

Supplemental Tables and Figures
Epigenetic Interaction between UTX and DNMT1 Regulates Diet-Induced Myogenic Remodeling in Brown Fat

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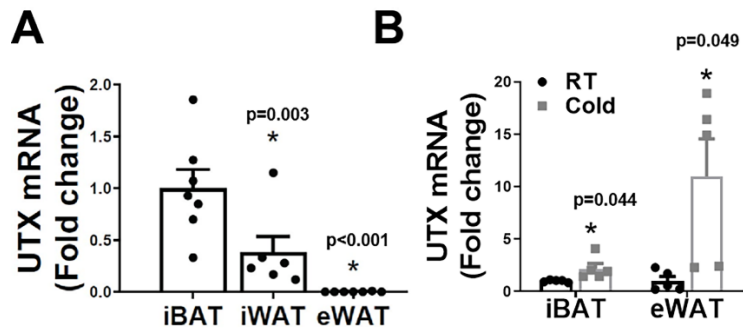
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Running title: UTX and DNMT1 regulate myogenic remodeling in BAT.

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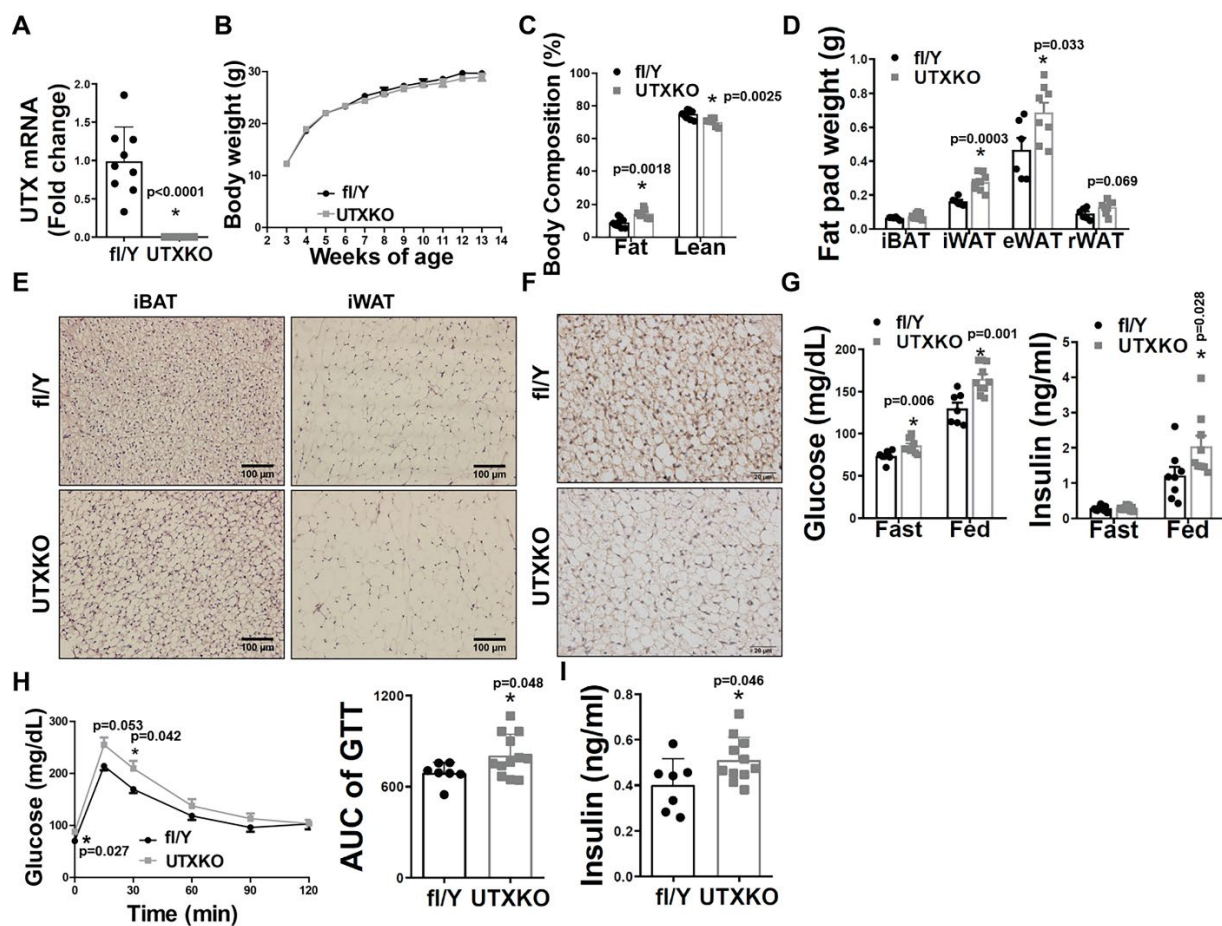
Bingzhong Xue, Department of Biology and Center for Obesity Reversal, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA 30303, USA. Contact: 404-413-5747, bxue@gsu.edu



Supplemental figure 1. (A) *Utx* mRNA level in interscapular BAT (iBAT), inguinal WAT (iWAT) and epididymal WAT (eWAT) depots of 2-month-old male mice (n=7/group). *indicates statistical significance vs. iBAT by One-Way ANOVA followed by Fisher's Least Significant Difference (LSD) test, $F(2,18)=15.17$, $p<0.0001$.

(B) *Utx* mRNA level in iBAT and eWAT depots of 2-month-old male mice housed at room temperature (RT) or challenged with a 7-day 5°C cold exposure (n=5/group). *indicates statistical significance between room RT and cold exposure by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



Supplemental figure 2. UTX deficiency in brown fat promotes adiposity in male mice on a chow diet. Male UTXKO and their fl/Y littermates were weaned onto regular chow diet.

(A) *Utx* mRNA level in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y mice (n=9/group).

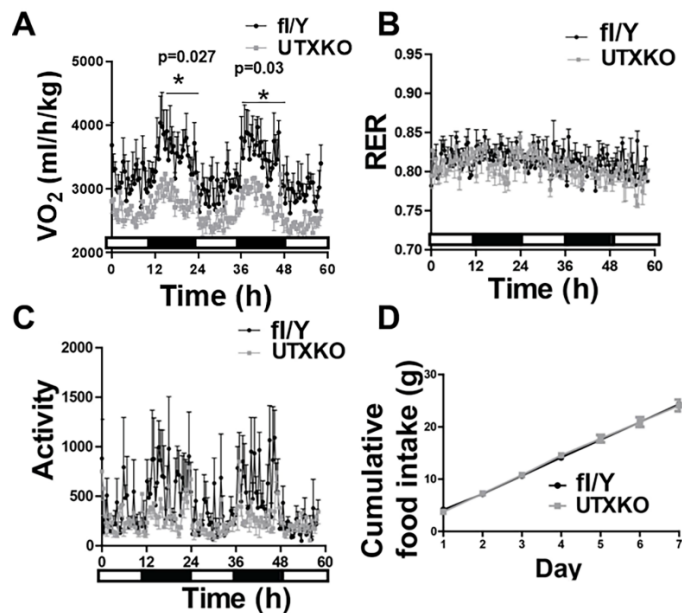
(B) Body weight growth curve of male UTXKO mice and fl/Y mice on regular chow diet (n=7 for fl/Y and 11 for UTXKO).

(C)-(D) Body composition (C, n=9 for fl/Y, and 7 for UTXKO), and Fat pad weight (iBAT, iWAT, eWAT and retroperitoneal WAT (rWAT)) (D, n=6 for fl/Y and 8 for UTXKO) in male UTXKO and fl/Y mice on regular chow diet.

(E)-(F) Representative H&E staining of iBAT and iWAT (E), and UCP1 immunohistochemistry (IHC) staining in iBAT (F) in male UTXKO and fl/Y mice on regular chow diet (n=3 replicates for each group).

(G)-(I) Fed and fasted circulating glucose (n=7 for fl/Y, 10 for UTXKO) and insulin (n=9 for fl/Y, 10 for UTXKO) levels (G), Glucose tolerance test (GTT) (H, n=7 for fl/Y, 12 for UTXKO), and Insulin levels at 15 minutes during GTT test (I, n=7 for fl/Y, 11 for UTXKO) in male UTXKO and fl/Y mice on regular chow diet.

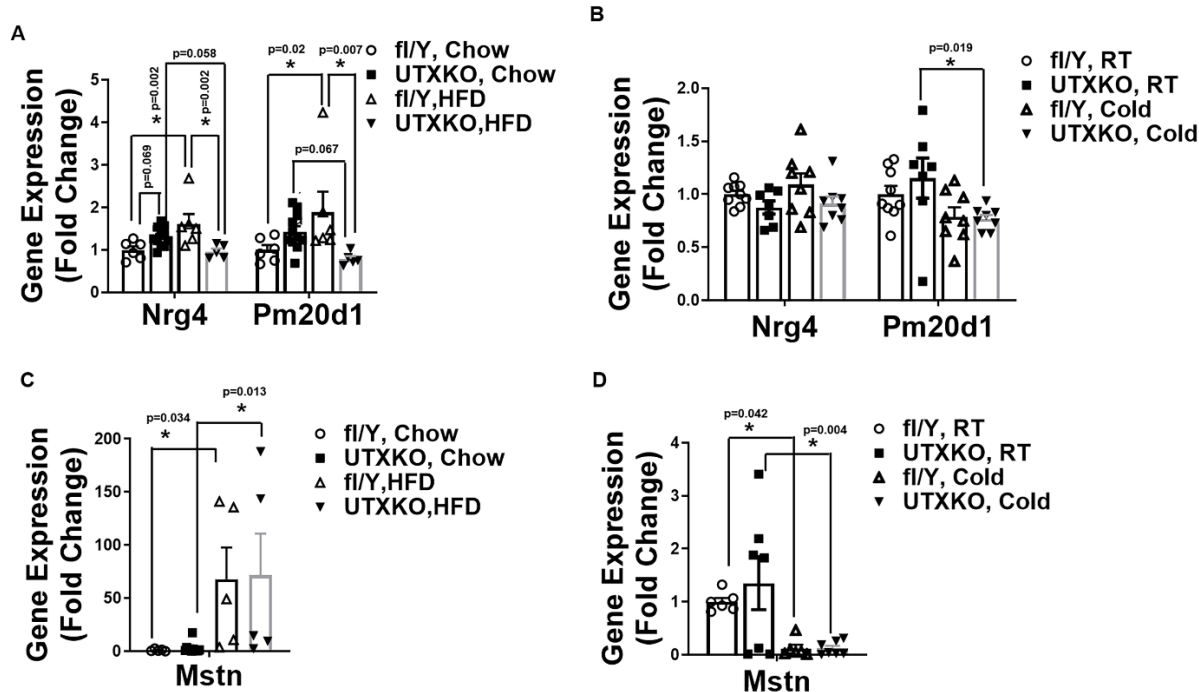
All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance as marked in each panel between UTXKO and fl/Y by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



Supplemental figure 3. Metabolic characterization of male UTXKO and fl/Y control mice on HFD. Male UTXKO and their littermate control fl/Y mice were put on HFD when they were 5 weeks of age.

