

## Supplementary Data.

# Optimized nickase- and nuclease-based prime editing in human and mouse cells

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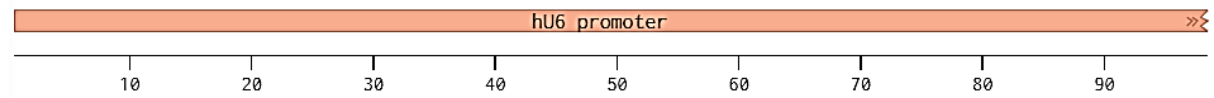
fatwa.adikusuma@adelaide.edu.au (F.A)

†Joint first authors

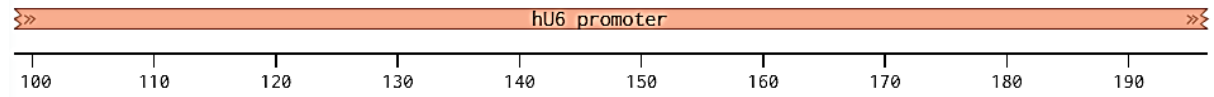
Supplementary Figure S1. Sequence view of hU6-pegRNA and hU6-gRNA (second-nick) cassettes and the golden gate cloning sites in PEA1 construct.

### Benchling sequence view of hU6-pegRNA cassette of PEA1

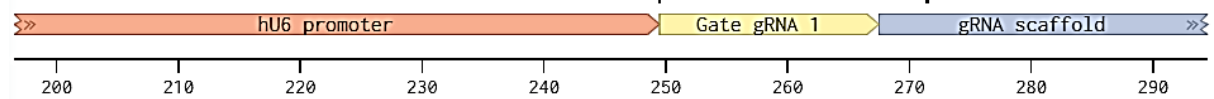
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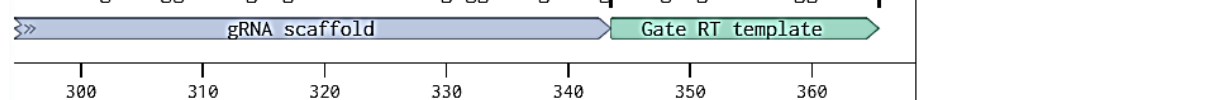
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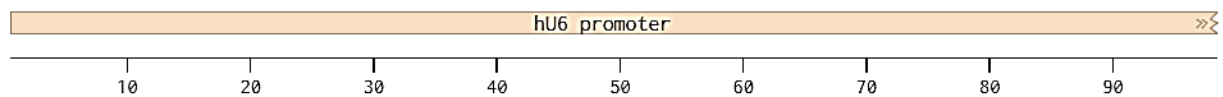


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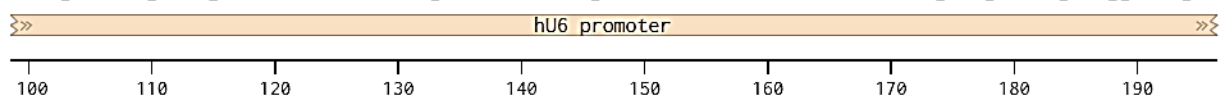


### Benchling sequence view of hU6-gRNA (second-nick) cassette of PEA1

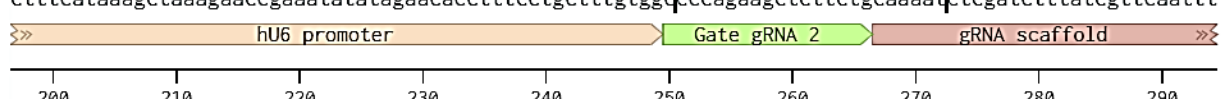
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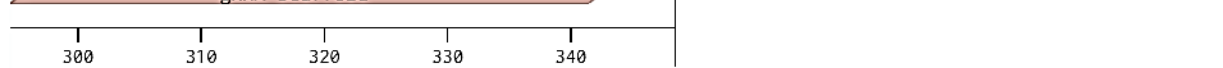
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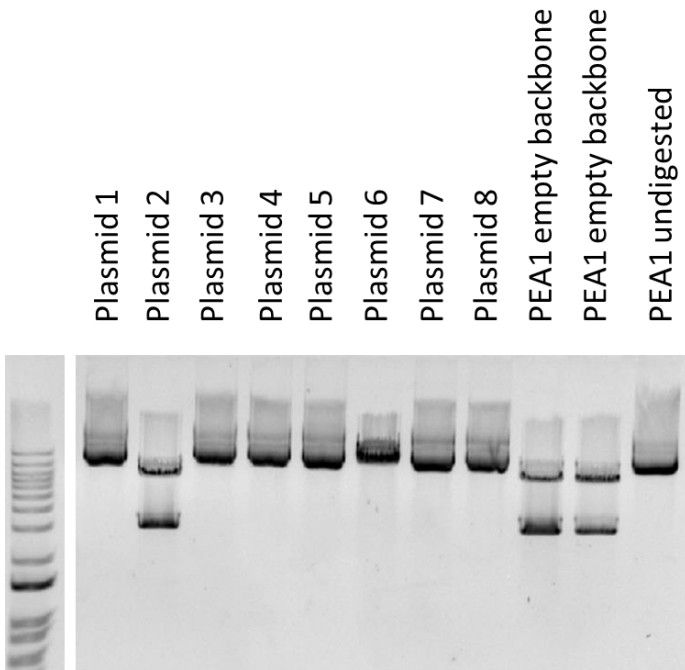
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ataaggctagtcggttatcaactgaaaaagtgccaccgagtcggtgctttttt  
tattccgatcaggcaatagtgaacttttaccgtggctcagccagaaaaa



Supplementary Figure S2. Example of Bbs1 check digest of plasmids resulting from one-step digestion-ligation cloning to generate PEA1-Puro *VEGFA* +4 C ins. All plasmids except for plasmid 2 and plasmid 6 had complete integration of the oligo pairs. Plasmid 6 seemed to lack one pair of oligo duplex integration and therefore could be digested and produced linear plasmid.



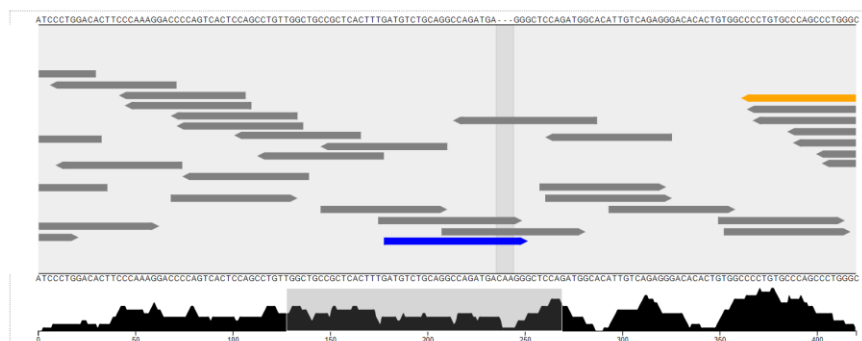
Supplementary Figure S3. Prime Editing Target Locator (PETAL) – an online tool for designing prime editing applications. As input, PETAL takes the target sequence to be edited (top) as well as the final edited sequence (bottom, new inserted sequence highlighted in blue). PETAL identifies all valid guide sequences within the target sequence (top, edited sequence highlighted in dark grey). Users are then able to select the desired pegRNA (blue) and Second Nick (yellow) sequences. PETAL then provides the necessary oligo sequences for both gRNA's as well as those required for the template strand (bottom). The density plot enables users to zoom into the regions of interest.

