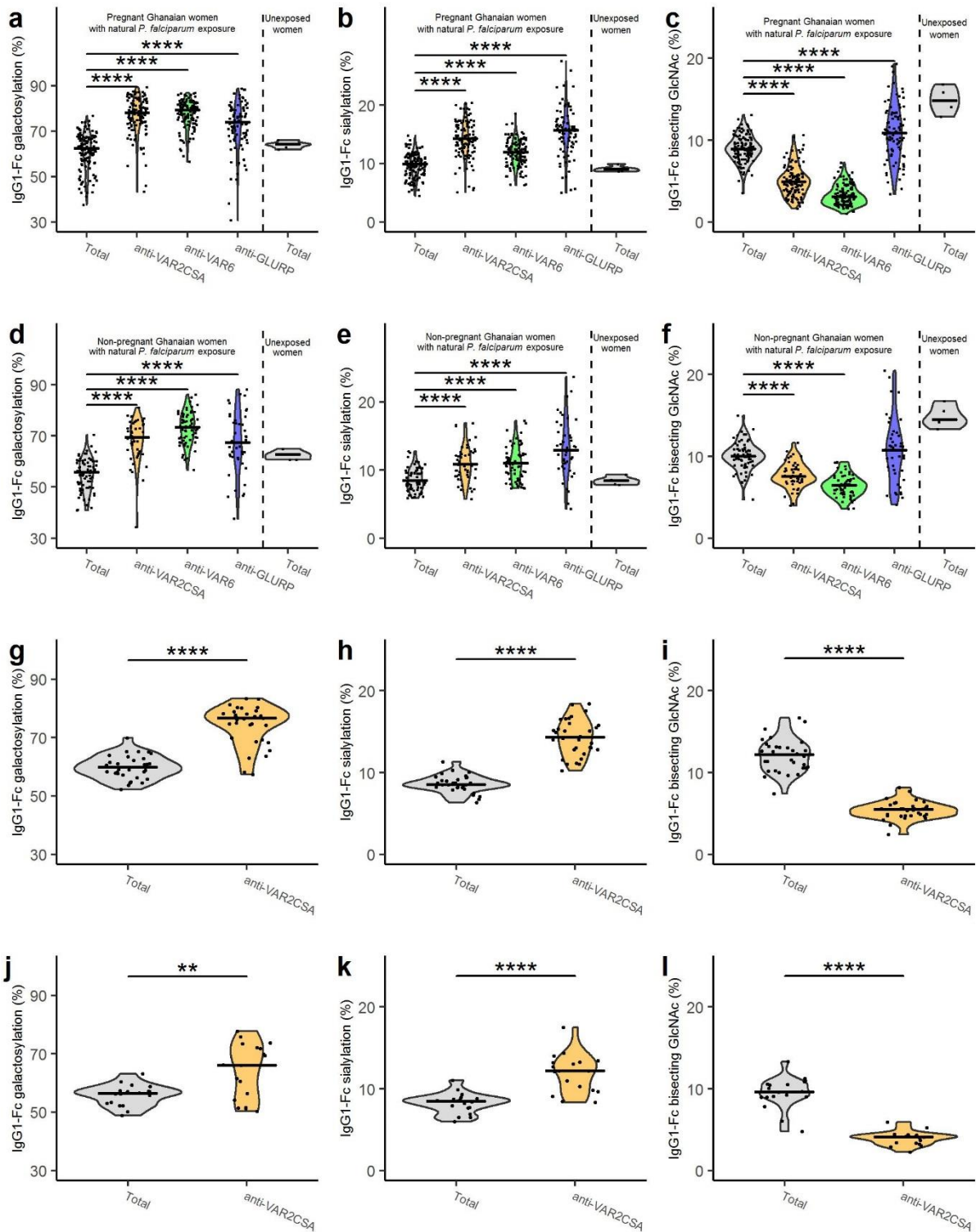
*These authors jointly supervised this work

