

## **Supporting Information**

### **Overcoming GNA/RNA Base-Pairing Limitations Using Isonucleotides Improves the Pharmacodynamic Activity of ESC+ GalNAc-siRNAs**

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**RNA sequences for  $T_M$  evaluation****Table S1.** RNA duplexes for the evaluation of thermal stability

Duplex	Sequence A (5' to 3')	Sequence B (5' to 3')	Avg. $T_M$	$\Delta T_M^a$	$\Delta\Delta T_M$
<b>R1</b>	UACAGUCUAUGU	ACAUAGACUGUA	$53.1 \pm 0.0$	-	-
<b>R2</b>	UACAGUCUAUGU	ACAUAG <u>A</u> CUGUA		-7.7	-
<b>R3</b>	UACAG <u>T</u> CUAUGU	ACAUAGACUGUA		-4.7	-
<b>R4</b>	UACAGU <u>C</u> UAUGU	ACAUAGACUGUA	$35.9 \pm 0.3$	-17.2	-
<b>R5</b>	UACAGU <u>C</u> UAUGU	ACAU <u>A</u> <sup>i</sup> GACUGUA		-11.5	5.7
<b>R6</b>	UACAGU <u>i</u> CUAUGU	ACAUAGACUGUA	$40.6 \pm 0.4$	-12.6	4.6
<b>R7</b>	UACAGUCUAUGU	ACAUAG <u>A</u> CUGUA	$40.1 \pm 0.4$	-13.0	-
<b>R8</b>	UACAGU <u>i</u> CUAUGU	ACAUAG <u>A</u> CUGUA		-10.5	2.5
<b>R9</b>	UACAGUCUAUGU	ACAU <u>A</u> <sup>i</sup> GACUGUA	$47.0 \pm 0.7$	-6.1	6.9

Uppercase bold underlined represent (S)-GNA modifications to Cytosine and Guanosine.

<sup>a</sup> $\Delta T_M$  data for **R2-R3**, **R5**, and **R8** were adapted from a previous publication where stabilities were measured under the same conditions, but on a different spectrophotometer (Schlegel *et. al.* JACS 2017).

**X-ray diffraction data collection and statistics****Table S2.** X-ray diffraction data collection and refinement statistics

Parameter	5'-CGCG <u>A</u> A-BrU-UAGCG-3'
Wavelength [Å]	0.9184
Resolution range [Å]	23.76 - 1.78 (1.83 - 1.78)
Space group	$P3_2$
Unit cell [Å]; [°]	$a=b=29.37, c=133.14; \alpha=\beta=90, \gamma=120$
Total reflections	330,087 (9,847)
Unique reflections	12,301 (1,274)
Multiplicity	26.7 (10.1)
Completeness (%)	99.61 (99.07)
Mean I/sigma(I)	17.8 (1.1)
Wilson B-factor [Å]	40.29
R-merge	0.082 (1.369)
R-meas	0.092 (1.544)
R-pim	0.017 (0.482)
CC1/2	0.999 (0.792)
Reflections used in refinement	12,298 (1,272)
Reflections used for R-free	556 (52)
R-work	0.1945 (0.4114)
R-free	0.2260 (0.4289)
Number of non-hydrogen atoms	1,024
macromolecules	852
ligands	156
solvent	16
RNA residues	48
RMS, bonds [Å]	0.002
RMS, angles [°]	0.46
Clashscore	2.67
Average B-factor [Å <sup>2</sup> ]	47.8

Numbers in parentheses refer to the highest resolution shell

**Sequences of GalNAc-siRNAs****Table S3.** siRNA duplexes used in these studies

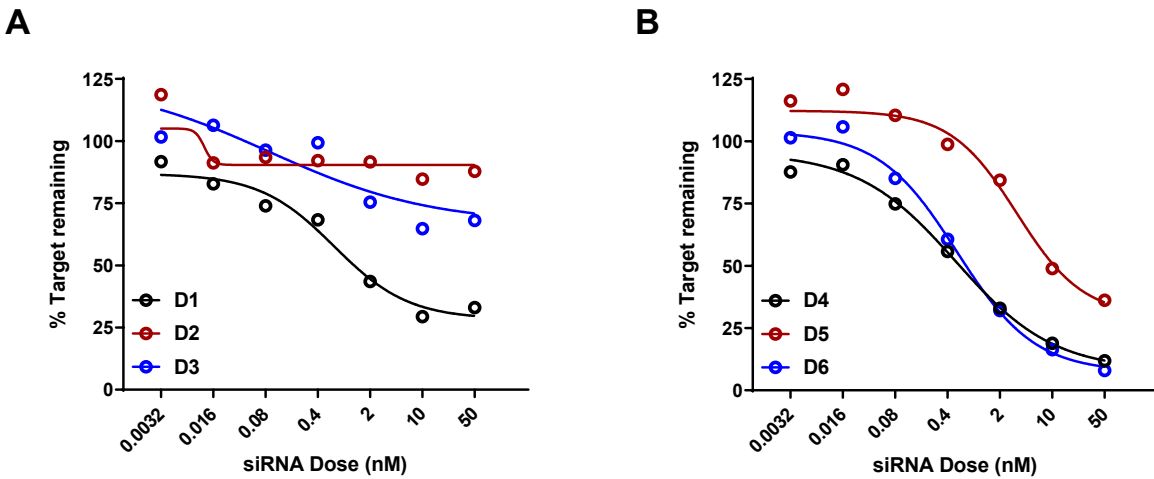
siRNA	mRNA Target	Passenger	Sequence (5' to 3')	Guide	Sequence (5' to 3')	Avg. $T_M$	$\Delta T_M$	$\Delta\Delta T_M$
D1	<i>Hao1</i>	P1	g●a●auguGaaAGucaucgacaaL	G1	u●U●gucGaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u●g	66.5 ± 0.0	-	-
D2	<i>Hao1</i>	P1	g●a●auguGaaAGucaucgacaaL	G2	u●U●guC <u>G</u> aUGacuuUcAcauuc●u●g	58.6 ± 0.1	-7.9	-
D3	<i>Hao1</i>	P1	g●a●auguGaaAGucaucgacaaL	G3	u●U●gu <sup>i</sup> C <u>G</u> aUGacuuUcAcauuc●u●g	61.1 ± 0.1	-5.4	2.5
D4	<i>Ttr</i>	P2	a●a●caguGuUCUugcucuauaaL	G4	u●U●auaGagcaagaAcAcuguu●u●u	66.0 ± 0.0	-	-
D5	<i>Ttr</i>	P2	a●a●caguGuUCUugcucuauaaL	G5	u●U●aua <u>G</u> agcaagaAcAcuguu●u●u	59.0 ± 0.0	-7.0	-
D6	<i>Ttr</i>	P2	a●a●caguGuUCUugcucuauaaL	G6	u●U●aua <sup>i</sup> <u>G</u> agcaagaAcAcuguu●u●u	62.3 ± 0.4	-3.7	3.3
D7	<i>F12</i>	P3	u●g●cuuuGaGCCucagcuucuaL	G7	u●A●gaagcugaggcUcAaagca●c●u	79.3 ± 0.4	-	-
D8	<i>F12</i>	P3	u●g●cuuuGaGCCucagcuucuaL	G8	u●A●gaag <u>C</u> ugaggcUcAaagca●c●u	71.3 ± 0.4	-8.0	-
D9	<i>F12</i>	P3	u●g●cuuuGaGCCucagcuucuaL	G9	u●A●gaag <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> ugaggcUcAaagca●c●u	73.3 ± 0.4	-6.0	2.0
D10	<i>Ttr</i>	P4	u●u●cuugCuCUAuaaacgguguL	G10	a●C●acgguuuauagAgCaagaa●c●a	70.0 ± 0.7	-	-
D11	<i>Ttr</i>	P4	u●u●cuugCuCUAuaaacgguguL	G11	a●C●ac <u>G</u> guuuuauagAgCaagaa●c●a	64.0 ± 0.7	-6.0	-
D12	<i>Ttr</i>	P4	u●u●cuugCuCUAuaaacgguguL	G12	a●C●ac <sup>i</sup> <u>G</u> guuuuauagAgCaagaa●c●a	67.3 ± 0.4	-2.7	3.3
D13	<i>Ttr</i>	P4	u●u●cuugCuCUAuaaacgguguL	G13	a●C●acg <u>G</u> uuuuauagAgCaagaa●c●a	63.3 ± 0.4	-6.7	-
D14	<i>Ttr</i>	P4	u●u●cuugCuCUAuaaacgguguL	G14	a●C●acg <sup>i</sup> <u>G</u> uuuuauagAgCaagaa●c●a	67.3 ± 0.4	-2.7	4.0
D15	<i>Ttr</i>	P5	a●g●gaucUuGCCaaagcaguuaL	G15	u●U●acugcuuuggcAaGauccu●g●g	74.3 ± 0.4	-	-
D16	<i>Ttr</i>	P5	a●g●gaucUuGCCaaagcaguuaL	G16	u●U●acu <u>G</u> cuuuggcAaGauccu●g●g	66.8 ± 0.4	-7.5	-
D17	<i>Ttr</i>	P5	a●g●gaucUuGCCaaagcaguuaL	G17	u●U●acu <sup>i</sup> <u>G</u> cuuuggcAaGauccu●g●g	70.0 ± 0.0	-4.3	2.8

D18	<i>Ttr</i>	P5	a●g●gauc <i>UuGCC</i> CaaagcaguaaL	G18	u●U●acug <u>C</u> uuuggcAaGauccu●g●g	66.8 ± 0.4	-7.5	-
D19	<i>Ttr</i>	P5	a●g●gauc <i>UuGCC</i> CaaagcaguaaL	G19	u●U●acug <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> uuuggcAaGauccu●g●g	68.0 ± 0.0	-6.3	1.2
D20	<i>Ttr</i>	P6	g●a●ccag <i>GaUCU</i> ugccaaagcaL	G20	u●G●c <u>uu</u> ggcaagaUcCugguc●c●u	80.0 ± 0.7	-	-
D21	<i>Ttr</i>	P6	g●a●ccag <i>GaUCU</i> ugccaaagcaL	G21	u●G●c <u>uuu</u> <u>G</u> gcaagaUcCugguc●c●u	74.0 ± 0.7	-6.0	-
D22	<i>Ttr</i>	P6	g●a●ccag <i>GaUCU</i> ugccaaagcaL	G22	u●G●c <u>uuu</u> <sup>i</sup> <u>G</u> gcaagaUcCugguc●c●u	77.3 ± 0.4	-2.7	3.3
D23	<i>Ttr</i>	P7	g●a●ucuu <i>GcCAA</i> agcaguagcaL	G23	u●G●c <u>ua</u> cugc <u>uu</u> gGcAagauc●c●u	76.8 ± 0.4	-	-
D24	<i>Ttr</i>	P7	g●a●ucuu <i>GcCAA</i> agcaguagcaL	G24	u●G●c <u>ua</u> <u>C</u> ugc <u>uu</u> gGcAagauc●c●u	68.8 ± 0.4	-8.0	-
D25	<i>Ttr</i>	P7	g●a●ucuu <i>GcCAA</i> agcaguagcaL	G25	u●G●c <u>ua</u> <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> ugc <u>uu</u> gGcAagauc●c●u	70.3 ± 0.4	-6.5	1.5
D26	<i>F12</i>	P8	g●g●agccCa <i>AGA</i> aagugaaagaL	G26	u●C● <u>uuu</u> cac <u>uu</u> cuUgGgcucc●a●c	77.0 ± 0.7	-	-
D27	<i>F12</i>	P8	g●g●agccCa <i>AGA</i> aagugaaagaL	G27	u●C● <u>uuu</u> <u>C</u> ac <u>uu</u> cuUgGgcucc●a●c	69.8 ± 0.4	-7.2	-
D28	<i>F12</i>	P8	g●g●agccCa <i>AGA</i> aagugaaagaL	G28	u●C● <u>uuu</u> <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> ac <u>uu</u> cuUgGgcucc●a●c	71.3 ± 0.4	-5.7	1.5

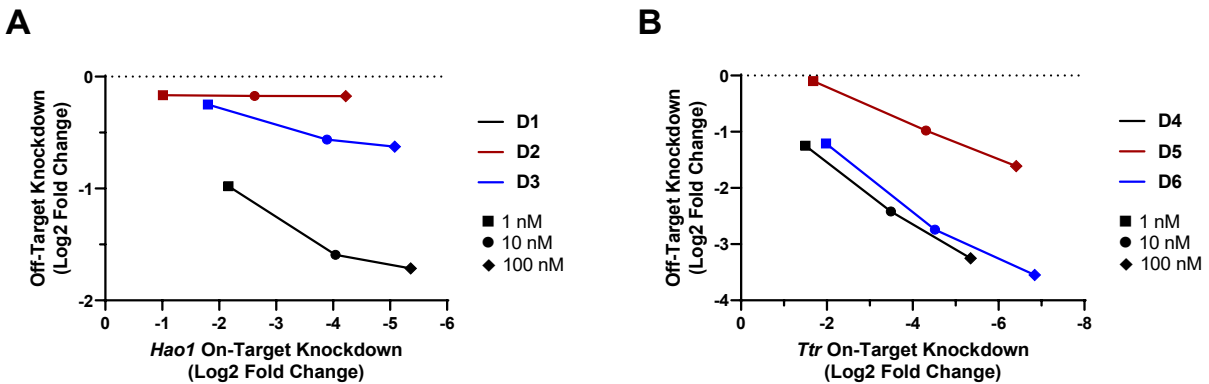
Italicized uppercase, lower-case, and uppercase bold underlined represent 2'-deoxy-2'-F, 2'-OMe, and (S)-GNA modifications, respectively to Adenosine, Cytosine, Guanosine, and Uridine. "L" represents the tri-N-acetylgalactosamine ligand. Phosphorothioate linkages are indicated by the "●" symbol.