PETaL - Prime Editing Target Locator  
A NEW PRIME EDITING TOOL

Wild-Type Sequence  
 CTCACAGTGCATACGTGGGCTCCAACAGGTCTCTTCCCTCCAGTCACTGACTAACCCGGAAACCACACAGCTTCCCGTCTCAGCTCCACAACTTGGTCCAAATCTTCTCCCTGGGAAGCATCCCTGGACACTCCCAAAGGACCCAGTCACCTCCAGCTGTTGGCTGCCGCTCACTTTGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGAGGGCTCCAGATGG  
 CACATTTGCAGAGGGACACACTGTGGCCCTGTGCCAGCCCTGGGCTCTGTACATGAAGCAACTCCAGTCCCAAATATGTAGCTGTTTGGGAGGTCAGAAATAGGGGGTCCAGGAGCAAACCTCCCCCAACCCCTTTCCAAAGCCATTCCCTCTTTAGCCAGAGCCGGGGTGTGCAGACGGCAGTCACTAGGG

Edited Sequence  
 CTCACAGTGCATACGTGGGCTCCAACAGGTCTCTTCCCTCCAGTCACTGACTAACCCGGAAACCACACAGCTTCCCGTCTCAGCTCCACAACTTGGTCCAAATCTTCTCCCTGGGAAGCATCCCTGGACACTCCCAAAGGACCCAGTCACCTCCAGCTGTTGGCTGCCGCTCACTTTGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGACAAGGGCTCCAG  
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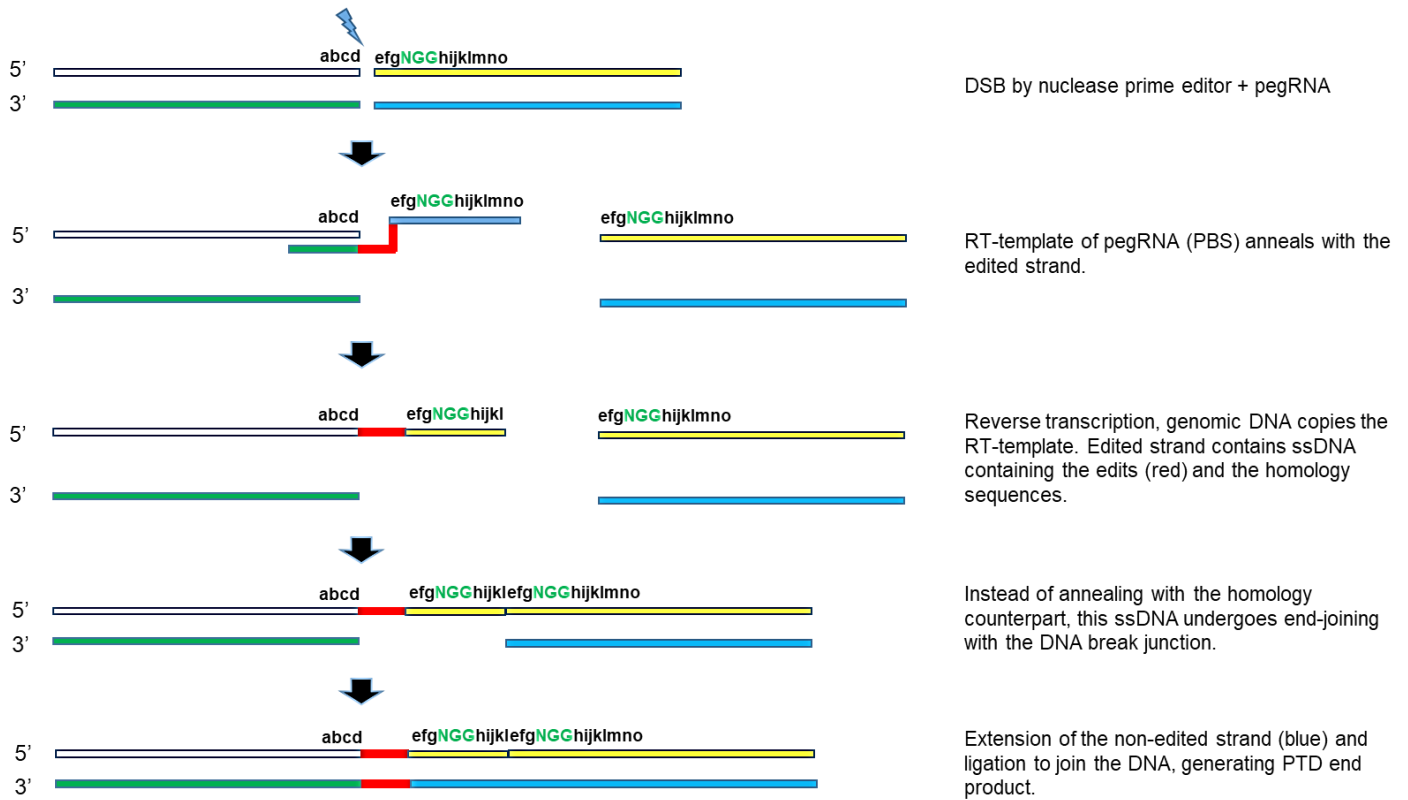
Submit



Target Selection and Oligos:

Guide Type	Name	Sequence
pegRNA	Guide	GATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA
pegRNA	Oligo #1	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA
pegRNA	Oligo #2	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC
Second Nick	Guide	gAGAGCCCAGGGCTGGGCACA
Second Nick	Oligo #1	taaaacTGTGCCCAACCCCTGGGCTCT
Second Nick	Oligo #2	accgAGAGCCCAGGGCTGGGCACAgt
Template	Guide	CATCTGGAGCCCTTGTATCTGGCCTGC
Template	Oligo #1	gtgcATCTGGAGCCCTTGTATCTGGCCTGC
Template	Oligo #2	aaaaGCAGGCCAGATGACAAGGGCTCCAGATG

## Supplementary Figure S4. Mechanism of partial template duplication (PTD) events.



DSB by nuclease prime editor + pegRNA

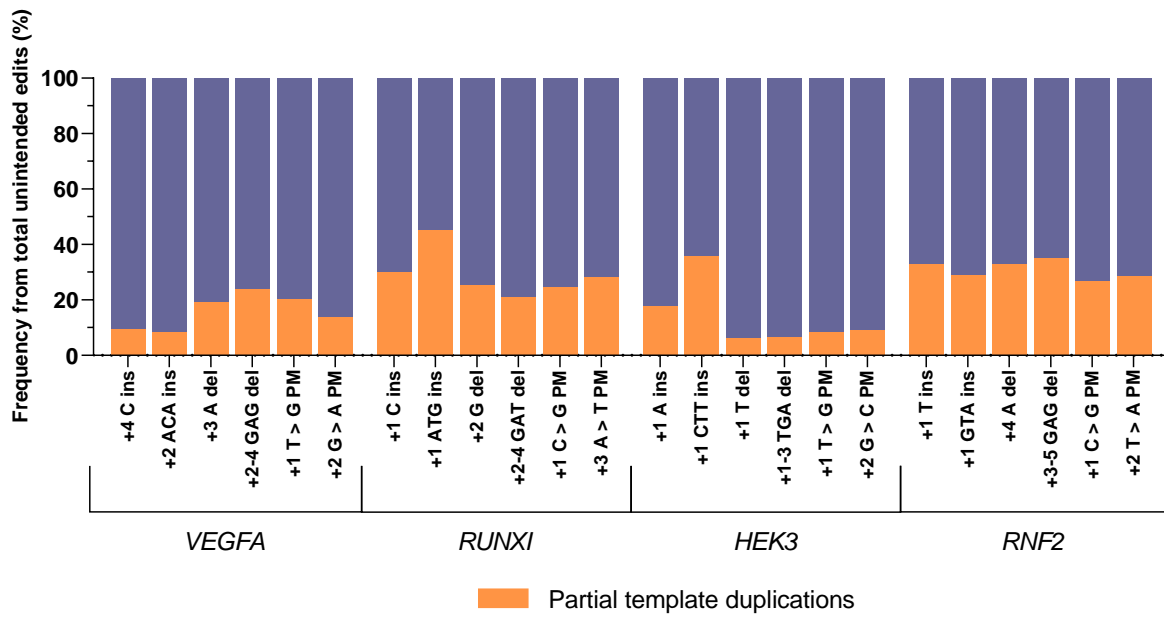
RT-template of pegRNA (PBS) anneals with the edited strand.

