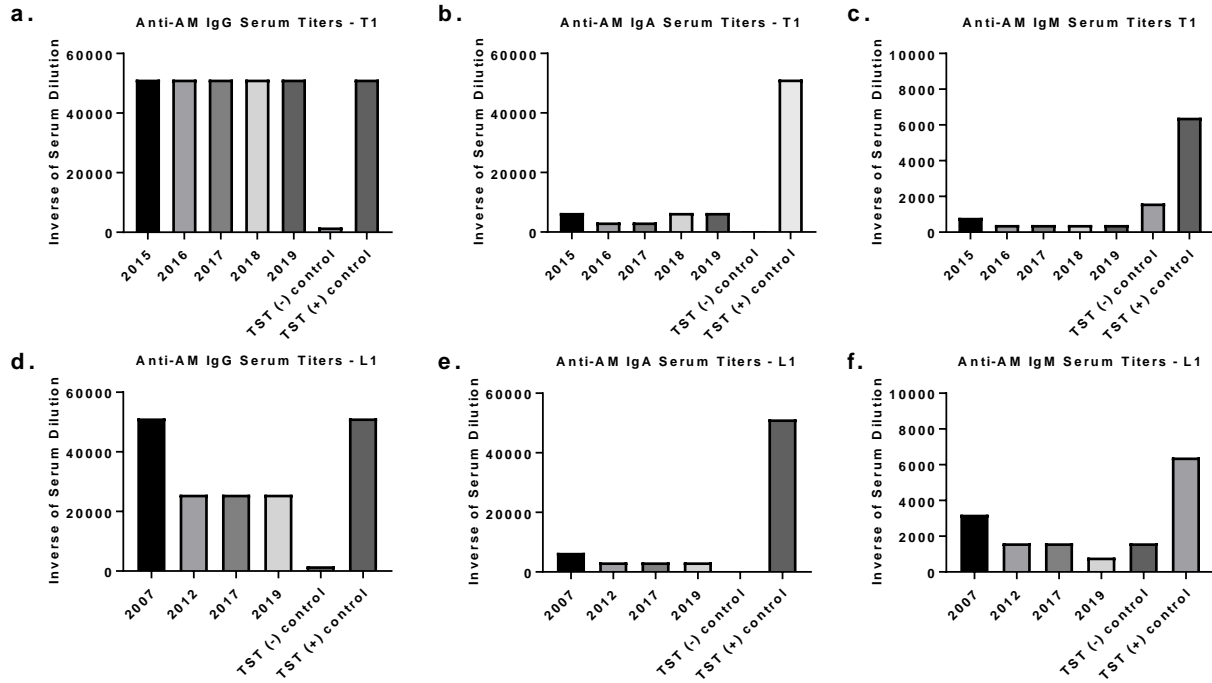
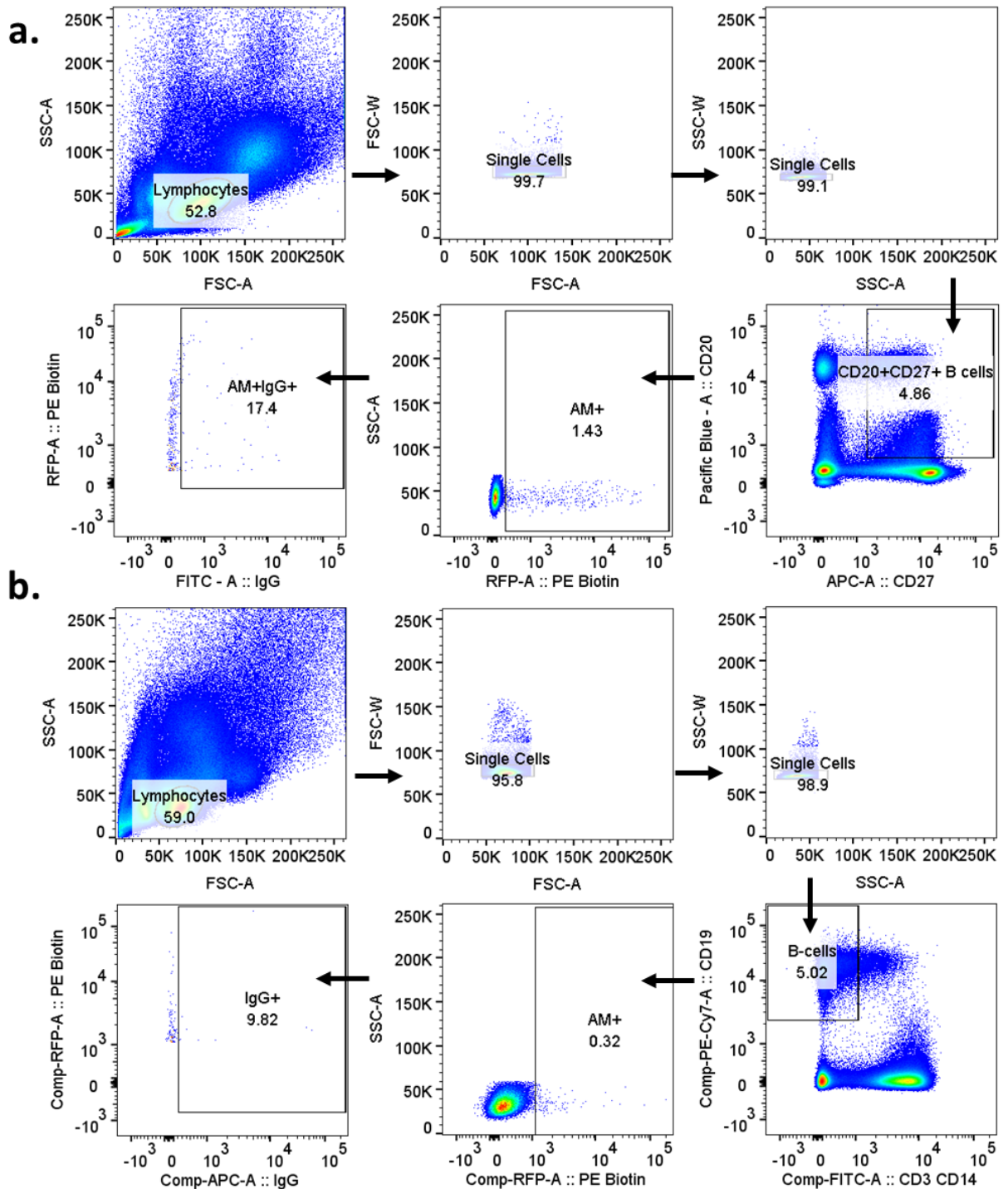


