Site-Specific Labelling of Endogenous Proteins Using CoLDR Chemistry

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Supporting Chemistry

 Materials and methods: All reagents and solvents were obtained from commercial suppliers unless otherwise mentioned. Ibr-H (CAS 1022150-12-4) was purchased from BLD pharmatech. (5S)-4-(6-fluoro-7-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(2-isopropyl-4-methylpyridin-3-yl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrazin-1ium (AMG-510 amine) was purchased from Enamine. Compound 1q was previously synthesized in our lab and used as such.¹ Deuterated solvents were purchased from Cambridge isotope laboratories and all other reagents are purchased from Sigma Aldrich and used as such without further purification.

Aluminum-backed silica plates (Merck silica gel 60 F254) were used for thin layer chromatography (TLC) to monitor solution phase reactions. The purification of compounds was carried out on a combi flash chromatography and waters RP-HPLC with Prep C18 column. The ¹H-NMR and ¹³CNMR spectra were recorded using a 400 MHz and 500 MHz Bruker advance spectrometers and were calibrated using residual undeuterated solvent as the internal references (CDCl₃: 7.26 ppm; DMSO-d6: 2.50 ppm; D₂O: 4.79 ppm and CD₃OD = 3.31 ppm). Chemical shifts are reported in ppm on a δ scale. The following abbreviations were used to explain NMR peak multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, p = pentet, m = multiplet, br = broad. Most of the Ibrutinib derivatives appeared as a mixture of rotamers. The high-resolution mass spectra were recorded on Waters Xevo G2-XS QTof mass spectrometer using electrospray ionization time-of-flight (ESI-TOF) reflectron experiments.

2. Abbreviations. Acetonitrile (ACN), dichloromethane (DCM), N,N'-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), N,N'-dimethylformamide (DMF), Ethyl acetate (EtOAc), dimethyl sulfoxide 1-Ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) carbodiimide (EDC), (DMSO), 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium3-oxid hexafluorophosphate (HATU), methanol (MeOH), Phosphate buffer saline (PBS), highliquid chromatography (HPLC), trifluoroacetic performance acid (TFA), 1,4diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane (DABCO), diisopropylethyl amine (DIPEA)

(R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)acrylic acid (Ibr-acid)



To a stirred solution of Ibr-H (387 mg, 1 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (6 mL), DIPEA (178 μ L, 1 mmol) and 2-(bromomethyl)acrylic acid (162 mg, 1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), CH₂Cl₂ was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude carboxylic acid was purified using combi flash column chromatography using MeOH:EtOAc (2:8) as eluent to give Ibr-acid in 335 mg (yield = 72%)

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.99 (br. s., 2H), 2.19 (br. s., 1H), 2.24 (br. s., 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 2H), 4.10-4.20 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 3H), 5.33 (br. s., 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.13-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.42 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.34 (s, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ ppm 21.6, 28.8, 52.0, 53.7, 55.3, 59.7, 99.2, 120.1, 120.8, 125.4, 127.9, 131.3, 131.5, 131.5, 136.5, 147.4, 154.7, 155.6, 157.9, 160.5, 168.7; ESI-MS (m/z): calculated for C₂₆H₂₇N₆O₃ [M+H]+: 471.21; found: [M+H]+:471.45.

Ethyl (R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1yl)methyl)acrylate (1a)



To a stirred solution of Ibr-H (38.7 mg, 0.1 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (1 mL), DIPEA (17.3 µL, 0.1

mmol) and ethyl bromo methacrylate (14.6 μ L, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was evaporated under *vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1a** as colorless solid in 40 mg (yield = 81 %).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.28 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.98-2.19 (m, 2H), 2.27 (br. s., 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.08-4.18 (m, 2H), 4.18-4.35 (m, 3H), 5.44 (br. s., 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.76 (br. s., 2H), 8.44 (s, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 14.5, 28.6, 36.9, 52.4, 53.8, 55.5, 59.4, 63.3, 98.7, 120.1, 120.9, 125.5, 126.9, 131.3, 131.7, 136.8, 148.7, 153.8, 157.8, 160.9, 167.0; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₂₈H₃₁N₆O₃ [M+H]⁺: 499.2458; Found [M+H]⁺: 499.2454.

