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Supplemental information

Low-intensity pulsed ultrasound-generated

singlet oxygen induces telomere damage leading

to glioma stem cell awakening from quiescence

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- 1 Supplemental Information
- 2
- 3 Supplemental Figures:
- 4 Figure S1 U87MG glioma stem cell (GSC), A172 GSC culture and TBD GSC. Related to
- 5 STAR Methods.



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7 (A)U87MG, A172 and TBD cells were attached to the wall. (B) On the first day, U87MG,
8 A172 and TBD cells started to be suspended and several small cells started to grow in
9 clusters. (C-D) After the second passaging, U87MG GSCs, A172 GSCs and TBD GSCs
10 grew uniformly into spheres.

- 11 Figure S2 The concrete set up of the ultrasound treatment. Related to STAR Methods.
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| Ultrasound applica | Culture plate on the hole |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Ultrasound stimulation was de | livered by 2776 Intelect Mobile US, DJO GLOBAL Chattanooga. |

- 15 The 6-well plate was placed directly above the wells when the cells were sonicated.
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Fig S3 LIPUS reduced the stemness of TBD GSCs. Related to Figure
 18 1-4.





30 Figure S4 IC50 of mito-TEMPO. Related to Figure 5.





32 The growth rate of GSCs was determined by the cell counting kit-8 (CCK8) assay.

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34 Figure S5 Mito-TEMPO restored the expression of GSC stem cell surface markers.



35 Related to Figure 5.

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Images of GSC spheres which expressed stem cell markers Nestin (green) and CD133 (red)
 by immunofluorescence. DAPI (blue) for nuclei. (A) Images of U87MG GSC spheres. (B)

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39 Images of A172 GSC spheres.

40 Figure S6 IC50 of TMZ. Related to Figure 6.



42 The growth rate of GSCs was determined by the CCK8 assay. (A) The growth rate of U87MG

43 GSCs. (B) The growth rate of A172 GSCs. (C) The growth rate of U87MG cells.

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45 **Table S1: qPCR and RT-PCR primer sequence. Related to STAR Methods.**

| Gene | Primer sequence |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| <i>Tel</i> -F | GGTTTTTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGGT |
| <i>Tel</i> -R | TCCCGACTATCCCTATCCCTATCCCTATCCCT |
| 36B4-F | CAGCAAGTGGGAAGGTGTAATCC |
| 36B4-R | CCCATTCTATCATCAACGGGTACAA |

| human <i>Nanog</i> -R | TGCTGGAGGCTGAGGTATTTCTGTCTC |
|-----------------------|---|
| human <i>OCT4</i> -F | GACAGGGGGAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG |
| human <i>OCT4-</i> R | CTTCCCTCCAACCAGTTGCCCCAAAC |
| human sox2-F | GGGAAATGGGAGGGGTGCAAAAGAGG |
| human sox2-R | TTGCGTGAGTGTGGATGGGATTGGTG |
| human CD133 F | CAGAGTACAACGCCAAACCA |
| human CD133 R | AAATCACGATGAGGGTCAGC |
| human nestin F | GAAACAGCCATAGAGGGCAAA |
| human nestin R | TGGTTTTCCAGAGTCTTCAGTGA |
| human β-actin F | CTCCATCCTGGCCTCGCTGT |
| human β-actin R | GCTCGTACCTTCACCGTTCC |
| human Wnt3 F | GTGTTAGTGTCCAGGGAGTTC |
| human Wnt3 R | CATTTGAGGTGCATGTGGTC |

AGTCCCAAAGGCAAACAACCCACTTC

human Wnt5 F TCGCCCAGGTTGTAATTGAAG

human Wnt5 R TGAGAAAGTCCTGCCAGTTG

human *Nanog*-F