## Supplementary Figures:

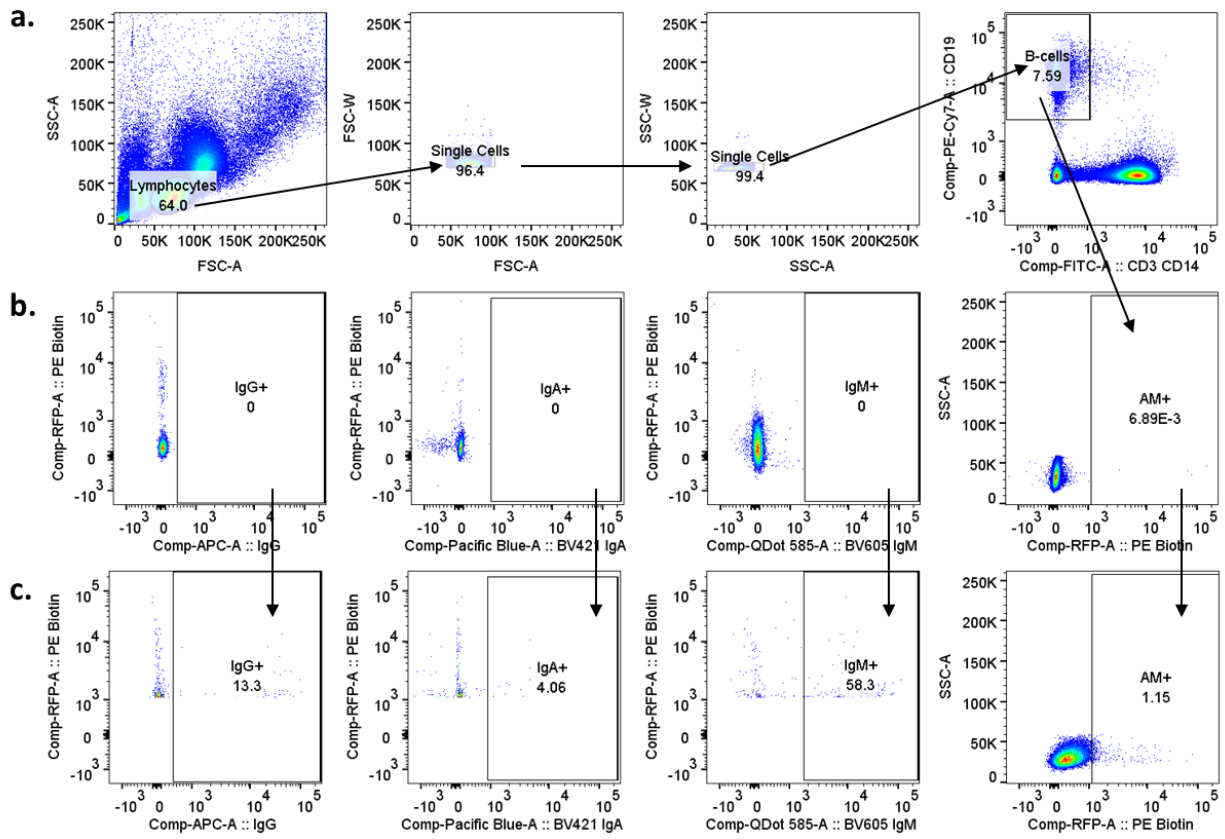


**Supplementary Figure 1. Anti-AM immunoglobulin titers in sera of subjects T1 and L1 over several years.** Anti-AM IgG, IgA, and IgM titers from subject T1 (a-c) and subject L1 (d-f) by ELISA. Endpoint titers were defined as having an optical density at least 3 standard deviations above background after subtraction of nonspecific (BSA) signal.