(R)-N-(2-(2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)acrylamido)ethyl)-4-formylbenzamide (1b)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (23.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (20.4 µL, 0.12 mmol) and but-3-yn-1-amine hydrochloride (6.3 mg, 0.06 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water (1 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **1b** in 18 mg (69% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.09 (br. s., 1H), 2.21 (br. s., 1H), 2.32 (br. s., 2H), 2.45 (br. s., 2H), 3.26 (br. s., 1H), 3.44 (br. s., 2H), 3.82 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (br. s., 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (s, 3H), 7.48-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.98 (br. s., 2H), 8.52 (s, 1H): ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 19.7, 28.4, 39.8, 52.0, 53.2, 55.6, 61.3, 71.2, 82.1, 98.8, 120.1, 120.9, 125.4, 127.1, 129.6, 131.3, 131.9, 133.7, 148.4, 152.0,

153.9, 156.8, 157.9, 160.8, 169.1; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₀H₃₂N₇O₂ [M+H]⁺: 522.2617; Found [M+H]⁺: 522.2620.

(R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-N-(4-ethynylphenyl)acrylamide (1c):



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (23.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in $CH_2Cl_2(1 mL)$, HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 µL, 0.06 mmol) and 4-ethynylaniline (7.02 mg, 0.06 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water (1 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **1c** in 20.4 mg (72% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ ppm 2.00 (br. s., 1H), 2.06-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.24 (br. s., 2H), 3.22 (br. s., 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (br. s., 1H), 4.10 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 4.23 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (br. s., 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 4H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (br. s., 2H), 7.82 (br. s., 2H), 8.39 (s, 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CD₃OD): δ ppm 20.1, 28.4, 36.3, 51.8, 53.4, 55.8, 61.4, 78.9, 84.3, 98.9, 120.0, 121.0, 121.5, 125.6, 127.2, 131.1, 131.4, 131.8, 133.8, 139.7, 148.1, 153.0, 154.1, 157.7, 160.8, 167.6. **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₄H₃₂N₇O₂: [M+H]⁺: 570.6770; Found [M+H]⁺: 570.6775.

Synthesis of pre-1d:



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (47 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), HATU (45.6 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (20.9 µL, 0.12 mmol) and *tert*-butyl (4-aminocyclohexyl) carbamate (25.6 mg, 0.12

mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 3 mL water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at 25 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by using flash column chromatography in ethyl acetate:methanol (7:3) solvent system to get pure amine in 39.6 mg (yield = 70 %).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.64 (br. s., 3H), 1.94 - 2.06 (m, 2H), 2.10 (br. s., 3H), 2.25 (br. s., 3H), 2.82 (s, 1H), 2.94 - 3.04 (m, 2H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 3.41 (br. s., 1H), 3.47 (br. s., 1H), 3.77 (dd, J = 12.9, 3.6Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (d, J = 13.0Hz, 1H), 4.24 (br. s., 1H), 4.54 (br. s., 1H), 5.36 (br. s., 1H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 7.03-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.37-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.32 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 28.8, 30.7, 39.0, 56.0, 61.7, 99.2, 119.9, 120.7, 122.1, 125.4, 128.2, 129.7, 131.3, 131.8, 136.4, 141.0, 146.9, 151.7, 154.8, 156.1, 158.0, 159.5, 160.3, 170.1.



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (7.56 mg, 0.06 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and **pre-1d** (28 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 1 mL water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1d** in 25.6 mg (yield = 76 %).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.33-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.61 (m, 3H), 1.66-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.90 (br. s., 2H), 1.94-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.22 (br. s., 8H), 2.98 (d, *J* =14.4Hz, 1H), 3.13 (br. s., 1H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 3.62-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.79-4.00 (m, 3H), 4.09 (br. s., 2H), 4.12-4.22 (m, 1H), 4.37 (br. s., 1H), 5.43 (br. s., 1H), 5.82 (br. s., 1H), 6.01 (br. s., 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, J = 8.4

J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.86 (br. s., 2H), 8.37 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 17.4, 18.5, 24.7, 27.8, 30.8, 31.7, 35.1, 40.5, 46.3, 54.4, 60.4, 68.4, 83.2, 97.6, 102.7, 118.3, 118.6, 119.4, 124.0, 129.8, 130.4, 153.8, 156.4, 159.1, 168.3, 173.9. **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₉H₄₇N₈O_{3:} [M+H]⁺: 675.3771; Found [M+H]⁺: 675.3777.

