

Supplemental figures

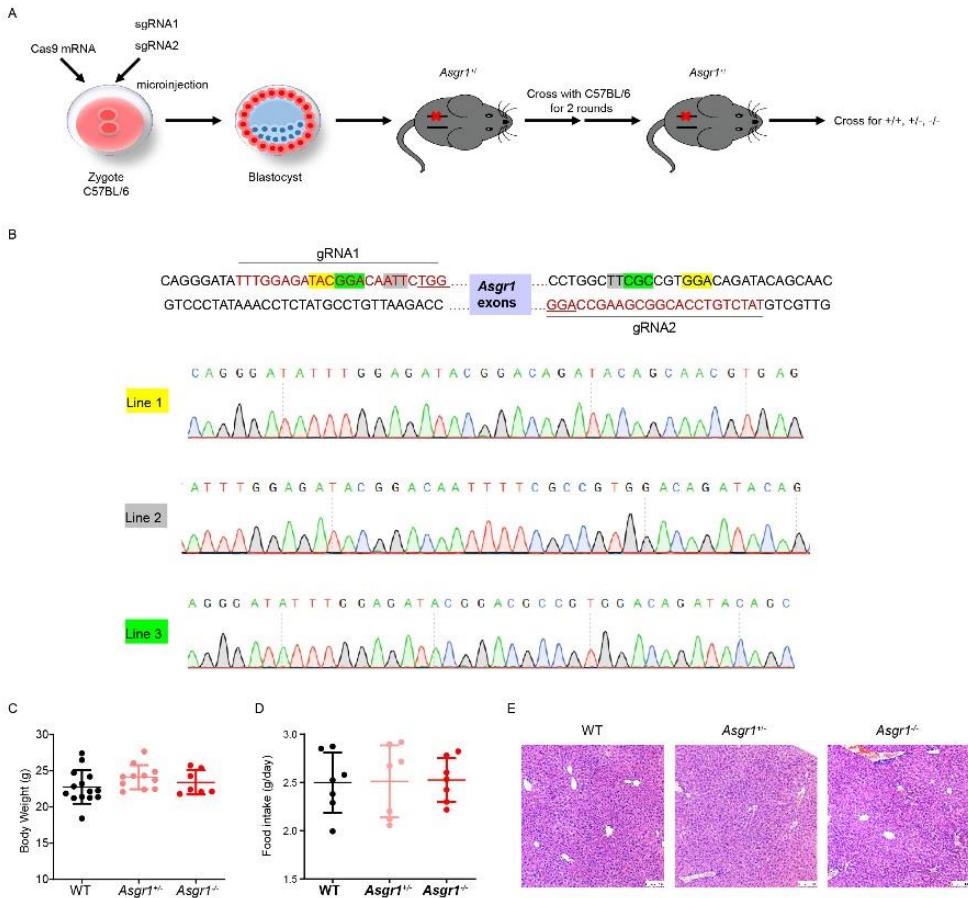


Figure S1 Generation and characterization of ASGR1-deficient mice models.

- (A) Schematic diagram for generation of *Asgr1* knockout mice using CRISPR/Cas9.
- (B) DNA sequencing showing CRISPR-induced deletion of *Asgr1* in genome.
- (C) Body weight of WT (n=14), *Asgr1*^{+/−} (n=11) and *Asgr1*^{−/−} (n=7) male mice.
- (D) Food intake of WT, *Asgr1*^{+/−} and *Asgr1*^{−/−} male mice per day on average, n=7.
- (E) Representative H&E staining images of mice liver paraffin sections, scale bars, 100 μ m.

All data are shown as the means ± SD.

