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Supplemental information

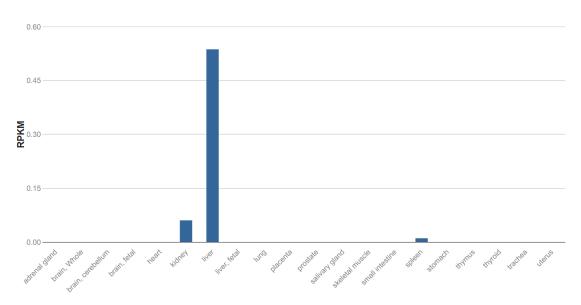
Super-enhancer-driven IncRNA-DAW promotes

liver cancer cell proliferation through

activation of Wnt/β-catenin pathway

Weicheng Liang, Chuanjian Shi, Weilong Hong, Panlong Li, Xue Zhou, Weiming Fu, Lizhu Lin, and Jinfang Zhang

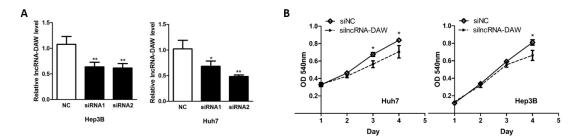
Supporting documents



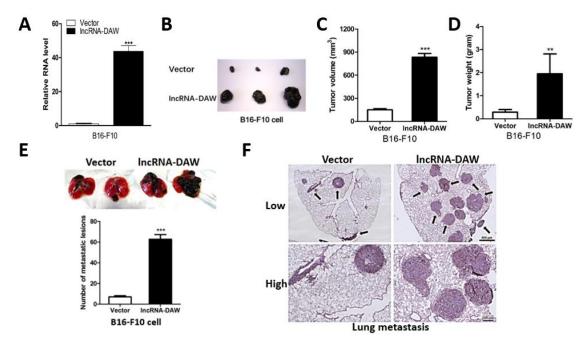
Supplementary Fig. 1. The expression profiles of IncRNA-DAW in 20 human tissues (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/?term=linc01430).

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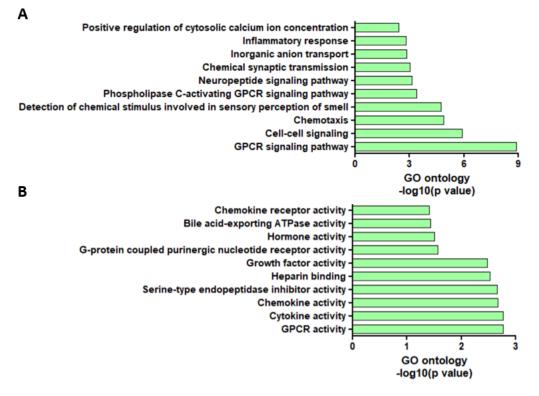
Supplementary Fig. 2. Analysis of potential ORFs expressed from IncRNA-DAW. (A)The codon substitution frequency scores (CSF) of IncRNA-DAW and negative score of CSF indicated that IncRNA-DAW did not have protein-coding potential. (B)The prediction with ORF Finder (NCBI) showed the potential peptides encoded by IncRNA-DAW (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/orffinder).



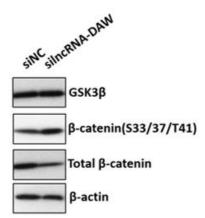
Supplementary Fig. 3. Silencing of IncRNA-DAW suppress liver cancer cell growth. (A) The RNA levels of IncRNA-DAW were evaluated after transient silencing of siRNAs targeting IncRNA-DAW. (B) MTT assays showed that knockdown of IncRNA-DAW impaired cancer cell proliferation. (*, P < 0.05; **, P < 0.01)



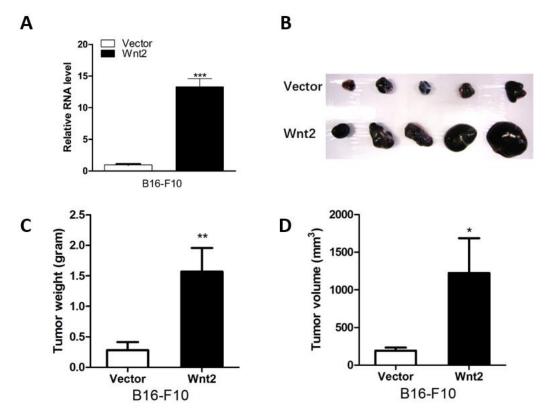
Supplementary Fig. 4. Reinforced expression of IncRNA-DAW enhanced *in vivo* tumor growth and tumor metastasis. (A) The RNA level of IncRNA-DAW was evaluated after stable expression of IncRNA-DAW. (B) The IncRNA-DAW and vector-transfected stable B16-F10 cells were subcutaneously injected into nude mice (n=5). The nude mice were sacrificed at the indicated time points and the tumor tissues were harvested. (C&D) Tumor weight and volumes were measured and calculated. (E) The IncRNA-DAW and vector-transfected stable cells were introduced into nude mice through hydrodynamic tail vein injection. The lung tissues were collected at the indicated time. And the metastatic sites under the microscope were counted and calculated. (F) The lung tissues were subjected to H&E staining. Representative pictures were captured and showed. (*, P < 0.05; **, P < 0.01; ***, P < 0.001.)