(R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1yl)methyl)-N-(2-aminoethyl)acrylamide (1e):



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (188 mg, 0.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), HATU (182 mg, 0.48 mmol), DIPEA (85 μ L, 0.48 mmol) and *N*-Boc ethelene diamine (77 mg, 0.48 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 3 mL water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 50% TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at 25 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by using flash column chromatography in ethyl acetate:methanol (7:3) solvent system to get pure amine **1e** in 94 mg (yield = 46.0%).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 2.12 (br. s., 2H), 2.35 (br. s., 2H), 3.10 (br. s., 0.5H), 3.16-3.24 (m, 2H), 3.34 (br. s., 0.5H), 3.59-3.66 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.85 (br. s., 2H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (br. s., 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.25-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.88 (br. s., 2H), 8.51 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 28.6, 38.6, 40.5, 40.9, 52.7, 53.3, 55.4, 60.7, 98.9, 116.7, 119.6, 120.1, 120.8, 125.5, 127.5, 128.4, 130.8, 131.3, 131.7, 133.9, 135.5, 148.1, 154.2, 157.9, 160.7, 169.7. HR-MS (m/z): Calculated for C₂₈H₃₃N₈O₂ [M+H]⁺: 513.2726; Found [M+H]⁺: 513.2722.

Synthesis of 1f:



To a stirred solution of DBCO carboxylic acid (7.6 mg, 0.025 mmol) in $CH_2Cl_2(1 \text{ mL})$, HATU (11.5 mg, 0.03 mmol), DIPEA (5.2 µL, 0.03 mmol) and amine **1e** (13 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 1 mL) and the combined organic layers were evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water: ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford DBCO alkyne **1f** as colorless solid in 10.3 mg (yield = 52 %).

*15 % of the 1d was hydrolyzed at DBCO amide site during HPLC purification.

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.94 (br. s., 2H), 2.08 (br. s., 2H), 2.21 (br. s., 3H), 2.61-2.72 (m, 1H), 3.02-3.19 (m, 3H), 3.70 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (br. s., 1H), 3.99 (br. s., 1H), 4.07 (br. s., 1H), 4.15 (br. s., 1H), 5.09 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (br. s., 1H), 6.00 (br. s., 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.32 (br. s., 2H), 7.39-7.52 (m, 5H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (br. s., 1H), 7.86 (br. s., 1H), 8.41 (br. s., 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 20.0, 28.4, 31.4, 32.0, 40.6, 52.0, 53.1, 55.7, 56.9, 101.5, 108.9, 120.0, 120.9, 123.9, 124.5, 125.5, 126.7, 128.3, 129.0, 129.3, 129.9, 130.2, 130.7, 131.3, 132.0, 133.5, 149.7, 152.7, 157.9, 160.7, 174.2, 177.2; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₇H₄₆N₉O₄ [M+H]⁺: 800.3673; Found [M+H]⁺: 800.3684.

(R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1yl)methyl)-N-(2-(3-(3',6'-dihydroxy-3-oxo-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,9'-xanthen]-5yl)thioureido)ethyl)acrylamide (1g):



To a stirred solution of **1e** (0.05 mmol, 26 mg) in anhydrous DCM (1 mL), DIPEA (9 μ L, 0.05 mmol) and FITC (19 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 2 mL) evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1g** as yellow color solid in 29.1 mg (yield = 66 %).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.83 (br. s., 2H), 2.15 (br. s., 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (br. s., 1H), 3.54-3.78 (m, 4H), 4.00 (br. s., 3H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 5.42 (br. s., 1H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 6.47 (br. s., 1H), 6.51-6.59 (m, 2H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (br. s., 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 4H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (br. s., 2H), 7.95 (br. s., 1H), 8.41 (br. s., 1H); ¹³C **NMR** (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 19.9, 28.3, 40.8, 45.0, 51.9, 53.0, 55.8, 61.4, 98.7, 103.7, 111.9, 114.2, 114.3, 119.9, 120.0, 121.0, 125.5, 126.4, 129.4, 130.5, 130.7, 131.3, 132.0, 133.6, 142.1, 148.1, 152.6, 154.0, 154.6, 157.0, 157.7, 160.9, 162.2, 162.3, 169.2, 170.9, 183.2. **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₉H₄₄N₉O₇S [M+H]⁺: 902.3084; Found [M+H]⁺: 902.3082.