Reverse transcription, genomic DNA copies the RT-template. Edited strand contains ssDNA containing the edits (red) and the homology sequences.

Instead of annealing with the homology counterpart, this ssDNA undergoes end-joining with the DNA break junction.

Extension of the non-edited strand (blue) and ligation to join the DNA, generating PTD end product.

Supplementary Figure S5. Partial template duplications were also observed as unintended editing outcomes of PE3 in HEK293T cells.



Supplementary Figure S6. Examples of edits found in mouse ES cells targeted with PEA1-Nuc Col12a1 +2 A to C that indicate re-cutting events after prime editing events.

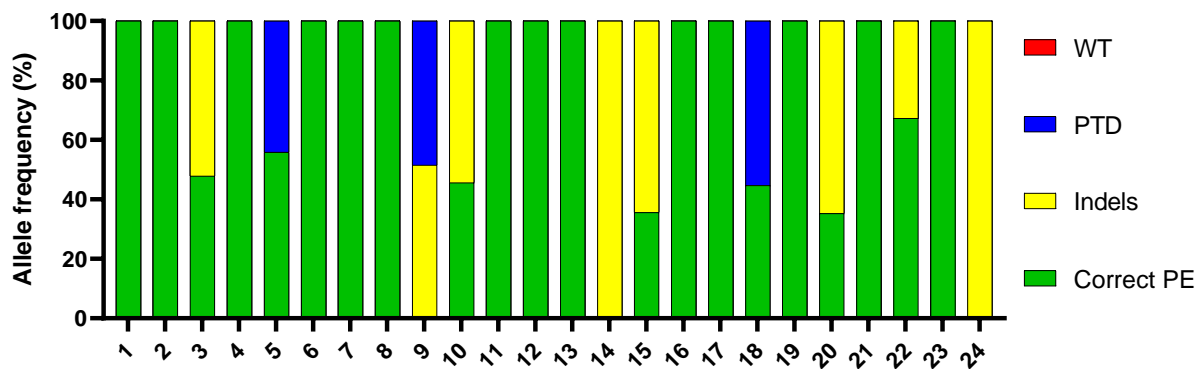
TTGCCCTGATTAAACCTATTGGAAGAGCTTGACTTCCATGGTCCACAATGGGTCCATTATGTGCTGGGCTGGGCCCTGTTGTTTTAT/	14.37% (n=3)
 TTGCCCTGATTAAACCTATTGGAAGAGCTTGACTT-----CCATGGGTCCATTATGTGCTGGGCTGGGCCCTGTTGTTTTAT/	

TTGCCCTGATTAAACCTATTGGAAGAGCTTGACTTCCATGGTCCACAATGGGTCCATTATGTGCTGGGCTGGGCCCTGTTGTTTTAT/	2.77% (n=3)
 TTGCCCTGATTAAACCTATTGGAAGAGCTTGACTTCCATGGT---CCATGGGTCCATTATGTGCTGGGCTGGGCCCTGTTGTTTTAT/	

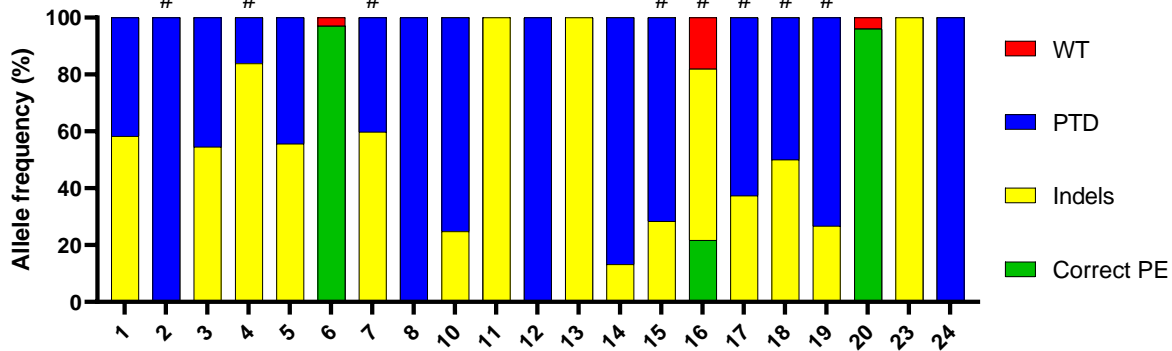
Supplementary Figure S7. Frequency of PE, indels, PTD and WT alleles in individual mice generated by nuclease prime editor.

# indicates 3 or more different alleles were detected in this individual mouse.  
 Alleles with 2 or more bp non-correct insertions were classified as PTDs.