(A)-(D) Oxygen consumption (VO_2) (A), Respiratory exchange rate (RER) (B), Locomotor activity (C), and Cumulative food intake (D) in male UTXKO and fl/Y mice on HFD. For A-C, $n=4$ /group; for D, $n=7$ for fl/Y and 5 for UTXKO. In (A), *indicates statistical significance between fl/fl and D1KO analyzed by ANOVA with repeated measures. Time 17-24 hours, $F(1,6)=8.518$, $p=0.027$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=8.058$, $p=0.03$.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

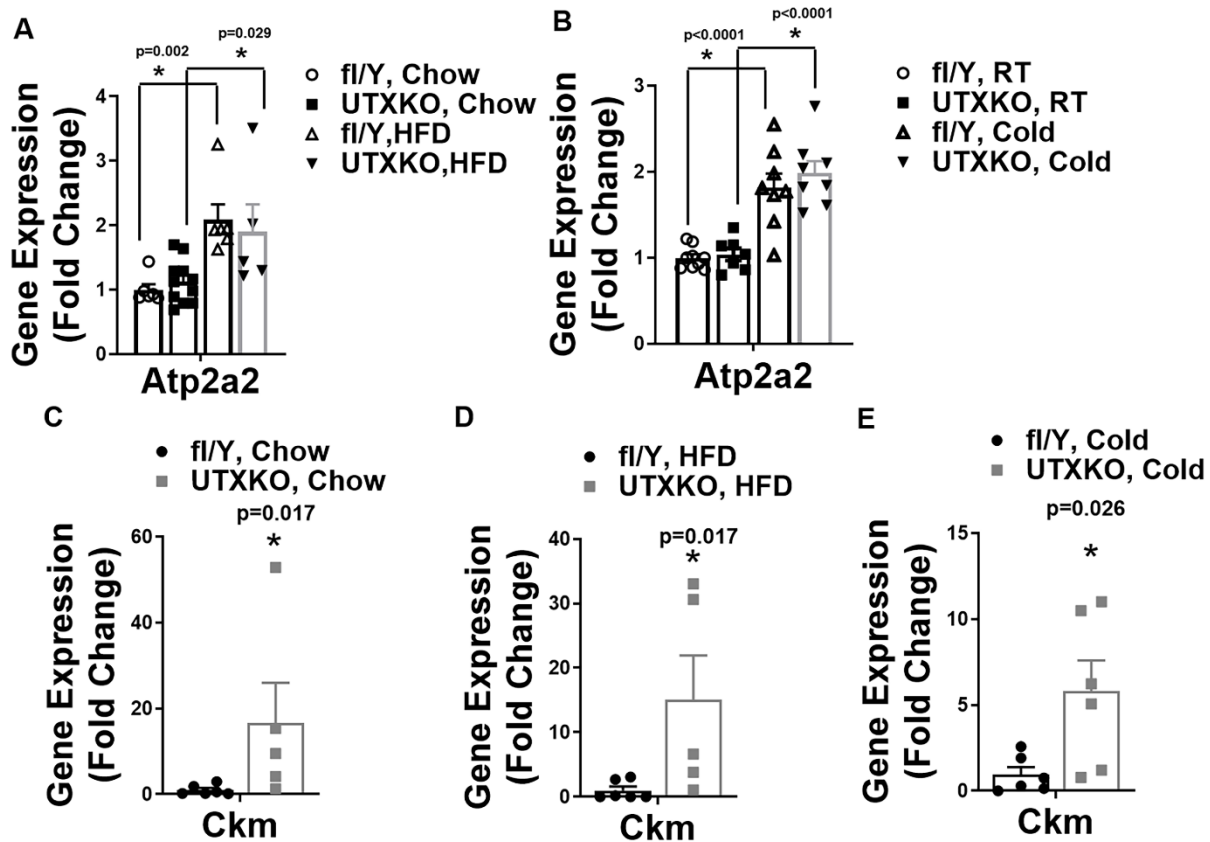


Supplemental Figure 4. Gene expression analysis in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice.

(A)-(B) *Nrg4* and *Pm20d1* expression in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice fed chow or HFD (A, fl/Y chow=6, UTXKO chow=11, fl/Y HFD=6, UTXKO HFD=5) or challenged with cold (B, fl/Y RT=9, UTXKO RT=7, fl/Y Cold=8, UTXKO Cold=8). *indicates statistical significance between groups with one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons test: $F(3,24)=5.413$, $p=0.005$ for *Nrg4* in (A), $F(3,24)=3.559$, $p=0.029$ for *Pm20d1* in (A); $F(3,28)=1.820$, $p=0.166$ for *Nrg4* in (B), $F(3,28)=2.849$, $p=0.055$ for *pm20d1* in (B).

(C)-(D) *Mstn* expression in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice fed chow or HFD (C, fl/Y chow=5, UTXKO chow=11, fl/Y HFD=5, UTXKO HFD=5) or challenged with cold (D, fl/Y RT=6, UTXKO RT=7, fl/Y Cold=6, UTXKO Cold=7). *indicates statistical significance between groups with Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric ANOVA H test by rank followed by Pairwise Comparisons test between groups, $H(3)=15.378$, $p=0.002$ in (C), and $H(3)=9.195$, $p=0.027$ in (D).

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

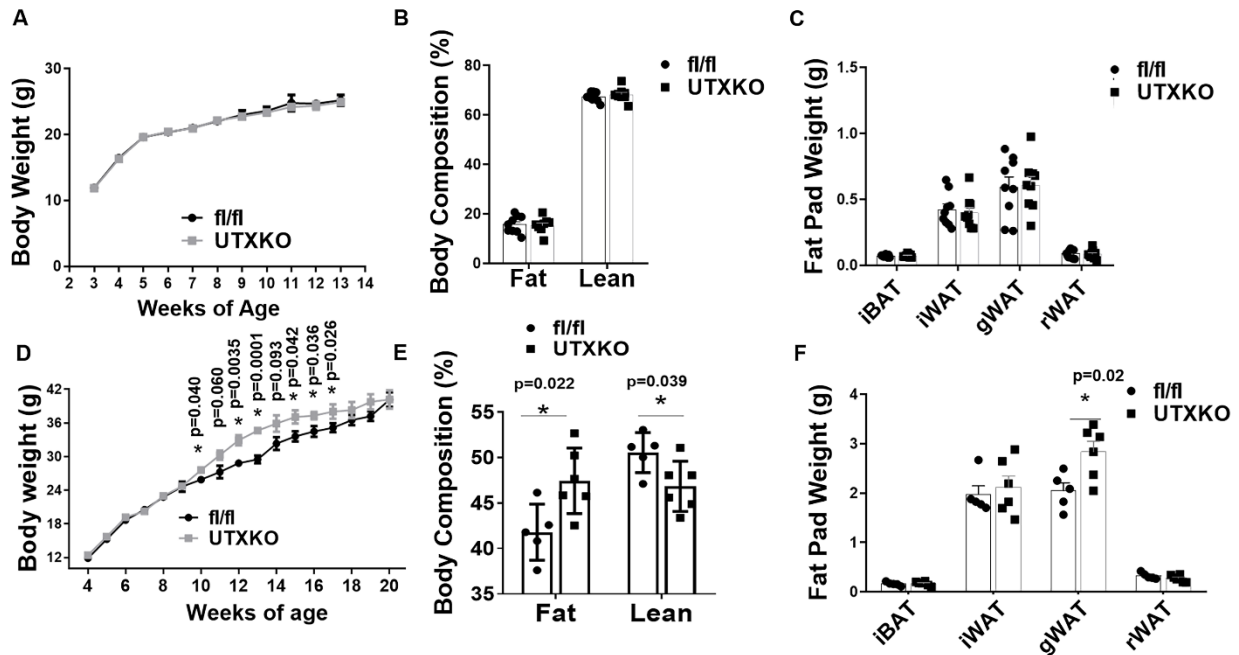


Supplemental Figure 5. Gene expression analysis in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice.

(A)-(B) *Atp2a2* expression in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice fed chow or HFD (A, fl/Y chow=6, UTXKO chow=11, fl/Y HFD=6, UTXKO HFD=5) or challenged with cold (B, fl/Y RT=9, UTXKO RT=7, fl/Y Cold=8, UTXKO Cold=8). In (A), *indicates statistical significance between groups with Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric ANOVA H test by rank followed by Pairwise Comparisons test between groups, $H(3)=15.165$, $p=0.002$. In (B), *indicates statistical significance between groups with one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons test, $F(3,28)=20.205$, $p<0.001$.

(C)-(E) *Ckm* expression in iBAT of male UTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice fed chow (C, fl/Y chow=6, UTXKO chow=5), HFD (D, fl/Y HFD=6, UTXKO HFD=5) or challenged with cold (E, n=6/group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by Mann-Whitney's nonparametric U test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

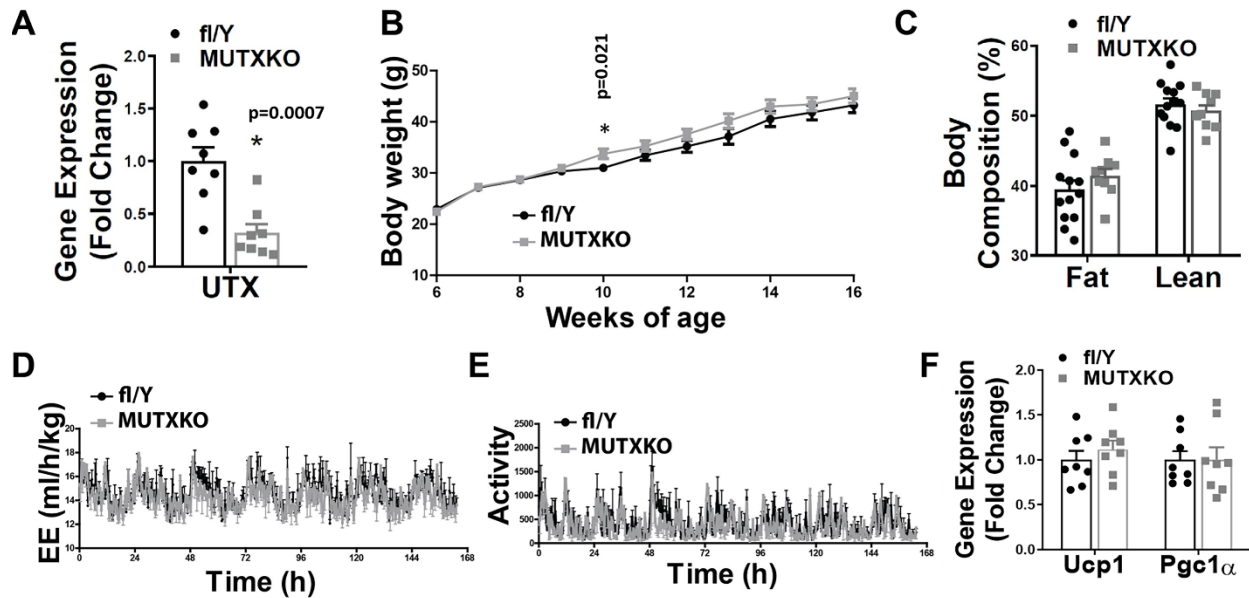


Supplemental figure 6. Metabolic phenotypes in female UTXKO and fl/fl littermate control mice fed chow or HFD.

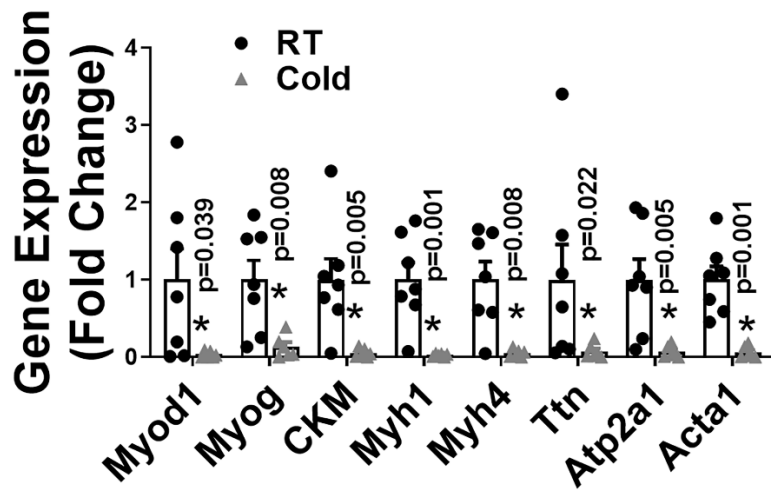
(A)-(C) Body weight (A), body composition (B) and fat pad weight (C) in female UTXKO and fl/fl mice fed chow diet (n=9/group).