**RT-qPCR primers and probes****Table S4.** Guide Strand RT-qPCR Primers and Probes

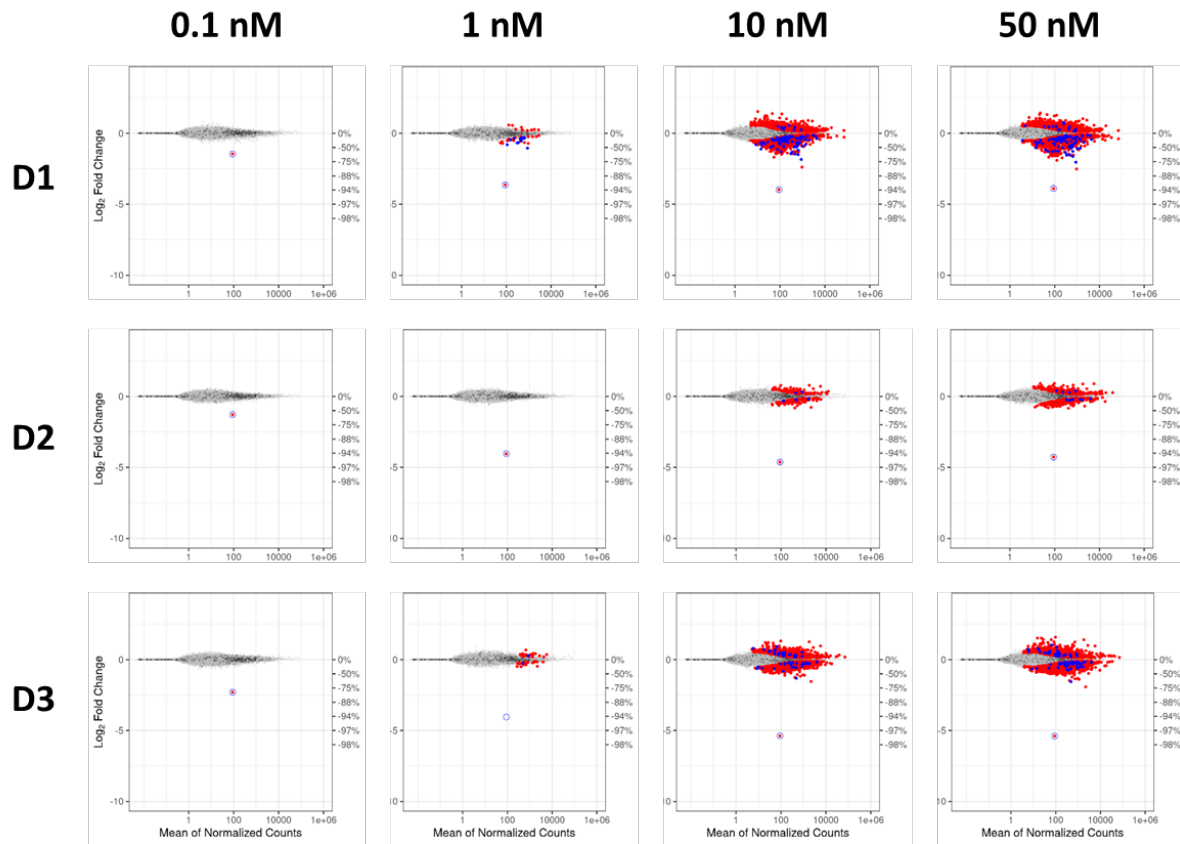
siRNAs	Primer ID	Primer Sequence (5' to 3')
<b>D1, D2, D3</b>	RT	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACCAGAATGTGA
	Forward qPCR	GCCGCGCTTGTCGATGACTT
	TaqMan Probe	CTGGATACGACCAGAATGTG
	Universal Reverse qPCR	GTGCAGGGTCCGAGGT
<b>D4, D5, D6</b>	RT	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACAAAACAGTGT
	Forward qPCR	GCCGCGCTTATAGAGCAAG
	TaqMan Probe	CTGGATACGACAAAACAGT
	Universal Reverse qPCR	GTGCAGGGTCCGAGGT
<b>D7, D8, D9</b>	RT	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACAGTGCTTTGA
	Forward qPCR	GCCGCGCTAGAAGCTGAGGC
	TaqMan Probe	CTGGATACGACAGTGCTTT
	Universal Reverse qPCR	GTGCAGGGTCCGAGGT
<b>D10, D11, D12</b>	RT	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACTGTTCTTGCT
	Forward qPCR	GCCGCGCACACGGTTTATAG
	TaqMan Probe	CTGGATACGACTGTTCTTG
	Universal Reverse qPCR	GTGCAGGGTCCGAGGT

**Off-target silencing in dual-luciferase reporter and analysis**

**Figure S1.** Off-target silencing of parent and GNA-modified GalNAc-siRNAs **D1-D3** (A) or **D4-D6** (B) in the dual-luciferase off-target reporter.

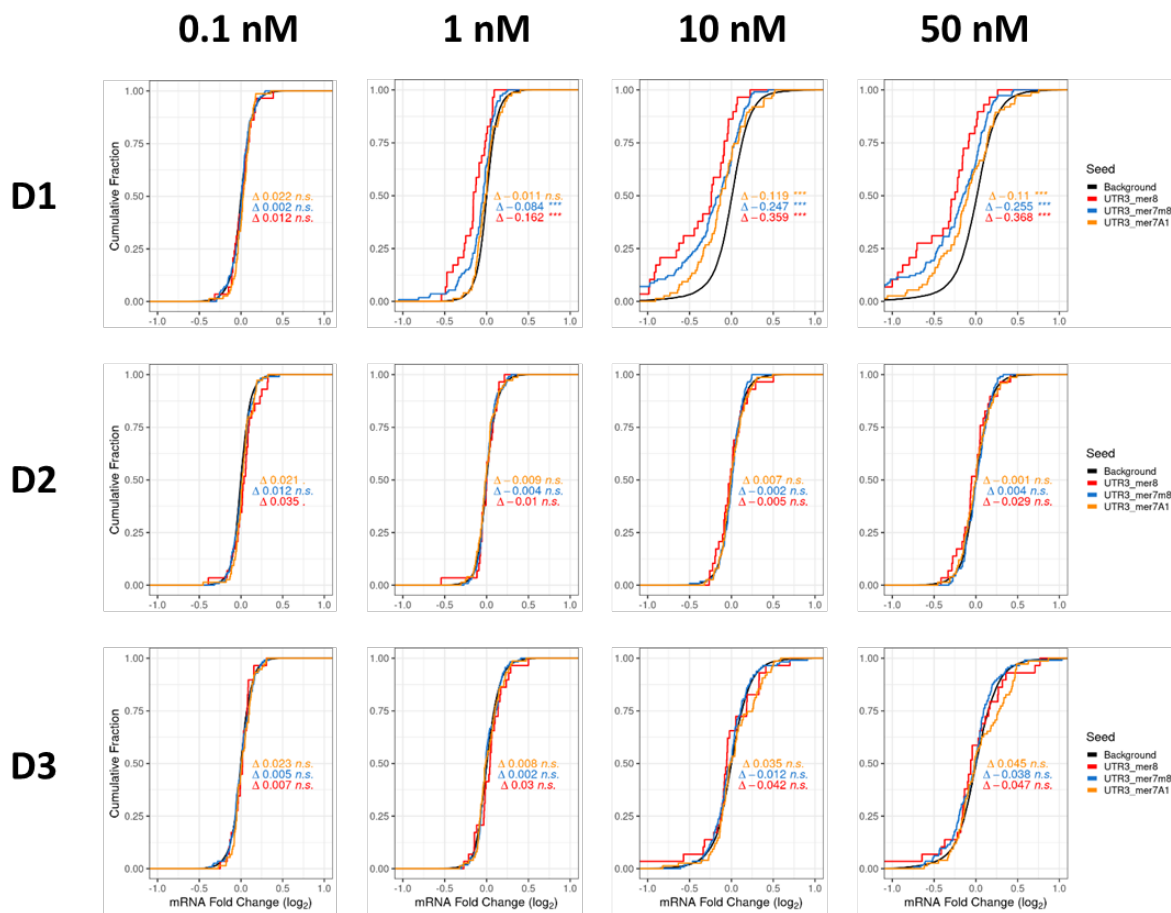


**Figure S2.** Correlation between off- and on-target activity across doses of **D1-D3** (A) or **D4-D6** (B). On-target activity is the log<sub>2</sub> transformed knockdown after free uptake in PMH (see Figure 6). Off-target activity is the log<sub>2</sub> transformed knockdown in the dual-luciferase reporter assay was inferred from the fitted curves in Figure S1.

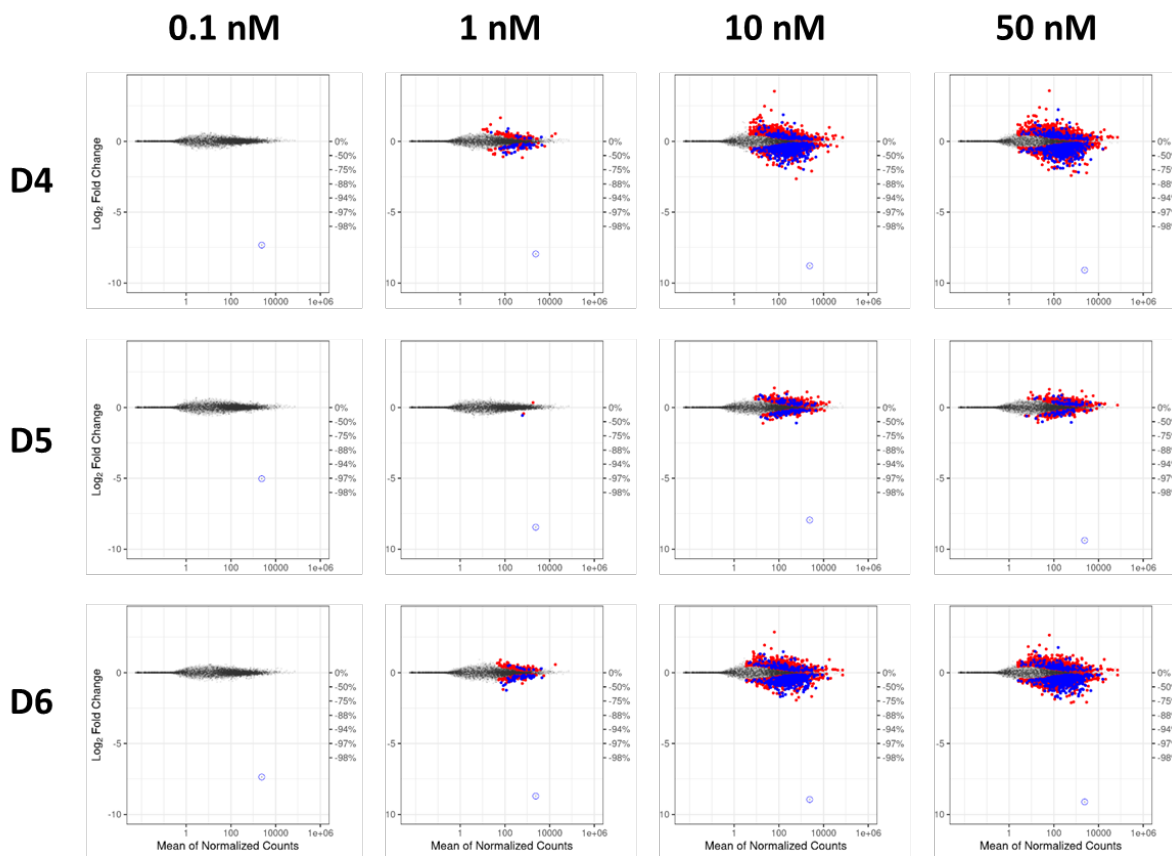
**Additional plots and analyses from *in vitro* RNAseq**

**Figure S3.**  $\text{Log}_2$  fold change (MA plot) showing transcriptional dysregulation in primary mouse hepatocytes after transfection of *Hao1*-targeting siRNAs **D1-D3**. Dots represent individual mouse transcripts, their average read count, and the level of change in expression compared to the mock control. Whereas grey dots represent genes which were not determined to be differentially expressed after siRNA treatment relative to the control, the blue and red dots represent differentially expressed genes (false discovery rate  $< 0.05$ ) with or without a canonical miRNA match (8mer, 7mer-A1, 7mer-m8) to the guide seed region, respectively. On-target knockdown is represented by the circled dot.

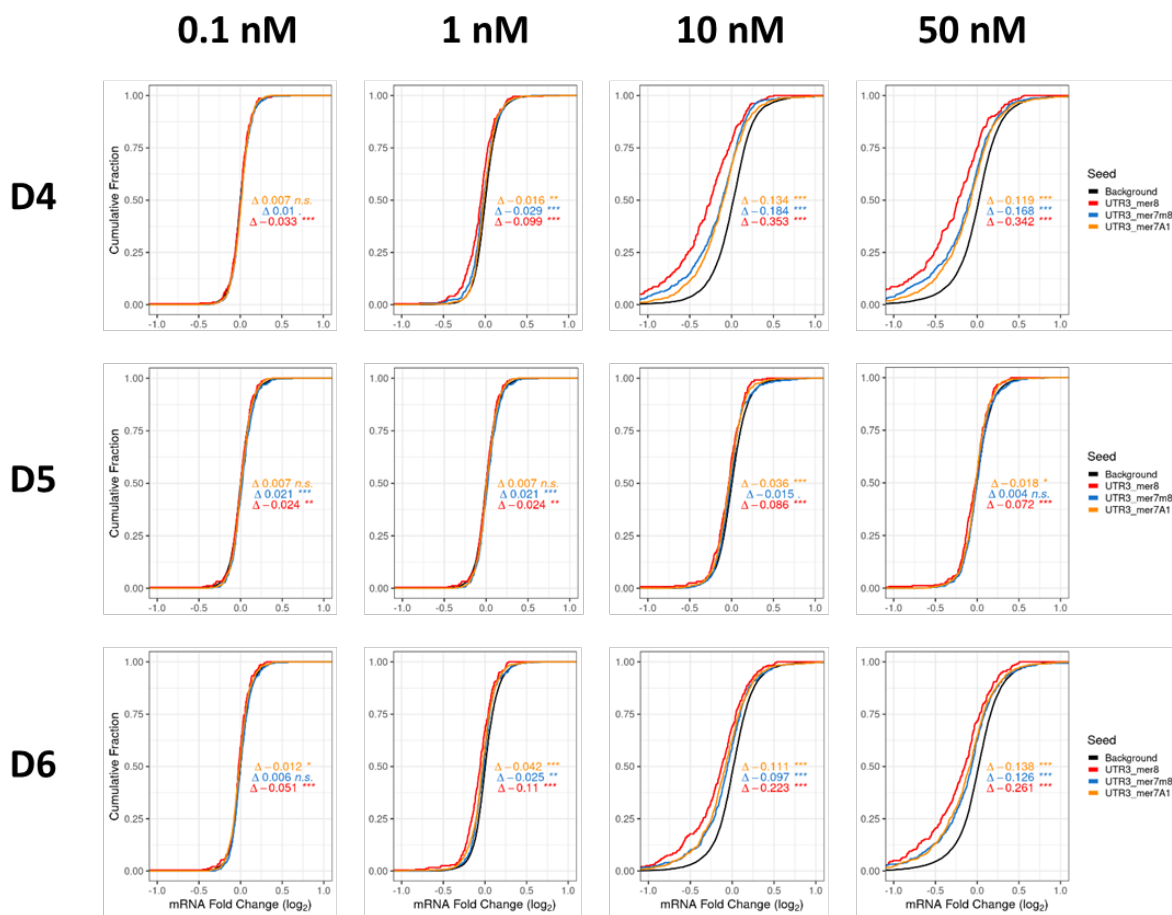




**Figure S4.** Cumulative distribution function (CDF) plots relative to control after treatment with the designated *Hao1*-targeting siRNAs **D1-D3** at the specified dose. Each colored line represents the impact of different types of seed matches in the 3'-UTR on the cumulative distribution of expression change of transcripts; black = background, yellow = mer7-A1, blue = mer7-m8, red = mer8. Delta estimates indicate the magnitude of each CDF shift vs. background.



**Figure S5.** Log<sub>2</sub> fold change (MA plot) showing transcriptional dysregulation in primary mouse hepatocytes after transfection of *Ttr*-targeting siRNAs **D4-D6**. Dots represent individual mouse transcripts, their average read count, and the level of change in expression compared to the mock control. Whereas grey dots represent genes which were not determined to be differentially expressed after siRNA treatment relative to the control, the blue and red dots represent differentially expressed genes (false discovery rate <0.05) with or without a canonical miRNA match (8mer, 7mer-A1, 7mer-m8) to the guide seed region, respectively. On-target knockdown is represented by the circled dot.



