# nature research

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section

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n/a	Confirmed
	$\square$ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
$\boxtimes$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\boxtimes$	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

#### Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Lightcyler 480 (Roche); Serum Multiplex Analysis (Eve Technologies); Envision 2104 Multilabel reader (Perkin Elmer); Illumina HiSeq sequencer (Illumina); LSRII (BD Biosciences);

Data analysis

Flowjo v9; Prism v8; Excel v16.53; RStudio v1.2.5001; r packages (DADA2 v1.16; Phyloseq v1.32.0; Phytools v0.7-20; ggplot2 v3.3.0; vegan v2.5-6; factoextra v1.0.7; DeSeq2 v1.28.1; pHeatmap v1.0.12); Salmon v1.3.0; Lightcyler 480 software v1.5.1.62 SP2; Envision Manager v1.13; FACS Diva v9.0

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Figure 6 - RNASeq data is provided in Geo accession #: GSE180342 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE180342 Silva reference dataset (v132) used to assign taxonomy to 16S sequences can be accessed at https://www.arb-silva.de/no\_cache/download/archive/release\_132/ All raw data is provided in labeled excel sheets in Raw\_Data.zip

### Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below	tha	it is the best fit for your research. If	f yc	ou are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
X Life sciences		Behavioural & social sciences		Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <a href="mailto:nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf">nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</a>

# Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

Group sizes of 4 mice were chosen for all analysis, with statistically significant differences observed between stress and control groups at this group size. Experiments were typically performed a minimum of 3 times, with an n = 4 per group. CCAC approval requires that the minimum possible number of mice be used to obtain reliable data.

Data exclusions

Any data exclusions were done after performing a statistical outlier test using Prism v8 and are indicated in the Source data file. Figures with excluded values are as follows Figure 3d (Grubbs test); Figure 4b (Grubbs Test); Figure 4h (Grubbs Test); Figure 5h (Grubbs Test); Figure 5i (Grubbs Test); Figure 6A (Grubbs Test); Figure 6c (Grubbs Test); Supplementary Figure 5A (Grubbs Test); Supplementary Figure 5B (Grubbs Test)

Replication

Typically, critical experiments were repeated a minimum of three times with n = 4 per group (total n per group 12). In many experiments, n's were greater than 12.

Specifically - Figure 1 (independent experiment); Figure 2B (replicated twice); Figure 2C (replicated once); Figure 2D (replicated twice); Figure 2E (independent experiment); Figure 2G (independent experiment); Figure 3B (replicated twice); Figure 3C (replicated 3-4 times depending on gene); Figure 3D (naive samples - replicated four times with 2 mice per group, infected samples - replicated six times with 2 mice per group); Figure 3E (independent sample); Figure 3F (replicated three times); Figure 3G (replicated three times); Figure 3H (replicated twice); Figure 3H (replicated three times); Figure 3J (independent experiment); Figure 4B (replicated 3-4 times depending on the gene); Figure 4C (replicated twice); Figure 4D (replicated twice); Figure 4E (replicated twice); Figure 4F (replicated twice); Figure 4H (replicated 11-12 times); Figure 4I (replicated twice); Figure 5A (control, stress - replicated four times, LPS - replicated twice); Figure 5B (control, stress - replicated four times, LPS - replicated twice); Figure 5C (replicated 5 times with 2 mice per group); Figure 5D (independent experiment), Figure 5F (replicated four times); Figure 5G (replicated four times); Figure 5H (replicated five times with two mice per group); Figure 5I (replicated five times with two mice per group); Figure 6A (replicated three times); Figure 6B (replicated 3-4 times); Figure 6C (control/stress - replicated three times, control anti-IL-22 - replicated twice, control anti-CD90 independent experiment); Figure 6D (control/ stress - replicated six times, stress RU486 - replicated ten times, RU486 anti-CD90 - replicated three times, RU486 anti-IL-22 - replicated four times); Figure 6E (control/stress - replicated twice, LPS/LPS + anti-CD90 - replicated three times); Figure 7A (replicated four times); Figure 7B (independent experiment); Figure 7C/D (independent experiment); Figure 7E (replicated twice); Figure 7F (replicated 2-3 times depending on the gene); Figure 7G (independent experiment); Figure 7H (independent experiment); Figure S1 (independent experiment); Figure S2 (independent experiment); Figure S3A-D (independent experiment); Figure S4A (replicated three times); Figure S4B (replicated three times) Figure S4C (replicated 2-3 times depending on gene); Figure S4D (independent experiment); Figure S5A (replicated twice); Figure S5B (replicated four times); Figure S6 (independent experiment); Figure S7A (replicated four times); Figure S7B (independent experiment); Figure S7C (control/stress - replicated twice, stress + IL-22 - independent experiment); Figure S7D (control/stress - replicated twice, stress + IL-22 independent experiment); Figure S7E (independent experiment); Figure S7F (independent experiment); Figure S8A/B (replicated five time with control groups of 2, stress groups of 1); Figure S8C (replicated four times with 1-2 samples).

qPCR samples/replicates were excluded for the following reasons: 1) Extracted RNA was of poor quality or too low yield to analyze. 2) cDNA failed to amplify upon qPCR analysis.

Flow cytometry samples/replicates were excluded for the following reasons: 1) Low cell yield. 2) Low cell viability.

Randomization

A comparable number of mice were randomly assigned to control or experimental groups at the time of study execution. Mice were housed identically prior to experimental use. All mice for a given experiment were from the same shipment batch of mice.

Blinding

IHC analysis was performed by a third party blinded to experimental conditions.

### Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experin	nental systems	Methods
n/a Involved in the stud	y	n/a Involved in the study
Antibodies	,	ChIP-seq
Eukaryotic cell lin	es.	Flow cytometry
	0,	MRI-based neuroimaging
Animals and othe	r organisms	
Human research	participants	
Clinical data		
Dual use research	of concern	
Antibodies		
Antibodies used	1:600); anti-mouse CD45 45-0451-82; PerCP-Cyani 1:400), anti-mouse CD3 [ 11-5921-82; FITC; 1:400) (RA3-6B2;mAb; Invitroge anti-mouse Glucocorticoi 25-0902-81; Invitrogen; F mAb; Invitrogen; 78-596; anti-mouse CD8a (53-6.7 17-6981-82; APC; 1:50), a (CD326) (G8.8; mAb; Invi	Invitrogen; MA5-18012; 1:200), anti-mouse CD90.2 (53-2.1;mAb; Invitrogen; 47-0902-82; APC eflour 780; i (30-F11;mAb; Invitrogen; 48-0451-82; eflour450; 1:600), anti-mouse CD45 (30-F11;mAb; Invitrogen; ine5.5; 1:600), Lineage exclusion markers (anti-mouse CD11b (M1/70;mAb; Invitrogen; 11-0112-82; FITC; [17a2;mAb; Invitrogen; 11-0032-82; FITC; 1:400), anti-mouse TER-119 (TER-119;mAb; Invitrogen; 1, anti-mouse Gr1 (RB6-865;mAb; Invitrogen; 11-5931-85; FITC; 1:400), anti-mouse B220(CD45R) (2.1) (2
Validation	Antibodies obtained com	nmercially have been validated by the manufacturer for the specific use presented in this study.
	Fc block (CD16/32) - Read	ctivity: mouse; Applications: Flow cytometry
		se CD90.2 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry, immunoprecipitation, immunohistochemistry
		045 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
	'	nouse CD45 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry harkers - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
	0	eactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		7 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		eactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		045R) - Reactivity: mouse, human; Application: flow cytometry 2 CD11b - Reactivity: mouse; Application: flow cytometric analysis, immunoprecipitation, and
	immunohistochemistry	CD11b - Reactivity. House, Application. How cytometric analysis, illimunoprecipitation, and
		Glucocorticoid receptor - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		CD90.2 - Reactivity: mouse, fish; Applications: flow cytometry, immunohistochemistry
		V - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		04 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		use CD8a - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry eactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
		nouse IL-22 - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry
	'	CD326) - Reactivity: mouse, human, Applications: flow cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, ICC/IF, ChIP, FN.
		/mouse phosphoSTAT-3 (Tyr705) - Reactivity: mouse, human; Applications: flow cytometry
	PE Cyanine 7 mouse IgG2	2b kappa - Reactivity: mouse; Applications: flow cytometry

### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Six- to -eight-week-old male C57BL/6N mice were purchased from Charles River Laboratories (QC, CAN). Six- to -eight week old male TNFKO were originally purchased from Jackson Laboratory (ME, USA) and were bred inhouse. All mice were housed in Level 2 biohazard containment under specific pathogen-free barrier conditions and maintained on a 12 h light: 12 h dark cycle, which was temperature-controlled (21°C), 30–50% humidity.

As per the company specifications, all Invitrogen antibodies have been tested by flow cytometric analysis of mouse splenocytes. BioLegend antibodies have been quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis.

Wild animals

No wild animals were used in the study.

Field-collected samples

No field-collected samples were used in the study.

Ethics oversight

All research was reviewed and approved by the Animal Review Ethics Board

(AUP# 20-12-41, replaces 17-03-10) at McMaster University, and conducted in accordance with standards set by the Canadian

Council of Animal Care.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Flow Cytometry

#### **Plots**

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation

Epithelial cell and lamina propria cell isolation - Ileum was extracted from control, stressed, and IL-22-treated, stressed mice at the time of sacrifice and placed in cold PBS. Feces was removed and samples were opened longitudinally before being cut into 1 cm segments and placed in 15 mL tubes containing 10 mL PBS. Samples were washed in PBS, placed in 5 mL of 5 mM EDTA and 2 mM DTT, and incubated at 37°C. Samples were rotated at 15 rpm in a hybridization oven for 30 mins and filtered through a 100 μM filter. Following epithelial cell isolation, cells were further digested for the isolation of lamina propria cells in 12.5 μg/mL Liberase TM (Sigma-Aldrich) and 1 mg/mL DNase I (Sigma-Aldrich) at 37°C. Control samples are comprised of 2 pooled mice and all stress samples are comprised of four pooled mice. Samples were rotated at 8 rpm in a hybridization oven for 10 mins and filtered through a 100 μM filter. Samples were enriched for mononuclear cells using a 40% Percoll gradient.

Instrument

LSRII (BD Biosciences)

Software

FACS Diva v9; Flowjo v9

Cell population abundance

EpCam+ CD45- cells (30-50%) of isolated epithelial cells; CD90+ cells (20-40% of CD45+ LP cells); CD45+CD90+[IFNg (0 -75%); IL-17A (0-60%); IL-22 (0-55%)]; pSTAT-3+ (10-30% of CD45-EpCam+)

Gating strategy

All cells --> SSC vs CD45+ --> CD45+ cells --> CD90+ --> IL-22, GR, Annexin V
All cells --> SSC vs CD45+ --> CD45+ cells --> CD90+ --> Lineage +/All cells --> SSC vs CD45+ --> CD45+ cells --> CD90+ --> rorgt +/- -> TCRB +/- --> Lineage +/All cells --> SSC vs CD45NEG --> EpCAM+ --> pSTAT3+

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.