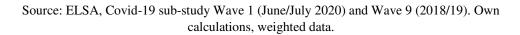


Supplementary Figure S1. Percent distribution of clinical vulnerability to Covid-19 by age-groups and gender



Supplementary Table S1. Fully adjusted ORs (with 95% Confidence Intervals -CIs) for the relationship between socio-economic and demographic characteristics and clinical vulnerability during the Covid-19 pandemic

	Unadjusted Model		Fully adjusted		
			Model		
	OR	95% CIs	OR	95% CIs	
52-59	0.52	(0.43; 0.63)	0.43	(0.35; 0.55)	
60-69	0.64	(0.55; 0.76)	0.61	(0.51; 0.72)	
70-79	Ref		Ref		
80 and older	1.47	(1.23; 1.75)	1.29	(1.07; 1.55)	
Female	0.94	(0.82; 1.08)	0.81	(0.70; 0.94)	
Non white	1.62	(1.14; 2.31)	1.57	(1.05; 2.34)	
Married/Partnered	Ref		Ref		
No Partner	1.50	(1.30; 1.74)	1.15	(0.95; 1.40)	
N people in Household			1.04	(0.94; 1.16)	
Education: high	Ref		Ref		
Medium	1.49	(1.25; 1.78)	1.28	(1.06; 1.55)	
Low	2.56	(2.10; 3.13)	1.65	(1.32; 2.07)	
Highest wealth quintile	Ref		Ref		
4th	1.26	(1.03; 1.54)	1.09	(0.88; 1.35)	
3rd	1.64	(1.34; 2.00)	1.31	(1.05; 1.62)	
2nd	2.07	(1.66; 2.57)	1.54	(1.21; 1.96)	
Lowest	2.62	(2.07; 3.31)	2.30	(1.76; 3.01)	
Income	0.82	(0.77; 0.87)	0.93	(0.89; 0.98)	
Total Respondents	5,585		5,402		

Source: ELSA, Covid-19 Substudy Wave 1 (June/July 2020) and Wave 9 (2018/19). Own calculations, weighted data. Results in bold are significant at a 5% level.

	Poor SRH	Physical inactive	Depressed	QoL+ (CASP-12)	Happiness ⁺	Satisfaction ⁺	Anxiety ⁺
Model A				· · · ·			
CV	3.61***	2.81***	2.09^{***}	-2.43***	-0.37***	-0.57***	-0.50***
CV	[3.04,4.28]	[2.33,3.39]	[1.71,2.55]	[-2.89,-1.98]	[-0.53,-0.21]	[-0.74,-0.39]	[-0.70,-0.29]
Model B							
50.50 mat CV	0.66^{*}	0.62^{*}	1.06	0.116	-0.457***	-0.270^{*}	-0.497**
50-59, not CV	[0.45,0.95]	[0.41,0.96]	[0.73,1.55]	[-0.53,0.76]	[-0.69,-0.22]	[-0.51,-0.03]	[-0.81,-0.18]
60-69, not CV	0.91	0.81	1.00	0.555^{*}	-0.141	-0.113	-0.007
00-09, not C v	[0.67,1.22]	[0.57,1.15]	[0.72,1.38]	[0.07,1.04]	[-0.32,0.04]	[-0.30,0.08]	[-0.24,0.23]
70-79, not CV	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.
90 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.63**	4.23***	1.27	-1.636***	-0.067	-0.082	0.021
80+, not CV	[1.15,2.30]	[2.96,6.05]	[0.84,1.91]	[-2.38,-0.89]	[-0.34,0.21]	[-0.37,0.21]	[-0.34,0.38]
50 50 CV	2.57***	1.66*	2.45***	-2.047**	-0.842***	-1.006***	-0.767**
50-59, CV	[1.76,3.75]	[1.06,2.60]	[1.62,3.71]	[-3.27,-0.83]	[-1.25,-0.44]	[-1.46,-0.55]	[-1.30,-0.23]
60 60 CV	3.57***	3.07***	2.56^{***}	-2.423***	-0.545***	-0.771***	-0.894***
60-69, CV	[2.72,4.69]	[2.21,4.25]	[1.86,3.51]	[-3.12,-1.73]	[-0.79,-0.30]	[-1.04,-0.50]	[-1.23,-0.56]
70-79, CV	3.87***	3.33***	1.78^{***}	-2.196***	-0.347***	-0.287**	-0.269
70-7 9 , C v	[3.02,4.96]	[2.47,4.47]	[1.32,2.40]	[-2.76,-1.63]	[-0.55,-0.15]	[-0.49,-0.08]	[-0.55,0.01]
X0 + (V)	3.48***	6.41***	1.55^{*}	-3.711***	-0.391**	-0.621***	-0.401*
00T,CV	[2.56,4.72]	[4.57,9.01]	[1.08,2.25]	[-4.49,-2.93]	[-0.66,-0.12]	[-0.93,-0.31]	[-0.79,-0.01]
Obs	5318	5406	5311	5005	4836	4954	4914