(R)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-N-(2-(2-((9-(diethylamino)-5-oxo-5H-benzo[a]phenoxazin-2-

yl)oxy)acetamido)ethyl)acrylamide (1h):



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (Nile Red carboxylic acid was synthesized using the literature report², 19 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and amine **1e** (13 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 3 mL) evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1h** as blue colour solid in 25.7 mg (yield = 58 %).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.29 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H), 1.91 (br. s., 2H), 2.12 (br. s., 2H), 3.10 (br.

s., 1H), 3.47 (br. s., 4H), 3.57 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 5H), 3.71 (br. s., 2H), 3.92-4.10 (m, 2H), 4.19 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (br. s., 1H), 5.29 (br. s., 1H), 6.05 (br. s., 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (br. s., 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (br. s., 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 4 H), 7.14-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.21 (br. s., 1H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (br. s., 2H), 7.75 (br. s., 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (br. s., 1H), 8.29 (br. s., 1 H); ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CD3OD δ ppm 13.0, 19.9, 28.4, 40.5, 40.8, 46.4, 52.2, 52.2, 52.9, 55.6, 61.5, 68.4, 97.4, 98.7, 104.8, 108.2, 112.6, 119.0, 119.9, 120.9, 125.5, 126.8, 127.0, 128.7, 129.7, 131.3, 131.9, 132.7, 135.5, 138.6, 148.7, 153.6, 154.1, 157.8, 160.7, 161.7, 169.6, 184.0.; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₅₀H₅₁N₁₀O₆ [M+H]⁺: 887.3993; Found [M+H]⁺: 887.3994.

(S)-2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-N-(2-(3-(5,5-difluoro-7,9-dimethyl-5H-5l4,6l4-dipyrrolo[1,2-c:2',1'-f][1,3,2]diazaborinin-3yl)propanamido)ethyl)acrylamide (1i)



To a stirred solution of **1e** (6.4 mg, 0.0125 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 mL), BODIPY NHS ester (4.9 mg, 0.0125 mmol), DIPEA (2.2 μ L, 0.0125 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was concentrated under *vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1i** as bright yellow colour solid in 6.2 mg (yield = 64 %).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.32-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.85-2.02 (br. s., 2H), 2.21 (d, *J*=7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.46 (br. s., 4H), 3.10 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (dt, *J* = 3.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (dt, *J* = 3.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58-3.73 (m, 3H), 3.77 (s, 1H), 3.95-4.03 (m, 1H), 4.03- 4.11 (m, 1H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 5.36-5.46 (m, 1H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 6.21 (s, 2H), 6.25 (br. s., 1H), 6.96 (br. s., 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.80 - 7.92 (m, 1H), 8.38 (br. s., 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 11.3, 15.0, 20.0, 25.7, 28.4, 36.1, 41.0, 52.1, 53.2, 55.5, 61.2, 117.5, 120.0, 120.9, 121.6, 125.5, 125.9, 127.4, 129.7, 131.3, 132.0, 134.9, 136.7, 140.5, 146.2, 153.5, 154.2, 157.9, 158.4, 160.7, 161.6, 169.3, 175.2; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₂H₄₆BF₂N₁₀O₃ [M+H]⁺: 787.3815; Found [M+H]⁺: 787.3828.

