Figure S5



Supplemental Figure 5, Related to Figure 5. A) Expression of Cyp11a1 and Cyp17a1 in prostate cancer cell lines and BMDMs, as determined by real time PCR. n=3-5, data shown as the mean ± SEM from one experiment, B) Nuclear to cytoplasmic AR ratio of GFP⁺ PTE-82 cells cultured in CSS or cocultured with BMDMs. 1 µM BLT-1 (SCARB1 inhibitor) and 5 µg/ml aCD36 were added to co-cultures as indicated. 6-8 randomly selected images from two wells of the chamber slide were pooled for analysis. Data reflects one of two independent experiments. Significance determined by Mann-Whitney. C) PTE-82 cells were treated with the LXR modulators RGX-104 (5 µM) and SR9243 (5 µM) for 48 hrs and effects on gene expression related to cholesterol influx/efflux (Abca1, Ldlr, Vldlr, Scarb1). cholesterol de novo synthesis (Acaca, Hmgcr, Sgle), and the LXR family (Nr1h2, Nr1H3) were determined by real time PCR. Expression was normalized across groups and is shown as a heat map. Data represents the mean of 3 technical replicates, with significance determined by two-way ANOVA. One of two representative experiments is shown. D) PTE-82 cells were treated with 5 µM RGX-104 and 5 µM SR9243 for 48 h and uptake of pHrodo Red labeled LDL (1 µg/ml) was measured by flow cytometry after a 3 hr incubation. Data shown as the mean ± SEM of 3-5 technical replicates, with significance determined by one-way ANOVA. One of three representative experiments is shown. E) PTE-82 cells were treated with 5 µM RGX-104 and 5 µM SR9243 for 48 hrs and expression of the and rogen responsive gene. Fkbp5 was determined by real time PCR, n=3, data shown as the mean \pm SEM with one of two representative experiments shown.