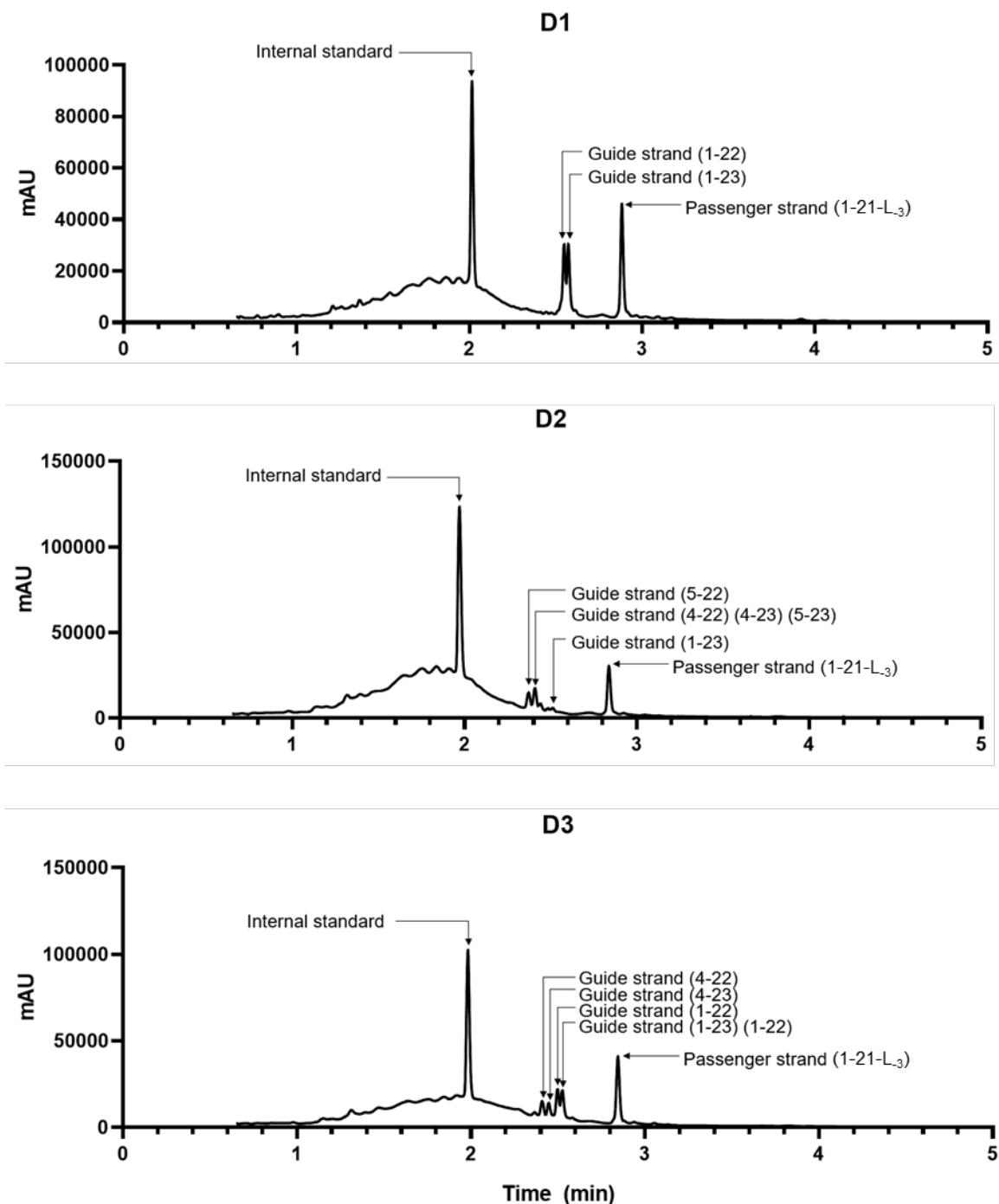
**Figure S6.** Cumulative distribution function (CDF) plots relative to control after treatment with the designated *Ttr*-targeting siRNAs **D4-D6** at the specified dose. Each colored line represents the impact of different types of seed matches in the 3'-UTR on the cumulative distribution of expression change of transcripts; black = background, yellow = mer7-A1, blue = mer7-m8, red = mer8. Delta estimates indicate the magnitude of each CDF shift vs. background.

**Table S5.** Summary of *in vitro* RNA sequencing data

siRNA	Dose (nM)	On-Target <sup>a</sup> (%KD)	CDF Shift			DEGs		
			mer8	mer7m8	mer7A1	Total Down	Total Up	Total DEGs
<b>D1</b>	0.1	-1.46 (64)	0.012	0.002	0.022	0	1	1
	1	-3.64 (92)	-0.162	-0.084	-0.011	10	37	47
	10	-3.98 (94)	-0.359	-0.247	-0.119	1152	1321	2473
	50	-3.89 (93)	-0.368	-0.255	-0.110	1345	1601	2946
<b>D2</b>	0.1	-1.29 (59)	0.035	0.012	0.021	0	1	1
	1	-4.05 (94)	-0.010	-0.004	-0.009	0	1	1
	10	-4.63 (96)	-0.005	-0.002	0.007	110	118	228
	50	-4.28 (95)	-0.029	0.004	-0.001	342	368	710
<b>D3</b>	0.1	-2.30 (80)	0.007	0.005	0.023	0	1	1
	1	-4.05 (94)	0.030	0.002	0.008	22	24	46
	10	-5.38 (98)	-0.042	-0.012	0.035	1000	1104	2104
	50	-5.39 (98)	-0.047	-0.038	0.045	1321	1668	2989
<b>D4</b>	0.1	-7.32 (99)	-0.033	0.010	0.007	0	0	0
	1	-7.95 (100)	-0.099	-0.029	-0.016	98	115	213
	10	-8.79 (100)	-0.353	-0.184	-0.134	1600	1854	3454
	50	-9.09 (100)	-0.342	-0.168	-0.119	1809	2006	3815
<b>D5</b>	0.1	-5.03 (97)	-0.024	0.021	0.007	0	0	0
	1	-8.45 (100)	-0.050	-0.002	-0.009	1	2	3
	10	-7.95 (10)	-0.086	-0.015	-0.036	549	359	908
	50	-9.38 (100)	-0.072	0.004	-0.018	550	259	809
<b>D6</b>	0.1	-7.36 (99)	-0.051	0.006	-0.012	0	0	0
	1	-8.71 (100)	-0.110	-0.025	-0.042	107	130	237
	10	-8.95 (100)	-0.223	-0.097	-0.111	1383	1509	2892
	50	-9.12 (100)	-0.261	-0.126	-0.138	1645	1899	3544

<sup>a</sup>Log<sub>2</sub> fold change relative to mock control.

## Mass Identification of siRNA Metabolites in Mouse Liver

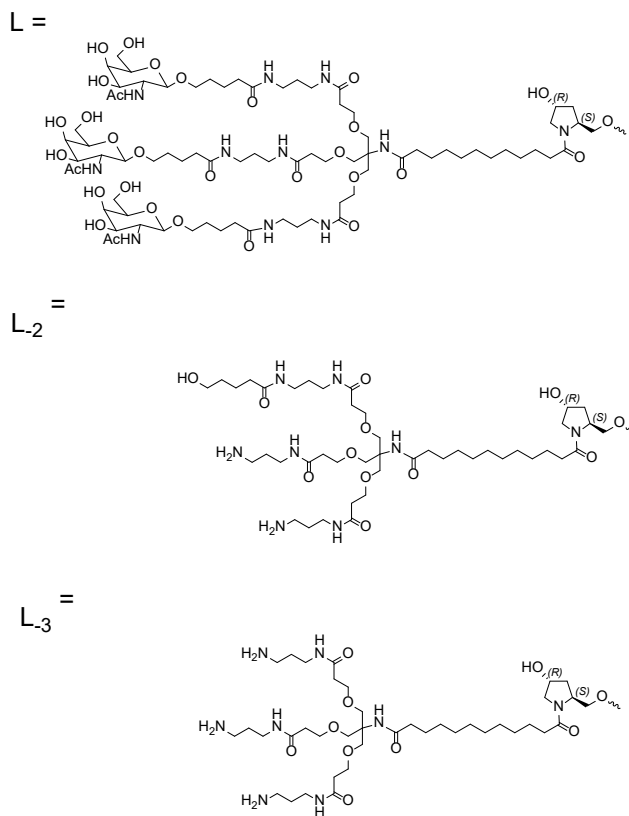


**Figure S7.** Representative UV Chromatograms for *in vivo* mouse MetID with arrows pointing to signal corresponding to observed fragments. See Table S6 and Experimental Section for further details.

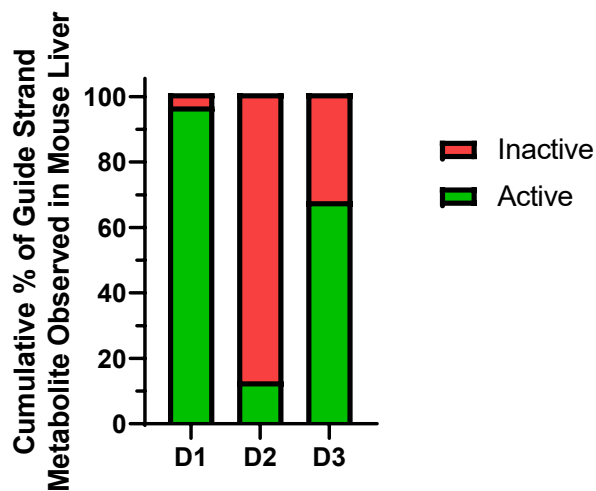
**Table S6.** Metabolic Identification from Mouse Liver

siRNA	Observed MW	Identified Fragment (5' to 3')	Strand	Nucleotides in Fragment (5' to 3')	% of Total Strand
D1	7932.729	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-3</sub>	Passenger	1-21-L <sub>-3</sub>	89
	7054.210	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaa	Passenger	1-21	1
	6368.078	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgac	Passenger	1-19	4
	5705.948	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucg	Passenger	1-17	1
	5346.883	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucauc	Passenger	1-16	1
	7557.683	<b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-3</sub>	Passenger	2-21-L <sub>-3</sub>	4
	7534.058	u●U● <b>g</b> ucGaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	1-23	54
	7159.016	u●U● <b>g</b> ucGaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	1-22	43
	4530.709	acuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	10-23	1
	4187.639	cuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	11-23	1
	5819.896	cGaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	5-22	1
	3812.589	cuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	11-22	1
	D2	8032.799	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-2</sub>	Passenger	1-21-L <sub>-2</sub>
7932.735		<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-3</sub>	Passenger	1-21-L <sub>-3</sub>	96
5346.875		<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucauc	Passenger	1-16	3
7462.048		u●U● <b>g</b> u <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	1-23	9
7087.007		u●U● <b>g</b> u <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	1-22	4
6442.961		u <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	4-23	16
6122.913		<u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	5-23	31
4530.708		acuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	10-23	1
6067.919		u <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	4-22	14
5747.861	<u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	5-22	26	
D3	8032.779	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-2</sub>	Passenger	1-21-L <sub>-2</sub>	1
	7932.727	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaaL <sub>-3</sub>	Passenger	1-21-L <sub>-3</sub>	95
	7054.202	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucgacaa	Passenger	1-21	1
	5705.941	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucaucg	Passenger	1-17	1
	5346.878	<b>g</b> ● <b>a</b> ● <b>a</b> uguGaaAGucauc	Passenger	1-16	3
	7462.036	u●U● <b>g</b> u <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	1-23	25
	7086.995	u●U● <b>g</b> u <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	1-22	43
	6442.956	u <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	4-23	21
	6122.915	<sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u● <b>g</b>	Guide	5-23	1
	6067.916	u <sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	4-22	10
	5747.875	<sup>i</sup> <u>C</u> GaUGacuuUcAcauuc●u	Guide	5-22	1

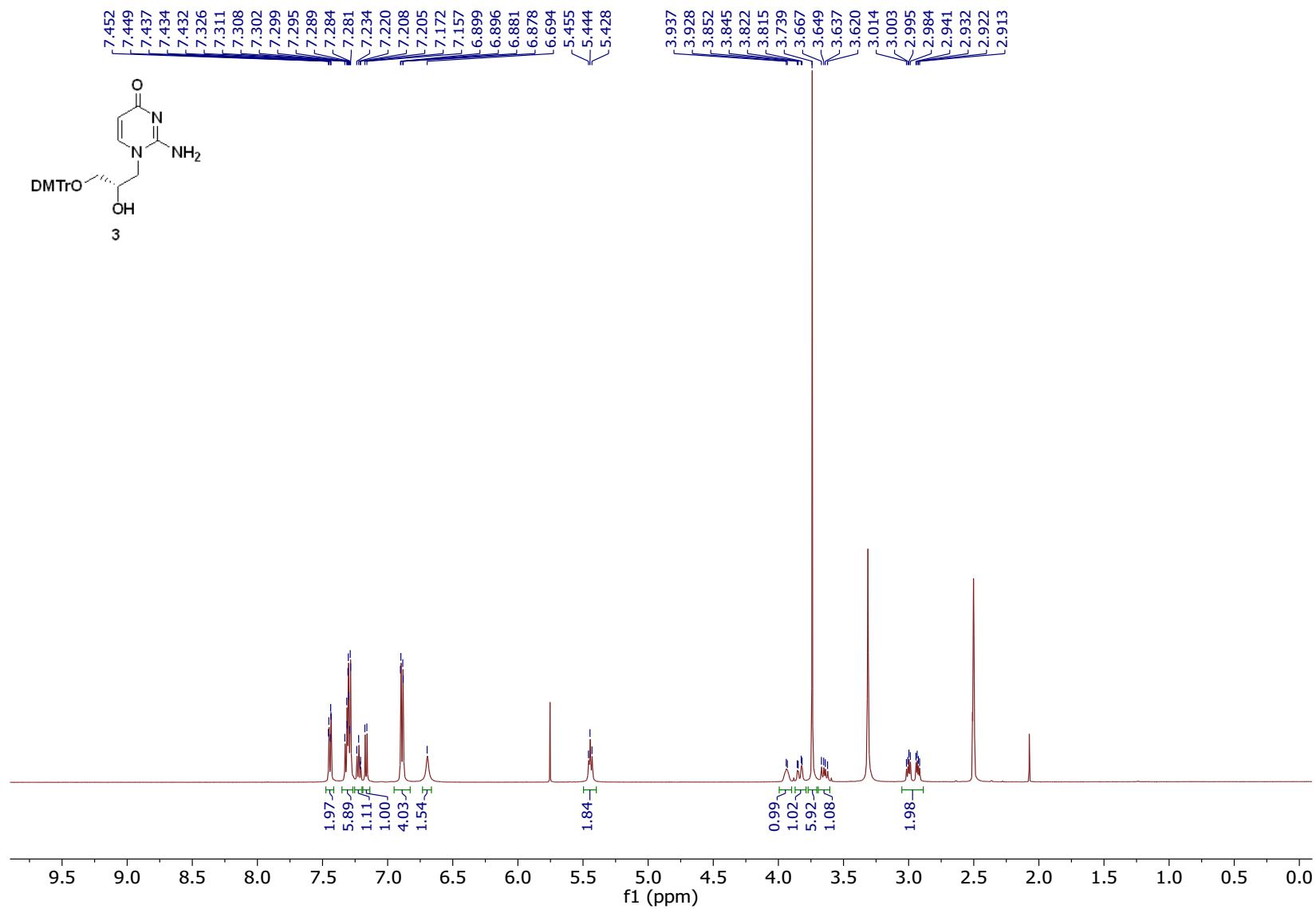
Italicized uppercase, lower-case, and uppercase bold underlined letters represent 2'-deoxy-2'-F, 2'-OMe, and (S)-GNA modifications, respectively to adenosine, cytosine, guanosine, and uridine. "L" represents the tri-N-acetylgalactosamine ligand, and "L<sub>-2</sub>" or "L<sub>-3</sub>" represent loss of all three sugars and two or three linkers from "L". Structures shown in Figure S8 below. Phosphorothioate linkages are indicated by the "●" symbol. Percent of strand is calculated based on TIC intensity summed for all metabolites of a given strand.