Synthesis of 1j:



To a stirred solution of amine (26 mg, 0.05 mmol) in anhydrous ACN (1 mL), DIPEA (8.5 μ L, 0.05 mmol) and N, N'-Di Boc-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamidine (18.6 mg, 0.06 mmol) and NH₄OH (28% in water, 31 μ L) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford methacrylamide (**1j**) as colorless solid in 14.4 mg (yield = 44 %). One of the Boc group was hydrolyzed in HPLC during purification.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.56 (br. s., 9H), 2.09 (br. s., 2H), 2.34 (br. s., 2H), 3.20-3.25 (m, 1H), 3.47-3.65 (m, 5H), 3.82 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 4.09-4.18 (m, 1H), 4.27 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (br. s., 1H), 6.20 (br. s., 1H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.24-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.91 (br. s., 2H), 8.48 (s, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 26.7, 27.1, 37.4, 38.3, 40.2, 40.7, 51.0, 51.7, 54.1, 59.3, 84.5, 97.5, 118.5, 119.2, 123.9, 126.3, 128.9, 129.8, 130.3, 148.8, 152.1, 153.0, 154.4, 156.4, 159.0, 167.9, 168.2; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₄H₄₃N₁₀O₄ [M+H]⁺: 655.3469; Found [M+H]⁺: 655.3473.

(R)-N-(2-(2-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)acrylamido)ethyl)-4-formylbenzamide (1k)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and amine **1e** (26 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 3 mL) evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by

preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1k** as colorless solid in 19.64 mg (yield = 61 %). *Compound **1k** formed an adduct with CD₃OD (40%) during the NMR acquisition.

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.24-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.89 (br. s., 2H), 2.20 (br. s., 3H), 3.10 (br. s., 1H), 3.19 (br. s., 1H), 3.47 (br. s., 1H), 3.52 (br. s., 3H), 3.60-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.96 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (br. s., 1H), 5.41 (br. s., 1H), 6.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.25 (br. s., 1H), 7.11 (br. s., 2H), 7.19 (br. s., 3H), 7.34-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.72 (br. s., 2H), 7.86 (br. s., 2H), 8.40 (br. s., 1H); ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 18.4, 26.8, 39.3, 50.6, 51.3, 54.1, 59.7, 97.4, 102.5, 118.5, 119.3, 123.9, 125.9, 126.5, 126.8, 127.6, 128.1, 129.2, 129.7, 130.5, 134.2, 141.8, 151.9, 152.7, 156.4, 159.2, 167.9, 168.7, 192.0; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₆H₃₇N₈O₄ [M+H]⁺: 645.2938; Found [M+H]⁺: 645.2941.

(3R,5R,7R)-N-(2-(2-(((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)acrylamido)ethyl)adamantane-1-carboxamide (11)



To a stirred solution of adamantane carboxylic acid (9 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂(1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and amine **1c** (26 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 3 mL) evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **11** as colorless solid in 21.5 mg (yield = 64 %).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.57-1.69 (m, 3H), 1.72 (br. s., 2H), 1.77 (br. s., 7H), 1.89-2.00 (m, 3H), 2.16-2.25 (m, 2H), 2.28 (br. s., 1H), 3.08-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.38-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.70 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96-4.13 (m, 2H), 4.18 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38-5.49 (m, 1H), 6.06 (br. s., 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl3):

δ 28.0, 36.3, 39.0, 40.7, 41.5, 50.9, 97.2, 114.2, 116.5, 119.1, 120.0, 124.4, 124.7, 130.2, 146.6, 147.9, 151.8, 153.4, 155.5, 160.1, 160.8, 161.1, 181.0. **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₉H₄₇N₈O₃ [M+H]⁺: 675.3771; Found [M+H]⁺: 675.3775.

tert-butyl (R)-(15-((3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-9,14-dioxo-3,6-dioxa-10,13-diazahexadec-15-en-1-yl)carbamate (1m)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (10.4 mg, 0.05mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and amine **1e** (26 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 2 mL) evaporated under *vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford **1m** as colorless solid in 25.2 mg (yield = 64 %).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.44 (s, 11H), 1.99 (br. s., 1H), 2.12 (br. s., 1H), 2.24 (br. s., 2H), 2.39 (br. s., 2H), 3.19-3.23 (m, 3H), 3.49 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 3.57-3.63 (m, 17H), 3.65-3.70 (m, 4H), 3.82 (br. s., 1H), 4.04 (br. s., 1H), 4.07-4.14 (m, 1H), 4.18 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (br. s., 1H), 6.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (br. s., 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 20.1, 28.4, 28.9, 37.8, 39.6, 41.1, 41.4, 52.0, 53.2, 55.7, 61.3, 68.3, 71.2, 71.3, 71.4, 71.6, 71.6, 71.7, 71.7, 80.2, 99.0, 120.1, 120.9, 125.5, 127.6, 129.6, 131.3, 132.1, 133.9, 153.9, 154.5, 158.0, 158.6, 160.7, 169.1, 174.6; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₁H₅₇N₈O₈ [M+H]⁺: 789.4299; Found [M+H]⁺: 789.4295.