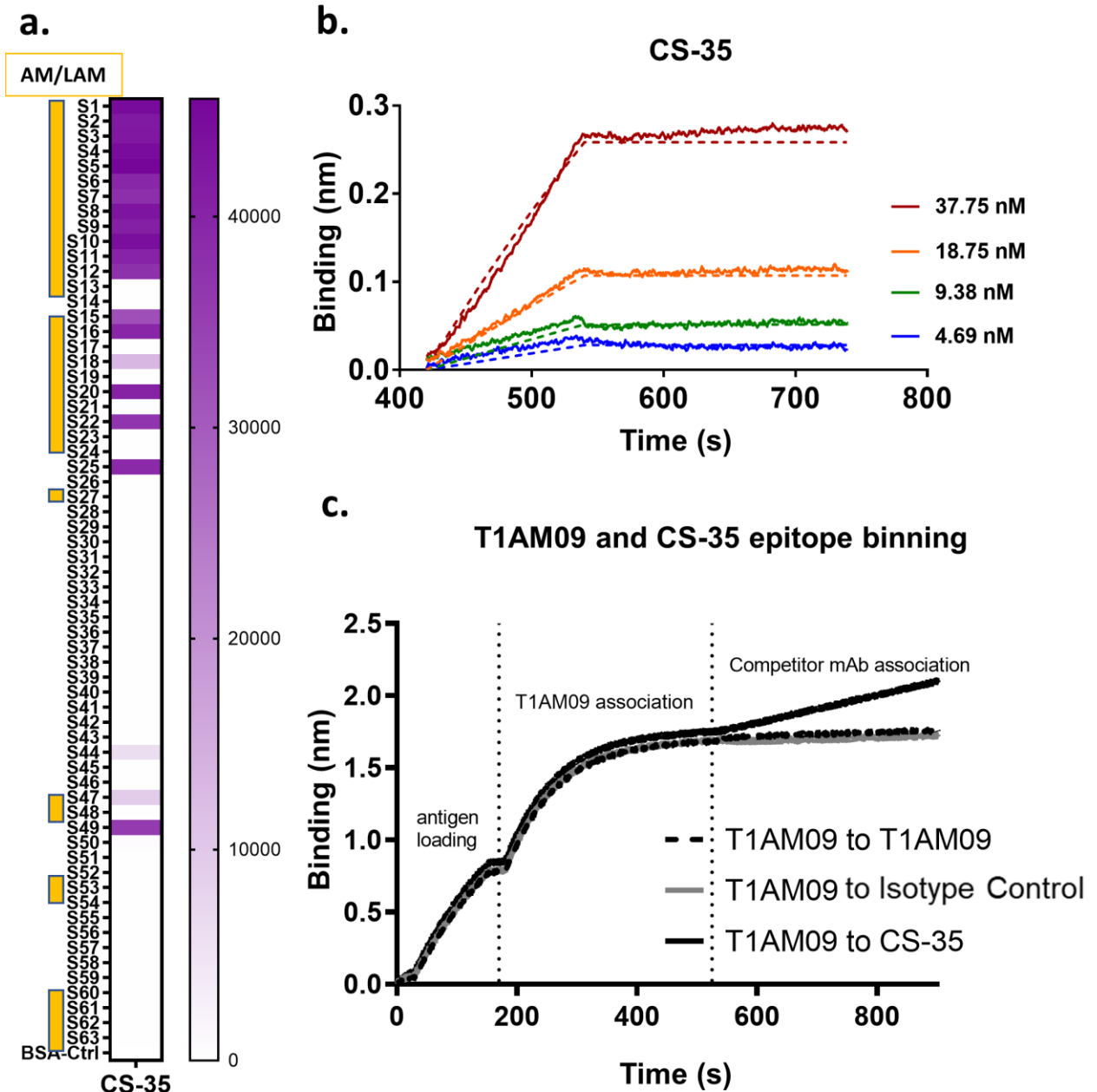


**Supplementary Figure 2. Anti-AM specific human B cells sorting strategies.**

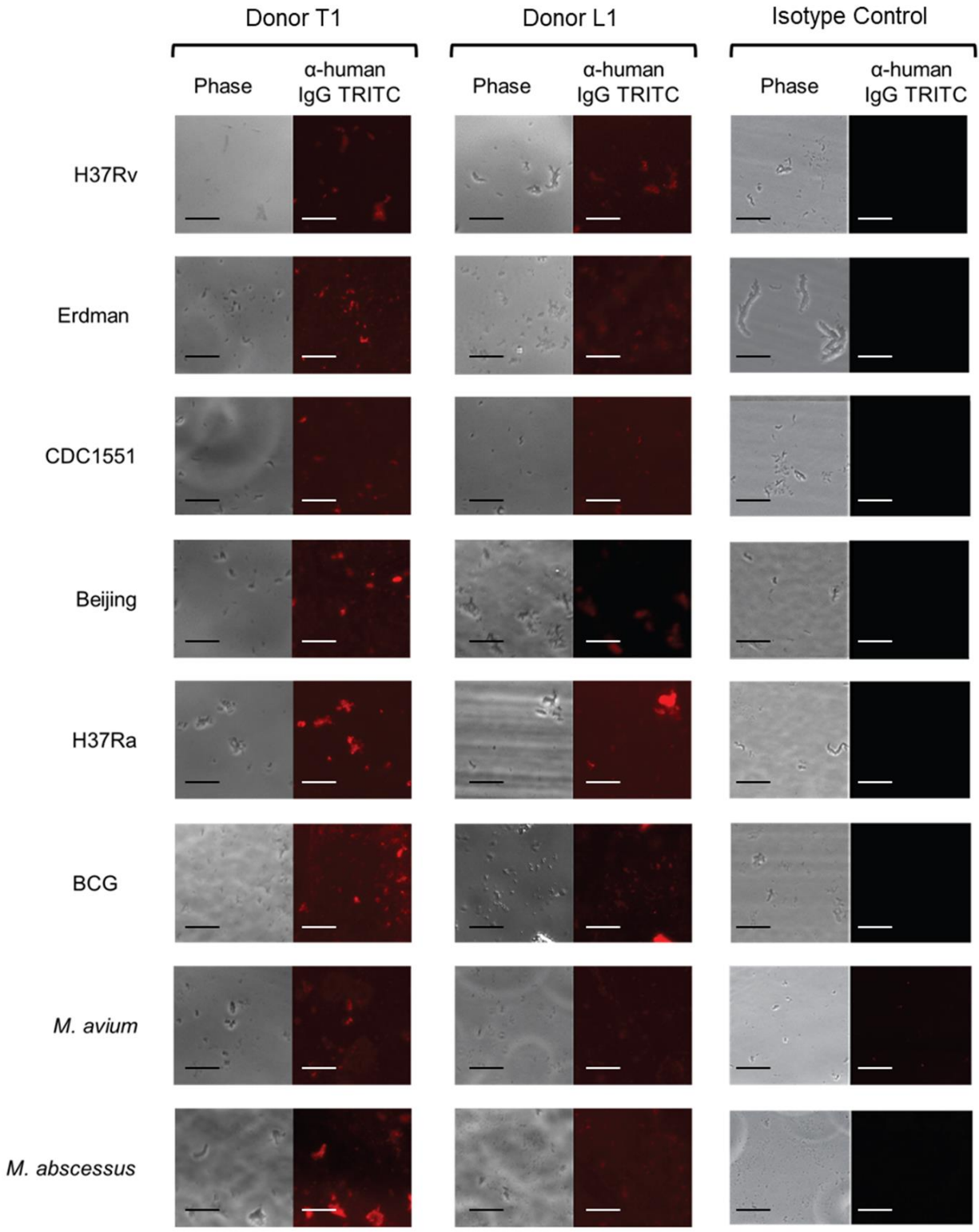
**(a)** Gating of CD20+, CD27+, AM+, IgG+ memory B cells from a sample of peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) collected from subject T1. **(b)** Gating of CD19+, AM+, IgG+, B cells from a sample of PBMC collected from subject L1.