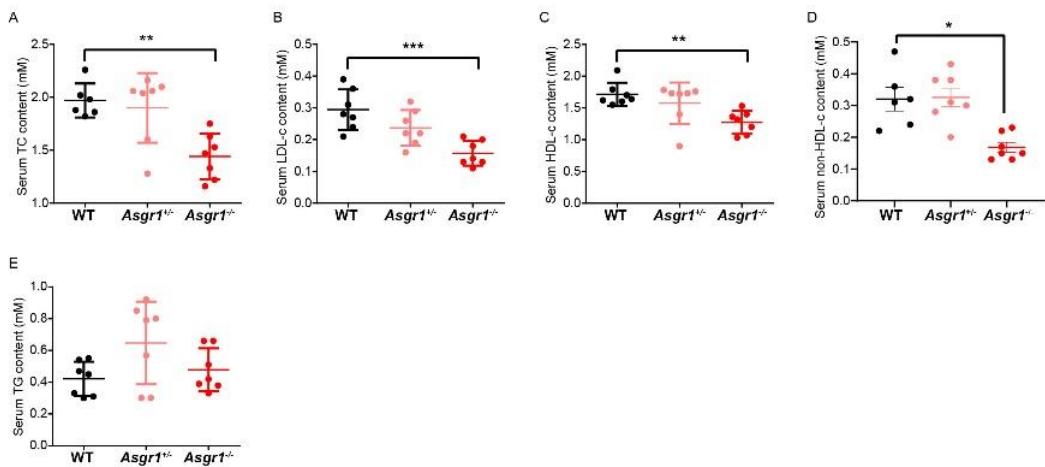


Figure S2 Characterization of ASGR1-deficient female mice

Female mice at age about 10-13 weeks were fasted overnight.

(A) Total cholesterol (TC), (B) LDL-c, (C) HDL-c, (D) non-HDL-c and (E) TG content in serum of female mice were detected by automatic biochemical analyzer, n=7.

All data are shown as the means \pm SD. *p<0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001 as compared to the indicated WT by one-way ANOVA.

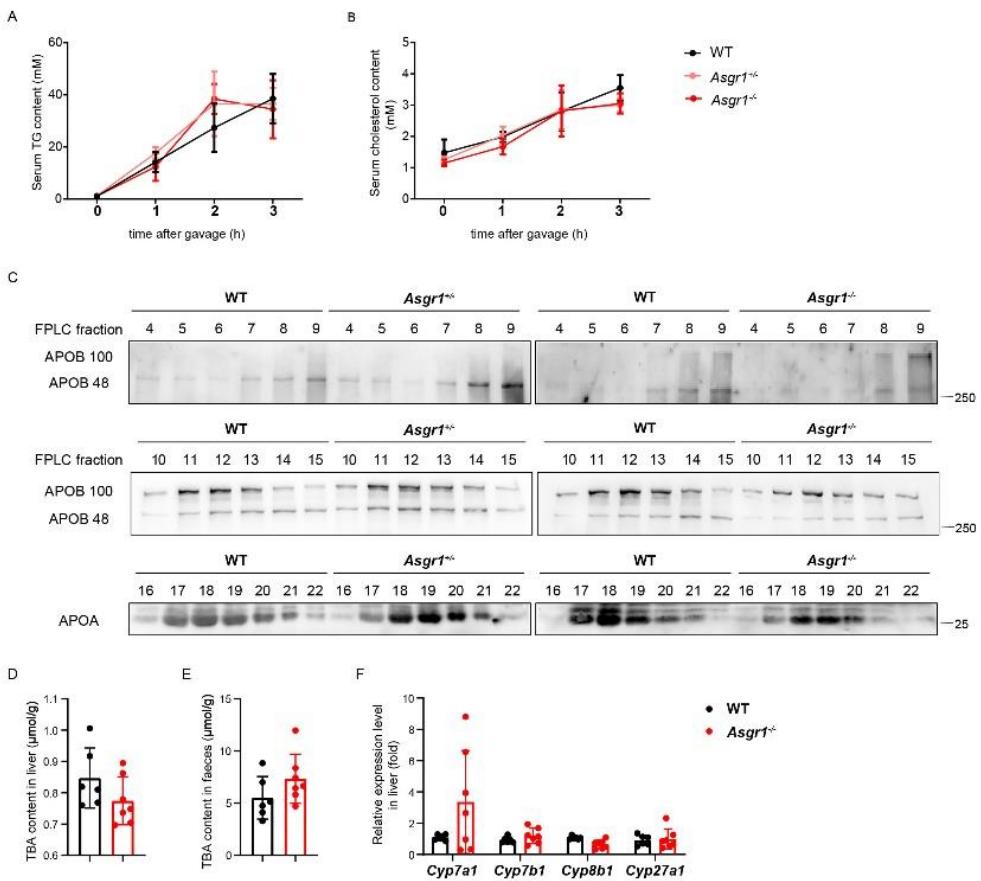


Figure S3 Metabolic characterization of ASGR1 deficient mice.

Male mice at age about 10-13 weeks were used for assays.