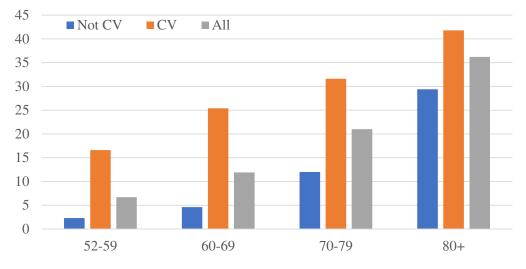
Supplementary Table S2. Fully adjusted ORs and β coefficients [with 95% Confidence Intervals] for the pre-pandemic relationship between clinical vulnerability to Covid-19 (CV) and health, controlling for socio-economic and demographic characteristics.

Source: ELSA, Covid-19 Substudy Wave 1 (June/July 2020) and Wave 9 (2018/19). All models controls for gender, ethnicity, partnership status, number of respondents in the household, education, wealth quintiles, income, and (Model A only) age-groups. Notes: SRH= Self-Rated Health; + Asked in the self-reported questionnaire. All continuous measures are coded such that higher values mean better outcomes. Values in brackets show the 95% confidence intervals. * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001. Own calculations, weighted data.

	Voluntary work	High Loneliness+	< weekly contacts (phone)+	< weekly contacts (text/email) ⁺	Received formal help [^]
Model A			-		
CV	0.91	1.45***	1.11	0.98	1.97^{***}
	[0.77, 1.07]	[1.20,1.76]	[0.94,1.32]	[0.82,1.16]	[1.10,1.83]
Model B					
50-59, not CV	0.40^{***}	1.53^{*}	0.80	0.36***	0.24**
	[0.30,0.54]	[1.10,2.15]	[0.61,1.04]	[0.27,0.48]	[0.08,0.71]
60-69, not CV	0.68^{***}	1.30	1.01	0.57^{***}	0.18^{***}
	[0.55,0.85]	[0.97,1.73]	[0.81,1.24]	[0.46,0.71]	[0.07,0.43]
70-79, not CV	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.	Ref.
80+, not CV	0.72^{*}	1.03	0.77	2.00^{***}	5.09***
	[0.54,0.96]	[0.70,1.51]	[0.55,1.08]	[1.45,2.76]	[3.01,8.62]
50-59, CV	0.38***	1.83**	1.18	0.36***	1.15
	[0.24,0.61]	[1.18,2.85]	[0.80,1.74]	[0.23,0.56]	[0.46,2.87]
60-69, CV	0.66**	2.28***	1.08	0.59***	1.13
	[0.51,0.84]	[1.70,3.06]	[0.83,1.41]	[0.45,0.77]	[0.60,2.15]
70-79, CV	0.88	1.46**	0.88	0.94	1.56
	[0.71,1.09]	[1.11,1.93]	[0.70,1.11]	[0.75,1.18]	[0.93,2.61]
80+, CV	0.59**	1.33	0.84	1.78^{***}	5.45***
	[0.43,0.82]	[0.94,1.88]	[0.60,1.17]	[1.30,2.45]	[3.28,9.05]
Obs	5318	4996	4578	4123	5471

Supplementary Table S3. Fully adjusted ORs and β coefficients [with 95% Confidence Intervals] of the pre-pandemic relationship between clinical vulnerability to Covid-19 (CV) and social well-being, controlling for socio-economic and demographic characteristics.

Source: ELSA, Covid-19 Substudy Wave 1 (June/July 2020) and Wave 9 (2018/19). All models controls for gender, ethnicity, marital status, education, employment status, income, home tenure, wealth quintiles, and (Model A only) age-groups. Notes: *Asked in the self-completion questionnaire. ^Only asked of respondents who reported at least one difficulty with ADLs, IADLs, or mobility tasks. Values in brackets show the 95% confidence intervals. * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001. Own calculations, weighted data.



Supplementary Figure S2. Percent distribution of people shielding in June/July 2020 by clinical vulnerability to Covid-19 and age-groups

Source: ELSA, Covid-19 sub-study Wave 1 (June/July 2020) and Wave 9 (2018/19). Own calculations, weighted data