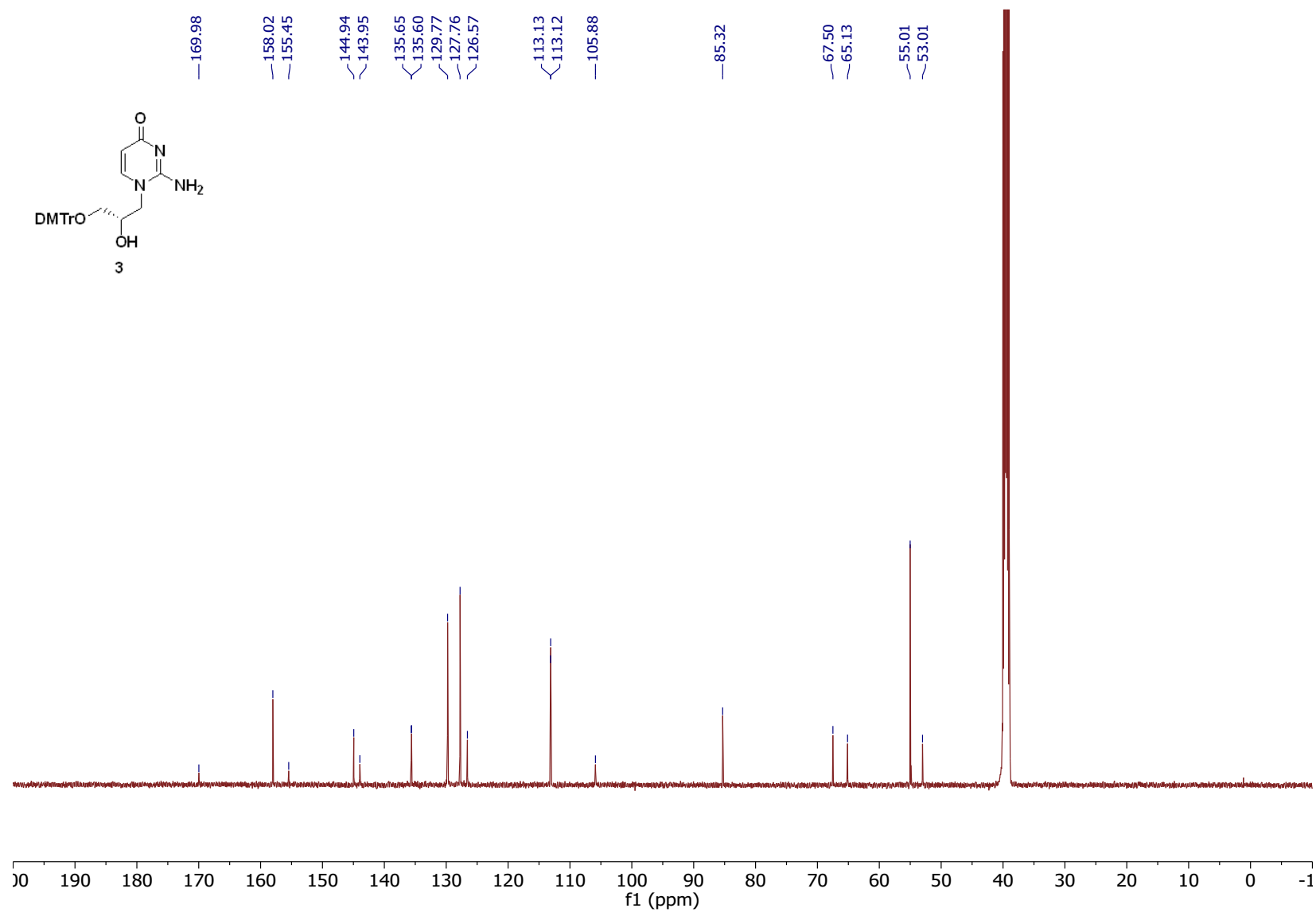
**Figure S8.** Structure of “L”, “L<sub>2</sub>”, and “L<sub>3</sub>”.

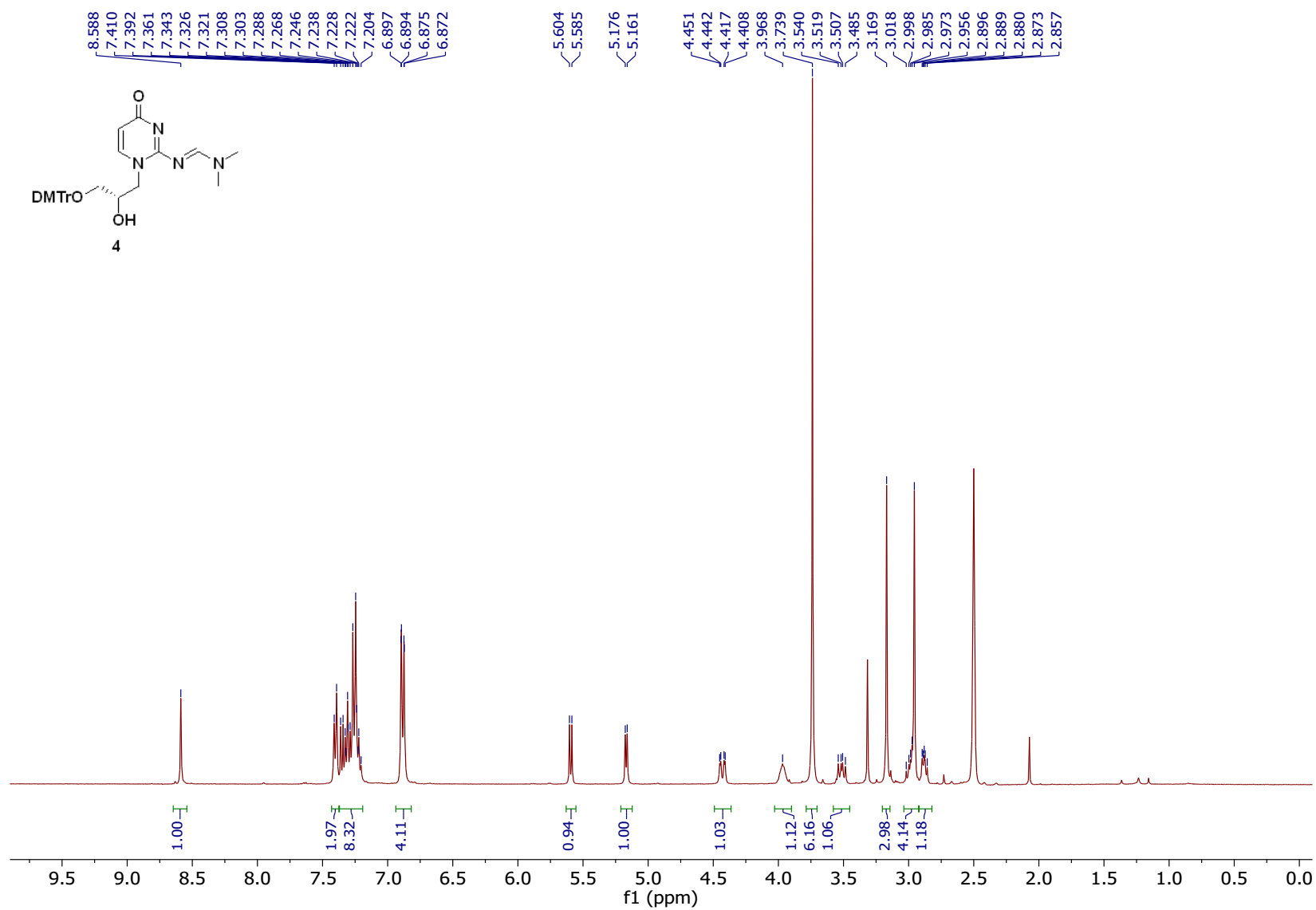


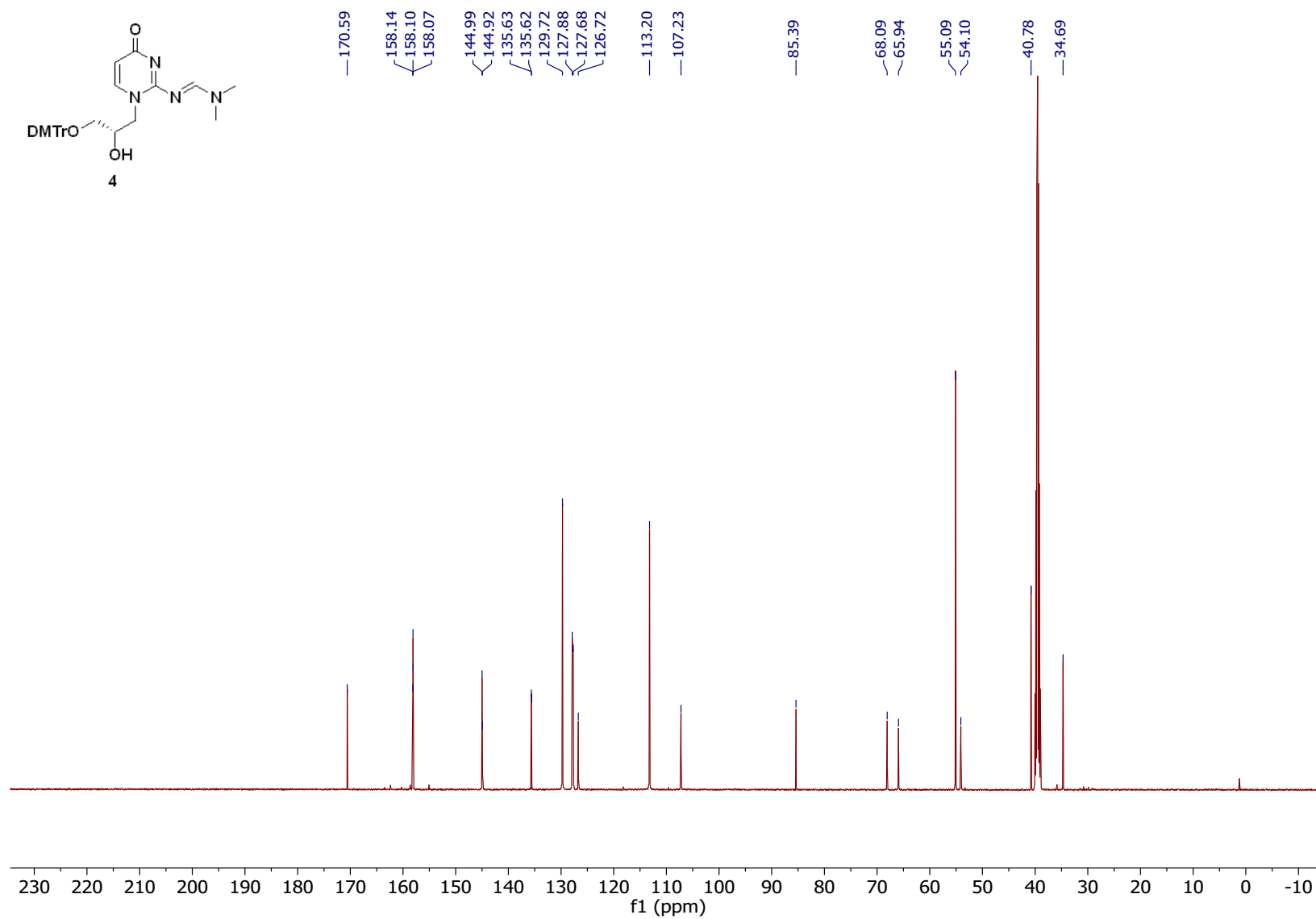
**Figure S9.** Percent of guide strand metabolites observed in mouse liver relative to all metabolites detected in each sample (see Table S6). Active metabolites are defined as the sum of full-length guide strand (nucleotides 1-23) and the 3'-N-1 metabolite (nucleotides 1-22). All other guides strand metabolites in Table S6 are considered unlikely to be active.

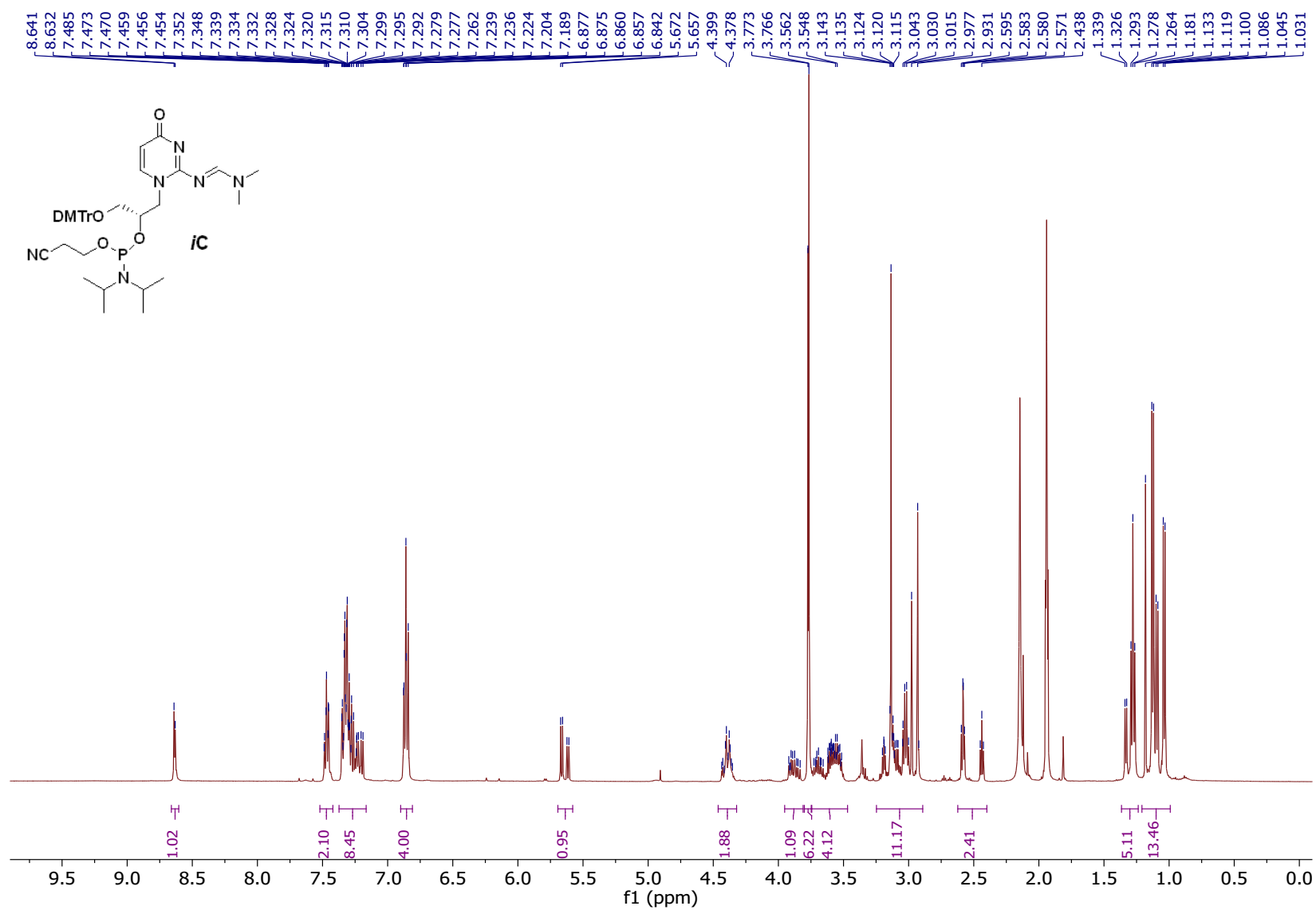
<sup>1</sup>H NMR of compound **3** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