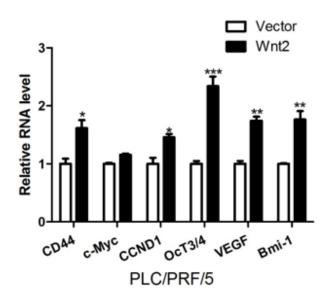
Supplementary Fig. 5. Gene ontology enrichment analysis was conducted by using DAVID website. (A) Gene ontology analysis was performed on the upregulated genes after ectopic expression of IncRNA-DAW. (B) Gene ontology analysis was performed on the downregulated genes after ectopic expression of IncRNA-DAW.



Supplementary Fig. 6. Transient silencing of IncRNA-DAW reduced protein level of β -catenin.



Supplementary Fig. 7. Stable overexpression of Wnt2 promoted *in vivo* tumor growth. (A) The RNA level of Wnt2 was evaluated after stable expression of Wnt2. (B) The Wnt2 and corresponding vector-transfected stable B16-F10 cells were subcutaneously injected into nude mice (n=5). The nude mice were sacrificed and the tumor tissues were collected. (C) Tumor weight was measured and calculated. (D) Tumor volumes were measured and calculated. (*, P < 0.05; **, P < 0.01)



Supplementary Fig. 8. Overexpression of Wnt2 in PLC/PRF/5 cells significantly activated the expression of β -catenin target genes. (*, P < 0.05; **, P < 0.01; ***, P < 0.001.)

Name	Primer sequences used for plasmid construction			
pbabe-IncRNA-DAW-				
F	CGCGGATCCGACCACTCGTGTGTGGATGA			
pbabe-IncRNA-DAW-	ACGCGTCGACAAAATAAAGTAAAATTCTCTGATT			
R	CTGT			
pBabe-Wnt2-F	CGCGGATCCATGAACGCCCCTCTCGGT			
pBabe-Wnt2-R	ACGCGTCGACTCATGTAGCGGTTGTCCAG			
Name	Primer sequences used for RT-PCR			
IncRNA-DAW-F	CTAAGCCCAACCCTGATCCA			
IncRNA-DAW-R	CGTGTTTGTCTGGAAGTGCT			
U1_F	TGATCACGAAGGTGGTTTTCC			
U1_R	GCACATCCGGAGTGCAATG			
β-actin_F	AAGATGACCCAGATCATGTTTGAG			
β-actin_R	GCAGCTCGTAGCTCTTCTCCAG			
RPLPO_F	CCGGATATGAGGCAGCAGTT			
RPLPO_R	GAAGGCTGTGGTGCTGATGG			
Bmi1_F	GTGCTTTGTGGAGGGTACTTCAT			
Bmi1_R	TTGGACATCACAAATAGGACAATACTT			
MYOD1-F	CGGACGTGCCTTCTGAGTC			
MYOD1-R	AGCACCTGGTATATCGGGTTG			
MMP1-F	AGCTAGCTCAGGATGACATTGATG			
MMP1-R	GCCGATGGGCTGGACAG			
WISP1-F	CCAGCCTAACTGCAAGTACAA			
WISP1-R	GGCGTCGTCCTCACATACC			
Wnt2-F	GATGCGTGCCATTAGCCAG			
Wnt2-R	AGATTCCCGACTACTTCGGAG			
Wnt9b-F	TGTGCGGTGACAACCTCAAG			
Wnt9b-R	ACAGGAGCCTGATACGCCAT			
DKK4-F	ACGGACTGCAATACCAGAAAG			
DKK4-R	CGTTCACACAGAGTGTCCCAG			
CCL8-F	TGGAGAGCTACACAAGAATCACC			
CCL8-R	TGGTCCAGATGCTTCATGGAA			
Name	siRNA sequences			
silncRNA-DAW-1	GUUGAGCACUUCCAGACAATT			
silncRNA-DAW-2	CAAGGACAGUGUUAAUGAUTT			
Name	CHIP primer sequence			
Wnt-2-CHIP-F	TGCTTTGGCAGATACTGCTG			
Wnt-2-CHIP-R	CTGAAGCTGGGATGAAGAGC			

Supplementary Table 1 The primer sequence used in this study.