(D)-(F) Body weight (D, n=6/group), body composition (E, n=5 for fl/fl, and 6 for UTXKO) and fat pad weight (F, n=5 for fl/fl, and 6 for UTXKO) in female UTXKO and fl/fl mice fed HFD.

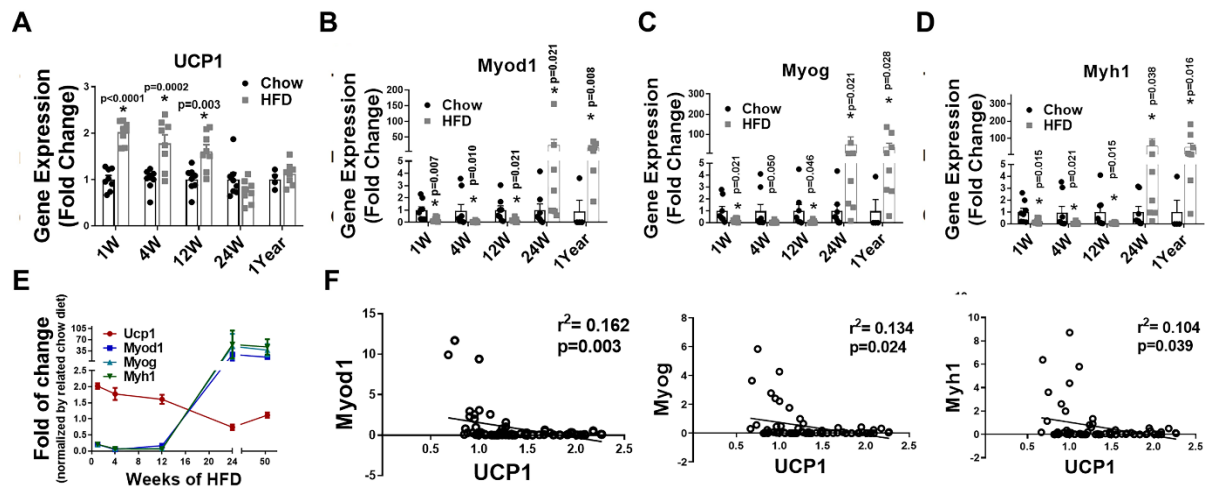
All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance between fl/fl and UTXKO by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



Supplemental figure 7. Mice with *Utx* deficiency in *Myf5*-expressing precursor cells (MUTXKO) have normal energy homeostasis and brown fat thermogenic gene expression when fed HFD diet. Male MUTXKO and fl/Y littermate control mice were put on HFD when they were 6 weeks of age. **(A)** *Utx* mRNA level in iBAT of male MUTXKO and fl/Y mice (n=8/group). **(B)-(C)** Body weight growth curve **(B)**, n=12 for fl/Y, and 9 for MUTXKO), and Body composition **(C)**, n=13 for fl/Y, and 9 for MUTXKO) of male MUTXKO mice and fl/Y mice on HFD diet. **(D)-(E)** Energy expenditure (EE)**(D)**, and Locomotor activity **(E)** in male MUTXKO and fl/Y mice on HFD (n=4/group). **(F)** *Ucp1* and *Pgc1 α* expression in iBAT of male MUTXKO and fl/Y mice on HFD (n=8/group). All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance between fl/Y and MUTXKO by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



Supplemental Figure 8. Myogenic marker gene expression is down-regulated in iBAT from wild type C57BL/6J mice after a 7-day 5°C cold challenge (n=7 for RT and 6 for Cold). All data are expressed as mean ± SEM. *indicates statistical significance by Mann-Whitney's nonparametric U test.



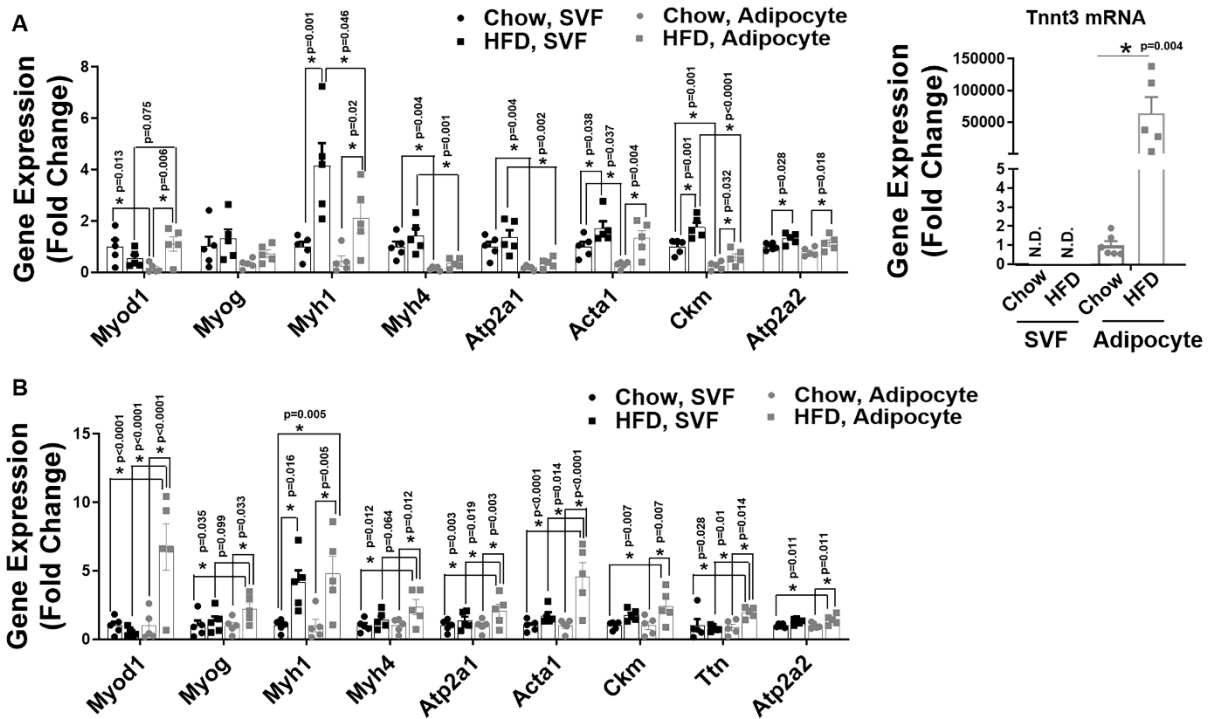
Supplemental figure 9. The expression of *Ucp1* and myogenic marker genes are negatively correlated in iBAT. Male C57BL/6J mice were put on either chow or HFD diet when they were 6 weeks old.

(A)-(D) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *Ucp1* (A), *Myod1* (B), *Myog* (C), and *Myh1* (D) expression in iBAT of mice fed chow or HFD for 1 week, 4 weeks, 12 weeks, 24 weeks and 1 year (n=4 for 1 year chow group, and n=8/group for all other groups). *indicates statistical significance analyzed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test in (A) and Mann-Whitney's nonparametric U test in (B), (C) and (D).

(E) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *Ucp1* and myogenic marker gene expression patterns in iBAT of HFD-fed mice for 1 week, 4 weeks, 12 weeks, 24 weeks and 1 year (n=8/group).

(F) Negative correlations between *Ucp1* and myogenic marker gene expression in iBAT of mice fed chow or HFD for 1 week, 4 weeks, 12 weeks, 24 weeks and 1 year (n=66 for the correlation between *Ucp1* and *Myod1*, n=71 for the correlation between *Ucp1* and *Myog*, and between *Ucp1* and *Myh1*). Correlation between *Ucp1* and myogenic gene expression was analyzed by Spearman's rank correlation coefficient test, $p=0.003$ between *Ucp1* and *Myod1* gene expression, $p=0.024$ between *Ucp1* and *Myog* gene expression, and $p=0.039$ between *Ucp1* and *Myh1* gene expression.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

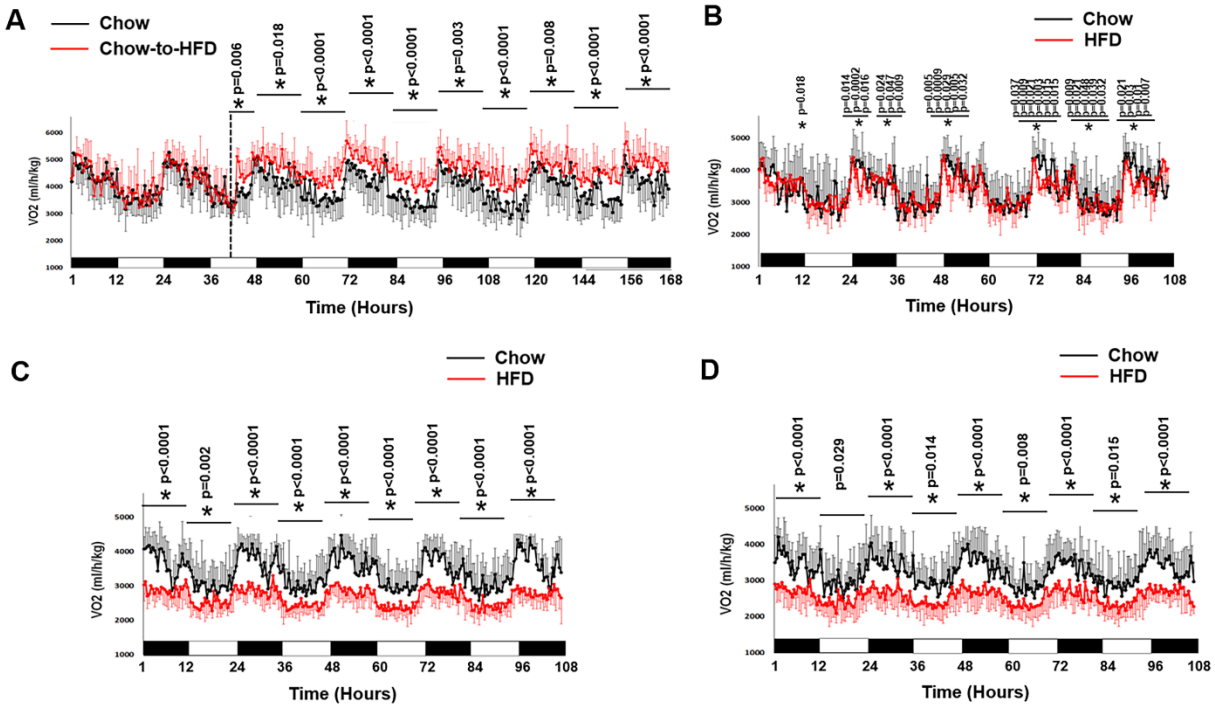


Supplemental Figure 10. Myogenic gene expression in SVF and adipocytes isolated from C57BL/6J mice fed chow or HFD for 24 weeks.

(A) Myogenic gene expression in SVF and adipocytes isolated from C57BL/6J mice fed chow or HFD for 24 weeks. $n=5/\text{group}$. For *Tnn3*, $n=6$ for Chow adipocytes and $n=5$ for HFD adipocytes. Gene expression was normalized to the level of Chow SVF. N.D.=not detected. Left panel: *indicates statistical significance analyzed by one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons test. *Myod1*, $F(3,16)=4.192$, $p=0.023$; *Myog*, $F(3,16)=2.132$, $p=0.14$; *Myh1*, $F(3,16)=8.806$, $p=0.001$; *Myh4*, $F(3,16)=10.50$, $p<0.0001$; *Atp2a1*, $F(3,16)=9.490$, $p<0.0001$; *Acta1*, $F(3,16)=7.385$, $p=0.003$; *Ckm*, $F(3,16)=24.446$, $p<0.0001$; *Atp2a2*, $F(3,16)=5.682$, $p=0.008$. Right panel: *indicates statistical significance analyzed by Mann-Whitney's nonparametric U test.