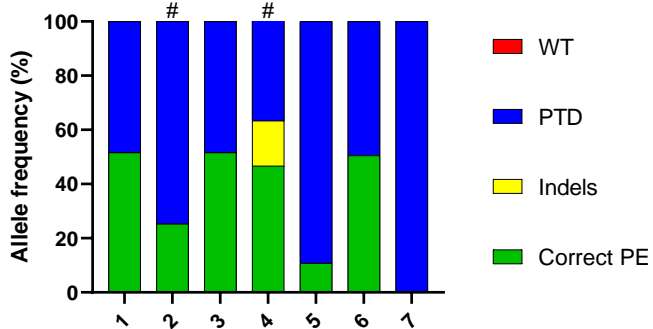
PE-Nuc mice *Chd2* +1 CTC ins



PE-Nuc mice *Chd2* +5 G to C

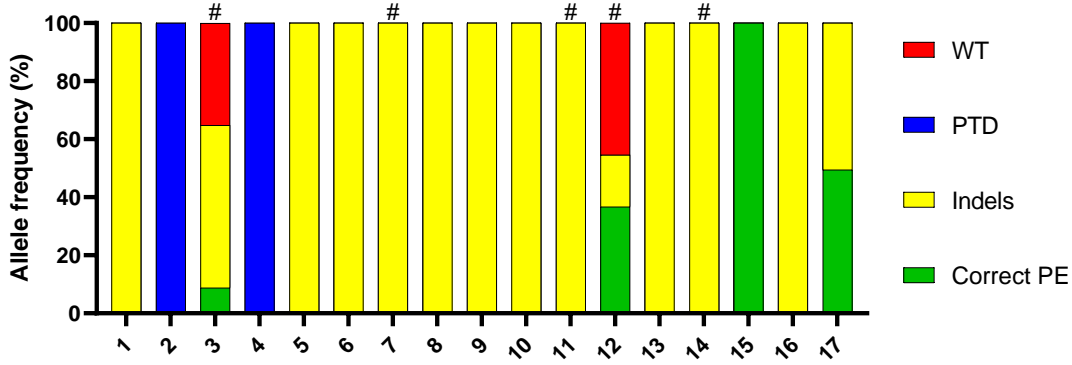


PE-Nuc mice *Col12a1* +1 GTG ins

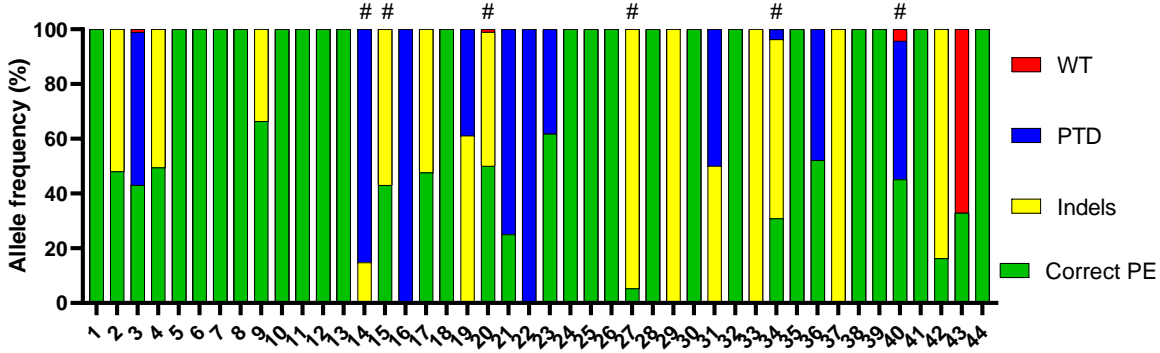




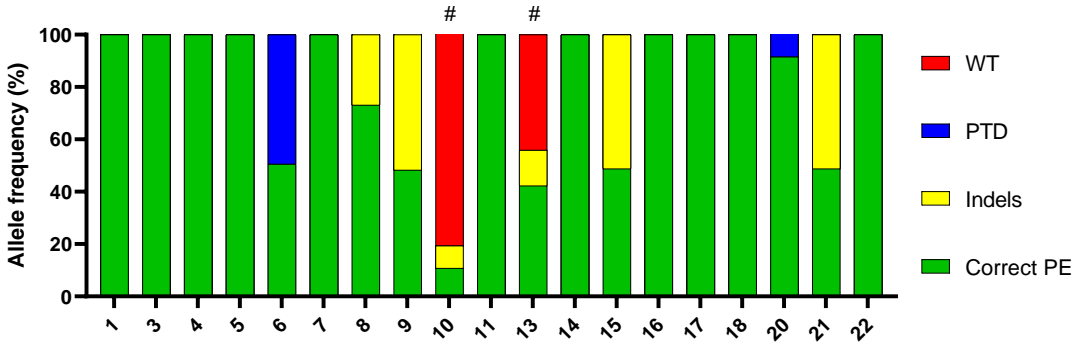
PE-Nuc mice *Col12a1* +2 A to C



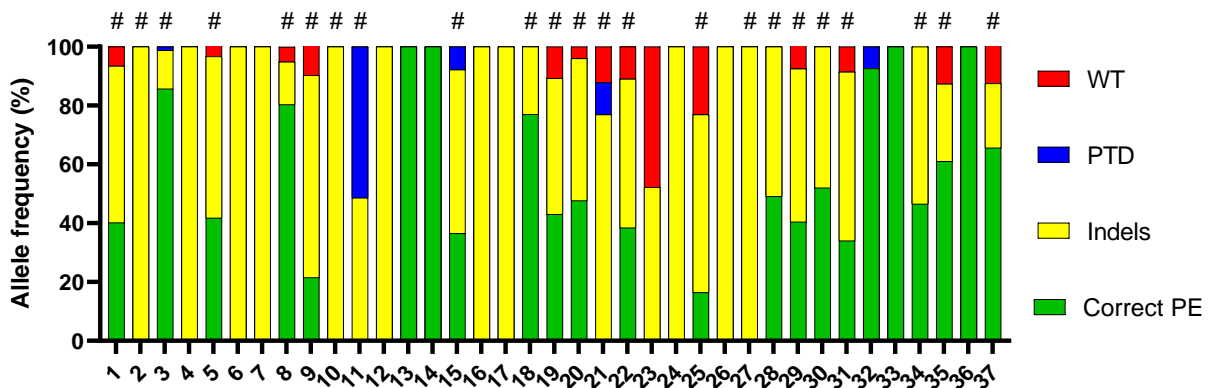
PE-Nuc mice *Col12a1* +1-3 CAA to ACC



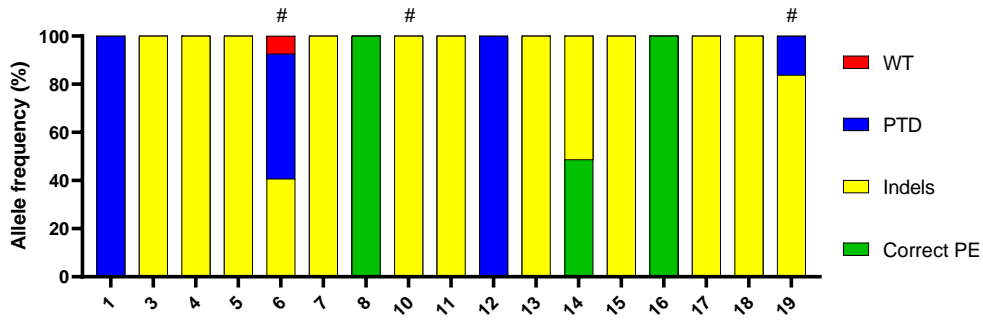
PE-Nuc mice *Tyr* +1 TGT ins



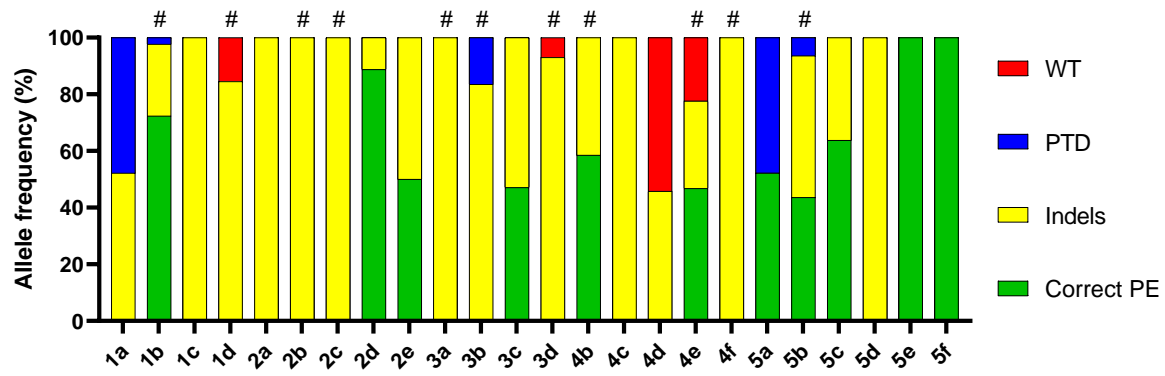
PE-Nuc mice *Tyr* +6 G to A



PE-Nuc mice *Tyr* HA Tag



PE-Nuc mice *Cftr* delF508



Supplementary Table S1. Oligo lists to generate the PEA1 targeting constructs.

