Supplemental material

BMJ Publishing Group Limited (BMJ) disclaims all liability and responsibility arising from any reliance placed on this supplemental material which has been supplied by the author(s)

BMJ Open

Supplementary file S2

FRAMEWORK COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION (data items)
Governance/Regulation	**Description:** a wide range of steering and rulemaking-related functions carried out by governments/decisions makers as they seek to achieve national and/or provincial health policy objectives that are conducive to UHC **Data Items:** Healthcare policies at national or provincial levels; resource allocation policies; accountability monitoring; coordination and regulations; clinical treatment guidelines.
Resources	**Description:** All resources specific to the health care facility – including the physical structure and resources enabling or hindering delivery of health services. **Data Items:** **Infrastructure:** Accessibility of the health care facilities; maintenance of infrastructure; availability of equipment/testing facilities (e.g. CT Scans) **Human resources:** Availability; health workforce distribution – health professions/experience or specialisation/gender; role definitions; undergraduate & continuous training; workload; patient vs therapist ratio. **Financial resources:** Finance allocation and affordability; funding sources; healthcare packages; salaries/fair wages.; sustainability.
Service Delivery	**Description:** Delivery of different health services as well as user experience. **Data Items:** Level of care; comprehensiveness; quality and/or perceptions of care; multi-professional health teams; continuity of care, timeliness of care; health services and service providers (private/public; for-profit or not–for-profit, formal or informal, professional or non-professional, allopathic or traditional, remunerated or voluntary).
Context	**Description:** All contextual factors influencing the patient/community access of the health care system. **Data Items:** Social determinants of health: socio-economic, education, health literacy, technological, cultural, political and environmental environments.
Re-orientation of care	**Description:** New and innovate health care solutions to improve coordination of health services and continuous health care; and intersectoral coordination. **Data Items:** New technologies and strategies (eHealth; shared electronic medical records; telemedicine; m-health)
Community engagement	**Description:** Engaging and empowering individuals, families, communities and informal caregivers to facilitate common decision-making and self-efficacy. Reaching underserved and marginalised communities.

Application of the key characteristics of the analytical framework

FRAMEWORK COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION (data items)
Governance/Regulation	**Description:** a wide range of steering and rulemaking-related functions carried out by governments/decisions makers as they seek to achieve national and/or provincial health policy objectives that are conducive to UHC **Data Items:** Healthcare policies at national or provincial levels; resource allocation policies; accountability monitoring; coordination and regulations; clinical treatment guidelines.
Resources	**Description:** All resources specific to the health care facility – including the physical structure and resources enabling or hindering delivery of health services. **Data Items:** **Infrastructure:** Accessibility of the health care facilities; maintenance of infrastructure; availability of equipment/testing facilities (e.g. CT Scans) **Human resources:** Availability; health workforce distribution – health professions/experience or specialisation/gender; role definitions; undergraduate & continuous training; workload; patient vs therapist ratio. **Financial resources:** Finance allocation and affordability; funding sources; healthcare packages; salaries/fair wages.; sustainability.
Service Delivery	**Description:** Delivery of different health services as well as user experience. **Data Items:** Level of care; comprehensiveness; quality and/or perceptions of care; multiprofessional health teams; referral systems; service delivery models; health services and service providers (private/public; for-profit or not–for-profit, formal or informal, professional or non-professional, allopathic or traditional, remunerated or voluntary).
Context	**Description:** All contextual factors influencing the patient/community access of the health care system. **Data Items:** Social determinants of health: socio-economic, education, health literacy, technological, cultural, political and environmental environments.
Re-orientation of care	**Description:** New and innovate health care solutions to improve coordination of health services and continuous health care; and intersectoral coordination. **Data Items:** New technologies and strategies (eHealth; shared electronic medical records; telemedicine; m-health)
Community engagement	**Description:** Engaging and empowering individuals, families, communities and informal caregivers to facilitate common decision-making and self-efficacy. Reaching underserved and marginalised communities.