(B) Myogenic gene expression in SVF and adipocytes isolated from C57BL/6J mice fed chow or HFD for 24 weeks. $n=5/\text{group}$. Gene expression was normalized to the level of either Chow SVF or chow HFD in each of the SVF or adipocyte group. *indicates statistical significance analyzed by one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons test. *Myod1*, $F(3,16)=10.943$, $p<0.0001$; *Myog*, $F(3,16)=2.413$, $p=0.11$; *Myh1*, $F(3,16)=6.025$, $p=0.006$; *Myh4*, $F(3,16)=3.612$, $p=0.036$; *Atp2a1*, $F(3,16)=5.682$, $p=0.008$; *Acta1*, $F(3,16)=8.971$, $p=0.001$; *Ckm*, $F(3,16)=4.447$, $p=0.019$; *Ttn*, $F(3,16)=3.699$, $p=0.034$; *Atp2a2*, $F(3,16)=4.258$, $p=0.022$.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



Supplemental figure 11. Oxygen consumption in wild type C57BL/6J mice fed a regular chow or HFD. Male C57BL/6J mice were put on either chow or HFD diet when they were 6 weeks old.

(A) Oxygen consumption in 6-week-old wild type C57BL/6J mice on chow diet or in 6-week-old C57BL/6J mice switching from chow to HFD. The dotted line indicates the time point when diet was switched from chow to HFD (n=8/group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by ANOVA with repeated measures. Time (41.85-48h), $F(1,12)=11.085$, $p=0.006$; Time (48-60h), $F(1,12)=7.541$, $p=0.018$; Time (60-72h), $F(1,12)=58.218$, $p<0.0001$; Time (72-84h), $F(1,12)=26.367$, $p<0.0001$; Time (84-96h), $F(1,12)=44.103$, $p<0.0001$; Time (96-108h), $F(1,12)=13.285$, $p=0.003$; Time (108-120h), $F(1,12)=35.549$, $p<0.0001$; Time (120-132h), $F(1,12)=9.946$, $p=0.008$; Time (132-144h), $F(1,12)=100.366$, $p<0.0001$; Time (144-156h), $F(1,12)=31.757$, $p<0.0001$.

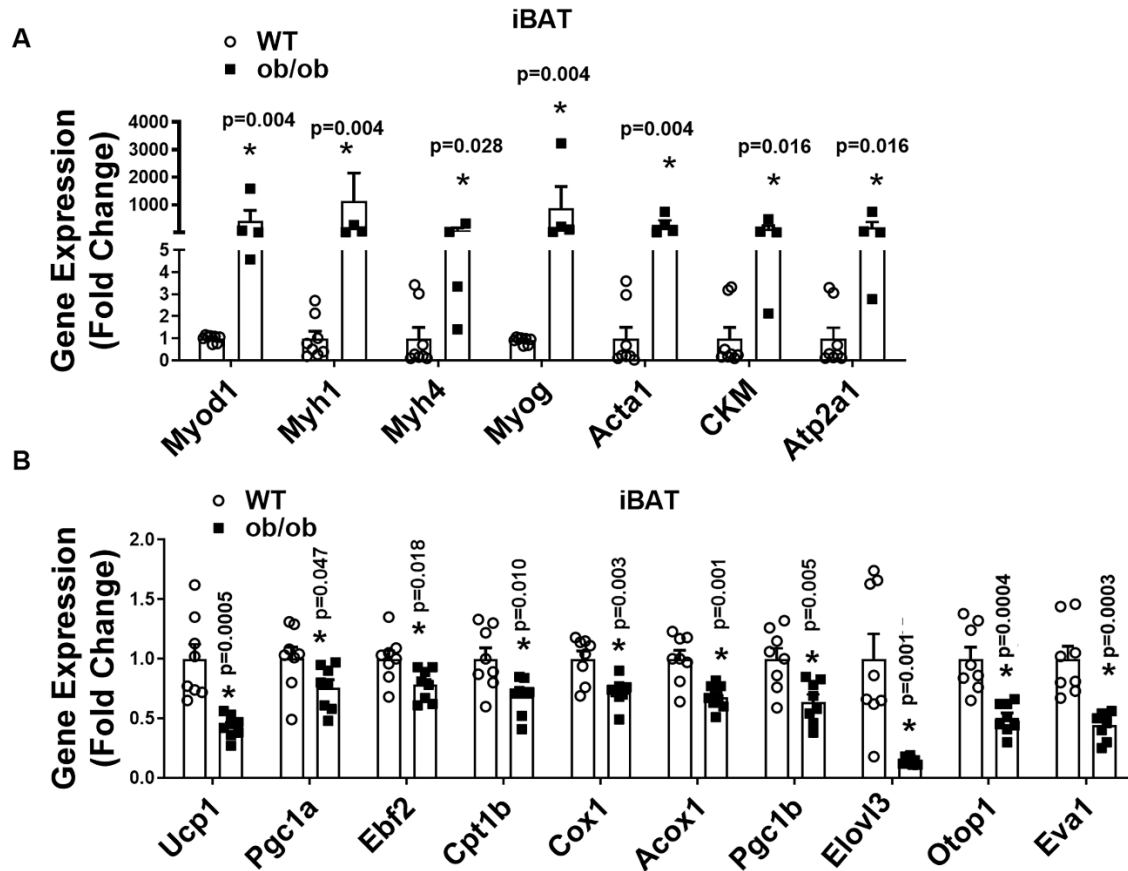
(B)-(D) Oxygen consumption in wild type C57BL/6J mice fed a regular chow or HFD for 4 weeks **(B)**, 12 weeks **(C)** and 24 weeks **(D)** (n=8/group).

In **(C)** and **(D)**, *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by ANOVA with repeated measures. In **(C)**, Time (0-12h), $F(1,12)=77.416$, $p<0.0001$; Time (12-24h), $F(1,12)=14.885$, $p=0.002$; Time (24-36h), $F(1,12)=115.218$, $p<0.0001$; Time (36-48h), $F(1,12)=23.504$, $p<0.0001$; Time (48-60h), $F(1,12)=68.6$, $p<0.0001$; Time (60-72h), $F(1,12)=40.186$, $p<0.0001$; Time (72-84h), $F(1,12)=79.507$, $p<0.0001$; Time (84-96h), $F(1,12)=21.537$, $p<0.0001$; Time (96-108h), $F(1,12)=79.3$, $p<0.0001$.

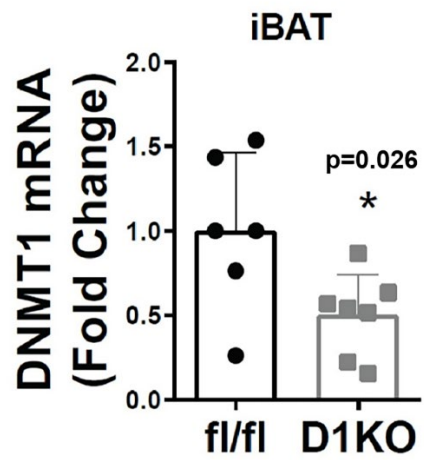
In **(D)**, Time (0-12h), $F(1,12)=48.97$, $p<0.0001$; Time (12-24h), $F(1,12)=6.108$, $p=0.029$; Time (24-36h), $F(1,12)=30.184$, $p<0.0001$; Time (36-48h), $F(1,12)=8.239$, $p=0.014$; Time (48-60h), $F(1,12)=27.085$, $p<0.0001$; Time (60-72h), $F(1,12)=10.102$, $p=0.008$; Time (72-84h), $F(1,12)=33.658$, $p<0.0001$; Time (84-96h), $F(1,12)=7.994$, $p=0.015$; Time (96-108h), $F(1,12)=23.014$, $p<0.0001$.

For (**B**), there was no statistical significance between the two groups when analyzed by ANOVA with repeated measures at every 12 hours interval. *indicates statistical significance at individual time points analyzed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

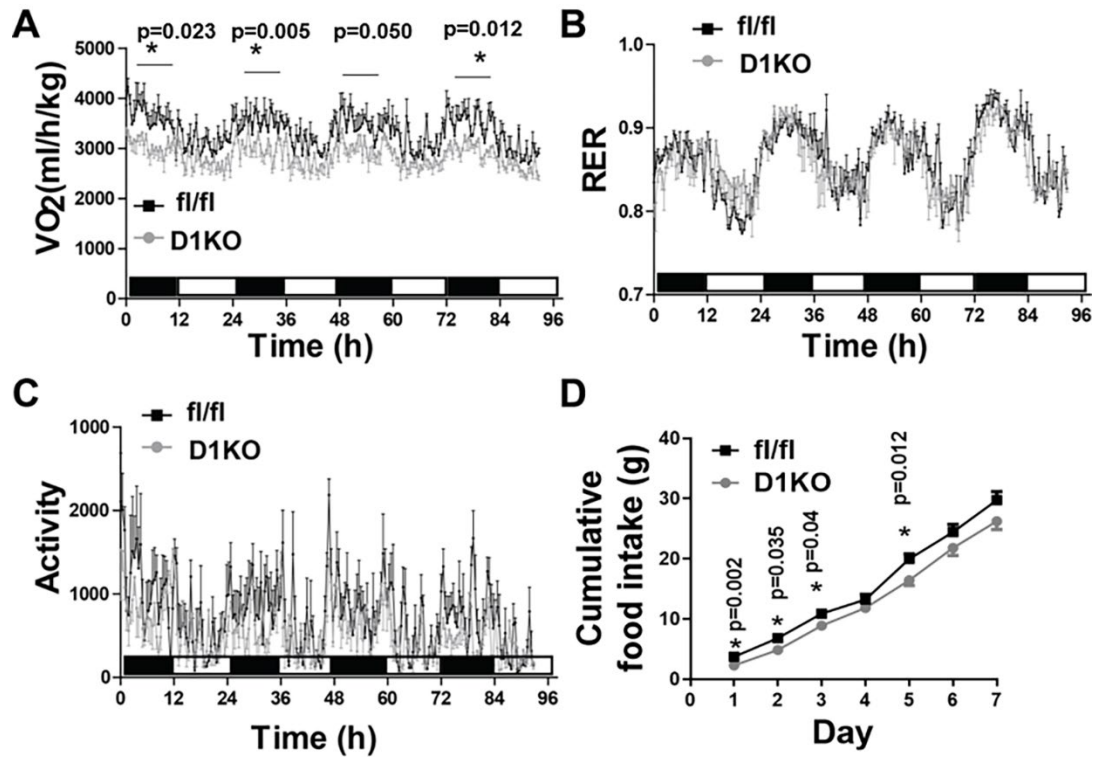


Supplemental figure 12. Myogenic (**A**) or BAT (**B**) specific gene expression in 3-month-old *ob/ob* and their WT littermate control mice. In (**A**), $n=8$ for WT and $n=4$ for *ob/ob*. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups analyzed by Mann-Whitney's nonparametric U test. In (**B**), $n=8$ /group, *indicates statistical significance between the two groups analyzed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



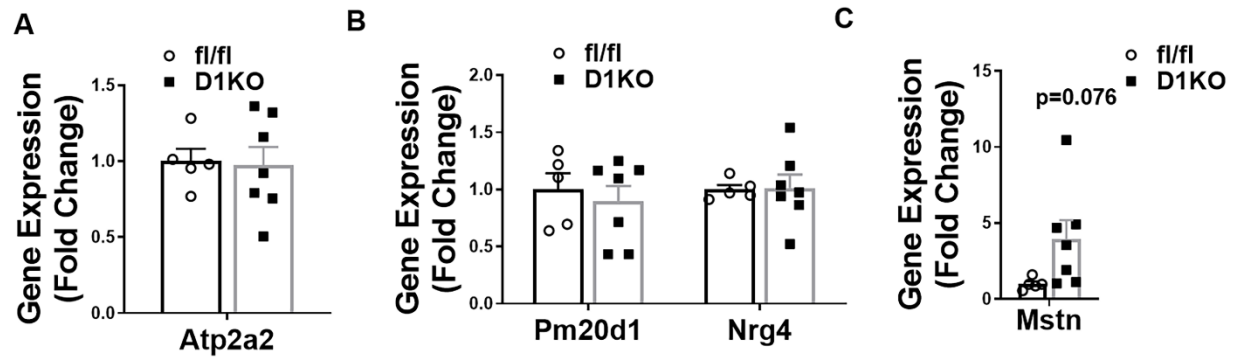
Supplemental Figure 13. Dnmt1 expression in iBAT of D1KO and fl/fl littermate control mice (n=6 for fl/fl and 7 for D1KO).