PEA1 targeting construct	Oligo pair 1 (gRNA)	Oligo pair 2 (repair template)	Oligo pair 3 (second-nick gRNA)
<i>HEK3</i> +1 A ins	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTCTGCCATCATCGTGCTCAGTCTG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGATGATGGCAGA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>HEK3</i> +1 CTT ins	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTCTGCCATCAAAGCGTGCTCATGTCTG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGCTTTGATGGCAGA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>HEK3</i> +1 T del	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTCTGCCATCCGTGCTCAGTCTG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGGATGGCAGA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>HEK3</i> +1-3 TGA del	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTGGAGGAAGCAGGGCTTCCTTTCCTCTGCCACGTGCTCAGTCTG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGTGGCAGAGGAAAGGAAGCCCTGCTTCCTCCA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>HEK3</i> +1 T to G PM	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTCTGCCATCCCGTGCTCAGTCG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGGGATGGCAGA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>HEK3</i> +2 G to C	cacc <u>GGCCCAGACTGAGCACGTGA</u>	gtgcTCTGCCATGACGTGCTCAGTCG	accgTCAACCAGTATCCCGGTGCgt
	aaacTCACGTGCTCAGTCTGGGCC	aaaaCAGACTGAGCACGTCATGGCAGA	taaaacGCACCGGGATACTGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +1 T ins	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACCTCAGAGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACTCTGAGGTGTTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +1 GTA ins	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACCTCAGTACGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACGTAAGGTGTTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +4 A del	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACCCAGGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACCTGGGTGTTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +3-5 GAG del	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACAGGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACCTGTGTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +1 C to G	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACCTCACGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACGTGAGGTGTTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RNF2</i> +2 T to A	cacc <u>GTCATCTTAGTCATTACCTG</u>	gtgcAACGAACACCTCTGGTAATGACTAAGATG	accgTCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATgt
	aaacCAGGTAATGACTAAGATGAC	aaaaCATCTTAGTCATTACCAGAGGTGTTTCGTT	taaaacATGTTTTGCTTAATGGTTGA
<i>RUNX1</i> +1 C ins	cacc <u>GCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA</u>	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCATCGGCTTCCCTCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGAgt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCCGATGGCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT
<i>RUNX1</i> +1 ATG ins	cacc <u>GCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA</u>	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCATCCATGCTTCTCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGAgt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCATGGATGGCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT
<i>RUNX1</i> +2 G del	cacc <u>GCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA</u>	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCATGCTTCTCTCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGAgt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCATGGCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT
<i>RUNX1</i> +2-4 GAT del	cacc <u>GCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA</u>	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCGCTTCTCTCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGAgt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT
<i>RUNX1</i> +1 C to G	cacc <u>GCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA</u>	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCATCCCTTCTCTCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGAgt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGGGATGGCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT

<i>RUNX1</i> +3 A to T	caccGCATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGA	gtgcTGTCTGAAGCCAACGCTTCCT CCTGAAAAT	accgATGAAGCACTGTGGGTACGA gt
	aaacTCGCTTCCTCCTGAAAATGC	aaaaATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGTTG GCTTCAGACA	taaaacTCGTACCCACAGTGCTTCAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +4 C ins	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCGCT CATCTGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGATGAGCGG CTCCAGATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +2 ACA ins	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCCTT GTCATCTGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGATGACAAG GGCTCCAGATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +3 A del	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCCCA TCTGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGATGGGGCT CCAGATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +2-4 GAG del	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCATC TGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGATGGCTCCA GATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +1 T to G	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCCTC CTCTGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGAGGAGGGC TCCAGATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>VEGFA</i> +2 G to A	caccGATGTCTGCAGGCCAGATGA	gtgcAATGTGCCATCTGGAGCCCTT ATCTGGCCTGCAGA	accgATGTACAGAGAGCCCAGGGC gt
	aaacTCATCTGGCCTGCAGACATC	aaaaTCTGCAGGCCAGATAAGGGC TCCAGATGGCATT	taaaacGCCCTGGGCTCTCTGTACAT
<i>Chd2</i> +1 CTC ins	caccGCGGTAGCTCCCAGAACGGT	gtgcGATGCCACCgagGTTCTGGGA GCTA	accgACCATCAGTATGAGCAGCATg t
	aaacACCGTTCTGGGAGCTACCGC	aaaaTAGTCTCCCAGAACcctGGTGGG CATC	taaaacATGCTGCTCATACTGATGGT
<i>Chd2</i> +5 G to C	caccGCGGTAGCTCCCAGAACGGT	gtgcGATGCgCACCGTTCTGGGAGC TA	accgACCATCAGTATGAGCAGCATg t
	aaacACCGTTCTGGGAGCTACCGC	aaaaTAGTCTCCCAGAACGGTGcGCA TC	taaaacATGCTGCTCATACTGATGGT
<i>Coll2a1</i> +1 GTG ins	caccGACTTCCATGGTTCCACAA	gtgcAATGGACCCATTGcacTGGAAC CATGGAA	accgCCTGAGCAGGCCACGAACAgt
	aaacTTGTGGAACCATGGAAGTC	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCAgtgCAATGG GTCCATT	taaaacTGTTCTGGCCTGCTCAGG
<i>Coll2a1</i> +2 A to C	caccGACTTCCATGGTTCCACAA	gtgcAATGGACCCATgGTGGAACCA TGGAA	accgCCTGAGCAGGCCACGAACAgt
	aaacTTGTGGAACCATGGAAGTC	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCACcATGGGT CCATT	taaaacTGTTCTGGCCTGCTCAGG
<i>Coll2a1</i> +1-3 CAA to ACC	caccGACTTCCATGGTTCCACAA	gtgcAATGGACCCAggtTGGAAACCAT GGAA	accgGGCAGCGCGGCTATCGTGGCg t
	aaacTTGTGGAACCATGGAAGTC	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCAaccTGGGT CATT	taaaacGCCACGATAGCCGCGCTGC C
<i>Tyr</i> +1 TGT ins	caccGCAAAAAGAATGCTGCCACC A	gtgcATCACCCATCCATGGacaTGGG CAGCATTCT	accgCACTGGACAGAAGGATATCC gt
	aaacTGGTGGGAGCATTCTTTTGC	aaaaAGAATGCTGCCCCAtgtCCATGG ATGGGTGAT	taaaacGGATATCCTTCTGTCCAGTG
<i>Tyr</i> +6 G to A	caccGCAAAAAGAATGCTGCCACC A	gtgcATCACCCATtCATGGTGGGCA GCATTCT	accgCACTGGACAGAAGGATATCC gt
	aaacTGGTGGGAGCATTCTTTTGC	aaaaAGAATGCTGCCCCACCATGaAT GGGTGAT	taaaacGGATATCCTTCTGTCCAGTG
<i>Tyr</i> HA-Tag	caccGTTTCCTAGGATGTTACAGAA	gtgcTCAGAGCCATCTgTACCCATA CGATGTTCCAGATTACGCTtaaGTG AACATCCTAG	accgGGCAGCGCGGCTATCGTGGCg t
	aaacTCTGTGAACATCCTAGGAAAC	aaaaCTAGGATGTTACttaaAGCGTA ATCTGGAACATCGTATGGGTAcA GATGGCTCTGA	taaaacGCCACGATAGCCGCGCTGC C
<i>Mixl1</i> +1 CTT ins (Nick +48)	caccGCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC A	gtgcTCCGACAGACCATGTaaGACCC AGACATCCAC	accgCAAGCGCACGTCGTTACAGCTg t
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTcttACATG GTCTGTCCGA	taaaacAGCTGAACGACGTGCGCTT G
<i>Mixl1</i> +1 A to G (Nick +48)	caccGCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC A	gtgcTCCGACAGACCATGcACCCAG ACATCCAC	accgCAAGCGCACGTCGTTACAGCTg t
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTgCATGGT CTGTCCGA	taaaacAGCTGAACGACGTGCGCTT G
<i>Mixl1</i> +1-3 ACA del (Nick +48)	caccGCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC A	gtgcTCCGACAGACCAACCCAGAC ATCCAC	accgCAAGCGCACGTCGTTACAGCTg t
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTTGGTCTG TCGGA	taaaacAGCTGAACGACGTGCGCTT G