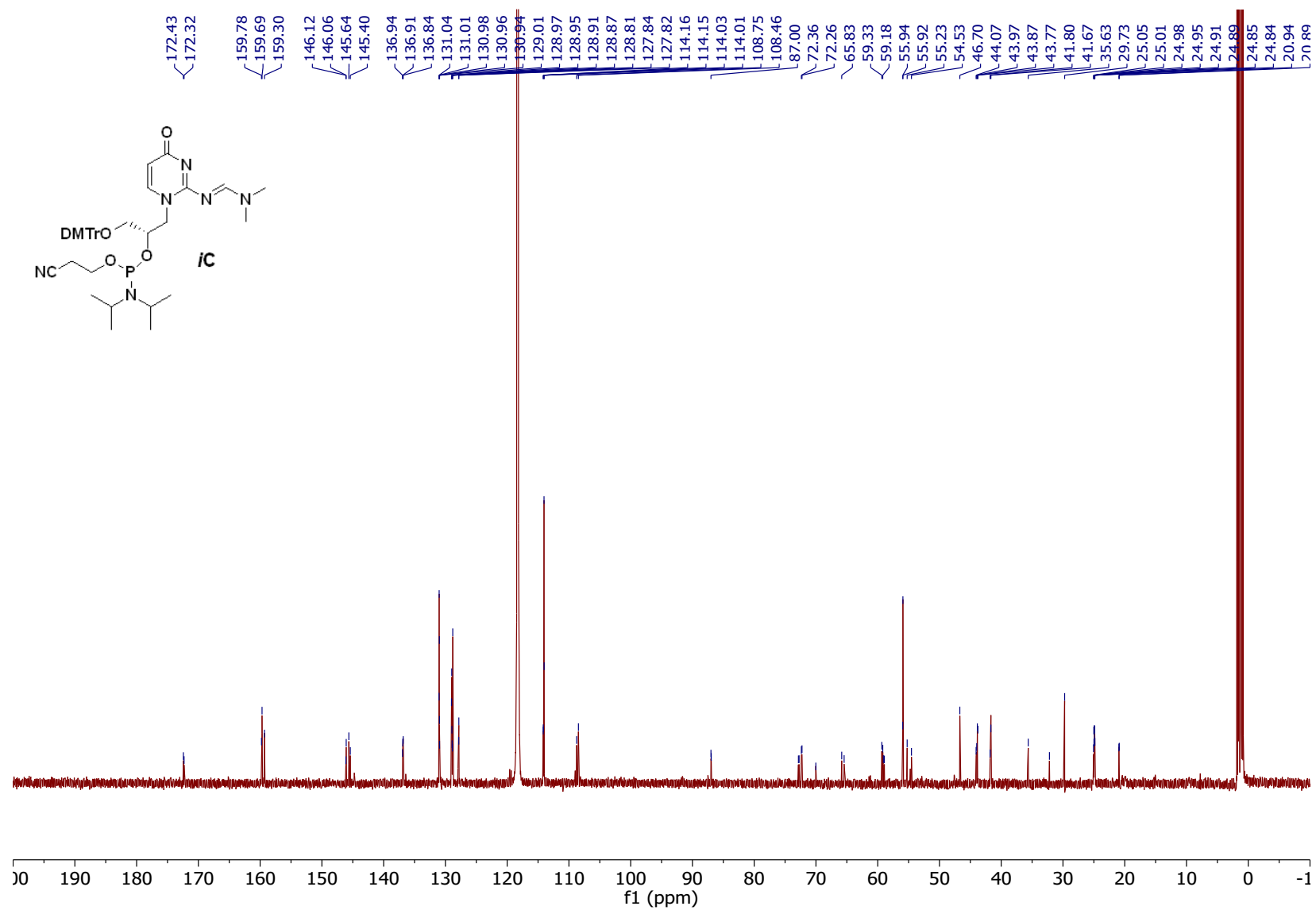


<sup>13</sup>C NMR of compound **3** (126 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

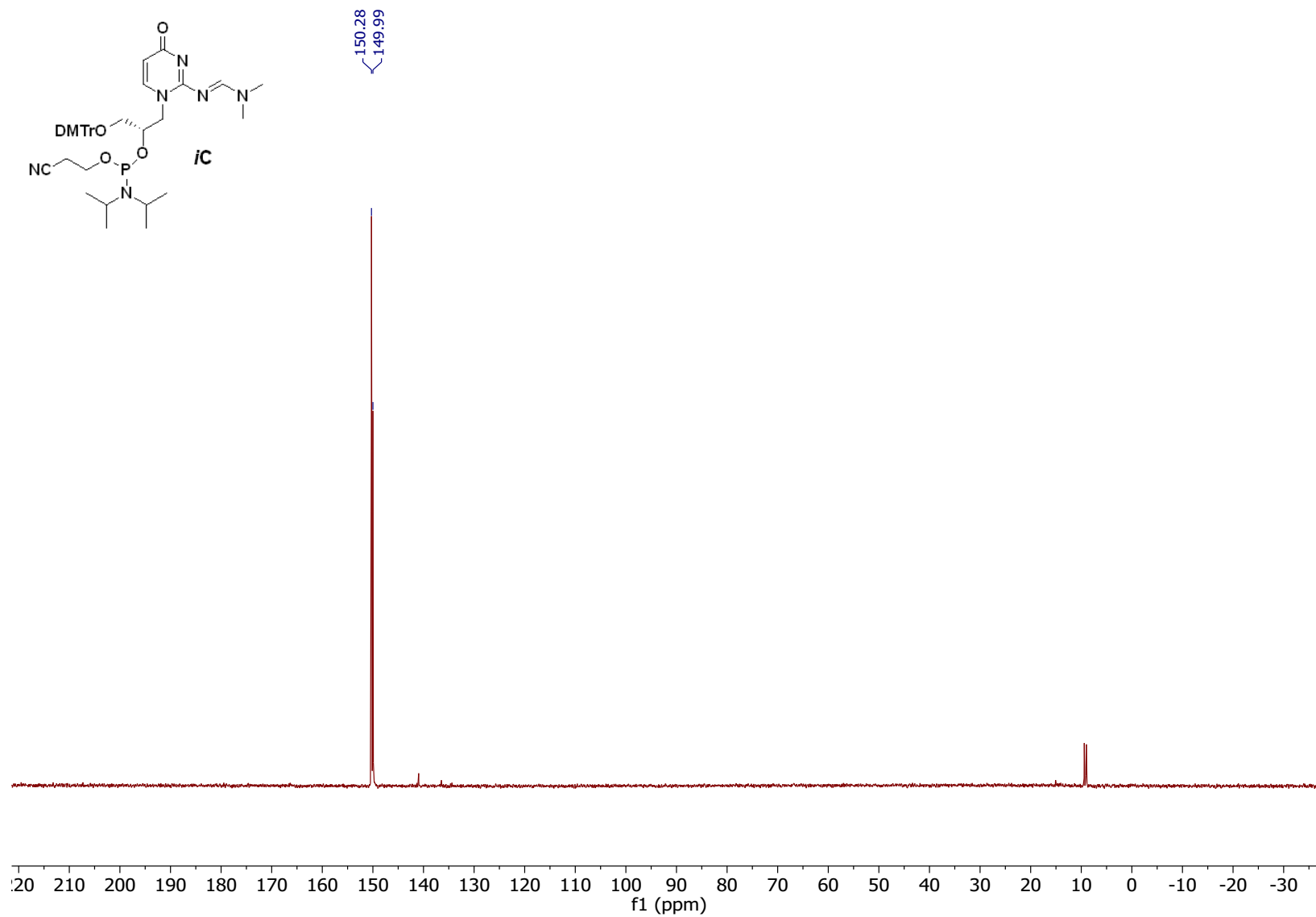
<sup>1</sup>H NMR of compound **4** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

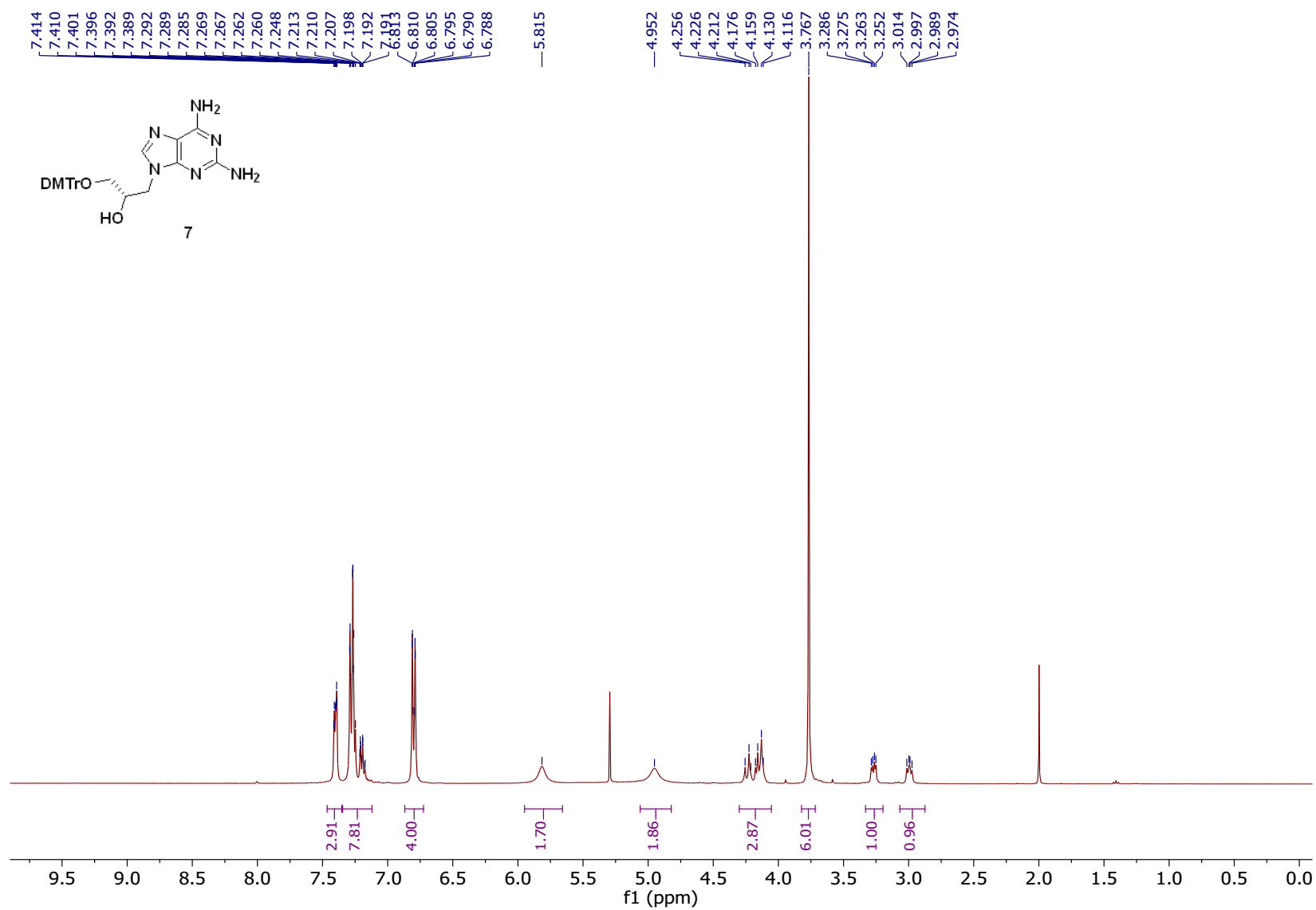
<sup>13</sup>C NMR of compound 4 (126 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

$^1\text{H}$  NMR of phosphoramidite *iC* (500 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ )

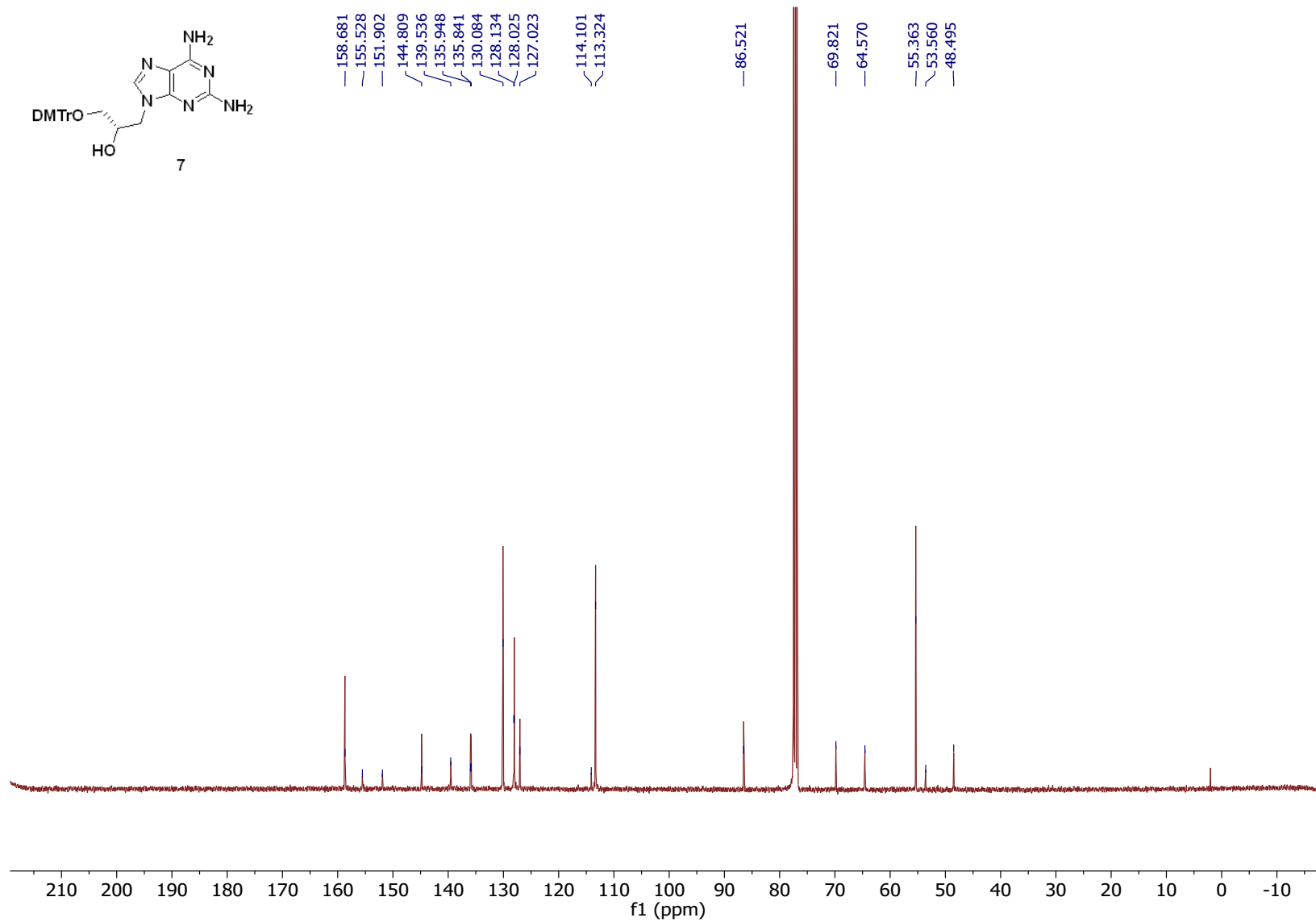
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of phosphoramidite **iC** (126 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ )