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

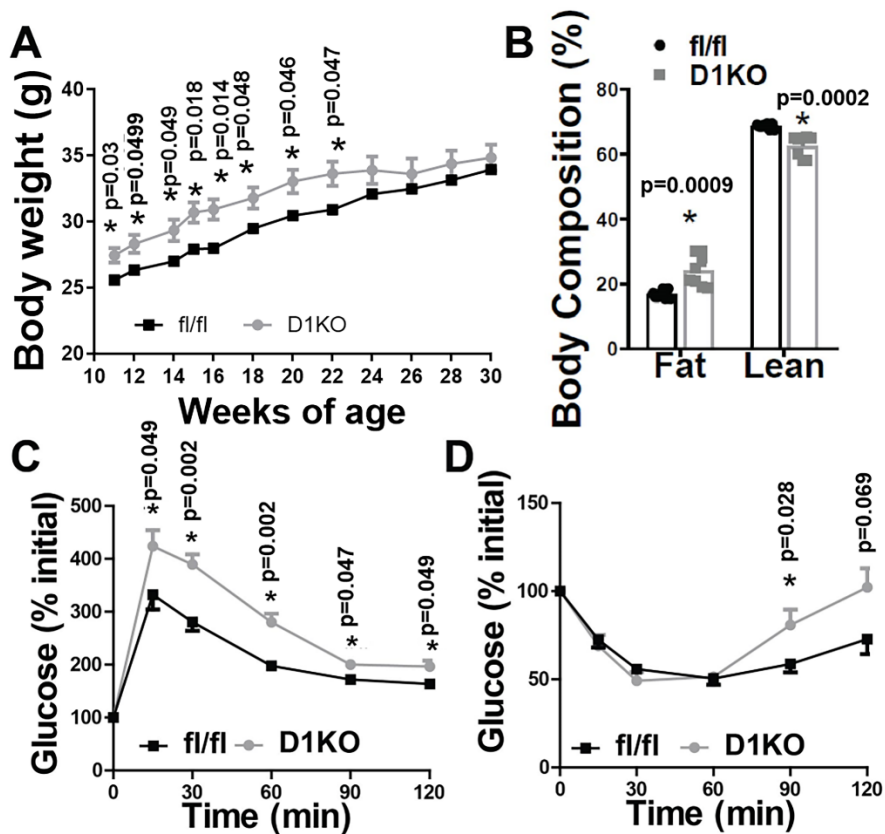


Supplemental figure 14. Metabolic characterization of female D1KO and fl/fl mice on chow diet. (A)-(D) Oxygen consumption (A), RER (B), Locomotor activity (C), and Cumulative food intake (D) in female D1KO mice on chow diet. For A-C, $n=4$ /group; for D, $n=6$ for fl/fl and 8 for D1KO. In (A), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups analyzed by ANOVA with repeated measures, time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=9.163$, $p=0.023$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=19.341$, $p=0.005$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=5.976$, $p=0.050$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=12.619$, $p=0.012$. In (D), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups analyzed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



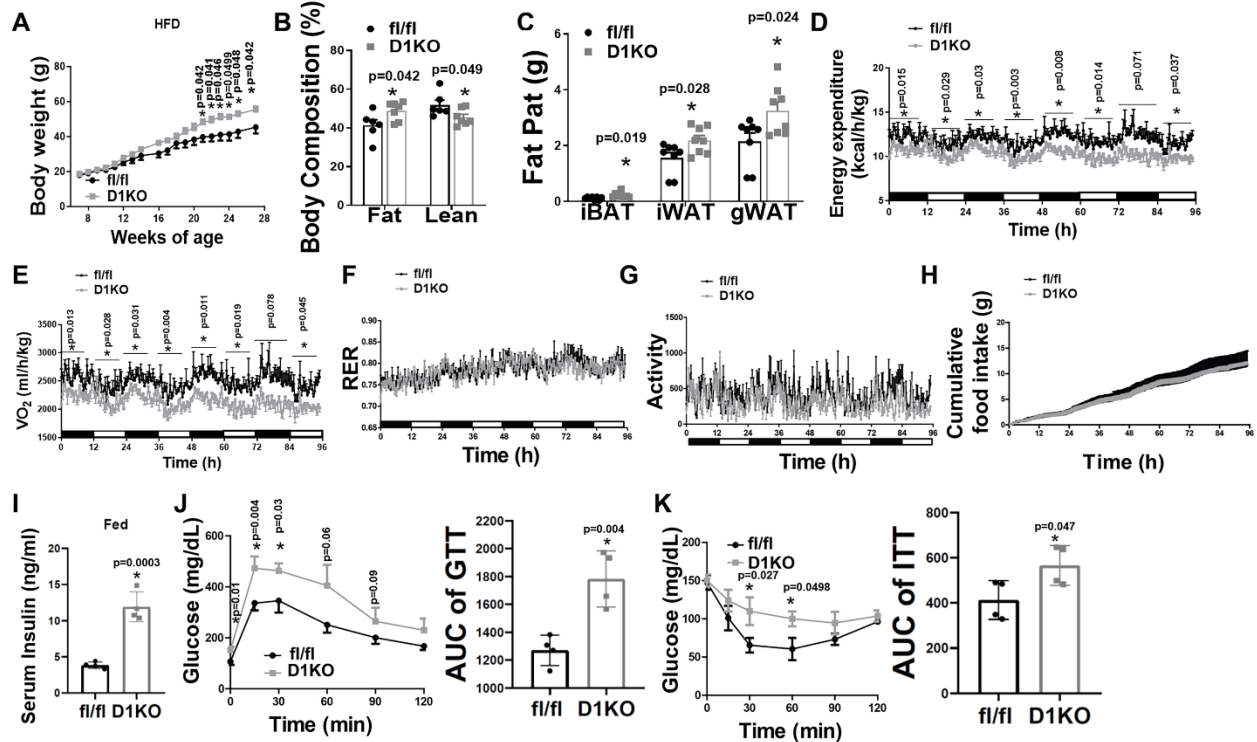
Supplemental figure 15. Gene expression analysis of *Atp2a2* (A), *Pm20d1* and *Nrg4* (B), and *Mstn* (C) in iBAT of chow-fed female D1KO and fl/fl littermate control mice. n=5 for fl/fl, 7 for D1KO. All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. Statistical analysis was performed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



Supplemental figure 16. Metabolic characterization of male D1KO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet.

(A)-(D) Body weight growth curve (A, n=5 for fl/fl and 8 for D1KO), Body composition (B, n=8/group), GTT (C, n=5 for fl/fl and 8 for D1KO), and ITT (D, n=5 for fl/fl and 8 for D1KO) in male D1KO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance between fl/fl and D1KO by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



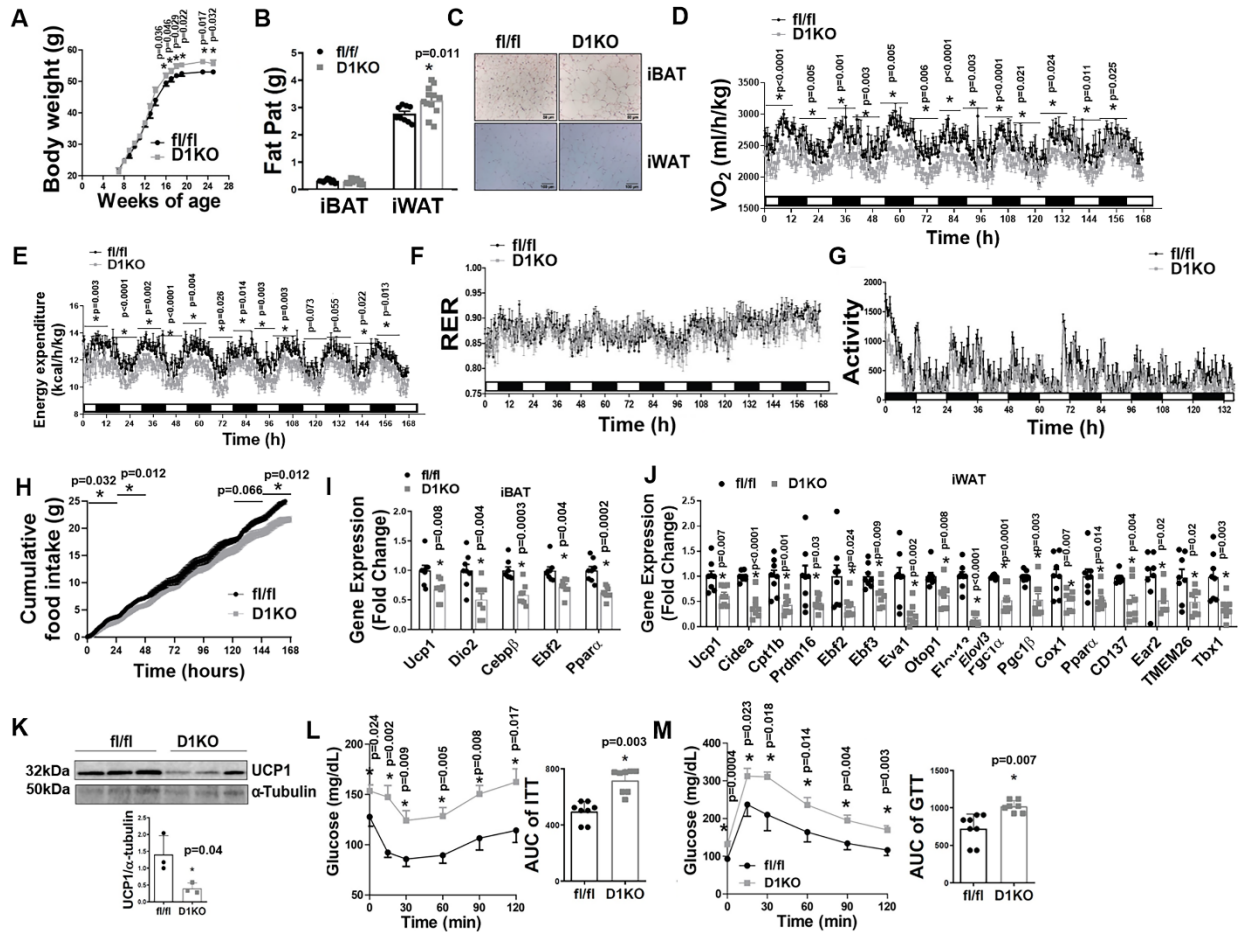
Supplemental figure 17. Female D1KO mice are susceptible to DIO. Female D1KO and fl/fl were put on HFD diet when they were 6 weeks old.