<i>Mixl1</i> +1 CTT ins (Nick -60)	cacc <u>GCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC</u> <u>A</u>	gtgcTCCGACAGACCATGTaagACCC AGACATCCAC	accgCTACCCGAGTCCAGGATCCgt
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTcttACATG GTCTGTCGGA	taaaacGGATCCTGGACTCGGGTAG
<i>Mixl1</i> +1 A to G (Nick -60)	cacc <u>GCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC</u> <u>A</u>	gtgcTCCGACAGACCATGcACCCAG ACATCCAC	accgCTACCCGAGTCCAGGATCCgt
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTgCATGGT CTGTCGGA	taaaacGGATCCTGGACTCGGGTAG
<i>Mixl1</i> +1-3 ACA del (Nick -60)	cacc <u>GCAAGTGGATGTCTGGGTAC</u> <u>A</u>	gtgcTCCGACAGACCAACCCAGAC ATCCAC	accgCTACCCGAGTCCAGGATCCgt
	aaacTGTACCCAGACATCCACTTGC	aaaaGTGGATGTCTGGGTTGGTCTG TCGGA	taaaacGGATCCTGGACTCGGGTAG
<i>EphB2</i> loxP site 1 (R)	cacc <u>G</u> CCATGGTCTCAGGTAATAGC	gtgcTTGTCTCAGCTCCTGCTATAA CTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGA AGTTATcaattgATTACCTGAGACCA	accgAGAGAAAGATGAGACTGGAg
	aaacGCTATTACCTGAGACCATGGC	aaaaTGGTCTCAGGTAATcaattgATA ACTTCGTATAGCATAACATTATAC GAAGTTATAGCAGGAGCTGAGAC AA	taaaacTCCAGTCTCATCTTTCTCT
<i>EphB2</i> loxP site 2 (L2)	cacc <u>G</u> CAGTCACTCTGTAA ACCCTG	gtgcGAAGAGCGCGACCCAGATA ACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACG AAGTTATgatacGGTTACAGAGTG A	accgAGTATGGAGCAGAGAGGCTgt
	aaacCAGGGTTTACAGAGT GACTGC	aaaaTCACTCTGTAAACCgatacATA ACTTCGTATAGCATAACATTATAC GAAGTTATCTGGGGTCGCGCTCT TC	taaaacAGCCTCTCTGCTCCATACT
<i>EphB2</i> loxP site 3 (L3)	cacc <u>G</u> CCAAGAGCCTAGG CAATCGT	gtgcAGAGGTAGACTCCCACGATA ACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACG AAGTTATgatacATTGCCTAGGCTC T	accgCCACTCCACCAGTAAAGAAA gt
	aaacACGATTGCCTAGGCT CTTGGC	aaaaAGAGCCTAGGCAATgatacATA ACTTCGTATAGCATAACATTATAC GAAGTTATCGTGGGAGTCTACCT CT	taaaacTTTCTTTACTGGTGGAGTGG
<i>Cfr</i> +1-3 CTT del	caccATCAAAGAAAATATCATCTT	gtgcATCATAGGAAACACCAATGA TATTTCTTTG	accgGGCAGCGCGGCTATCGTGGCg
	aaacAAGATGATATTTTCTTTGAT	aaaaCAAAGAAAATATCATTGGTG TTCCCTATGAT	taaaacGCCACGATAGCCGCGCTGC C

gRNA sequences are underlined. Red highlight indicates extra G was added to the gRNA sequences. Oligo pair 3 for PEA1-Nuc targeting constructs used a sham targeting oligos which are the same oligos highlighted in blue).

Supplementary Table S2. Primers to generate IVT template of pegRNAs for mouse zygote injections.

Target	Forward primer	Reverse primer
Chd2 +1 CTC ins	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGGCGGTAGCTCCCAGAA CGGT	aaaaTAGCTCCCAGAACctcGGTGGGCATC
Chd2 +5 G to C	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGGCGGTAGCTCCCAGAA CGGT	aaaaTAGCTCCCAGAACGGTGcGCATC
Col12a1 +1 GTG ins	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGTGACTTCCATGGTTCC ACAA	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCAgtgCAATGGGTCCATT
Col12a1 +2 A to C	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGTGACTTCCATGGTTCC ACAA	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCACcATGGGTCCATT
Col12a1 +1-3 CAA to ACC	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGTGACTTCCATGGTTCC ACAA	aaaaTTCCATGGTTCCAaccTGGGTCCATT
Tyr +1 TGT ins	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGCAAAAGAATGCTGCCC ACCA	aaaaAGAATGCTGCCCAtgtCCATGGATGGGTGAT
Tyr +6 G to A	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGCAAAAGAATGCTGCCC ACCA	aaaaAGAATGCTGCCcACCATGaATGGGTGAT
Tyr HA-Tag	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGTTTCCTAGGATGTTC CAGA	aaaaCTAGGATGTTcACttaAGCGTAATCTGGAACATC GTATGGGTAcAGATGGCTCTGA
Cftr +1-3 CTT del	TTAATACGACTCACTATAGATCAAAGAAAATATCA TCTT	aaaaCAAAGAAAATATCATTGGTGTTCCTATGAT

T7 promoter sequences are highlighted in green. The reverse primers are the same as the bottom primers used for oligo pair 2 for generating PEA1 targeting constructs.

Supplementary Table S3. List of PCR primers for sequencing.

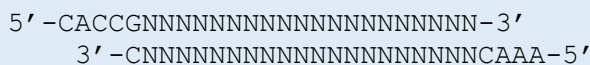
Target sites	Forward	Reverse
<i>HEK3</i>	GGGAAACGCCCATGCAATTA	CAGAGATCAACCAGATTACCCCA
<i>RNF2</i>	ACGTAGGAATTTTGGTGGGACA	ACAGATGTAGCACCAACCATGGA
<i>RUNX1</i>	AGAGAGATGTAGGGCTAGAGGG	CACTTGACAAAGTTCTCACGC
<i>VEGFA</i>	CTCCACAGTGCATACGTGGG	CCCTAGTGACTGCCGTCTG
<i>Chd2</i>	CTTGACAGATCGAGGAGACTGG	CTCTCCTGCATCCTCAGGCT
<i>Col12a1</i>	CAGTATGAAGTCATGTGCGGTC	CAATGGAAGACAGGAGTAGGGC
<i>Tyr</i>	GTCTGTGACACTCATTAACTATTGGTGC	TCAACTGCGGAAACTGTAAGTTTGGA
<i>Tyr</i> -HA Tag	GGAGCTGTTATTGCTGCAGCTC	ACCAGCTCAATTAGTTGTAAGAGG
<i>Mixl1</i>	CCGCTTTCCCCATCTTCC	GACTTCCCAGCACCTCCACT
<i>EphB2</i> LoxP site 1	AGGTAGGCACCACCATGATC	AGGCTGGCATGGGTTAGTTC
<i>EphB2</i> LoxP site 1	GACCACTCCACCAGTAAAGAAAGG	CAAGCAGGATATGAGGGAGCAG
<i>EphB2</i> LoxP site 1	GGCAGGTGGATCTCTGAGTTTG	CCACCTGTGCTATCTATCAGTCA
<i>Cftr</i>	TCACAGCAATTTAAGTAGGGGC	GGGATGATACCGTCCATCTTGG

For NGS PCRs, primers contain Nextera adapter sequences at the 5' end. The adapter sequences for the forward primer are TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG. The adapter sequences for the reverse primer are GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG.