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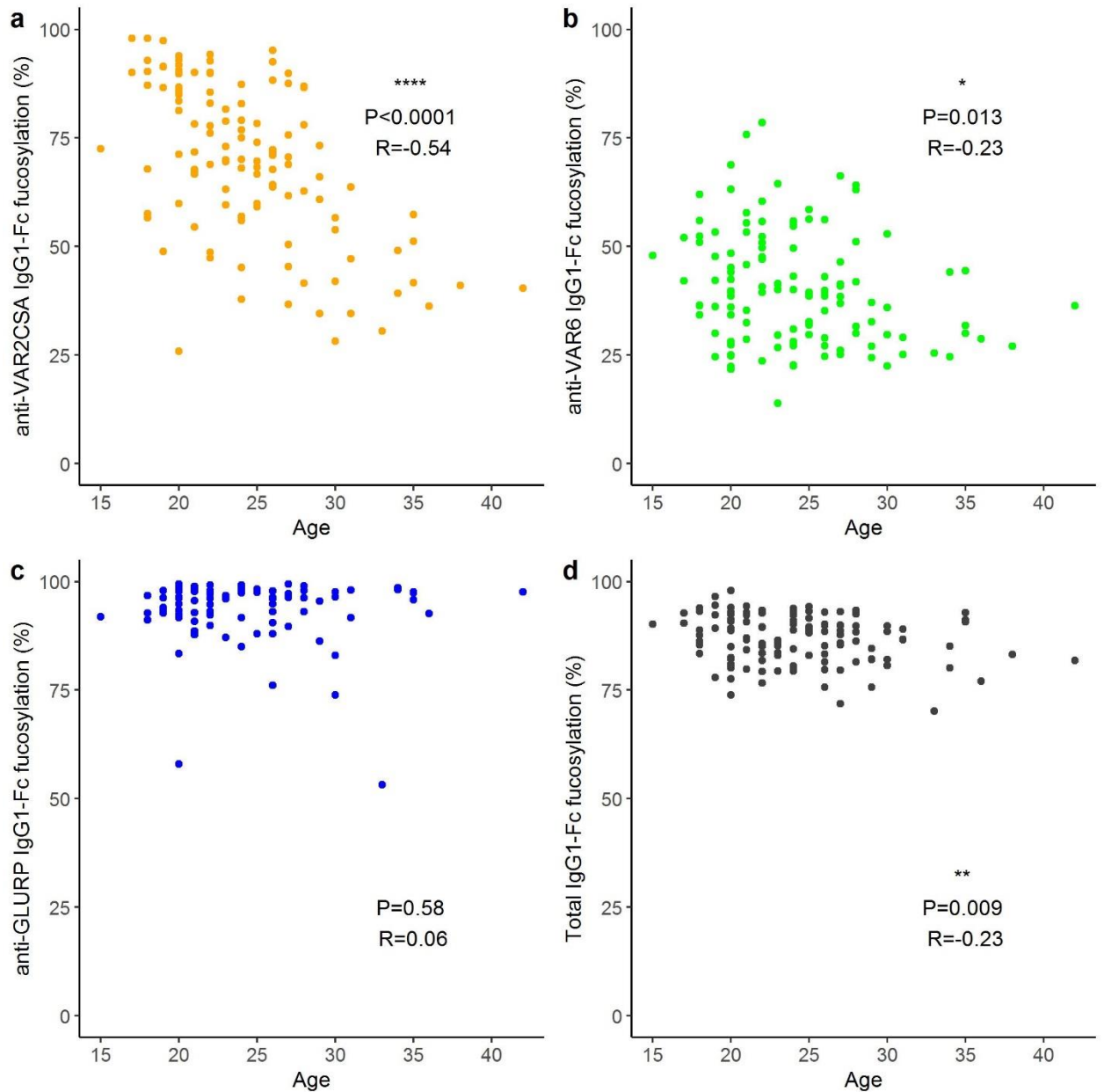
Supplementary figures S1-S6