(A)-(C) Body weight growth (A, n=4/group), Body composition (B, n=6/group), and Fat pad weight (C, n=8/group) of female D1KO mice and their littermate fl/fl controls fed HFD. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(D)-(H) Energy expenditure (D), Oxygen consumption (E), RER (F), Locomotor activity (G), and Cumulative food intake (H) of female D1KO mice and their littermate fl/fl controls on HFD (n=4/group). For left panel in (D) and (E), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by One-Way ANOVA with repeated measures. In (D), time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=11.528$, $p=0.015$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,6)=8.212$, $p=0.029$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=8.023$, $p=0.03$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=24.505$, $p=0.003$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=15.466$, $p=0.008$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,6)=11.626$, $p=0.014$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=4.803$, $p=0.071$, time 84-96 hours, $F(1,6)=7.092$, $p=0.037$. In (E), time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=11.971$, $p=0.013$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,6)=8.235$, $p=0.028$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=7.909$, $p=0.031$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=20.564$, $p=0.004$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=13.091$, $p=0.011$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,6)=10.221$, $p=0.019$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=4.509$, $p=0.078$; time 84-96 hours, $F(1,6)=6.344$, $p=0.045$. For right panel in (D) and (E), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(I)-(K) Fed insulin levels (I), GTT (J), and ITT (K) of female D1KO mice and their littermate fl/fl controls on HFD (n=4/group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



Supplemental figure 18. Metabolic characterization of male D1KO and their control fl/fl mice on HFD. Male D1KO and fl/fl mice were put on HFD diet when they were 6 weeks of age.

(A)-(B) Body weight growth curve (A, n=6 for fl/fl and 5 for D1KO) and Fat pad weight (B, n=9 for fl/fl and 12 for D1KO) in male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(C) Representative H&E staining of iBAT and iWAT in male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD (n=3 replicates per group).

(D)-(H) Oxygen consumption (D, n=4/group), Energy expenditure (E, n=8/group), RER (F, n=4/group), Locomotor activity (G, n=4/group), and Cumulative food intake (H, n=4/group) in male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by One-Way ANOVA with repeated measures.

In (D), time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=37.841$, $p<0.0001$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,6)=18.319$, $p=0.005$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=30.925$, $p=0.001$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=24.505$, $p=0.003$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=18.941$, $p=0.005$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,6)=16.78$, $p=0.006$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=41.852$, $p<0.0001$; time 84-96 hours, $F(1,6)=22.729$, $p=0.003$; time 96-108 hours, $F(1,6)=44.918$, $p<0.0001$; time 108-120 hours, $F(1,6)=9.602$, $p=0.021$; time 120-132 hours, $F(1,6)=9.033$, $p=0.024$; time 132-144 hours, $F(1,6)=13.070$, $p=0.011$; time 144-156 hours, $F(1,6)=8.865$, $p=0.025$.

In **(E)**, time 0-12 hours, $F(1,14)=12.51$, $p=0.003$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,14)=19.578$, $p<0.0001$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,14)=13.916$, $p=0.002$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,14)=25.796$, $p<0.0001$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,14)=11.584$, $p=0.004$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,14)=6.167$, $p=0.026$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,14)=7.817$, $p=0.014$; time 84-96 hours, $F(1,14)=13.148$, $p=0.003$; . time 96-108 hours, $F(1,14)=12.291$, $p=0.003$; time 108-120 hours, $F(1,14)=3.771$, $p=0.073$; time 120-132 hours, $F(1,14)=4.383$, $p=0.055$; time 132-144 hours, $F(1,14)=6.143$, $p=0.022$; time 144-156 hours, $F(1,14)=7.986$, $p=0.013$.

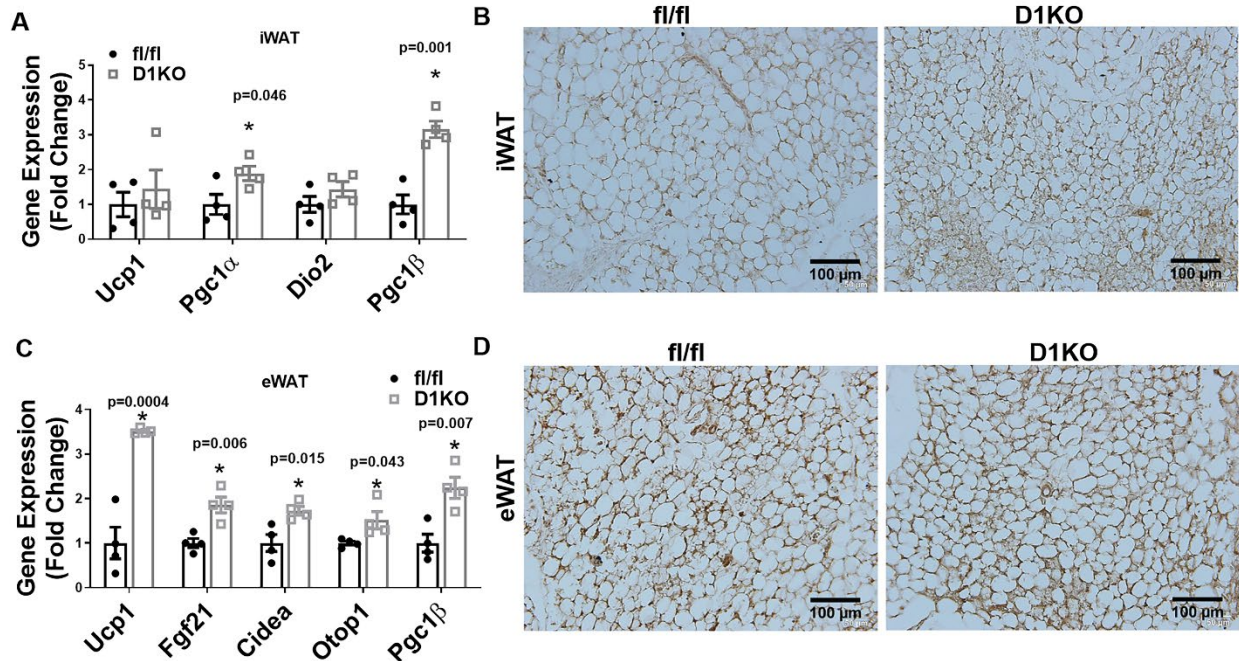
In **(H)**, Time (0-24h), $F(1,6)=7.718$, $p=0.032$; Time (24-48h), $F(1,6)=12.882$, $p=0.012$; Time (48-72h), $F(1,6)=3.777$, $p=0.1$; Time (72-96h), $F(1,6)=2.277$, $p=0.182$; Time (96-120h), $F(1,6)=3.193$, $p=0.124$; Time (120-144h), $F(1,6)=5.011$, $p=0.066$; Time (144-168h), $F(1,6)=12.757$, $p=0.012$.

(I)-(J) Quantitative PCR analysis of thermogenic gene expression in iBAT **(I)** and iWAT **(J)** of male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD ($n=8$ /group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(K) Immunoblotting of UCP1 protein in iBAT of male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD ($n=3$ /group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(L)-(M) GTT **(L)** and ITT **(M)** in male D1KO and fl/fl mice on HFD ($n=5$ /group). *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

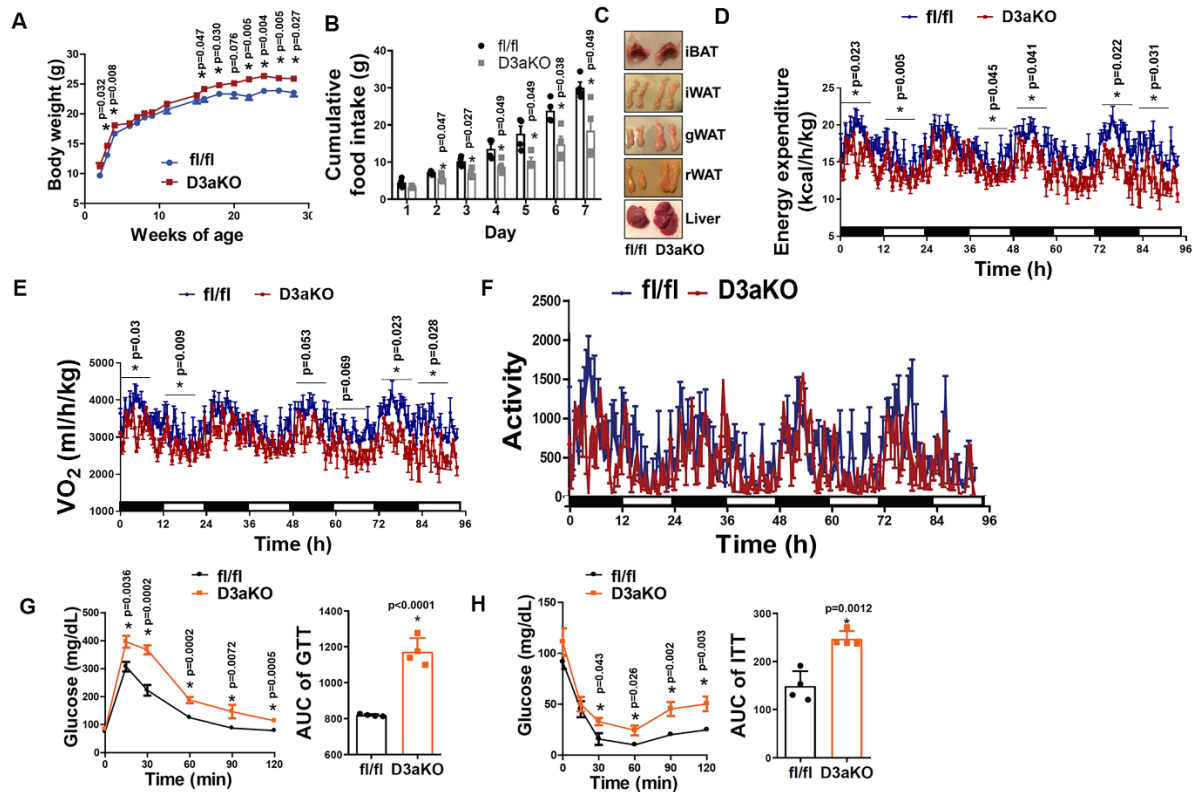
All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.



Supplemental figure 19. Characterization of D1KO and fl/fl during cold exposure. Two months old male D1KO and fl/fl mice were subjected to a chronic 7-day cold exposure challenge at 5°C. (A)-(B) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of thermogenic gene expression (n=4/group) (A) and representative H&E staining (B, 3 replicates/group) in iWAT of male D1KO and fl/fl mice after chronic 7-day cold exposure.

(C)-(D) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of thermogenic gene expression (n=4/group) (C) and representative H&E staining (D, 3 replicates/group) in eWAT of male D1KO and fl/fl mice after chronic 7-day cold exposure.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.



Supplemental figure 20 (Related to Figure 6). Metabolic characterization of D3aKO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet.

(A)-(B) Body weight growth curve (A, n=4/group) and Food intake (B, n=4 for fl/fl and 3 for D3aKO) in D3aKO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet. *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

(C) Representative fat depot and liver images in D3aKO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet (n=4 replicates/group).

(D)-(H) Energy expenditure (D), Oxygen consumption (E), Locomotor activity (F), GTT (G), and ITT (H) in D3aKO and their control fl/fl mice on chow diet (n=4/group).

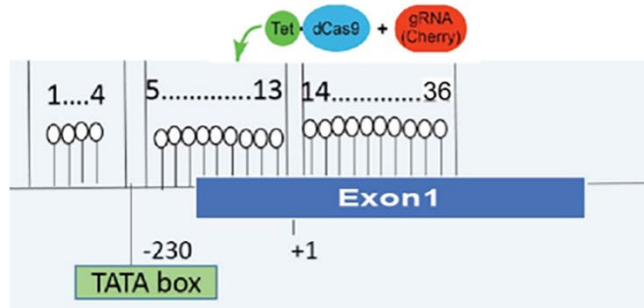
In (D), (E) and (F), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by one-way ANOVA with repeated measures. In (D), time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=9.188$, $p=0.023$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,6)=19.367$, $p=0.005$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=2.211$, $p=0.188$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=6.333$, $p=0.045$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=6.769$, $p=0.041$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,6)=4.799$, $p=0.071$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=9.362$, $p=0.021$; time 84-96 hours, $F(1,6)=7.857$, $p=0.037$.