(A, B) Lipid tolerance assays for WT, *Asgr1^{+/-}*, *Asgr1^{-/-}* mice. Plasma TG and cholesterol content following i.p. injection with tyloxapol (500mg/kg body weight) after oral olive oil gavage (200 μl per mouse) in 5-hr-fasted mice (n=5 per group). (A) TG content of plasma at each time point. (B) Cholesterol content of plasma at each time point.

(C) Western blot of APOB100, APOB48 and APOA in eluted fractions from FPLC fractions containing CM, LDL or HDL particles respectively (n=5 per group).

(D) Total bile acid (TBA) content in mice liver were detected (WT, n=6; *Asgr1^{+/-}*, n=7).

(E) TBA content in faces were detected (WT, n=6; *Asgr1^{+/-}*, n=7).

(F) Relative mRNA expression level of bile acid synthesis related genes in mice liver (WT, n=6; *Asgr1^{+/-}*, n=7).

All data are shown as the means ± SD.

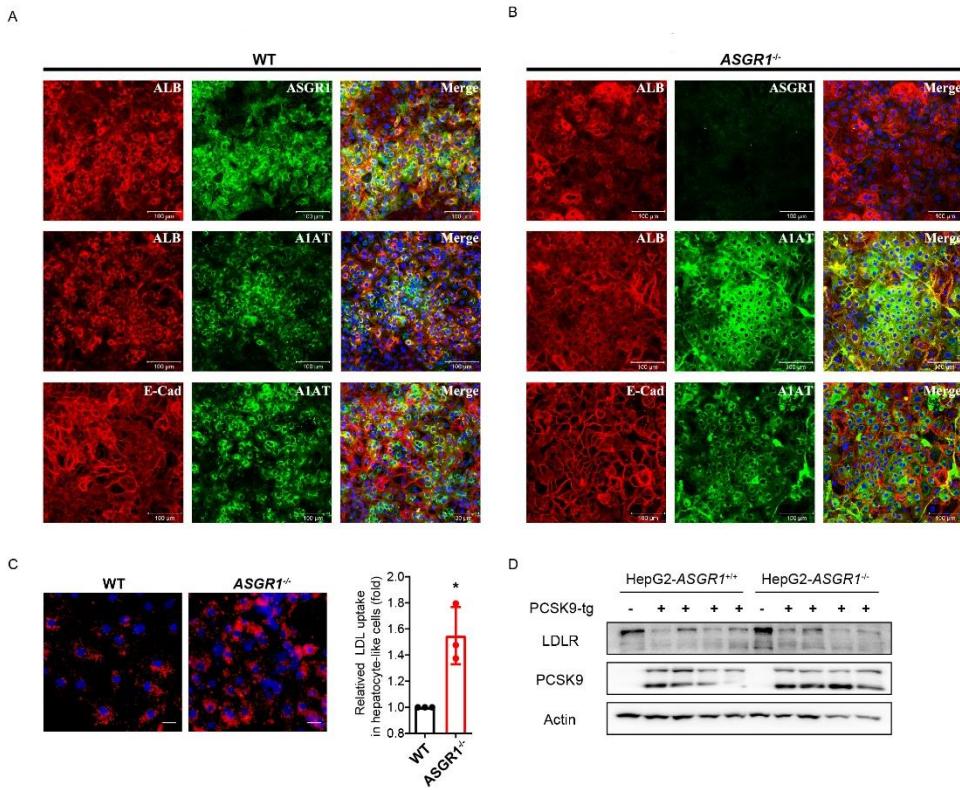


Figure S4 ASGR1 deficiency increases LDL endocytosis in hepatocyte-like cells.

Human embryonic stem cells H1 were differentiated to mature hepatocyte-like cells.

(A, B) Immunofluorescence of mature hepatocytes marker proteins, Albumin (ALB), A1AT, E-cadherin (E-cad) and ASGR1 in hepatocyte-like cells derived from H1 and H1-ASGR1^{-/-}, n=3.

Scale bars, 100μm.

(C) LDL uptake in hepatocyte-like cells. Cells were starved overnight, and incubated with LDL-dil for 3h. Representative images of LDL-dil accumulation in cells were showed, scale bar 20μm. The fluorescent intensity was shown on the right. Each point represents one of the experimental replicates, n=3.

(D) LDLR protein content changed as PCSK9 protein content changed in HepG2 cells with/without ASGR1, n=3.

All data are shown as the means ± SD. *p < 0.05 as compared to the indicated WT by Students t test.