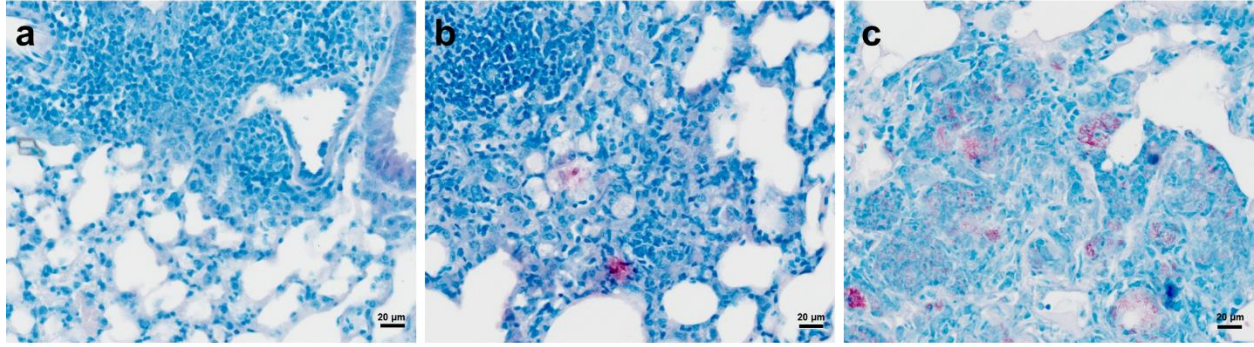
**Supplementary Figure 3. Representative gating strategy using Fluorescence minus one (FMO) controls (a)** Lymphocytes and single cells are gated, followed by live B cells. **(b)** Fluorescence minus one (FMO) controls are shown for PE (biotinylated AM), APC (IgG), BV421 (IgA), and BV605 (IgM). **(c)** Frequency of anti-AM human B cells from Subject T1.



**Supplementary Figure 4. Murine anti-LAM mAb CS-35 has distinct binding characteristics from human anti-AM mAbs T1AM09 and L1AM04. (a)** CS-35 glycan fingerprint; arabinomannan/lipoarabinomannan (AM/LAM) specific fragments (S#1-12, 15-22, 25, 44, 45, 49, 50, 56-59) are marked by the yellow side bar. Six other glycans on the array are:  $\alpha$ -glucan (S#13, 14, 24, 46, 48, 52), trehalose mycolates and lipooligosachharides (LOSs; S#38, 39, 54, 55), phenolic glycolipids (PGLs; S#26-37, 40-43, 50, 53), phosphatidyl-myoinositol mannosides (PIMs, S#23) and glycopeptidolipids (GPLs; S#47, 60, 61). **(b)** Binding curve of CS-35 binding to biotinylated AM generated by BLI solid lines represent experimental data and dashed lines are statistically fitted curves;  $K_{D,app}$ :  $1.0 \text{ E-}12 \text{ M}$  **(c)** Two-phase binding experiment detecting T1AM09 competition with CS-35. Binding to self (T1AM09) and to isotype control mAb are negative controls.