In (E), time 0-12 hours, $F(1,6)=7.96$, $p=0.03$; time 12-24 hours, $F(1,6)=14.272$, $p=0.009$; time 24-36 hours, $F(1,6)=1.758$, $p=0.233$; time 36-48 hours, $F(1,6)=5.197$, $p=0.063$; time 48-60 hours, $F(1,6)=5.789$, $p=0.053$; time 60-72 hours, $F(1,6)=4.883$, $p=0.069$; time 72-84 hours, $F(1,6)=9.109$, $p=0.023$; time 84-96 hours, $F(1,6)=8.357$, $p=0.028$. In (G) and (H), *indicates statistical significance between the two groups by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM.

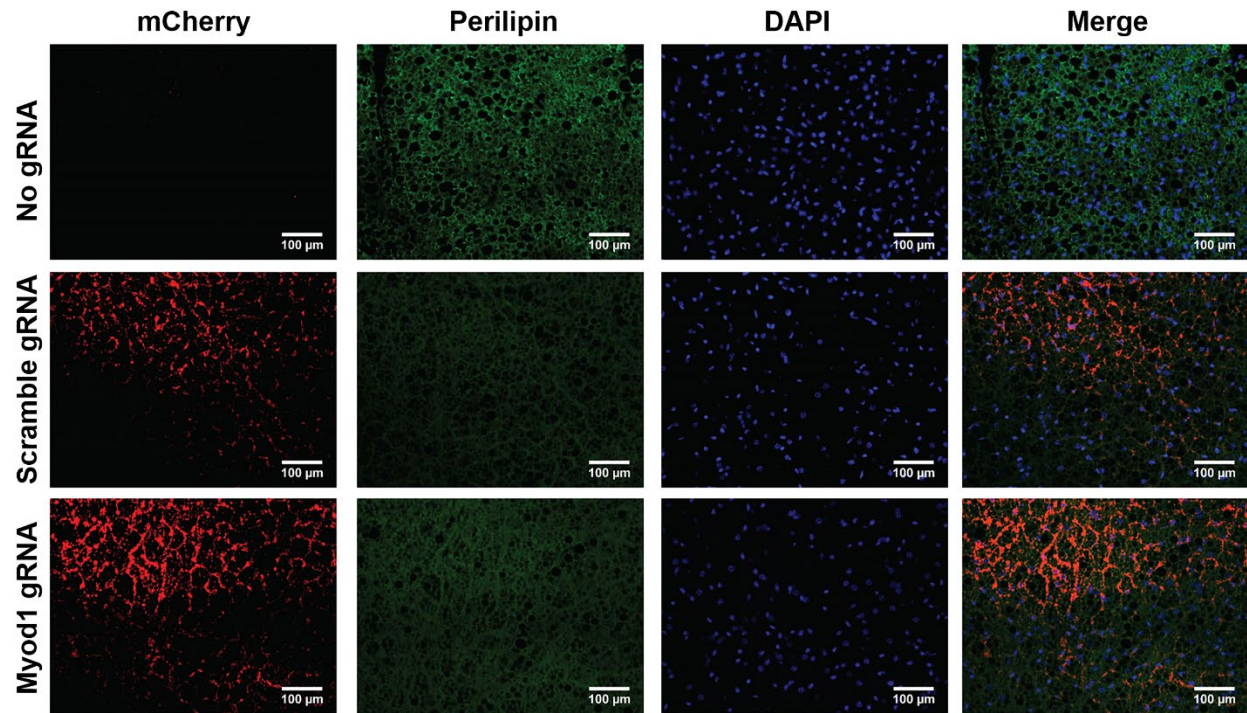
A**CpG sites at Myod1 promoter and 5'-region**

1 2 3
 TGGCTACCCTGGGGACCCCAAGCTC**CG**CCCTACTACACTCCTATTGGCTTGAGG**CG**CCCC**CG**CCCCCAGCCTCCCTT
 4 5 6 7 8
 TCCAGCTCC**CG**GGCTTTTAGGCTACCTGG**ATAAATA**GCCCAGGG**CG**CCTGG**CGCGA**AGCTAGGGGCCAGGAC**CGC**
 9 10
 CCCAGGACAC**CG**ACTGCTTTCTTCACCACTCCTCTGACAGGACAGGACAGGGAGGAGGGGTAGAGGACAGC**CGGT**
 11 (gRNA in blue) 12
 GTGCATTCCAACCCACAGAACCTTTGTCATT**GTA**CTGTTGGGGTTC**CGGAGTGG**CAGAAAGTTAAGA**CG**ACTCTCA
 13 14 15 16
CGGCTTGGGTTGAGGCTGGACCCAGGAACTGGGAT**ATG**GAGCTTCTAT**CGCCG**CCACT**CG**GGACATAGACTTGA
 17 18 19 20 21
 CAGGCCC**CGA****CG**GCTCTCTGCTCCTTTGAGACAGCAGAC**CG**ACTTCTATGATGACCC**CGT**GTTT**CG**ACTCACCAGA
 22 23 24 25 26
 CCTG**CG**CTTTTTTGAGGACCTGGACC**CGCG**CCTGGTGCACATGGGAGCCCTCCTGAAAC**CG**GAGGAGCAC**CG**CACA

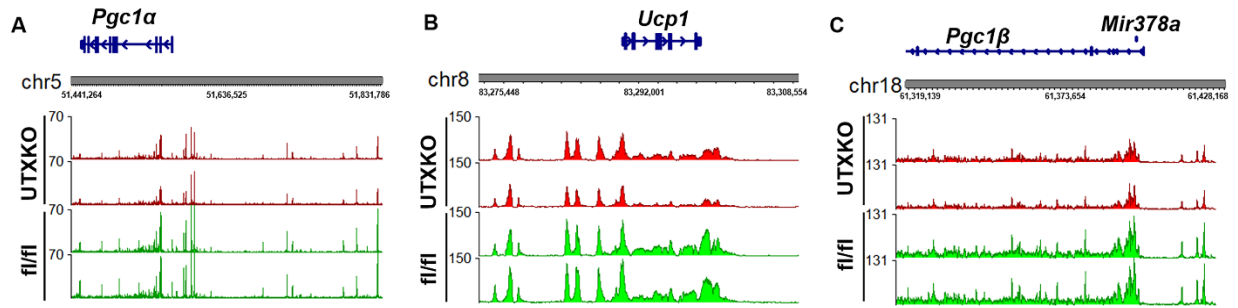
B

Supplemental figure 21. (A) CpG sites at *Myod1* promoter and 5'-region. Yellow highlights indicate CpG sites; green highlight indicates the TATAA-box; red highlight indicates translational start site (ATG); blue-highlighted region indicates the location of guide RNA (gRNA) that was used in the directed methylation targeting approach described in **(B)**.

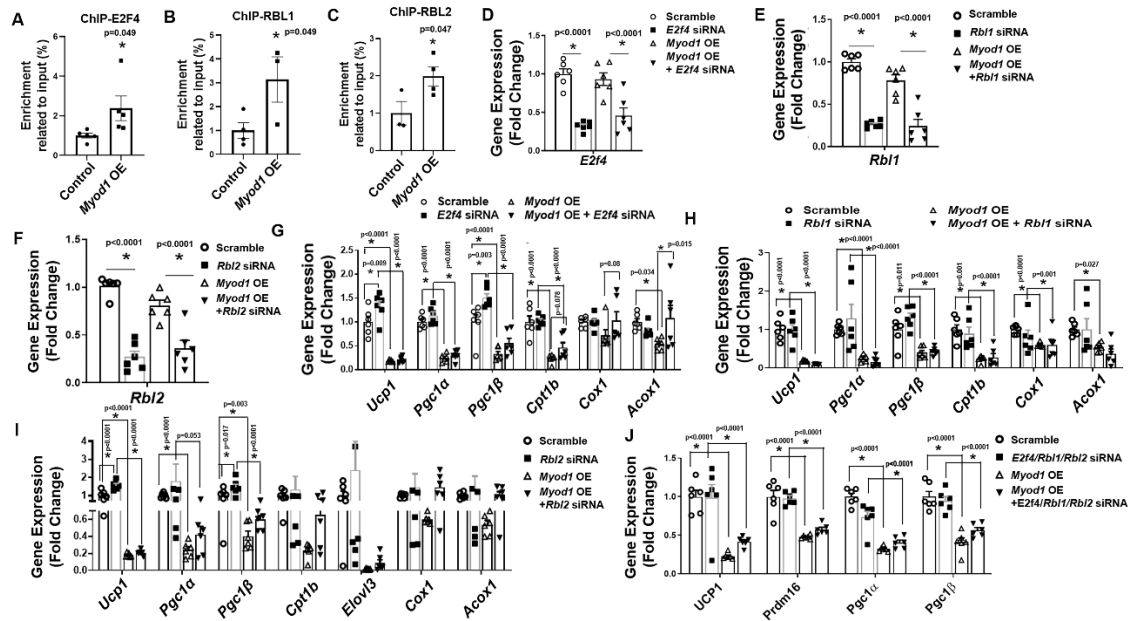
(B) Schematic diagram of the strategy to specifically target demethylation at *Myod1* promoter with dCas9-TET1CD and gRNA system.



Supplemental figure 22. Representative images indicate IHC staining of mCherry (red), perilipin (green), DAPI (Blue) and merged images from iBAT of lentivirus-injected mice (3 replicates/group). Three-month-old chow-fed male C57BL/6J mice were bilaterally injected with lentiviruses expressing dCas9-TET1CD plus lentiviruses expressing either targeting Myod1-gRNA-mCherry or non-targeting scramble-gRNA-mCherry into iBAT. Tissues were collected 2 months after the injection.



Supplemental Figure 23. ATAC-seq analysis of chromatin accessibility at *Pgc1α* (A), *Ucp1* (B) and *Pgc1β* (C) loci.



Supplemental Figure 24. Interaction between E2F4/RBL1/RBL2 transcription repressor complex at *Prdm16* promoter.

(A)-(C) Binding of E2F4 (A, n=5/group), RBL1 (B, n=4 for Control, and 3 for *Myod1* overexpression (OE)) and RBL2 (C, n=3 for Control and 4 for *Myod1* OE) to *Prdm16* promoter in *Myod1*-overexpressed BAT1 brown adipocytes by ChIP assay. *indicates statistical significance by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

(D)-(F) Knocking down efficiency in *Myod1*-overexpressed BAT1 brown adipocytes with simultaneous knockdown of *E2f4* (D), *Rb1* (E) and *Rb2* (F) (n=6/group). *indicates statistical significance between groups with one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons tests: F(3,20)=21.190, p<0.001 in (D), F(3,20)=46.335, p<0.001 in (E); F(3,20)=33.162, p<0.001 in (F).