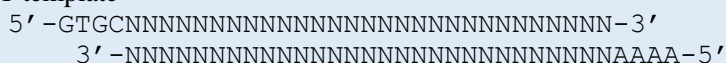
Supplementary Note S1. One-step digestion-ligation protocol using PEA1 to generate PE targeting constructs.

Oligos for guide and RT template insertion into plasmid need to be of the following form :

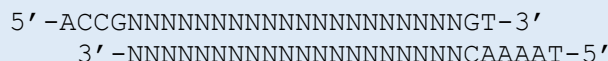
pegRNA guide:



pegRNA RT template



Second-nick guide



If the first N on the top strand for each guide is a G, it should be excluded.

- ❓ For the guides, the N's (typically 20 bases) in the two top strands comprise the guide sequence, which target the identical gRNA binding sequences followed by PAMs in the genomic DNA.
- ❓ The overhangs allow the oligos to bind the complementary overhanging DNA at the cut sites in the plasmid created by *BbsI* digestion.
- ❓ The U6 promoter is more efficient if it starts transcription with a G, this is the reason for the extra G/C in the first pair of oligos, this doubles as the first base in the guide which is why it should be excluded if the guide starts with a G. The G is also present as part of the overhang in the second pair of oligos.
- ❓ The extra GT/CA in the second pair of oligos completes the gRNA scaffold.

1. Mix the following reagents in a **PCR tube** for each of the two inserts:

Reagent	Amount
MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	6.5 μL
NEB T4 DNA Ligase Buffer with 10 mM ATP (10x)	1 μL
top oligo (100 μM)	1 μL
bottom oligo (100 μM)	1 μL
NEB T4 PNK (10 U/μL)	0.5 μL
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 μL</b>

2. Place each mixtures in thermocycler with the following parameters:

<b>1</b>	37 °C	30 min
<b>2</b>	95 °C	5 min
<b>3</b>	Ramp to 25 °C @ 0.1 °C/s	∞

3. Dilute the 3 sets of phospho-annealed oligos 1:250 with **MQ H<sub>2</sub>O** in a **1.5 mL tube**.

Reagent	Amount
MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	249 μL
phospho-annealed oligo	1 μL
<b>Total</b>	<b>250 μL</b>



4. Mix the following reagents in a PCR tube:

Reagent	Amount
MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	10 $\mu$ L
PEA1 empty plasmid (100 ng/ $\mu$ L)	1 $\mu$ L
phospho-annealed oligo pair 1 (1:250)	1 $\mu$ L
phospho-annealed oligo pair 2 (1:250)	1 $\mu$ L
phospho-annealed oligo pair 3 (1:250)	1 $\mu$ L
NEBuffer 2.1 (10x)	2 $\mu$ L
DTT (10 mM)	1 $\mu$ L
ATP (10 mM)	1 $\mu$ L
NEB <i>Bbs</i> I (5 U/ $\mu$ L)	1 $\mu$ L
T4 DNA Ligase (400 U/ $\mu$ L)	1 $\mu$ L
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 <math>\mu</math>L</b>

Note: We showed that removing NEBuffer 2.1, DTT, ATP components and replacing it with 2 ul of 10x T4 Ligase Buffer (add extra MQ to reach total volume of 20 ul) could lead to successful reaction.

5. Place in thermocycler with the following parameters:

<b>1</b>	37 °C	5 min
<b>2</b>	16 °C	5 min
<b>3</b>	Go to step 1	5 times

6. Transform to competent cells.

Recommended: Incubating the reaction overnight at 4 C before transformation could lead to higher number of colonies.

7. Check digest using *Bbs*I. Plasmids with complete integrations remain circular.

8. Sequence verify using primers GGTTTCGCCACCTCTGACTTG and CACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATA.

## Supplementary Note S2. Generation of pegRNA protocol.

Kit: NEB HiScribe™ T7 Quick High Yield RNA Synthesis.

**i** T7 guide primer for PCR of gRNA oligo needs to be of the following form:  
 $5' - \text{TTAATACGACTCACTATAGNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN} - 3'$

Where the N's are identical to your specific guide.

**i** Reverse primer for PCR of gRNA oligo needs to be:  
 $5' - \text{AAAANNN} - 3'$

Where the N's are the RT template sequence.

This oligos are the same oligos used for RT template bottom oligos in the digestion-ligation protocol.

1. Generate the relevant PEA1 targeting plasmid (miniprep)
2. Mix the following master mix reagents in a **1.5 mL tube** and aliquot into 6 **PCR tubes**:

Reagent	Amount	6x MM
MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	12.3 μL	73.8 μL
NEB Phusion HF Reaction Buffer (5x)	4 μL	24 μL
T7 guide primer (10 μM)	1 μL	6 μL
Reverse primer (10 μM)	1 μL	6 μL
NTP Mix (10 mM)	0.5 μL	3 μL
NEB Phusion HF DNA Polymerase (2 U/μL)	0.2 μL	1.2 μL
1 μL PEA1 targeting plasmid (~1-3 ng/μL)	1	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>20 μL</b>	<b>120 μL</b>

3. Place the tubes in a thermocycler with the following parameters:

<b>1</b>	98 °C	3 min
<b>2</b>	98 °C	15 s
<b>3</b>	60 °C	20 s
<b>4</b>	72 °C	15 s
<b>5</b>	Go to step 2	32 times
<b>6</b>	72 °C	5 min
<b>7</b>	4 °C	∞

4. Make a 1% agarose gel and run 5 μL of the PCR products

**?** Testing the plasmid has the correct insert.

**→** Band should be present at ~100 bp.

5. Combine all PCR reactions and perform **Qiagen PCR Purification** in a single column.
6. Use NanoDrop to measure concentration of DNA.

**?** Confirms the DNA is still present.

7. Perform IVT by mixing the following reagents in a **PCR tube**:

Reagent	Amount
Nuclease-free MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	up to 40 μL
NEB NTP Buffer Mix (20 mM)	20 μL
Purified PCR product	~1000 ng
NEB T7 RNA Polymerase Mix	4 μL
<b>Total</b>	<b>~40 μL</b>

Note: half reaction (total 20 ul) is also possible.

8. Incubate O/N @ 37 °C in thermocycler.

Note: 3 hours is also possible.

9. Transfer 2  $\mu\text{L}$  to **PCR tube** for testing later.

10. Mix the following reagents in a **PCR tube**:

Reagent	Amount
Nuclease-free MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	60 $\mu\text{L}$
IVT gRNA product	40 $\mu\text{L}$
NEB DNase I (RNase-free) (2 U/ $\mu\text{L}$ )	4 $\mu\text{L}$
<b>Total</b>	<b>104 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></b>

? Degrades DNA.

⌚ 11. Incubate 15 min @ 37 °C.