Supplementary tables S1-S4



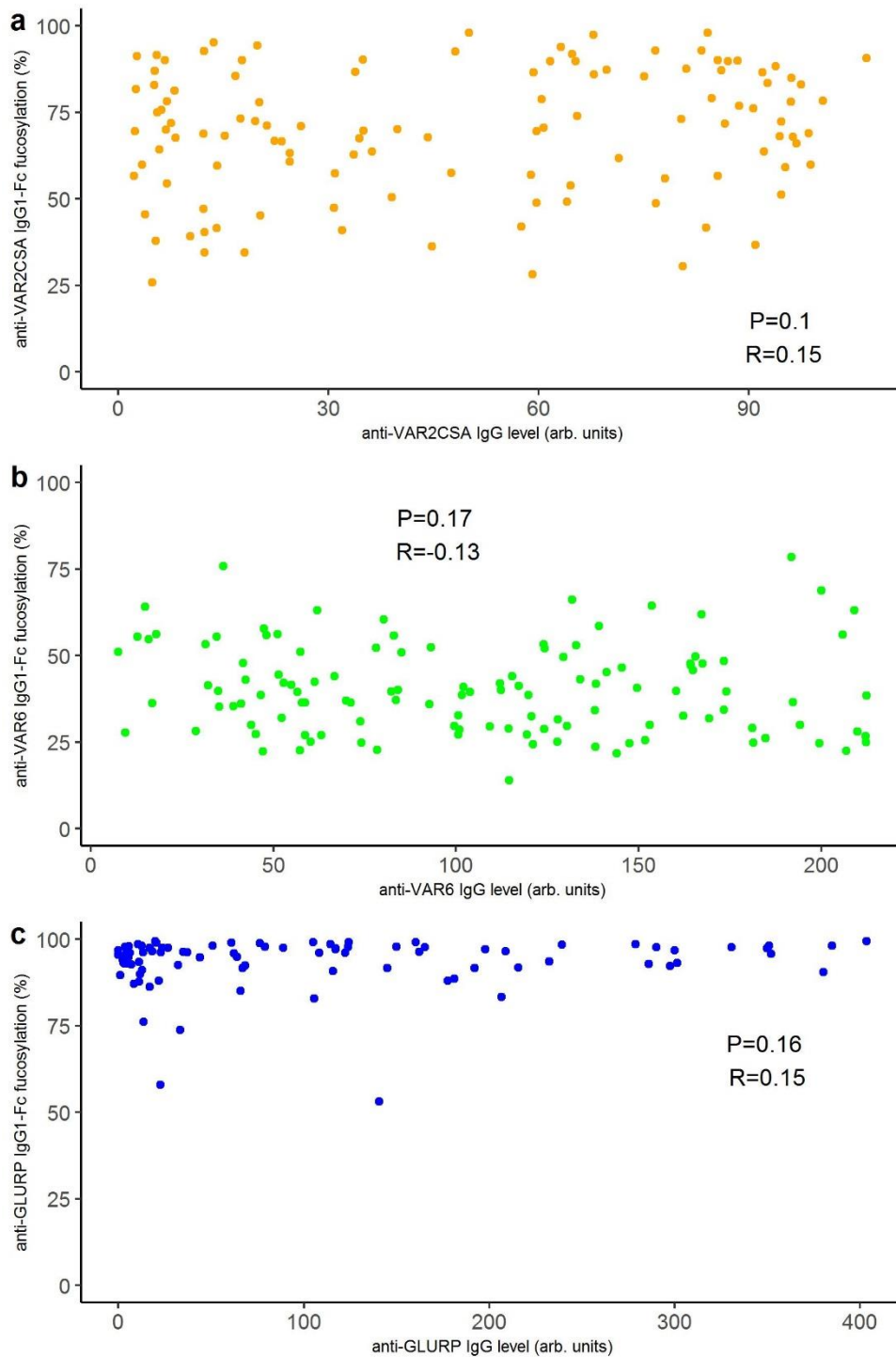
Supplementary Figure 1. Fc glycosylation traits of *P. falciparum*-specific IgG in pregnant women

(a, d, g, and j) Fc galactosylation-, (b, e, h, and k) Fc sialylation-, and (c, f, i, and l) Fc bisecting GlcNAc levels of total IgG1 (gray) and IgG1 with specificity for VAR2CSA (orange), VAR6 (green), and GLURP (blue) in (a to c) pregnant Ghanaian women (Total IgG n=127; VAR2CSA n=117; VAR6 n=121; GLURP = 88), (d to f) non-pregnant Ghanaian women (Total IgG n=72; VAR2CSA n=50; VAR6 n=65; GLURP = 43), (g to i) *P. falciparum*-naïve German (n =32) and (j to l) VAR2CSA-naïve Beninese vaccinees (n = 18). Medians and densities are shown. Statistically significant pairwise differences between antigen-specific IgG and total IgG (multiple two-sided Wilcoxon signed rank tests with Bonferroni correction) are indicated (**: P<0.01; ****: P<0.0001)..