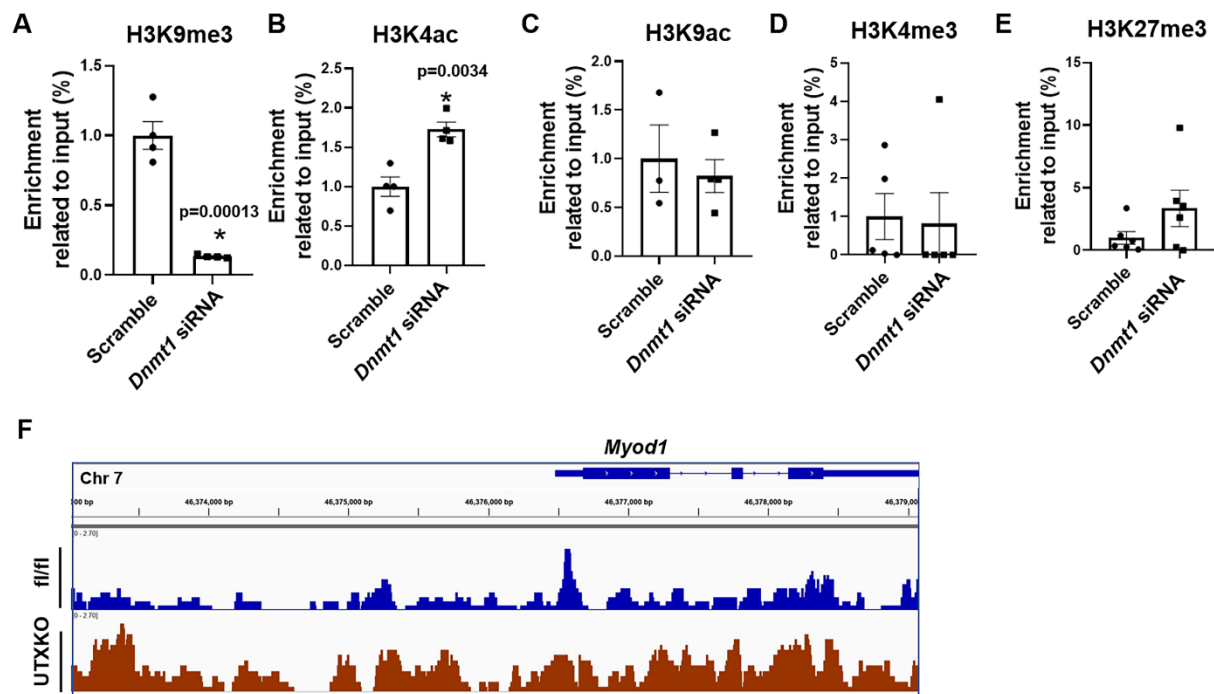
(G)-(J) BAT-specific gene expression in *Myod1*-overexpressed BAT1 brown adipocytes with simultaneous knockdown of *E2f4* (G), *Rb1* (H), *Rb2* (I) and in combination (J) (n=6/group). *indicates statistical significance among groups with one-way ANOVA followed by Fisher's LSD multiple comparisons test. In (G), F(3,20)=51.141, p<0.0001 for *Ucp1*; F(3,20)=71.342, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1α*; F(3,20)=24.74, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1β*; F(3,20)=21.315, p<0.0001 for *Cpt1b*; F(3,20)=1.522, p=0.24 for *Cox1*; F(3,20)=2.773, p=0.068 for *Acox1*.

In (H), F(3,20)=46.335, p<0.001 for *Ucp1*; F(3,20)=31.467, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1α*; F(3,20)=8.475, p=0.001 for *Pgc1β*; F(3,20)=17.768, p<0.0001 for *Cpt1b*; F(3,20)=11.637, p<0.0001 for *Cox1*; F(3,20)=2.635, p=0.078 for *Acox1*.

In (I), F(3,20)=82.253, p<0.001 for *Ucp1*; F(3,20)=2.182, p=0.122 for *Pgc1α*; F(3,20)=14.071, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1β*; F(3,20)=1.569, p=0.228 for *Cpt1b*; F(3,20)=1.964, p=0.152 for *Elovl3*; F(3,20)=1.079, p=0.381 for *Cox1*; F(3,20)=1.04, p=0.396 for *Acox1*.

In (J), F(3,20)=16.822, p<0.001 for *Ucp1*; F(3,20)=33.361, p<0.0001 for *Prdm16*; F(3,20)=44.25, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1α*; F(3,20)=26.998, p<0.0001 for *Pgc1β*.

All data are expressed as mean ± SEM.



Supplemental Figure 25. The effect of DNMT1-mediated DNA methylation on histone modifications at *Myod1* gene locus.

(A)-(E) H3K9me3 (A, n=4/group), H3K4ac (B, n=4/group), H3K9ac (C, n=3 for Scramble and 4 for *Dnmt1* siRNA), H3K4me3 (D, n=5/group) and H3K27me3 (E, n=6/group) at *Myod1* promoter in BAT1 brown adipocytes with *Dnmt1* knock down.

(F) ATAC-seq analysis of chromatin accessibility at *Myod1* locus.

All data are expressed as mean \pm SEM. *indicates statistical significance by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

Supplemental Table 1. Primer/probe sets for gene expression

Gene symbol	Company	Catalog #
<i>Acox1</i>	ABI	Mm01246834_m1
<i>Acta1</i>	ABI	Mm00808218_g1
<i>Atp2a1</i>	ABI	Mm01275320_m1
<i>Cd137</i>	ABI	Mm01268456-m1
<i>Cidea</i>	ABI	Mm00432554_m1
<i>Ckm</i>	ABI	Mm01321487_m1
<i>Cox</i>	ABI	Mm04225243_g1
<i>Cpt1b</i>	ABI	Mm00487191_g1
<i>Dio2</i>	ABI	Mm0051664_m1
<i>Dnmt1</i>	ABI	Mm00599783-g1
<i>Ear2</i>	ABI	Mm04207376_gH
<i>Ebf2</i>	ABI	Mm00438625_m1
<i>Ebf3</i>	ABI	Mm00438642_m1
<i>Elovl3</i>	ABI	Mm01194165_g1
<i>Eva1</i>	ABI	Mm00468397_m1
<i>Fgf21</i>	ABI	Mm00840165_g1
<i>Klf2</i>	ABI	Mm00500486_g1
<i>Klhl13</i>	ABI	Mm00470674_m1
<i>Mfsd2a</i>	ABI	Mm01192208_m1
<i>Myh1</i>	ABI	Mm01332489_m1
<i>Myh4</i>	ABI	Mm01332541_m1
<i>Myod1</i>	ABI	Mm00440387_m1
<i>Myog</i>	ABI	Mm00446194_m1
<i>Nr4a1</i>	ABI	Mm00440945-m1
<i>Nr4a2</i>	ABI	Mm00443060_m1
<i>Nr4a3</i>	ABI	Mm00450071_g1
<i>Otop1</i>	ABI	Mm00554705_m1
<i>Ppary</i>	ABI	Mm00440945_m1
<i>Prdm16</i>	ABI	Mm00712556_m1
<i>Sik1</i>	ABI	Mm00440317_m1
<i>Ttn</i>	ABI	Mm00621005_m1
<i>Utx</i>	ABI	Mm01283053_m1
<i>E2F4</i>	ABI	Mm00514160_m1
<i>Rbl1</i>	ABI	Mm01250721_m1
<i>Rbl2</i>	ABI	Mm01242468_m1
<i>Nrg4</i>	ABI	Mm00446254_m1
<i>Atp2a2</i>	ABI	Mm01201431_m1
<i>Pm20d1</i>	ABI	Mm01290668_m1
<i>Myostatin</i>	ABI	Mm01254559_m1
<i>miR-133a</i>	ThermoFisher	Assay ID 002246
<i>miR-133b</i>	ThermoFisher	Assay ID 002247
<i>miR-206</i>	ThermoFisher	Assay ID 000510
<i>miR-1</i>	ThermoFisher	Assay ID 002222
<i>U6 snRNA</i>	ThermoFisher	Assay ID 001973

Table 2. Primer/probe sequences for gene expression

Gene	Primer (Forward: 5'-3')	Primer (Reverse: 5'-3')	Probe (5'-3')
Cyclophilin (<i>Ppib</i>)	GGTGGAGAGCACCAAGAC AGA	GCCGGAGTCGACAATGATG	ATCCTTCAGTGGCTTGTCCCGGCT
<i>Cebpβ</i>	CCAAGAAGACGGTGGACAA G	GTGCTGCGTCTCCAGGTT	CCGCATCTTGTACTCGTCGCTCAG
<i>Pgc1α</i>	CATTTGATGCACTGACAGA TGGA	CCGTCAGGCATGGAGGAA	CCGTGACCACTGACAACGAGGCC
<i>Pgc1β</i>	AGGAAGCGGCGGGAAA	CTACAATCTCACCGAACACCTCA A	AGAGATTTCGAATGTATACCACACGGCC TTCA
<i>Ucp1</i>	CACCTTCCCGCTGGACACT	CCCTAGGACACCTTTATACCTAA TGG	AGCCTGGCCTTCACCTTGGATCTGA

Supplemental Table 3. Antibodies used in Immunoblotting and ChIP-qPCR

Antibody	Company	Catalog #	Application
DNMT1	Abcam	Ab87654	WB(1:500)
DNMT1	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	Sc20701 or sc-271729	ChIP(2µg/ml)
GFP	Aves labs	GFP-1010	IF(1:1000)
UCP1	Abcam	ab23841	WB(1:500)
UCP1	Abcam	Ab10983	IHC(1:500)
KDM6A (UTX)	Abcam	ab36938	ChIP(2µg/ml)
KDM6A (UTX)	Bethyl Laboratories	A302-374A	WB(1:500)
HA	Cell signaling technology	C29F4	IP(2µg/ml), WB(1:1000)
H3K27me3	Abcam	ab6002	ChIP(2µg/ml)
H3K9me3	Abcam	ab8898	ChIP(2µg/ml)
H3K4me3	Abcam	ab8580	ChIP(2µg/ml)
acH3K27	Abcam	ab4729	ChIP(2µg/ml)
acH3K9	Abcam	ab4441	ChIP(2µg/ml)
acH3K4	Abcam	ab176799	ChIP(2µg/ml)
mCherry	Abcam	ab205402	IF(1:1000)
MyHC	DSHB	MF20	IF(1:1000)
Perilipin	Everest biotech	EB07728	IF(1:1000)
PRDM16	Sigma	SAB2900806	WB(1:500), IP(2µg/ml)
PRDM16	Sigma	SAB3500989	ChIP(2µg/ml)
FLAG	Sigma	F3165	WB(1:1000),IP(2µg/ml)
E2F-4	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-398543	WB(1:1000),ChIP(2µg/ml)
p107	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-250	WB(1:1000),ChIP(2µg/ml)
p130	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-374521	WB(1:1000),ChIP(2µg/ml)
α-Tubulin	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-53646	WB(1:500)
Biotin-SP (long spacer) AffiniPure Donkey Anti- Rabbit IgG (H+L)	Jackson ImmunoResearch	711-065-152	IHC(2µg/ml)
Cy™3 AffiniPure Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)	Jackson ImmunoResearch	711-165-152	IF(2µg/ml)
Alexa Fluor® 488 ffiniPure Donkey Anti- Chicken IgY (IgG) (H+L)	Jackson ImmunoResearch	703-545-155	IF(2µg/ml)
Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross- Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor 488	Invitrogen	A11029	IF(2µg/ml)
Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross- Adsorbed Secondary	Invitrogen	A11032	IF(2µg/ml)

Antibody, Alexa Fluor 594			
Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor 680	Invitrogen	A21058	WB(1:10000)
Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor 680	Invitrogen	A21109	WB(1:10000)

Supplemental Table 4. Primer sequences for pyrosequencing

Primers	Sequence (5'-3')
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F1	TGGTTATTTTGGGGATTTTAAGTT
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R1	TCTACCCCTCCTCCCTAT
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S1	ATTTTGGGGATTTTAAGTTT
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F2	GATAGGGAGGAGGGGTAGAGGATA
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R2	TCCAATTCCTAAATCCAACCTCAAC
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S2	AGGGGTAGAGGATAG
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F3	GTTTGGGTTGAGGTTGGATTTA
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R3	CTCCCATTTCAAAAAAACTCCCATATACAC
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S3	GGAATTGGGATATGGAG
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F4	TGGTGTATATGGGAGTTTTTTTGAA
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R4	AACCTCATTCACTTTACTCAA
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S4	ATGGGAGTTTTTTTGAAAT
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F5	AGTTGGGTTGGATTGTTATGT
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R5	ACCACTACCCCTAATCCC
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S5	ATGTAGGGTTGGAGA
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-F6	GGGTTAGGGATTAGGGGTAG
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-*R6	CCTTACTCCAAAAATCCTCAAACCTC
<i>Myod1</i> -pyroseq-S6	GGGATTAGGGGTAGT

F: Forward primer; R: reverse primer; S: sequencing primer.

*Indicates primers with biotin-tag.