STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cohort studies*

	Item No	Recommendation	
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	P3
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done	
		and what was found	P3
Introduction			-
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	P5-6
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	P6
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	P6-9
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment,	D7_0
		exposure, follow-up, and data collection	P7-9
Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of	- -
		participants. Describe methods of follow-up	PTU
		(b) For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and	=
		unexposed	_
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect	P7-0
		modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	<u>'``</u>
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of	D7 (
measurement		assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is	F/-
		more than one group	- 15-7
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	P7-
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	P8
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable,	P7-
		describe which groupings were chosen and why	_
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	_
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	- P1
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	<u></u>
		(d) If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed	_
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	=,
Results			_
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially	_
		eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study,	- T
		completing follow-up, and analysed	P10
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	_
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	_
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and	
		information on exposures and potential confounders	P1
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	
		(c) Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	- E
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	[P1
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and	
		their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were	
		adjusted for and why they were included	- D44
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	P11
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a	
		meaningful time period	

Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and	P13
		sensitivity analyses	_
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	P14
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or	P17-18
		imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	1 17-10
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,	P18-19
		multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	1 10 13
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	P18-19
Other information			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if	P19
		applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	_

^{*}Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at http://www.strobe-statement.org.