Supplementary Material

Intranasal vaccination with recombinant antigen-FLIPr fusion protein alone induces long-lasting systemic antibody responses and broad T cell responses

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Supplementary Figure S1. Ovalbumin fusion with FLIPr efficiently delivers to NALT CD103⁺ dendritic cells via intranasal administration. (A) NALT DCs gated on live/CD45⁺/CD11c+MHCII⁺ cells are separated by the expression of CD103 and CD11b. (B) The representative figure of antigen-labeled CD103⁺CD11b⁻ or CD103⁺CD11b⁺ DCs. The box representative the antigen positive cells. (C)The frequencies of antigen-labeled CD103⁺CD11b⁻ DCs. (D) The frequencies of antigen-labeled CD11c⁺MHCII⁺CD103⁺CD11b⁻ DCs. Cumulative data from three individual experiments are quantified here. The data are presented as the mean \pm SEM (n=3).



Supplementary Figure S2. Antibody responses induced by intranasal administration of rZEIII-FLIPr in C57BL/6 mice. Immunocompetent C57BL/6 mice (n=8/group) were vaccinated three times with PBS, rZEIII, or rZEIII-FLIPr ($30 \mu g$ per dose) via the intranasal route at two-week intervals. Serum and VL samples were collected from vaccinated mice 6 weeks after the first vaccination. (A) The titers of anti-rZEIII IgG and IgA antibodies in the serum were determined by ELISA. (B) The titers of anti-rZEIII IgA antibodies in VL were determined by FRNT. The neutralizing antibody titer was defined as the reciprocal of the highest dilution that resulted in a 50% reduction in FFUs compared to the FFUs of control samples containing the virus alone. Data represent the mean \pm SE of a total of 9 mice per group, which were pooled from 2 independent experiments. The detection limit is indicated by the dotted line on the y-axis, which indicates the initial dilution factor of the sample. Statistical significance was determined using the Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn's multiple comparison test. ***p < 0.001.