**Supplementary Figure 5. Binding of donor sera (T1 and L1; 1:100) and negative control (human IgG1; 10  $\mu$ g/ml) to mycobacteria strains (scale bar 10  $\mu$ m).**



**Supplementary Figure 6. Fite's Method lacks sensitivity for *Mtb* CDC1551 and Erdman in murine infected tissue.** (a) AFB staining of murine lungs infected with *Mtb* (CDC1551); (b) AFB staining of murine lungs murine lungs infected with *Mtb* (Erdman) arrow – indicates only positive staining in the lung; (c) *Mtb*-infected murine lung tissue provided by the Einstein Histology and Pathology Core was used as a positive control for Fite's method (scale bar 20 µm).

**Supplementary Tables:****Supplementary Table 1.** Characteristics of heavy and kappa chain and percent nucleotide identity for mAbs generated from subject T1

<b>Antibody ID</b>	<b>Heavy V Gene</b>	<b>CDRH3 Length (AA)</b>	<b>VH Identity (nt %)</b>	<b>Kappa V Gene</b>	<b>CDRL3 Length (AA)</b>	<b>VK Identity (nt %)</b>
<b>T1AM05</b>	5-10-1*01	13	92.71	1-5*03	9	94.98
<b>T1AM06</b>	2-15*01	14	90.14	3-20*01	10	92.31
<b>T1AM07</b>	3-23*01	16	88.19	3-20*01	8	87.23
<b>T1AM09</b>	1-2*02	14	91.32	1-39*01	9	89.96
<b>T1AM11</b>	3-66*01	8	91.58	1-33*01	8	89.96
<b>T1AM13</b>	3-7*01	21	93.06	4-2*01	10	95.96
<b>T1AM16</b>	1-2*02	16	96.18	3-11*01	10	95.70
<b>T1AM39</b>	3-30-3*01	10	96.18	3-20*01	11	92.11
<b>T1AM47</b>	3-7*02	14	95.49	3-20*01	8	98.21
Average % nt identity:			92.76%			92.94%

**Supplementary Table 2.** Characteristics of heavy and kappa chain and percent nucleotide identity for mAbs generated from subject L1

<b>Antibody ID</b>	<b>Heavy V Gene</b>	<b>CDRH3 Length (AA)</b>	<b>VH Identity (nt %)</b>	<b>Kappa V Gene</b>	<b>CDRL3 Length (AA)</b>	<b>VK Identity (nt %)</b>
<b>L1AM01</b>	1-24*01	11	94.44	4-1*01	9	91.67
<b>L1AM03</b>	1-3*01	12	96.53	1-9*01	9	98.21

<b>L1AM04</b>	3-23*01	13	92.01	2-24*01	9	91.84
<b>L1AM05</b>	3-15*07	12	95.58	3-20*01	9	95.39
<b>L1AM08</b>	4-4*07	14	95.44	1-39*01	9	90.68
<b>L1AM10</b>	4-4*07	14	95.79	1-9*01	9	98.21
<b>L1AM13</b>	3-21*01	16	94.79	2-24*01	9	91.84
<b>L1AM14</b>	3-15*07	12	95.58	3-20*01	9	95.39
Average % nt identity:			95.02			94.15

**Supplementary Table 3.** Maximum and effective concentrations of mAbs binding to arabinomannan (AM) from different mycobacterial strains

	<b>T1AM09</b>		<b>L1AM04</b>	
	<b>Maximum OD</b>	<b>Average EC50 (µg/ml)</b>	<b>Maximum OD</b>	<b>Average EC50 (µg/ml)</b>
RvAM biotin	2.0 ± 0.10	0.1 ± 0.03	2.2 ± 0.10	0.9 ± 0.27
H37Rv AM	1.9 ± 0.28	0.1 ± 0.04	2.1 ± 0.20	1.0 ± 0.37
H37Ra AM	1.9 ± 0.06	0.1 ± 0.01	1.3 ± 0.32	6.4 ± 5.17
CDC1551 AM	1.9 ± 0.18	0.1 ± 0.03	1.9 ± 0.40	1.4 ± 0.18
Beijing AM	1.9 ± 0.12	0.1 ± 0.04	1.8 ± 0.34	0.9 ± 0.18
BCG AM	1.9 ± 0.19	0.1 ± 0.03	1.1 ± 0.32	9.9 ± 8.61
p-value (group comparison)	0.988*	0.312*	0.003*	0.015^

Optical density (OD<sub>450</sub>) ± standard deviation (SD) and effective concentrations (EC50) ± SD of mAbs (ug/mL) binding to arabinomannan (AM) from mycobacterial strains (\*ANOVA; ^Kruskal-Wallis)