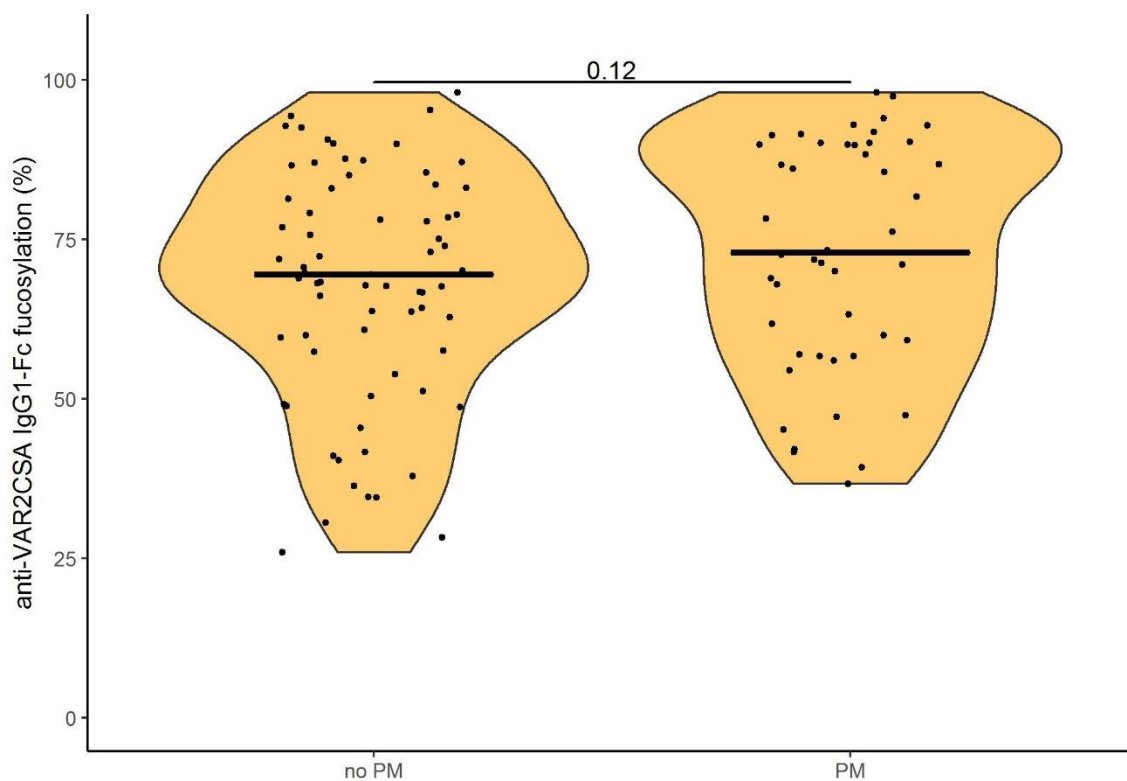
Supplementary Figure 2. Fc fucosylation of naturally acquired PfEMP1-specific IgG correlates with age

Correlations of (a) VAR2CSA- (n=117), (b) VAR6-(n=121), (c) GLURP-specific (n=88) and (d) total IgG1-Fc fucosylation levels (n=127) with age. P-values, and correlation coefficients are shown. Statistical significance of Spearman's correlations. *: $P < 0.05$; **: $P < 0.01$; ***: $P < 0.001$; ****: $P < 0.0001$.