12. Transfer 2  $\mu\text{L}$  to **PCR tube** for testing later.

13. Perform **Qiagen RNEasy Mini Kit RNA Cleanup**, eluting in 30  $\mu\text{L}$ .

14. Check RNA on gel (RNase free technique should be applied).

## Supplementary Note S3. Generation of nuclease prime editor mRNA protocol.

- Linearize plasmid PE2-Nuc using Pme1
  - o MQ = X ul
  - o Cut smart buffer = 6 ul
  - o Plasmid = Y ul (10 ug)
  - o Pme1 = 3 ul
  - o Total 60 ul
  - o Incubate 37 C for 2 hours
- Purify the linearized plasmid using Zymo DNA clean and concentrator 5
  - o Add 200 ul binding buffer
  - o Spin
  - o Add 200 ul wash buffer spin
  - o Repeat wash
  - o Add 12 ul RNase-free water
  - o Spin
- Setup IVT using Mmessage ultra kit
  - o T7 Arca = 10 ul
  - o Buffer = 2 ul
  - o Linearized plasmid = X ul (1.5-2 ug)
  - o T7 enzyme = 2 ul
  - o RNase-free water = Y ul (total 20 ul)
  - o Incubate 37 C for 3 hours
  - o Add 1 ul of DNase, incubate 30 min 37 C
  - o Add 36 ul water + 20 ul EPAP + 10 ul MnCl<sub>2</sub> + 10 ul ATP (all included in the kit)
  - o Take 2.5 ul for gel checking
  - o Add 4 ul of EPAP enzyme, incubate 37 C for 20 min
  - o Keep the reaction on ice
  - o Take 2.5 ul for gel checking
  - o Proceed to RNA clean up using RNeasy kit (elute in 35 ul of water).
- Zygote microinjection mix
  - o MQ = X ul
  - o 10x injection buffer = 1.5 ul
  - o Nuclease prime editor mRNA = Y ul (final 150 ng/ul)
  - o pegRNA = Z ul (final 75 ng/ul)
  - o Total = 15 ul

### 10X injection buffer

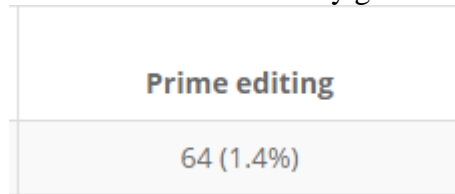
Reagent	Amount
pH 8.0 EDTA (0.5 M)	10 µL
pH 7.5 Tris (1 M)	500 µL
Nuclease-free MQ H <sub>2</sub> O	4.49 mL
<b>Total</b>	<b>5 mL</b>

(Filtered into aliquots in 1.5 mL tubes and stored @ - 20 °C.)

## Supplementary Note S4. Data analysis using Rgenome PE-Analyzer.

### %Correct PE

Correct PE can be directly gathered from the generated analysis



### %Unmodified (WT)

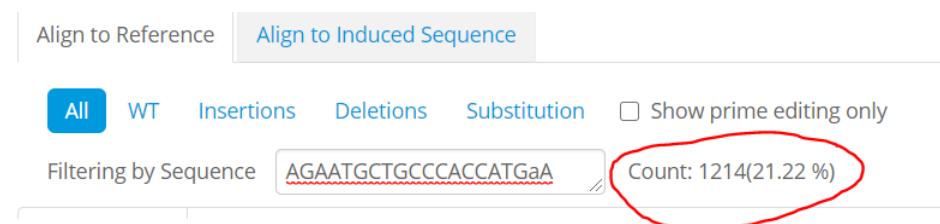
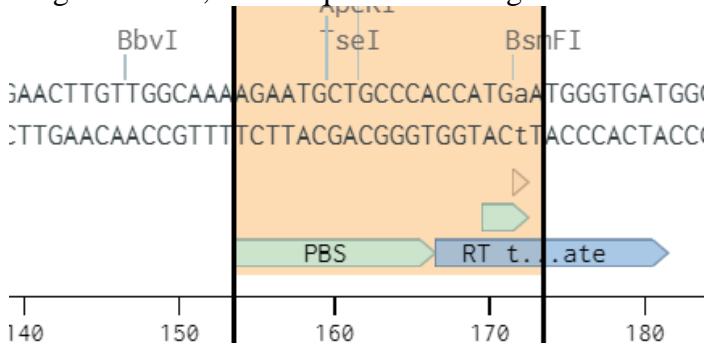
WT frequency can be gathered directly by clicking the WT column. Ensure you don't filter any sequence here.



**%Unintended edits = 100 - %Correct PE - %WT**

**%Any intended edits:** any alleles containing prime edited sequences (modified and/or unmodified)

To get total PE, filter sequences starting from PBS to 2nt of the edit.



The sequence list to filter to get total PE:

HEK3:

+1 A ins: CAGACTGAGCACGaT

+1 CTT ins: CAGACTGAGCACGct

+1 T del: CAGACTGAGCACGGA

+1-3 TGA del: CAGACTGAGCACGTGG

+1 T to G PM: CAGACTGAGCACGgG

+2 G to C PM: CAGACTGAGCACGTcA

RNF2:

+1 T ins: GaGTAATGACTAAGATG

+1 GTA ins: acGTAATGACTAAGATG

+4 A del: CCCAGGTAATGACTAAGATG

+3-5 GAG del: ACAGGTAATGACTAAGATG

+1 C to G PM: AcGTAATGACTAAGATG

+2 T to A PM: CtGGTAATGACTAAGATG

### RUNX1:

+1 C ins: ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGcC

+1 ATG ins: ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCat

+2 G del: ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCAT

+2-4 GAT del: ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGG

+1 C to G PM : ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGgG

+3 A to T PM : ATTTTCAGGAGGAAGCGtT

### VEGFA:

+4 C ins:TCTGCAGGCCAGATGAGcG

+2 ACA ins: TCTGCAGGCCAGATGac

+3 A del: TCTGCAGGCCAGATGGG

+2-4 GAG del: TCTGCAGGCCAGATGG

+1 T to G PM: TCTGCAGGCCAGAgG

+2 G to A PM: TCTGCAGGCCAGATaA

### Mouse ES cells

Mix11 +1 CTT ins: agACCCAGACATCCAC

Mix11 +1-3 ACA del : CAACCCAGACATCCAC

Mix11 +1 A to G : GcACCCAGACATCCAC

Tyr +1 TGT ins : AGAATGCTGCCCAtg

Tyr +6 G to A : AGAATGCTGCCACCATGaA

Chd2 +1 CTC ins : agGTTCTGGGAGCTA

Chd2 +5 G to C : CgCACCGTTCTGGGAGCTA

Col12a1 +1 GTG ins : TTCCATGGTTCCAgT

Col12a1 +2 A to C : TTCCATGGTTCCACcA

### %Any loxP: any alleles containing loxP sequences (modified and/or unmodified)

LoxP site 1 ATAACTTCGTATAAATGTATGCTATAACGAAGTTATcaattg

LoxP site 2 ATAACTTCGTATAAATGTATGCTATAACGAAGTTATgatatc

LoxP site 3 ATAACTTCGTATAAATGTATGCTATAACGAAGTTATgatatc

### %Partial template duplications (PTDs)

To get the frequency of PTDs, filter the same sequences above into the “insertions” column.

Sequence Information

The screenshot shows a web-based sequence analysis tool. At the top, there are two tabs: "Align to Reference" and "Align to Induced Sequence". Below the tabs are four buttons: "All", "WT", "Insertions", "Deletions", and "Substitution". The "Insertions" button is highlighted in blue. To the right of these buttons is a checkbox labeled "Show prime editing only" which is unchecked. Below the buttons is a text input field labeled "Filtering by Sequence" containing the sequence "AGAATGCTGCCACCATGaA". To the right of the input field, the text "Count: 842(14.72 %)" is displayed and circled in red. At the bottom left of the interface, there is a small "in" label.

If the edit is substitution or deletion, collect the frequency of PTD straight away from the count.

If the edit is insertion, the PTD = the count – the correct PE.

**%Indels = %unintended edits - %PTDs**