$^{31}\text{P}$  NMR of phosphoramidite **iC** (202 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ )



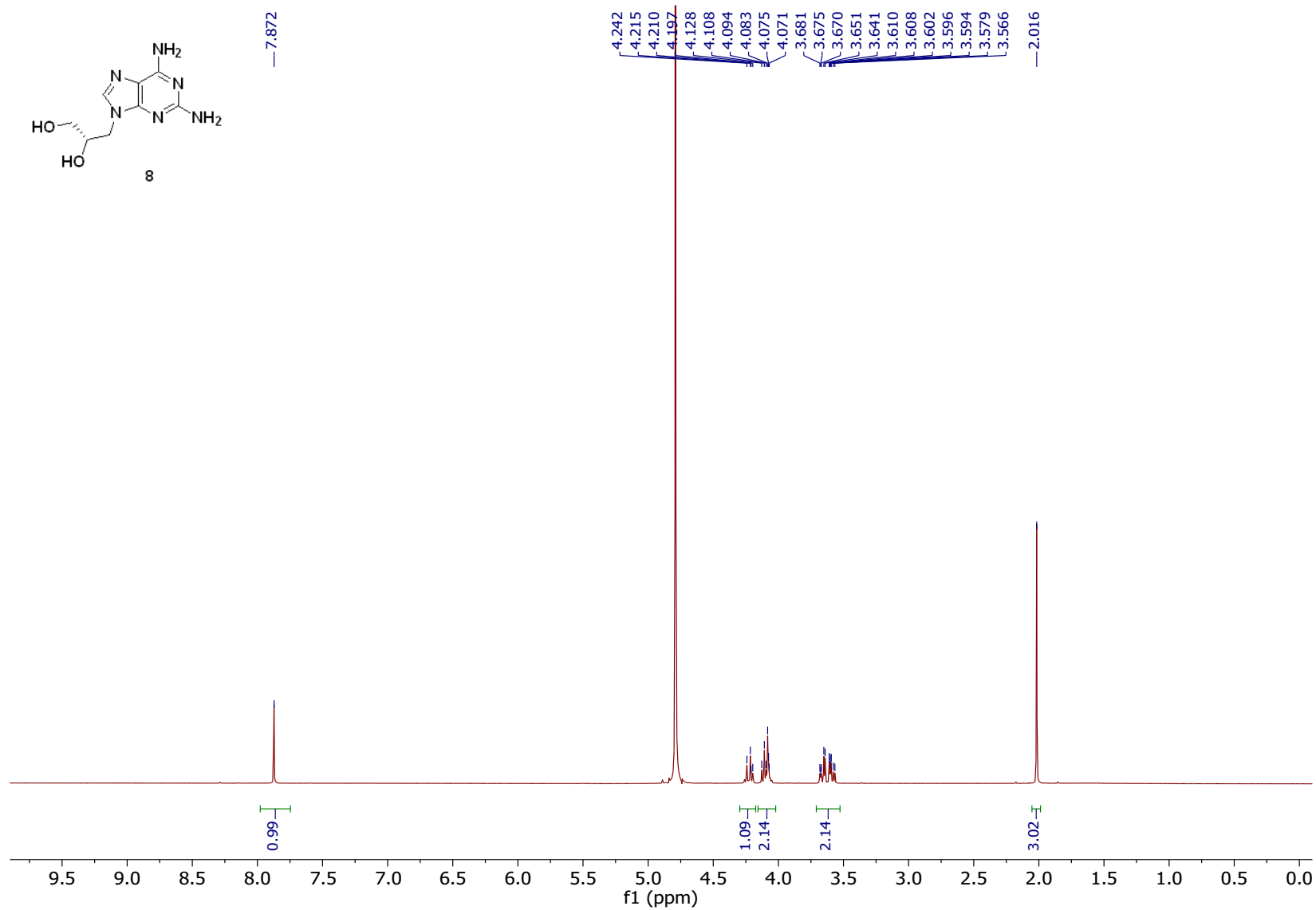
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of compound **7** (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound **7** (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

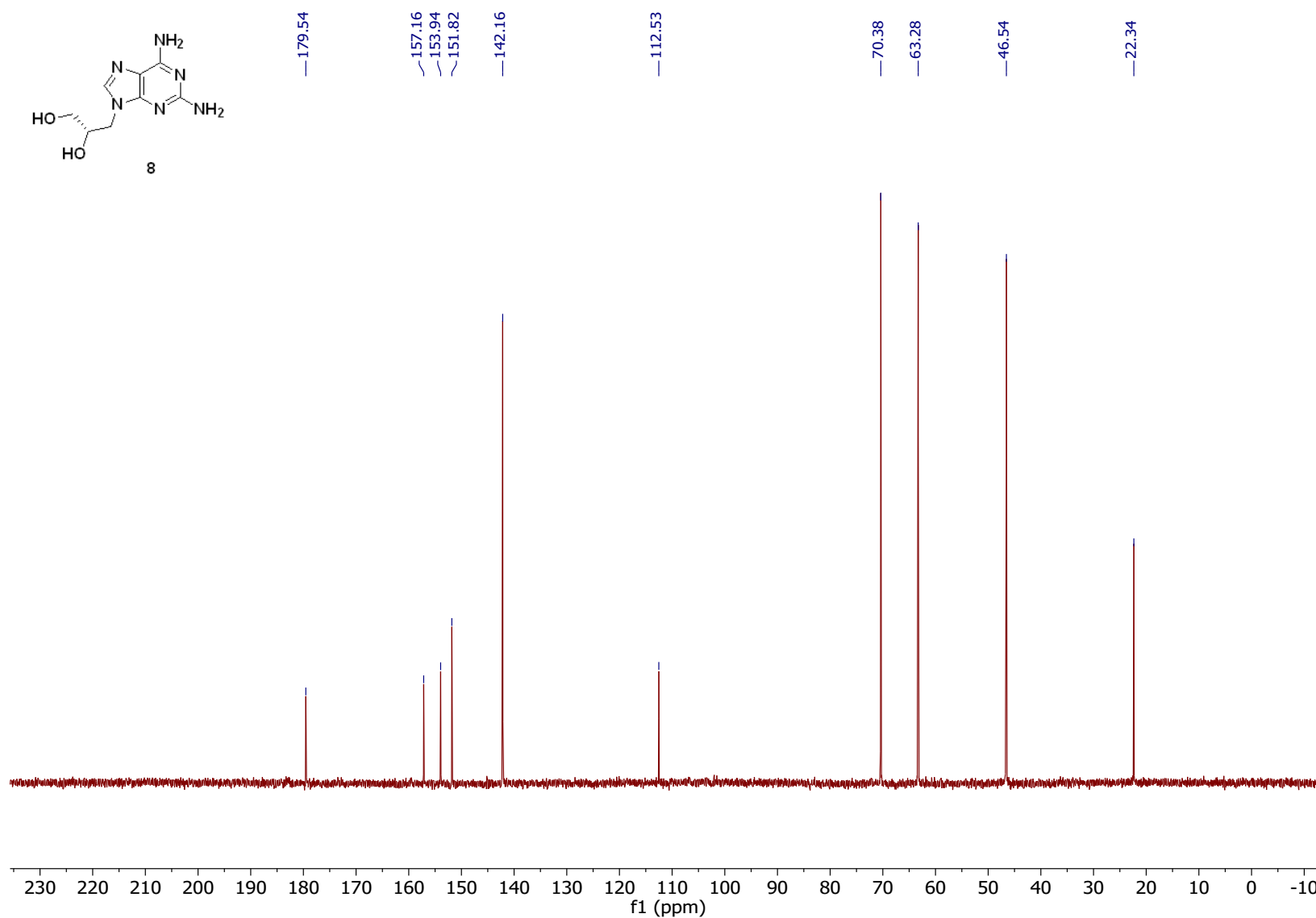




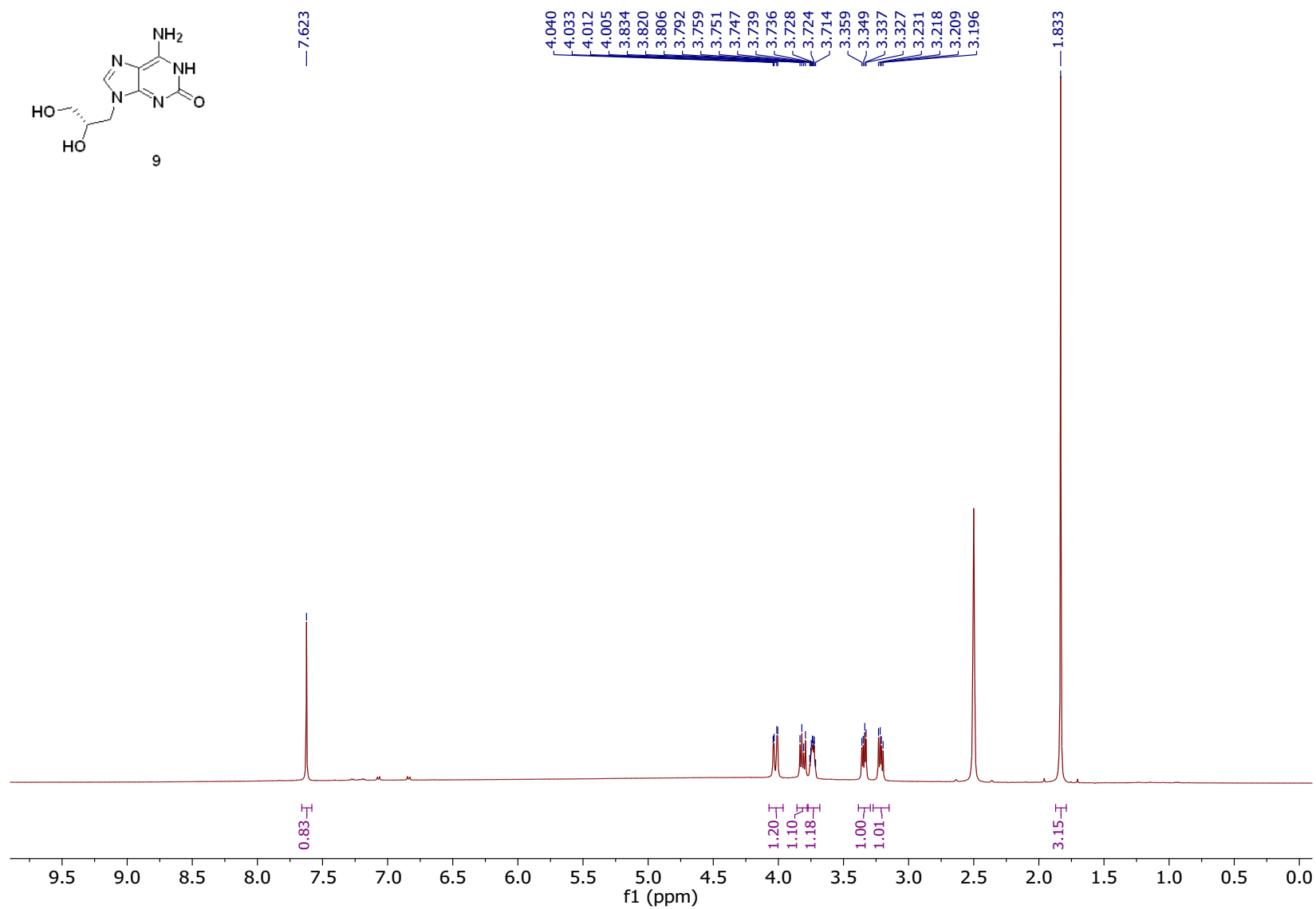
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the acetate salt of compound **8** (400 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )



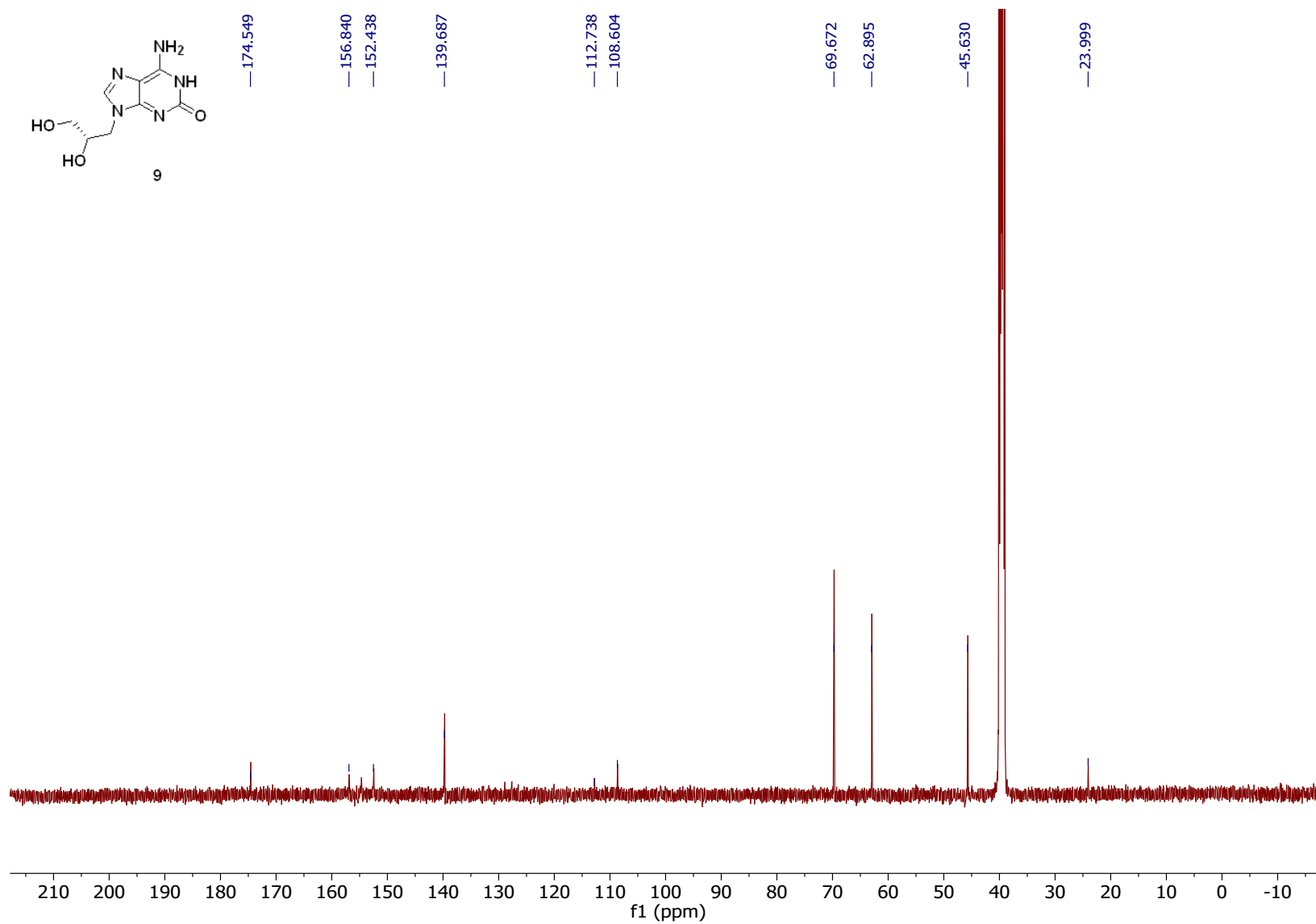
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the acetate salt of compound **8** (126 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )