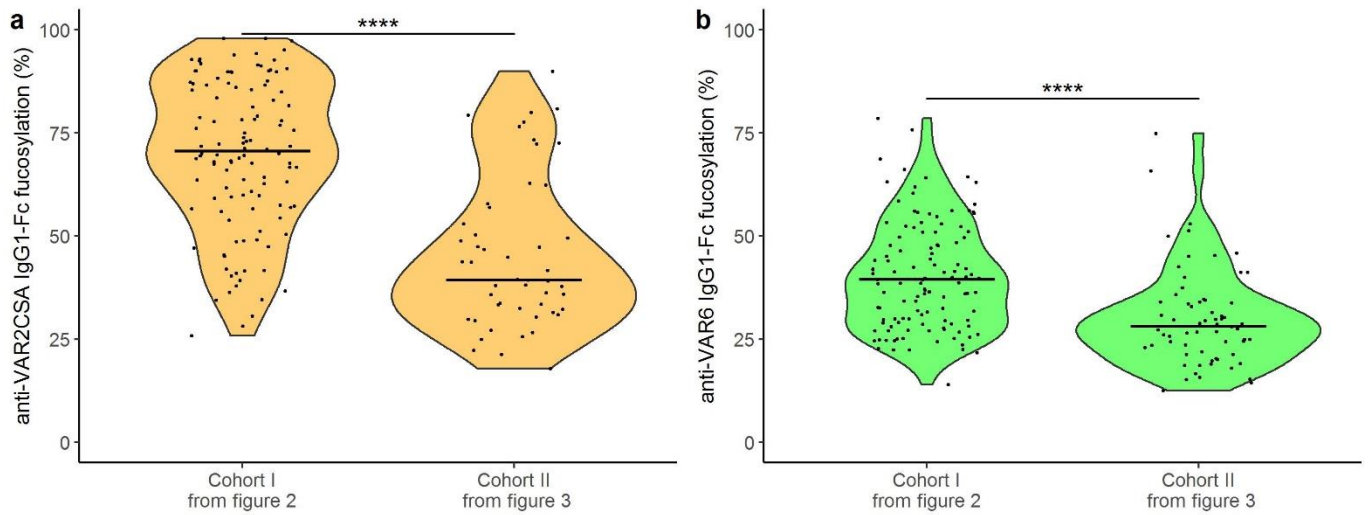


Supplementary Figure 3. No correlation between IgG levels and Fc fucosylation.

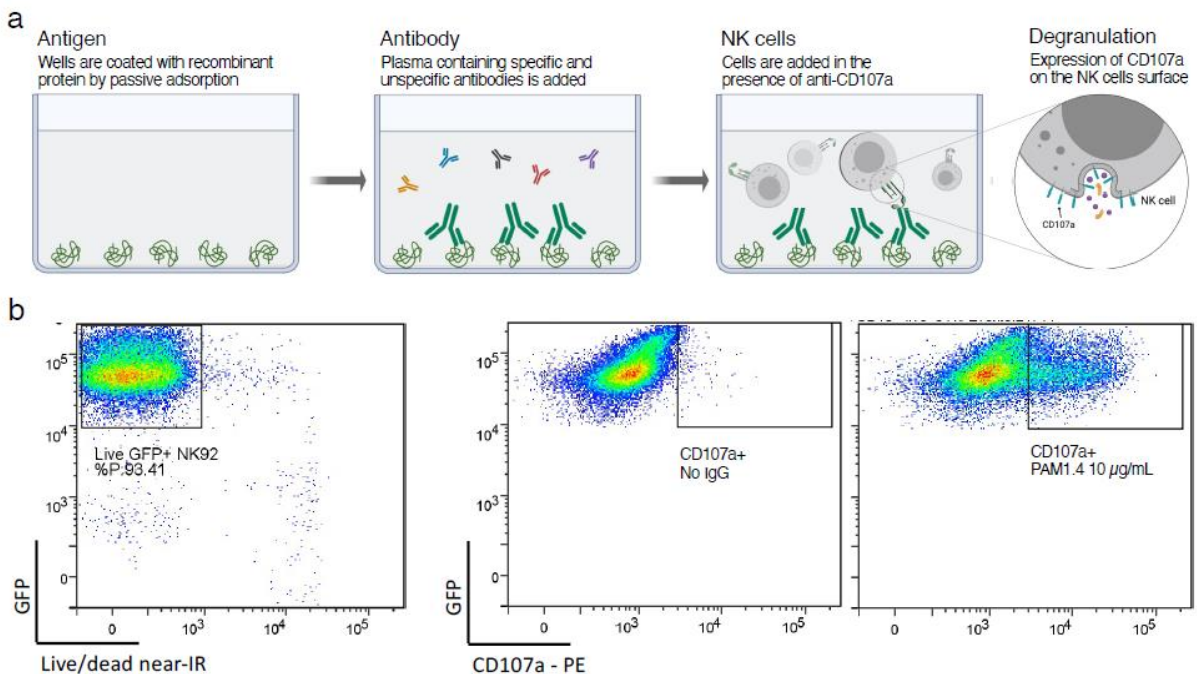
Correlations of IgG levels and Fc fucosylation of (a) VAR2CSA-(n=117), (b) VAR6-(n=121), and (c) GLURP-specific (n=88) IgG1. Spearman's coefficient and P values are shown.



Supplementary Figure 4. No PM-dependent difference in Fc fucoylation levels of VAR2CSA-specific IgG. IgG Fc fucoylation levels of VAR2CSA-specific IgG are shown for women with and without PM. Statistical significance was tested using a two-sided Mann-Whitney test. Median, P value, and density are shown.



