#### SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

## PLCγ2 regulates TREM2 signalling and integrin-mediated adhesion and migration of human iPSC-derived macrophages

Juliane Obst<sup>1,\*</sup>, Hazel L. Hall-Roberts<sup>1,2,+</sup>, Thomas B. Smith<sup>1</sup>, Mira Kreuzer<sup>3,\$</sup>, Lorenza Magno<sup>4</sup>, Elena Di Daniel<sup>1,#</sup>, John B. Davis<sup>1</sup>, Emma Mead<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Alzheimer's Research UK Oxford Drug Discovery Institute, Centre for Medicines Discovery, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; <sup>2</sup>James Martin Stem Cell Facility, Sir William Dunn School of Pathology, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; <sup>3</sup>Department of Oncology, MRC Weatherall Institute of Molecular Medicine, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; <sup>4</sup>UCL Alzheimer's Research UK, Drug Discovery Institute, London, UK; <sup>+</sup> Present address: UK Dementia Research Institute (UK DRI) at Cardiff University, Cardiff, UK, <sup>\$</sup>Present address: Institute of Pathology, University of Munich, Munich, Germany, <sup>#</sup>Present address: Astex Pharmaceuticals, Cambridge, UK

(\*) Corresponding author: Juliane Obst. Alzheimer's Research UK Oxford Drug Discovery Institute, Centre for Medicines Discovery, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK. E-mail: juliane.obst@cmd.ox.ac.uk

### Supplementary figure 1:



### Parent (BIONi010-C)

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### BIONi010-C PLCy2 Ko clone 53

# BIONi010-C PLCγ2 Ko clone 20

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### BIONi010-C PLCy2 Ko clone 93

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#### Supplementary figure 1: Generation of genetically modified iPSC lines.

[A] Two strategies were applied that lead to a premature stop of translation: Exon 1 and Intron 1 sgRNA's were used to cut out the last part of Exon 1 in *PLCG2* or Exon 1 sgRNA and a ssODN was used to insert a STOP codon in Exon 1. [B] Sequencing analysis of PLCγ2 Ko clones 20, 53 and 93. The red arrow indicates the site of the CRISPR cutting in the first allele [C] Chromosome karyograms of Parent and PLCγ2 Ko clones 20, 53 and 93 from Illumina microarray SNP analysis.

### Supplementary figure 2:



**Supplementary figure 2: Validation of PLCγ2 Ko iPSC macrophages clones 20, 53 and 93.** [A] Levels of total PLCγ2 in Parent line and Ko clones. [B] RNAscope analysis of PLCG1 transcripts in Parent vs. Ko lines.

### Supplementary figure 3:



#### Supplementary figure 3: Characterisation of the Ca2+ assay.

[A] Kinetics of calcium response to TREM2 antibody (AF1828, 5 ug/ml) in Parent and TREM2 Ko line. N=4 [B] Kinetics of calcium response to ATP (0.5 mM) in Parent and TREM2 Ko line. N=4 [C] Calcium kinetics upon stimulation with 5 ug/ml TREM2 antibody in Parent and PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko (clones 20, 53 and 93). N=3 [D] Concentration dependent inhibition of TREM2- induced calcium response using a SYK inhibitor (BIIB-057). N=3 [E] Kinetics of calcium response to ionomycin (5 uM) in Parent and PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko clones. N=2 [F] ATP- induced calcium flux in Parent and PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko clones. n=4, all data shown represent mean ± SEM.

### **Supplementary figure 4:**



Supplementary figure 4: Survival analysis of PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko clone 53 in the presence or absence of M-CSF.

Cell death under normal culture conditions (+M-CSF) after  $\ge$  7 days in the PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko clone 53 compared to the Parent. In the absence of M-CSF (-M-CSF), PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko clone 53 showed enhanced sensitivity to cell death than the Parent line. n = 3, all data shown represent mean ± SEM. two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's multiple comparison test. \* p < 0.05, \*\* p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

### Supplementary figure 5:



#### Supplementary figure 5: Effect of PLC<sub>Y</sub>2 Ko on cell spreading on fibronectin.

Fibronectin coating does not rescue cell area or cell roundness in PLC $\gamma$ 2 Ko cells. N=3, all data shown represent mean ± SEM. two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's multiple comparison test. \* p < 0.05, \*\* p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

### Supplementary figure 6:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Figure 1A (results)



### Supplementary figure 7:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Figure 2A (results)



### Supplementary figure 8:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Suppl. Figure 2



### Supplementary figure 9:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Figure 3A (results)



### Supplementary figure 10:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Figure 3F (results)



### Supplementary figure 11:

This figure shows the full original uncropped Western blot images of Figure 5E (results)