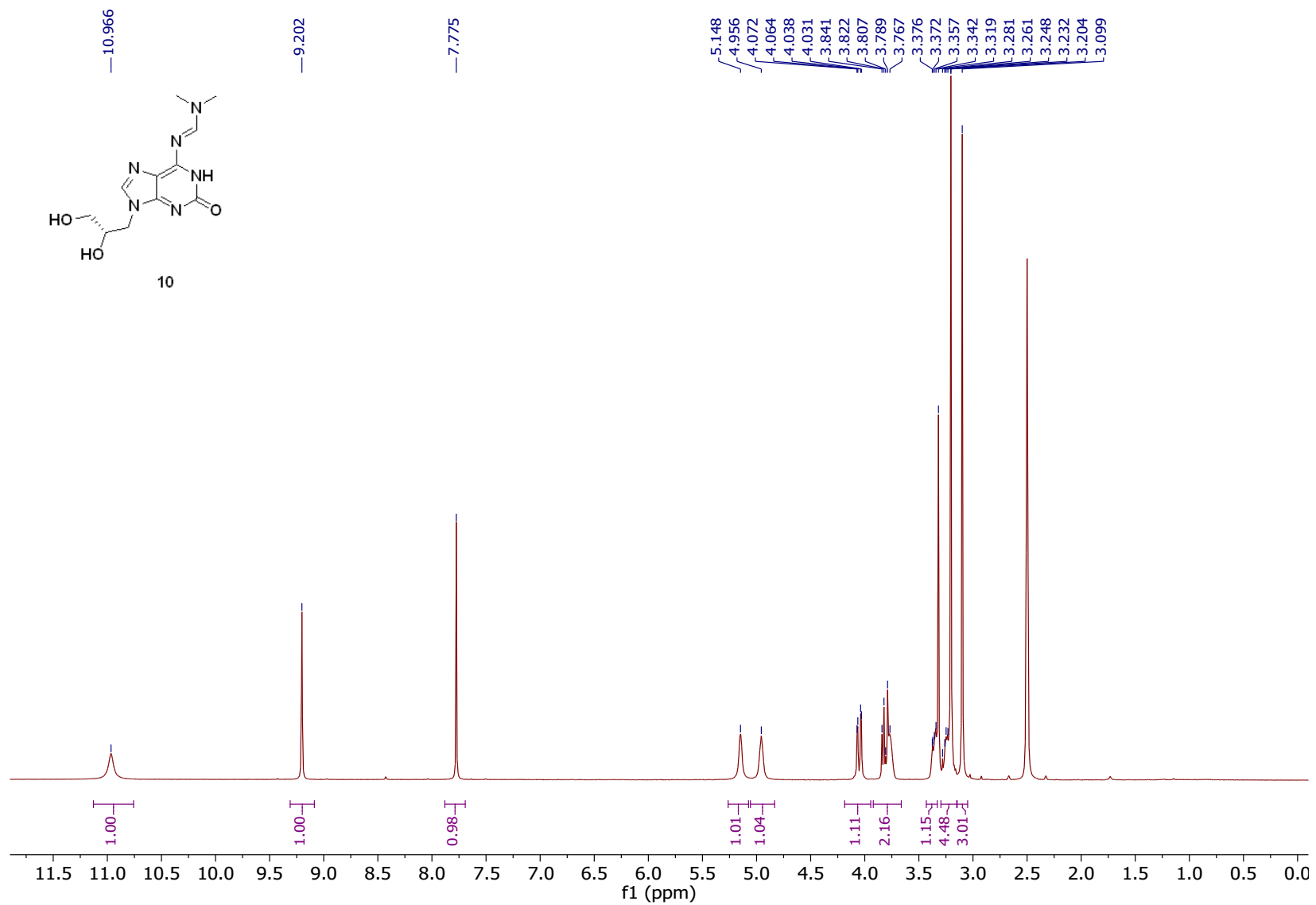
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the acetate salt of compound **9** (500 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



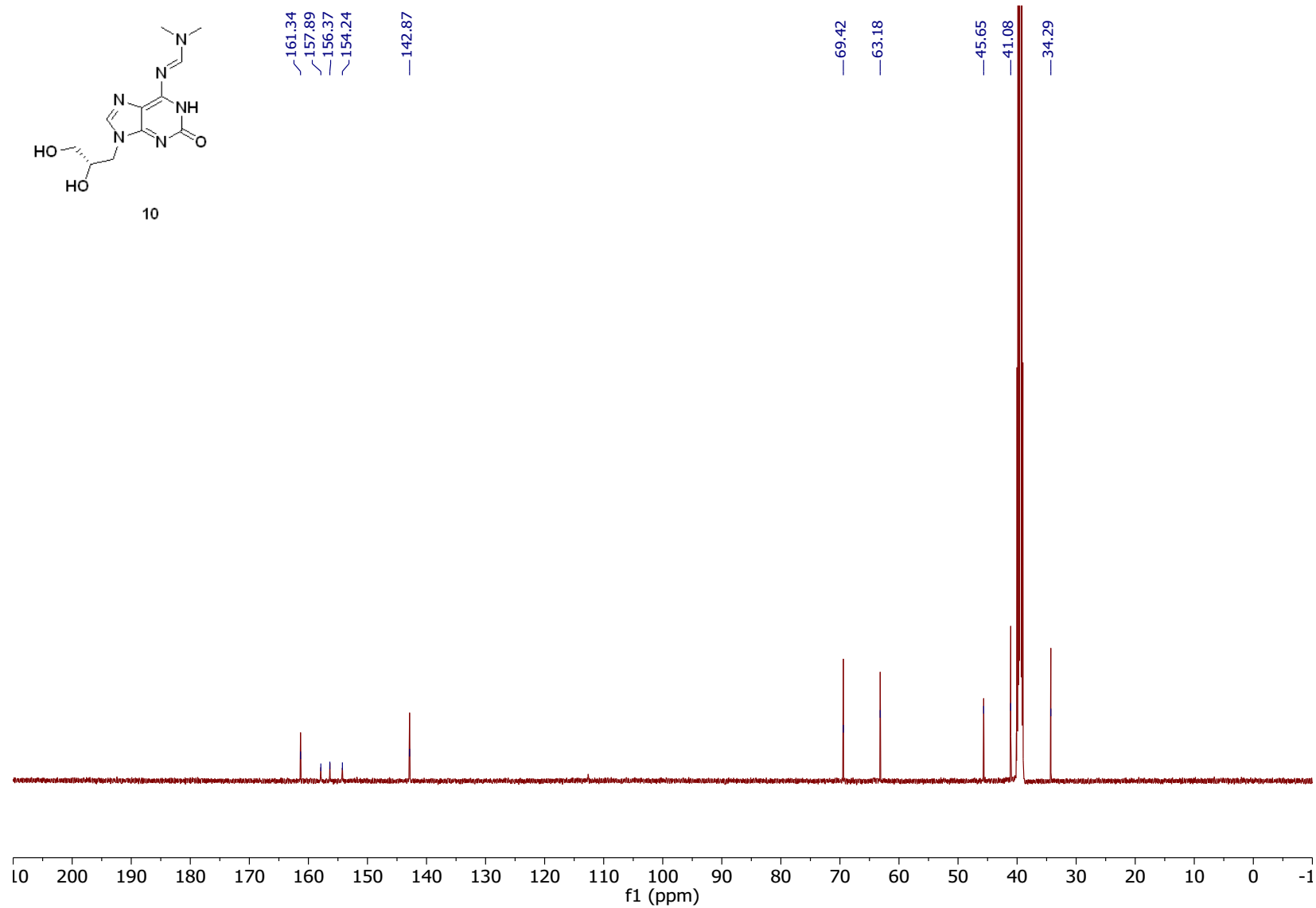
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the acetate salt of compound **9** (126 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



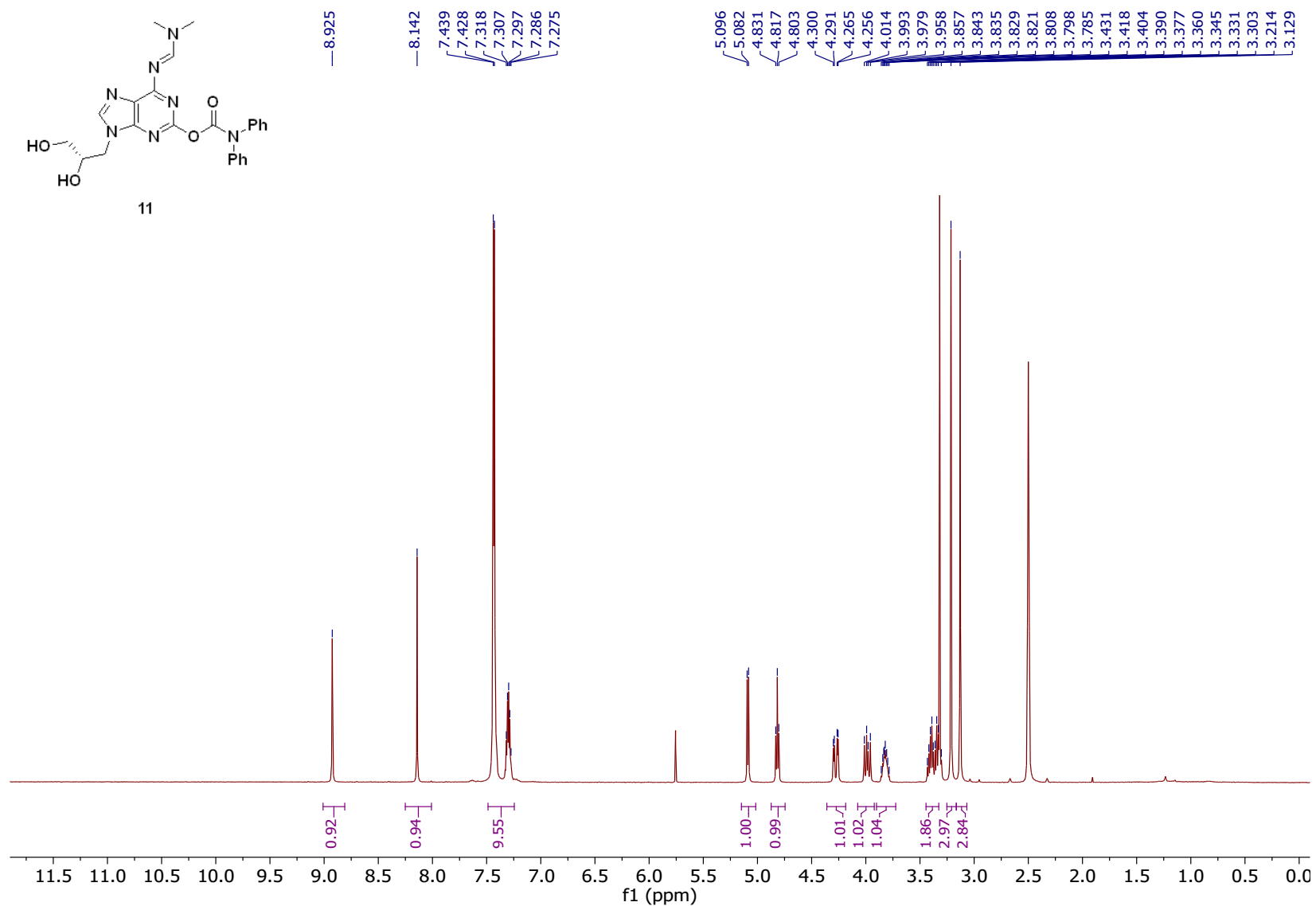
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of compound **10** (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



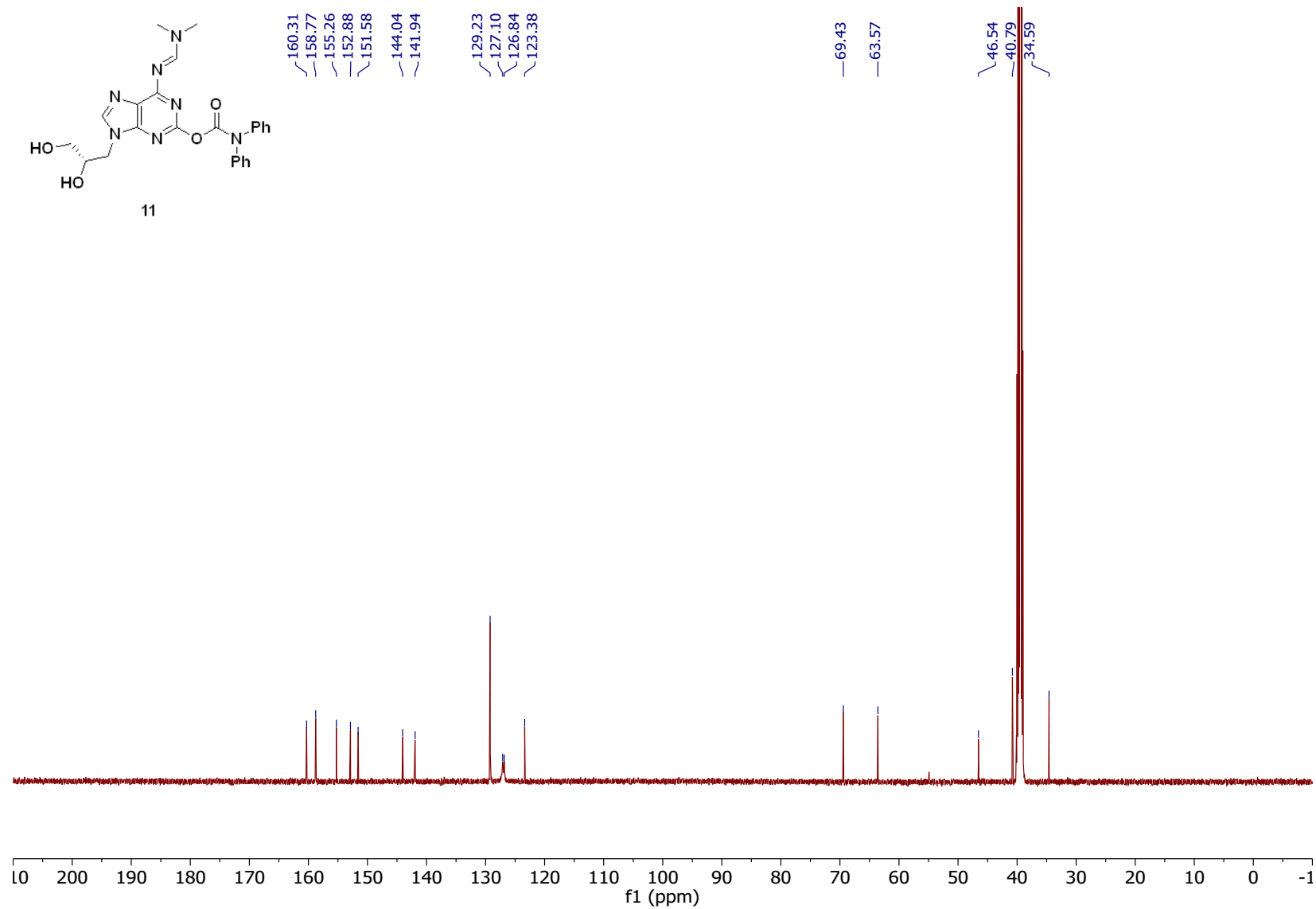
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound **10** (126 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