Supplementary Figure 5. Both VAR2CSA- and VAR6-specific Fc afucosylation are more pronounced in cohort of non-pregnant Ghanaian women. (a) VAR2CSA- and (b) VAR6-specific IgG Fc fucosylation of from the cohort of pregnant women and non-pregnant women. Data are aggregated from Figures 2-3. Statistically significant differences (Mann-Whitney) are indicated (**: $P < 0.0001$).**



Supplementary Figure 6 . ADCC NK cell activation assay. (a) Schematic representation of plate-based assay. Created with Biorender.com. **(b)** Gating strategy for flow cytometry analysis. NK92 live cells expressing CD16 were gated as GFP⁺ and live/dead⁻. This population was used to estimate the percentage of NK cells expressing CD107a as a marker of ADCC. Representative dot plots of CD107a expression in the absence of antibodies (centre) or with 10 µg/mL human monoclonal anti-VAR2CSA (PAM1.4; right).

Supplementary Table 1

Prediction of maternal hemoglobin level at birth by generalized linear model

Variable	Coefficient	P value	Significance
VAR2CSA IgG1 fucosylation (%)	-0.0173	0.0713	Not significant
Placental malaria	-0.583	0.0652	Not significant
Number of parities	-0.167	0.124	Not significant

P values and statically significance of each variable defined by a Wald-test of a generalized linear model including described variables are provided.

Supplementary Table 2

Prediction of birth weight by generalized linear model

Variable	Coefficient	P value	Significance
VAR2CSA IgG1 fucosylation (%)	0.0038	0.187	Not significant
Placental malaria	-0.3271	0.0009	***
Number of parities	0.038	0.250	Not significant

P values and statically significance of each variable defined by a Wald-test of a generalized linear model including described variables are provided. (***: P<0.001)

Supplementary Table 3

Summary statistics of plasma donors studies

Cohort	Origin	Donors (N)	Women (N; %)	Age (median; inter-quartile range (in years))	Ref.
<i>P. falciparum</i> -exposed and pregnant	Ghana	127	127; 100%	24; 20-27	48
<i>P. falciparum</i> -exposed and non-pregnant women	Ghana	72	72; 100%	29; 23-38	53
Non-exposed vaccinees	Germany	36	n.a. ¹	Adults ¹	60
<i>P. falciparum</i> -exposed vaccinees	Benin	21	21; 100%	Adults ¹	(unpublished)

¹ Data not available due to blinding of the clinical trial data

Supplementary Table 4

Overview of included Fc glycopeptides

N-Glycopeptide	m/z 2+	m/z 3+	Retention time (sec)
IgG1 H3N4F1S0 [G0F]	1317.526	878.687	80
IgG1 H4N4F1S0 [G1F]	1398.552	932.704	78
IgG1 H5N4F1S0 [G2F]	1479.579	986.722	77
IgG1 H3N5F1S0 [G0FN]	1419.066	946.380	81
IgG1 H4N5F1S0 [G1FN]	1500.092	1000.398	79
IgG1 H5N5F1S0 [G2FN]	1581.119	1054.415	78
IgG1 H3N4F0S0 [G0]	1244.497	830.001	83
IgG1 H4N4F0S0 [G1]	1325.524	884.018	82
IgG1 H5N4F0S0 [G2]	1406.550	938.036	81
IgG1 H3N5F0S0 [G0N]	1346.037	897.694	83
IgG1 H4N5F0S0 [G1N]	1427.063	951.712	82
IgG1 H5N5F0S0 [G2N]	1508.090	1005.729	79
IgG1 H4N4F1S1 [G1FS]	1544.100	1029.736	77
IgG1 H5N4F1S1 [G2FS]	1625.127	1083.754	75
IgG1 H4N5F1S1 [G1FNS]	1645.640	1097.429	77
IgG1 H5N5F1S1 [G2FNS]	1726.667	1151.447	77
IgG1 H4N4F0S1 [G1S]	1471.071	981.050	80
IgG1 H5N4F0S1 [G2S]	1552.098	1035.068	79
IgG1 H4N5F0S1 [G1NS]	1572.611	1048.743	77
IgG1 H5N5F0S1 [G2NS]	1653.638	1102.7610	77
IgG1 H5N4F1S2 [G2FS2]	1770.675	1180.786	76