SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table S1. Descriptive characteristics of clinical risk factors stratified by income category (N=278) in the Myocardial Infarction and Mental Stress 2 Study (MIMS2) at baseline.

Variable	<35K (n=141)	35K-75K (n=74)	>75K (n=63)
Baseline demographics			
Age, y, mean (SD)	51 (7)	51 (7)	52 (5)
Female, %	57	49	40
Married/living with partner, %	26	46	84
Education >12 y, %	46	66	92
Employed, %	24	58	86
Clinical Risk Factors			
BMI (kg/m2), mean (SD)	32 (7)	32 (7)	30 (7)
Ever smoker, %	66	41	41
History of hypertension, %	90	78	64
History of dyslipidemia, %	82	79	79
History of diabetes mellitus, %	43	28	13
History of congestive heart failure, %	12	9	0
History of stroke, %	8	1	2
History of CABG, %	22	23	16
History of PTCA, %	69	74	70
Coronary angiography and electrocardiography results			
Gensini severity score, mean (SD)	42 (47)	39 (37)	44 (50)
Obstructive CAD (stenosis $\geq$ 70%), %	83	89	85
3-Vessel disease (at $\geq$ 70%), %	16	11	13
LV ejection fraction, mean (SD)	52 (12)	50 (13)	52 (11)
ST-segment elevation MI, %	26	32	35
Medication use			
Beta-blocker, %	87	89	76
Statin, %	84	77	95
Aspirin, %	83	70	92
P2Y12 inhibitors, %	67	72	74
ACE inhibitors, %	52	38	9
Anti-diabetics, %	36	26	15
Antidepressants, %	18	22	13
Psychosocial risk factors			
Beck Depression inventory, mean (SD)	16 (11)	10 (8)	7 (8)
PTSD Symptom Checklist, mean (SD)	37 (16)	29 (11)	25 (10)
Anger Expression Inventory, mean (SD)	33 (14)	30 (12)	25 (12)
Anxiety State Inventory, mean (SD)	40 (14)	34 (11)	30 (11)
Perceived Stress Scale, mean (SD)	19 (8)	15 (8)	11 (8)
Hostility Scale, mean (SD)	21 (9)	18 (8)	13 (7)
Composite distress score, mean (SD)	166 (64)	135 (57)	96 (51)

BMI=body mass index, SD=standard deviation, MI= myocardial infarction