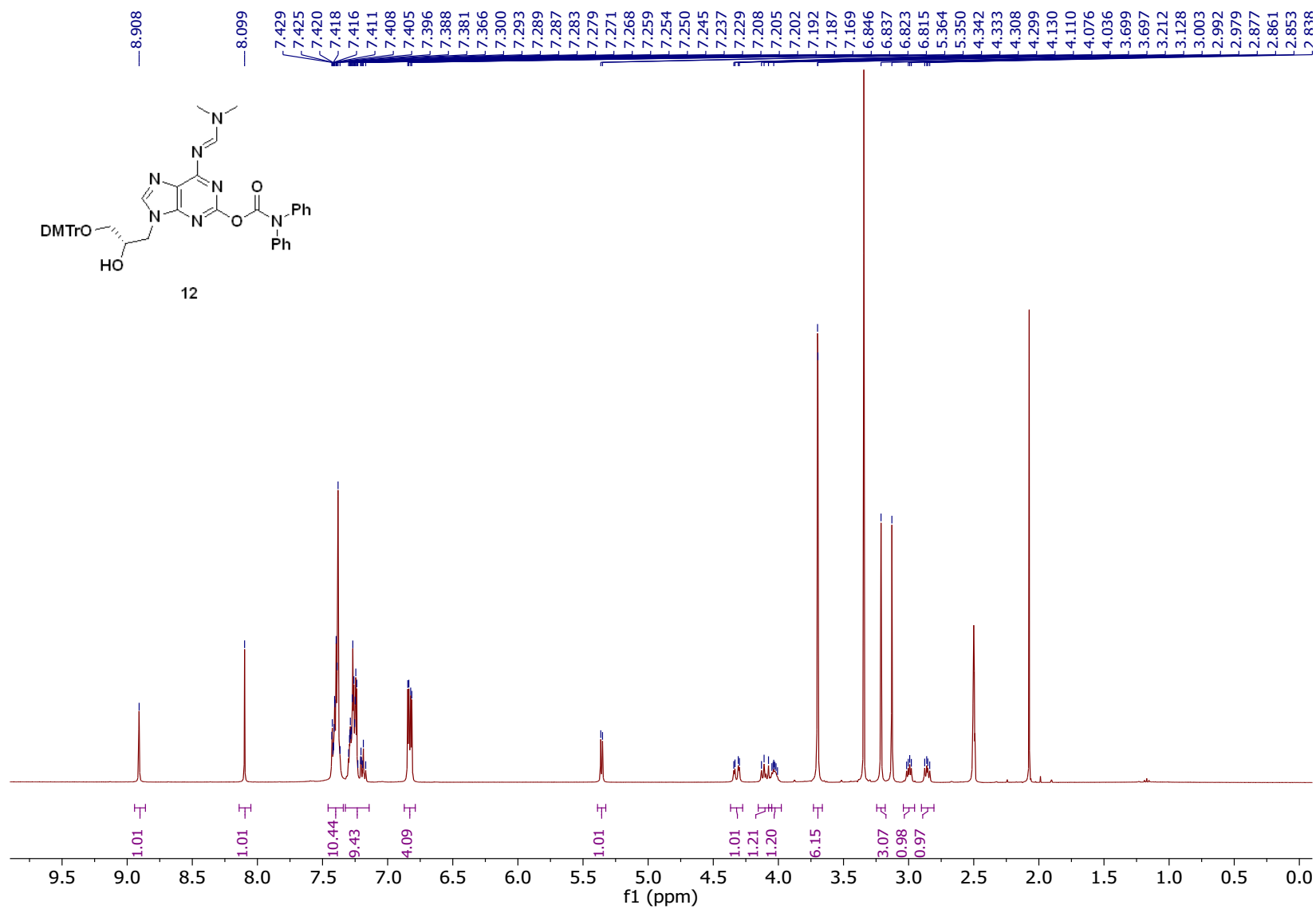
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of compound **11** (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



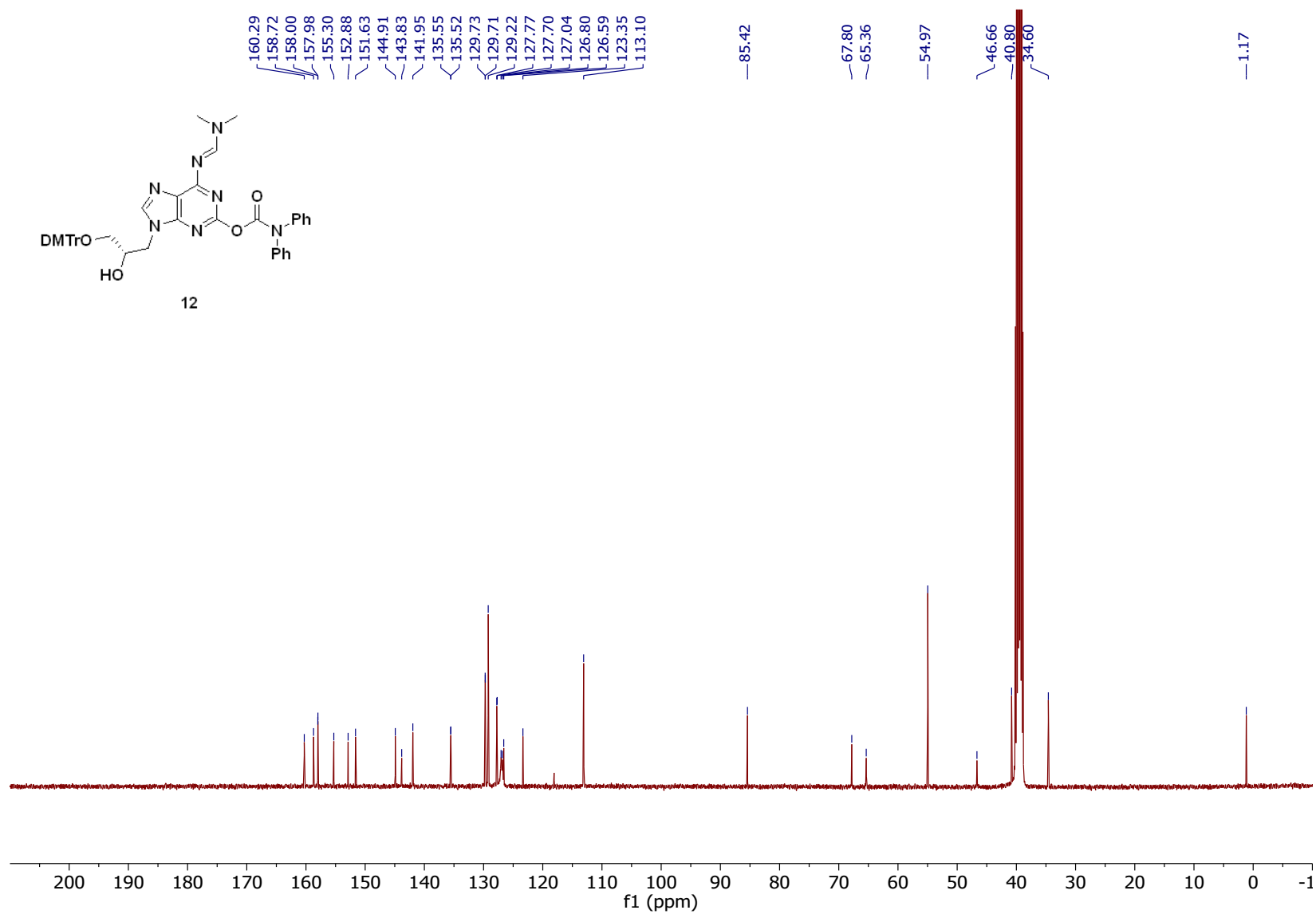
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound **11** (126 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



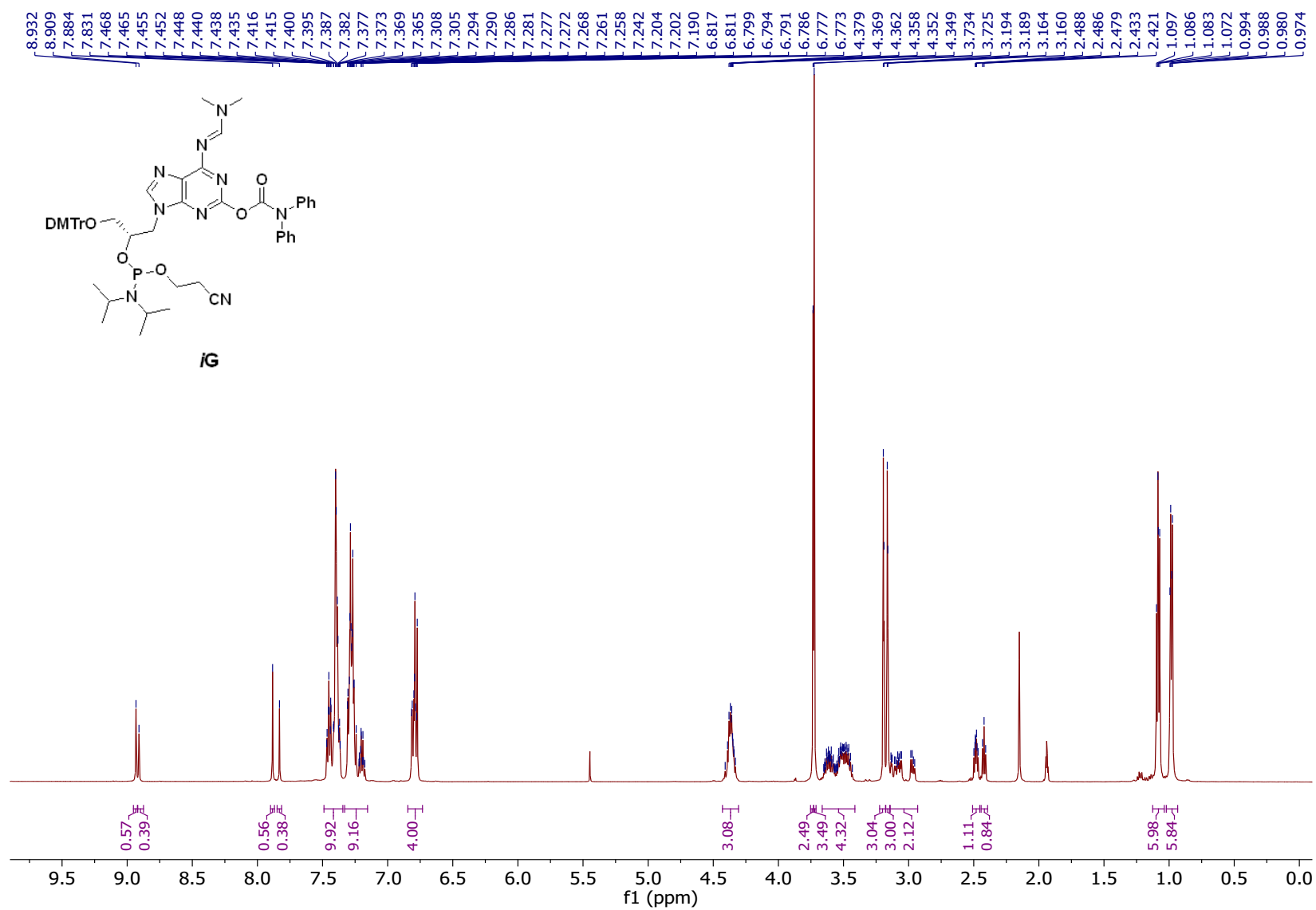


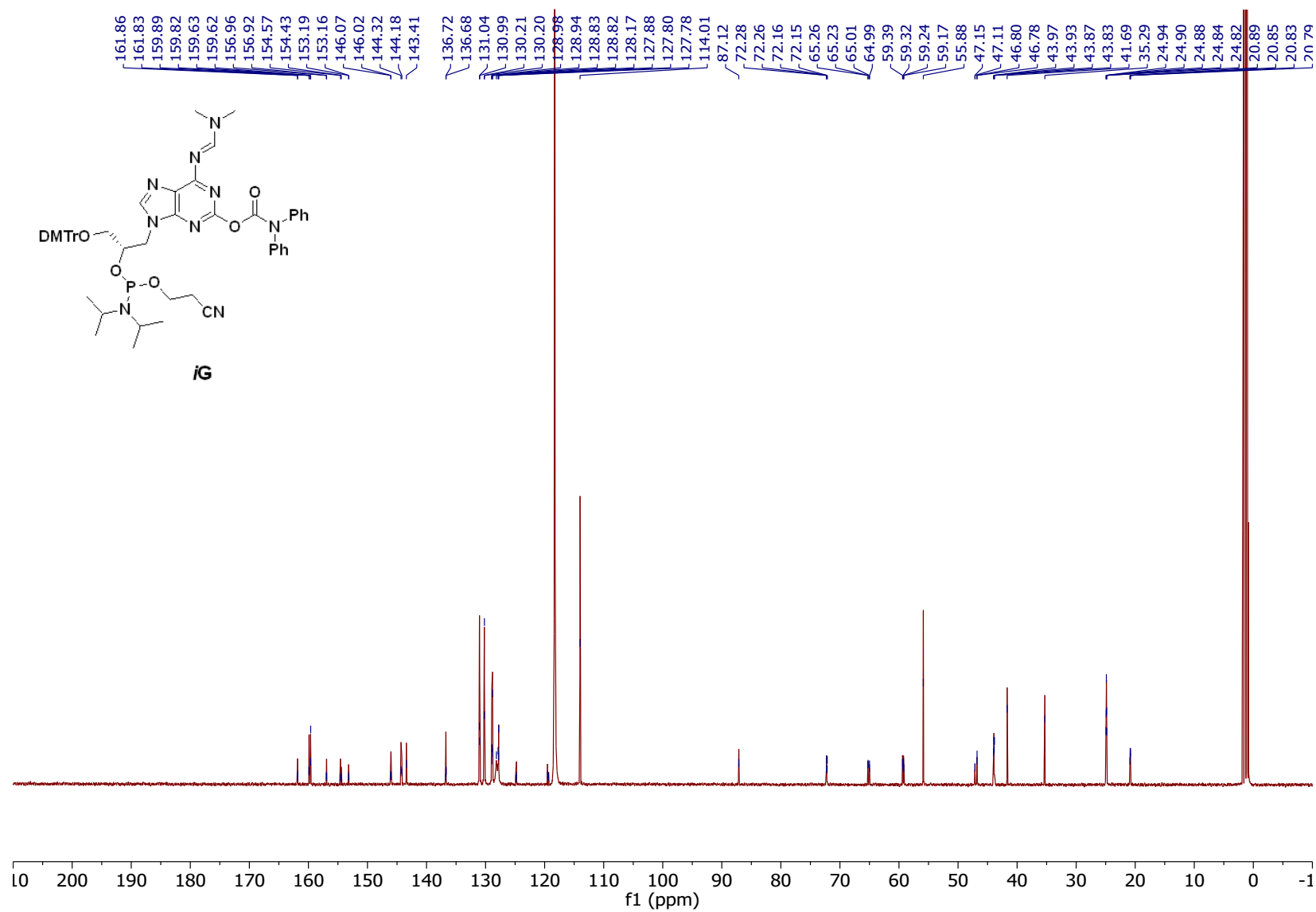
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound **12** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound **12** (101 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ )



<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of phosphoramidite **iG** (500 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN)



$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of phosphoramidite **iG** (126 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ )

$^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectrum of phosphoramidite **iG** (202 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ )