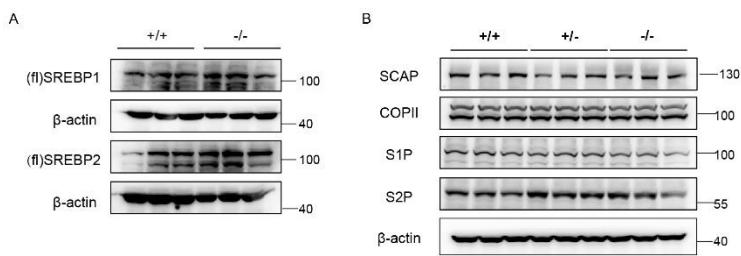


Figure S5 Expression level of SREBPs and related protein

(A) Cytoplasm protein of HepG2 cells were separated and detected SREBP1/2 protein by western blotting, n=3.

(B) Western blotting of SCAP, COP II , S1P and S2P in mice liver tissues, n=3.

Supplemental tables

REAGENT	SOURCE	IDENTIFIER
Antibody		
Rabbit polyclonal anti-ASGR1	Proteintech	11739-1-AP
Rabbit polyclonal anti-MTTP antibody	Affinity	DF6591
Rabbit polyclonal anti-APOB antibody	Proteintech	20578-1-AP
Rabbit Polyclonal anti-APOA1 antibody	Proteintech	14427-1-AP
Rabbit polyclonal anti-Anti-PCSK9 [EPR7627(2)]	Abcam	ab181142
Rabbit polyclonal anti-LDL Receptor [EP1553Y]	Abcam	ab52818
mouse monoclonal anti-SREBP1 antibody(2A4)	Thermo Fisher	MA5-11685
Rabbit polyclonal anti-SREBP2 antibody	Abcam	ab30682
mouse Monoclonal anti-PDI Antibody	thermo Fisher	MA3-019
Rabbit polyclonal anti-Calnexin antibody	Enzo	ADI-SPA-860
Rabbit polyclonal anti-INSIG1 antibody	Proteintech	22115-1-AP
Rabbit polyclonal anti-INSIG2 antibody	Proteintech	24766-1-AP
Rabbit polyclonal anti-SCAP antibody	Proteintech	12266-1-AP
Rabbit polyclonal anti-S1P antibody	Abcam	ab140592
Rabbit polyclonal anti-S2P antibody	Abcam	ab140594
Rabbit polyclonal anti-COPII antibody	Thermo Fisher	PA1069A
Rabbit polyclonal anti-Tubulin antibody	Cell Signaling Technology (CST)	2146
Rabbit monoclonal anti-βactin antibody	Cell Signaling Technology (CST)	4970
Rabbit monoclonal anti-LaminB1(D4Q4Z)	Cell Signaling Technology (CST)	12585S
Goat anti-mouse	KangCheng Bio	KC-MM-

IgG(H&L)[HRP]		035(1ml)
Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H&L)[HRP]	KangCheng Bio	KC-RB-035(1ml)
Donkey anti-mouse IgG 488	Life	A21202
Donkey anti-mouse IgG 568	Life	A10037
Donkey anti-Rabbit IgG 488	Life	A21206
Donkey anti-Rabbit IgG 568	Life	A10042
DAPI	Sigma	D9542

Chemicals, Peptides, Recombinant Proteins, materials and Assay kit

DMEM	Gibco	10567-022
Fetal Bovine Serum	Gibco	A115-500
NEAA	Gibco	11140-050
Penicillin-Streptomycin	Gibco	15140122
0.25% Trypsin-EDTA	Gibco	25200-114
ITS	Gibco	41400045
SuperoseTM 6 10/300 GL	GE	17-5172-01
Tissue and cell triglyceride (TG) assay kit	APPLYGEN	E1013
Tissue total cholesterol enzymatic determination	APPLYGEN	E1016
Tyloxapol	SIGMA	T0307-10g
Human APOB ELISA kit	Abcam	ab108807
LDL-Dil	invitrogen	13482
Nuclear protein and cytoplasmic protein extraction kit	Beyotime	P0028
Endoplasmic reticulum extraction kit	BestBio	BB-3605-2
Trizol	MCE	N/A
SYBR-green	Bio-RAD	N/A
Protease Inhibitor Cocktail Tablets	Roche	11 873 580 001
PHOS-STOP	Roche	04 906 837 001
PMSF	Beyotime	ST506
PVDF membrane	Merck Millipore	IPVH00010
Triton X-100	MP	N/A
Tris Base	Genestar	N/A
Agarose	Genestar	VA10252
Cell lines and mice strains		
Human: HepG2	N/A	
Human:293T	N/A	

Mouse: C57BL/6	Beijing Vital River Laboratory Animal Technology	
Mouse: C57BL/6 <i>Asgr1</i> ^{-/-}	Cyagen	
Quantitative RT-PCR primers		
Primer name	Sequence	
Human-ARG1-forward	GTGGAAACTGCATGGACAAC	
Human-ARG1-reverse	AATCCTGGCACATCGGGAATC	
Human-ASL-forward	CAGTGGACCCCATCATGGAGA	
Human-ASL-reveres	CAGTGGACCCCATCATGGAGA	
Human-CPS1-forward	AATGAGGTGGGCTTAAAGCAAG	
Human-CPS1-reverse	AGTTCCACTCCACAGTTCAGA	
Human-CYP2D6-forward	CCAACGGTCTTGGACAAAG	
Human-CYP2D6-reverse	GGGTCGTCGTACTCGAACGC	
Human-CYP3A4-forward	AAGTCGCCTCGAAGATAACACA	
Human-CYP3A4-reverse	AAGGAGAGAACACTGCTCGTG	
Human-CYP2C9-forward	GCCTGAAACCCATAGTGGTG	
Human-CYP2C9-reverse	GGGGCTGCTAAAATCTTGATG	
Human-CYP1A2-forward	ATGCTCAGCCTCGTAAGAAC	
Human-CYP1A2-reverse	GTTAGGCAGGTAGCGAAGGAT	
Human-A1AT-forward	GGAGGGCTCAGATCCATGAAGG	
Human-A1AT-reverse	GGTGTCCCCGAAGTTGACAG	
Human-GAPDH-forward	CAAAGTTGTCATGGATGACC	
Human-GAPDH-reverse	CCATGGAGAACGGCTGGGG	
Human-Ki67-forward	GCCTGCTCGACCCTACAGA	
Human-Ki67-reverse	GCTTGTCAACTGCGGTTGC	
Human-CK19-forward	GAACCATGAGGAGGAAATCAG	
Human-CK19-reverse	CATGTCACTCAGGATCTTGG	
Human-ALB-forward	TGGCACAAATGAAGTGGTAA	
Human-ALB-reverse	CTGAGCAAAGGCAATCAACA	
Human-HNF4α-forward	TGTACTCCTGCAGATTAGCC	
Human-HNF4α-reverse	CTGTCCTCATAGCTTGACCT	
Human-AFP-forward	AGAACCTGTCACAAGCTGTG	
Human-AFP-reverse	GACAGCAAGCTGAGGATGTC	
Huamn-βactin forward	CTCCTCCTGAGCGCAAGTACTC	
Huamn-βactin reverse	TCCTGCTTGCTGATCCACATC	
Huamn-APOB forward	ACACACTGGACGCTAAGAGGA	
Huamn-APOB reverse	ACTTGTGCTACCATCCCATACT	
Huamn-MTTP forward	TTCATGAAAATAGCGAGGTCT	
Huamn-MTTP reverse	GCTTCGGTTGTCTTCAGCTCTA	
Huamn-LDLR forward	TCTGCAACATGGCTAGAGACT	
Huamn-LDLR reverse	TCCAAGCATTGTTGGTCCC	
Huamn-PCSK9 forward	CCTGGAGCGGATTACCCCT	

