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Supplemental Figure 2. Mass-spectrometry characterization of rhesus IgG1 mAb variants.

N-glycan analyses confirm afucosylation of glycoengineered antibodies. The relative prevalence, of N-glycan structures as defined by peak intensity was determined by mass spectrometry. Symbols represent monosaccharides (hexNAc - blue square, mannose - green circle, galactose - yellow circle, sialic acid – purple diamond, fucose – red triangle). As expected, the most common glycan structures of glycoengineered antibody contained no fucose.



Supplemental Figure 3. Characterization of unmodified (wild type) and afucosylated DVD

Abs. In all panels the wild type is shown in red, and the afucosylated form expressed in FUT8 -/knockout cells in blue. **A**. ELISA demonstrating binding to gp41 peptide. Plates were coated with a peptide representing the epitope of the 7B2 variable domain, washed and detected with alkaline phosphatase conjugated anti-human IgG and the colorimetric substrate p-nitrophenyl phosphate (Sigma). **B**. Lens culinaris agglutinin binds DVD expressed from unmodified cells, but not the afucosylated form expressed from FUT8 -/- knockout cells. Plates were coated with the indicated concentration of Ab. Biotinylated Lens culinaris agglutinin (Vector Labs) 1μg/mL (left) or 0 (right) was added, followed by alkaline phosphatase avidin, and substrate. **C**. Binding of DVD to huCD16+ KHYG-1 NK cells by flow cytometry. Left shows the expression of CD16 on the cell surface. Isotype control is shown in gray, anti-CD16 in green. The right-hand panel shows binding of the DVDs to the CD16+ cells. Ab (10 μg/mL) was incubated with the cells for 1 hr, washed, and detected with fluoresceinated anti-human IgG.

Glycomodification	Fucose	Bisecting GlcNAc	Galactose		Sialic acid
	reduction	addition	reduction	addition	addition
unmodified					
-F					
-F+B					
-F+B-G					
-F+B+G					
-F+B+G+S					
-F-G					
-F+G					
-F+G+S					
+B					
+B-G					
+B+G					
+B+G+S					
-G					
+G					
+G+S					

Supplemental Table 1. Glycovariants analyzed in this study.