4-((14-amino-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecyl)amino)-2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (pre-1n):



To a stirred solution of hydroxyl thalidomide (54.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) in dry DMF (1 mL), Na₂CO₃ (42 mg, 0.4 mmol) and tosyl compound (78 mg, 0.2 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 3 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3×3 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in CH₂Cl₂ and stirred for another 1 h at room temperature. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in CH₂Cl₂ and stirred for another 1 h at room temperature. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford thalidomide amine as white solid in 45.3 mg (46 % yield).

ESI-MS (m/z): calculated for C₂₃H₃₂N₃O₉ [M+H]+: 494.21; found: [M+H]+:494.54.

2-(((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-N-(14-((2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1,3-dioxoisoindolin-4-yl)amino)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecyl)acrylamide (1n)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (23.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in $CH_2Cl_2(1 mL)$, HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 µL, 0.06 mmol) and amine **pre-1n** (24.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (2 mL) at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 4 mL) evaporated under *vacuo*. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% TFA) solvent gradient to afford methacrylamide (**1n**) as colorless solid in 15.1 mg (yield = 59 %).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.97 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 2.06-2.15 (m, 2H), 2.23 (br. s., 2H), 2.64-2.77 (m, 2H), 2.80-2.90 (m, 1H), 3.16 (br. s., 1H), 3.39 (br. s., 2H), 3.44-3.66 (m, 15 H), 3.67-3.82 (m, 4H), 3.89 (br. s., 2H), 4.04 (br. s., 2H), 4.16 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (br. s., 2H), 5.08 (dd,

J = 12.7, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (br. s., 1H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.75 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (br. s., 2H), 8.45 (br. s., 1 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 18.5, 22.2, 26.7, 30.8, 39.2, 42.5, 49.0, 50.4, 51.7, 54.0, 60.0, 68.8, 69.0, 69.1, 69.8, 70.1, 70.1, 70.5, 97.1, 115.3, 116.8, 118.5, 119.4, 119.5, 124.0, 125.4, 128.0, 129.8, 130.5, 132.0, 133.7, 136.6, 147.1, 149.6, 152.2, 156.3, 159.3, 160.6, 165.9, 167.1, 167.5, 170.1, 173.1. HR-MS (m/z): Calculated for C₄₉H₅₆N₉O₁₁ [M+H]⁺: 946.4099; Found [M+H]⁺: 946.4092.

3-(2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethoxy)-N-(2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1-oxoisoindolin-4-yl)propanamide (pre-10):



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (27.7 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (46 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (20.9 µL, 0.12 mmol) and lenalidomide (26 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved 20%TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at room temperature for 1 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was evaporated under vacuo and the crude product was purified by HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford thalidomide amine (**pre-10**) as white solid in 23 mg (55% yield).

ESI-MS (m/z): calculated for C₁₉H₂₅N₄O₆ [M+H]+: 405.13; found: [M+H]+:405.65.