Huamn-PCSK9 reverse	CTGTATGCTGGTGTCTAGGAGA	
Huamn-SREBF1 forward	GCCCCTGTAACGACCCTG	
Huamn-SREBF1 reverse	CAGCGAGTCTGCCTTGATG	
Huamn-SREBF2 forward	CCTGGGAGACATCGACGAGAT	
Huamn-SREBF2 reverse	TGAATGACCGTTGCACTGAAG	
Huamn-ACC forward	ATGTCTGGCTTGCACCTAGTA	
Huamn-ACC reverse	CCCCAAAGCGAGTAACAAATTCT	
Huamn-FASN forward	CCGAGACACTCGTGGGCTA	
Huamn-FASN reverse	CTTCAGCAGGACATTGATGCC	
Huamn-SCD1 forward	TTCCTACCTGCAAGTTCTACACC	
Huamn-SCD1 reverse	CCGAGCTTGTAAGAGCGGT	
Huamn-HMGCS forward	GATGTGGGAATTGTTGCCCTT	
Huamn-HMGCS reverse	ATTGTCTCTGTTCCAACTTCCAG	
Huamn-HMGCR forward	TGATTGACCTTCCAGAGCAAG	
Huamn-HMGCR reverse	CTAAAATTGCCATTCCACGAGC	
Huamn-ASGR1 forward	GAGAGAGACGTTCAGCAACTTC	
Huamn-ASGR1 reverse	GGGACTCTAGCGACTTCATCTT	
Mouse-βactin forward	GGCTGTATTCCCTCCATCG	
Mouse-βactin reverse	CCAGTTGGTAACAATGCCATGT	
Mouse-Apob forward	GCTCAACTCAGGTTACCGTGA	
Mouse-Apob reverse	AGGGTGTACTGGCAAGTTGG	
Mouse-Mtp forward	AATGCGGGTCAACAGAGAGG	
Mouse-Mtp reverse	CTGGCTCGTTTCATAGGAGTAG	
Mouse-Ldlr forward	TCAGACGAACAAGGCTGTCC	
Mouse-Ldlr reverse	CCATCTAGGCAATCTCGGTCTC	
Mouse-Pcsk9 forward	GCCCATGGGAGATTGAGG	
Mouse-Pcsk9 reverse	TTCCCTTGACAGTTGAGCACA	
Mouse-Srebf1 forward	GCAGCCACCATCTAGCCTG	
Mouse-Srebf1 reverse	CAGCAGTGAGTCTGCCTTGAT	
Mouse-Srebf2 forward	CCAAGCTGGCGATGGAT	
Mouse-Srebf2 reverse	TAGCATCTCGTCGATGTCCC	
Mouse-Acc forward	CTCCCGATTCTATAATTGGGTCTG	
Mouse-Acc reverse	TCGACCTGTTTACTAGGTGC	
Mouse-Fasn forward	GGAGGTGGTGATAGCCGGTAT	
Mouse-Fasn reverse	TGGGTAATCCATAGAGCCCAG	
Mouse-Scd1 forward	TTCTTGCATACACTCTGGTGC	
Mouse-Scd1 reverse	CGGGATTGAATGTTCTGTGCGT	
Mouse-Hmgcs forward	TGGCTATAAAGCTGCGGAGG	
Mouse-Hmgcs reverse	GGTCAAAGAGCCAAAGGGGA	
Mouse-Hmgcr forward	CGGGAGCCCTAGAGAACAAAG	
Mouse-Hmgcr reverse	CTTGGATCCCACGCGGA	
Oligonucleotides		

Mice Asgr1 knock-out sgRNA sequence	gRNA1: TTGGAGATACGGACAATTCTGG gRNA2: TATCTGTCCACGGCGAAGCCAGG	
Mice ASGR1 knock-out Identification primers	Forward: TTGAGAACCCCTGTCTTCAGAG Revers: ATGTGTCTGTGATCCTGAGCTGGTA Wt/He-Forward: GGAACAGACTACGAGACAGGCTTCCA	
Human ASGR1 knock-out sgRNA sequence	gRNA-1: GTATCAAGACCTTCAGCATCTGG gRNA-2: GACCACCATCAGCTCAGAAAAGG	
Human ASGR1 knock-out Identification primers	Forward: TGATGGAGCCGTCAATCAGATG Reverse: ACTGTCGGCTTCCTATGACG	
INSIG1-siRNA sequence for human	Forward: GACUGUGGAUUAUGACAAAdTdT Reverse: UUUGUCAUAAUCCACAGUCdTdT	
Negative control-siRNA sequence for human	Forward: UUCUCCGAACGUGUCACGUdTdT Reverse: ACGUGACACGUUUCGGAGAAdTdT	
Insig1-siRNA sequence for mouse	Forward: CCACGCCAGTGCCAAATTA Reverse: TAATTGGCTCUGGCGUGG	
Negative control-siRNA sequence for mouse	Forward: provided by Ribobio Reverse: provided by Ribobio	
Bacterial and Virus Strains		
Cas9-G418 plasmid	Gift from Professor Lai Liangxue	
gRNA plasmid	Gift from Professor Lai Liangxue	
pRlenti plasmid	Gift from Professor Miguel Angel Esteban	