3-(2-(2-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1yl)ethoxy)ethoxy)-N-(2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1-oxoisoindolin-4-yl)propanamide (10)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (23.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 μ L, 0.06 mmol) and amine **pre-1o** (21 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by HPLC using water: ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **1o** in 26.9 mg (62% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃OD δ 1.39 (s, 2H), 2.02 (br. s., 2H), 2.17-2.38 (m, 4H), 2.53 (qd, J = 13.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.81-2.92 (m, 1H), 2.93-3.04 (m, 1H), 3.13-3.26 (m, 1H), 3.53-3.63 (m, 3H), 3.63-3.77 (m, 6H), 3.81 (br. s., 1H), 3.89 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09-4.21 (m, 2H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 5.24 (dd, J = 13.3, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (br. s., 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.22-6.28 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23-7.33 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.61 (m, 3H), 7.69 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88-8.00 (m, 2H), 8.46 (s, 1 H); ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CD3OD δ 18.5, 22.8, 26.9, 29.4, 30.9, 36.4, 39.1, 50.6, 51.6, 52.2, 54.0, 59.7, 66.6, 68.9, 69.8, 69.9, 97.5, 118.5, 119.3, 120.1, 123.9, 126.4, 127.9, 128.7, 129.8, 130.4, 132.5, 133.2, 135.0, 156.4, 159.0, 167.3, 169.6, 170.9, 173.2; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₂H₄₆N₉O₇ [M+H]⁺: 788.3520; Found [M+H]⁺: 788.3524.

1-amino-N-(2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1-oxoisoindolin-4-yl)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxapentadecan-15-amide (pre-1p)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (36.5 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (46 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (21 µL, 0.12 mmol) and lenalidomide (26 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL).

The organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at 25 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford **pre-1p** white solid in 26.3 mg (52% yield).

ESI-MS (m/z): calculated for C₂₄H₃₅N₄O₈ [M+H]+: 507.24; found: [M+H]+:507.34.

1-(2-(((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1yl)methyl)acrylamido)-N-(2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1-oxoisoindolin-4-yl)-3,6,9,12tetraoxapentadecan-15-amide (1p)



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (23.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂(1 mL), HATU (23 mg, 0.06 mmol), DIPEA (10.4 µL, 0.06 mmol) and pre 1p amine (25 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water was added. the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The organic layer was concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by HPLC using water: ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **1p** in 27.84 mg (58% yield). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD δ 0.83-0.94 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.39 (m, 7H), 1.63 (br. s., 1H), 1.88-2.00 (m, 1H), 2.05 (br. s., 1H), 2.20 (br. s., 4H), 2.28 (br. s., 1H), 2.40-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.68 (br. s., 2H), 2.75-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.89 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (br. s., 1H), 3.18 (br. s., 1H), 3.50 (s, 6H), 3.47 (s, 5 H), 3.57 (br. s., 4H), 3.63 (br. s., 7H), 3.75 (br. s., 2H), 3.83 (br. s., 3H), 3.99 (br. s., 1H), 4.06 (br. s., 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (br. s., 2H), 5.12-5.24 (m, 1H), 5.42 (br. s., 1H), 6.00 (br. s., 1H), 6.24 (br. s., 1H), 7.13 (br. s., 2H), 7.15-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.44 (br. s., 2H), 7.50 (br. s., 1H), 7.62 (br. s., 1H), 7.73 (br. s., 2H), 7.88 (br. s., 2H), 8.39 (br. s., 1 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD3OD δ 14.6, 20.1, 23.9, 24.3, 28.4, 30.9, 32.5, 38.1, 40.7, 52.1, 53.8, 55.6, 61.4, 68.2, 70.4, 71.3, 71.5, 71.6, 71.6, 120.0, 120.9, 121.6, 125.5, 127.9, 129.5, 130.2, 131.3, 132.0, 134.1, 134.7, 142.0, 143.0, 154.5, 157.3, 160.6, 168.9, 171.2, 174.8; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₄₉H₅₇N₁₀O₁₀ [M+H]⁺: 945.4259; Found [M+H]⁺: 945.4256.

(R)-1-amino-N-(3-(3-(3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1yl)piperidin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl)-14-(l1-oxidaneyl)-3l3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecyl)-3,6,9,12,15pentaoxaoctadecan-18-amide (1r):



To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (40.9 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), HATU (45.6 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (20.9 µL, 0.12 mmol) and ibr-H (38.7 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 3 mL water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at 25 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give the crude amine which was used as such for the next reaction.

To a stirred solution of carboxylic acid (40.9 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), HATU (45.6 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (20.9 μ L, 0.12 mmol) and crude amine (0.1 mmol) (obtained in previous step) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 3 mL water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was dissolved in 20% TFA in DCM and allowed to stir at 25 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **1r** in 29 mg (30% yield).

ESI-MS (m/z): calculated for C₄₈H₇₃N₈O₁₃ [M+H]+: 969.53; found: [M+H]+:969.89.

2-((4-(((6-amino-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)amino)methyl)piperidin-1-yl)methyl)-N-(but-3-yn-1-yl)acrylamide (2a)



(i) 2-Bromomethacrylic acid DIPEA (1 equiv), DCM, rt, 1 h

(ii) but-3-yn-1-amine hydrochloride, HATU (1.2 equiv) DIPEA (2.4 equiv),CH₂Cl₂, 25 °C, 1 h, 35% (over 2 steps)



To a stirred solution of evoburtinib amine (37.5 mg, 0.1 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (1 mL), DIPEA (17.8 μ L, 0.1 mmol) and 2-(bromomethyl)acrylic acid (16.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), 1 mL of H₂O was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 2 mL). The combined organic layers was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was used for the next reaction without further purification.

To a solution of crude evabrutinib carboxylic acid in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL), HATU (46 mg, 0.12 mmol), DIPEA (41.8 µL, 0.24 mmol) and but-3-yn-1-aminehydrochloride (12.6 mg, 0.12 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), water (2 mL) was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **2a** in 17.8 mg (35% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.44-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.95 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 3H), 2.33 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (td, J = 6.9, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 12.3 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 4H), 3.57 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 18.1, 27.0, 33.9, 38.3, 45.2, 52.4, 58.2, 69.5, 80.7, 95.6, 119.3, 119.8, 122.9, 123.8, 128.3, 129.7, 132.0, 133.3, 148.1, 156.4, 158.9, 167.5. HR-MS (m/z): Calculated for C₃₀H₃₅N₆O₂ [M+H]⁺: 511.2821; Found [M+H]⁺: 511.2816.

N-(but-3-yn-1-yl)-2-(((3S)-4-(6-fluoro-7-(2-fluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(2-isopropyl-4methylpyridin-3-yl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)-3-methylpiperazin-1yl)methyl)acrylamide (3a)



To a stirred solution of amg-510 amine (2.5 mg, 0.005 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (1 mL), DIPEA (1.73 μ L, 0.01 mmol) and compound **3a**² (2.9 mg, 0.01 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), CH₂Cl₂ was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude carboxylic acid. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **3a** in 1 mg (31.0% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ 1.09-1.18 (m, 3H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.64 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 4.2 Hz, 3H), 2.52-2.61 (m, 3H), 2.93-2.98 (m, 1H), 3.27 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.95-4.05 (m, 1H), 4.08-4.23 (m, 1H), 4.37 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.54-4.68 (m, 2H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.45 (m, 2H), 8.50 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.62 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ 14.5, 18.0, 19.6, 22.0, 22.3, 31.0, 39.2, 47.7, 53.3, 55.0, 58.3, 71.4, 82.7, 106.7, 107.2, 107.4, 113.0, 124.1, 124.3, 124.8, 128.2, 132.4, 133.0, 133.2, 148.5, 148.7, 150.8, 154.8, 158.0, 162.9, 164.3, 164.8, 164.9, 167.6; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₃₅H₃₈F₂N₇O₃ [M+H]⁺: 642.3004; Found [M+H]⁺: 642.3009.

2-(ethoxycarbonyl)allyl 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoate (4a)



To a stirred solution of 3,4,5 trimethoxy benzoic acid (21.7 mg, 0.1 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (1 mL), DIPEA (17 μ L, 0.1 mmol) and ethyl bromo methacrylate (14.6 μ L, 0.1 mmol) were added at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After completion of the reaction (as monitored by LC-MS), CH₂Cl₂ was concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain the crude carboxylic acid. The crude product was purified by HPLC using water:ACN (0.1% formic acid) solvent gradient to afford white solid **4a** in 10.7 mg (31.0% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.90 (s, 10 H), 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 5.89 (s, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 2 H); ¹³**C** NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.1, 56.2, 60.9, 61.0, 62.9, 106.9, 124.8, 127.1, 135.6, 142.4, 152.9, 165.2, 165.5; **HR-MS** (m/z): Calculated for C₁₆H₂₀NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺: 347.1107; Found [M+Na]⁺: 347.1103.

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NMR Spectra







































