Supporting Information

An Efficient Synthetic Route to L- γ -Methyleneglutamine and Its Amide Derivatives, and Their Selective Anticancer Activity

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tert-Butyl (S)-5-oxopyrrolidine-2-carboxylate (16¹):

To the suspension of L-pyroglutamic acid (10 g, 77.5 mmol) (12) and tert-butyl acetate (100 mL) were added 70% HClO₄ (2.3 mL). The suspension was stirred overnight at rt. Diethyl ether was added to the clear reaction mixture, followed by slow addition of saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate to neutralize the acid. The reaction mixture was extracted twice with diethyl ether, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated *in vacuo* to afford compound 16 (9.54 g, 67 % yield) as a viscous liquid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.79 (s, 1H), 4.05 (td, *J* = 8.9, 8.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (qt, *J* = 17.4, 6.6 Hz, 3H), 2.17 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.53 – 1.23 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.1, 171.1, 82.2, 56.1, 29.4, 27.9, 27.9, 24.8.



Di-tert-butyl (S)-5-oxopyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylate (17²):

Compound **16** (9.54 g, 51.4 mmol) was dissolved in 150 mL of anhydrous dichloromethane under argon atmosphere. 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine (6.9 g, 56.5 mmol), (Boc)₂O (12.3 g, 56.5 mmol), and Et₃N (5.7 g, 56.5 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture and stirred for overnight at rt. Water (200 mL) was added to the reaction flask, and the mixture was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The solvents were evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude compound was purified by silica column chromatography (33% ethyl acetate in hexane) to afford **17** (14.6 g, 91% yield) as a light yellow viscous liquid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.40 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (ddd, *J* = 17.6, 10.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (ddd, *J* = 17.5, 9.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (ddt, *J* = 13.5, 10.8, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (dtt, *J* = 15.8, 6.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 18H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.4, 170.1, 149.0, 83.0, 82.0, 59.3, 30.9, 27.7, 27.7, 21.4.

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Figure S1. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 16



Figure S2. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **17**



Figure S3. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 18



Figure S4. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 19



Figure S5. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 20



Figure S6. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 1



Figure S7. ¹H-¹H COSY (**A**) and 1D NOE (**B–D**) NMR spectra of compound **1**. Chemical shifts of H_a , H_b , and H_c are 2.59–2.48 ppm (m), 2.75 (dd), and 3.67–3.57 ppm (m), respectively. J values of H_c - H_a , H_c - H_b , and H_b - H_a are 8.6 Hz, 4.5 Hz, and 14.7 Hz, respectively. ¹H-¹H COSY NMR spectrum (**A**) showed a stronger correlation between H_a and H_c than that of H_b and H_c . 1D NOE spectra with irradiation of H_a (**B**), H_b (**C**), and H_c (**D**) also showed a stronger correlation between H_a and H_c than that of H_b and H_c .



Figure S8. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 22



Figure S9. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 3



Figure S10. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 23



Figure S11. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 4



Figure S12. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 24



Figure S13. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 5



Figure S14. ¹⁹F NMR spectra of compound 5



Figure S15. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 6



Figure S16. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 26



Figure S17. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 7



Figure S18. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 27



Figure S19. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 8



Figure S20. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 9



Figure S21. ¹⁹F NMR spectra of compound 9



Figure S22. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound 10



Figure S23. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the inhibition of growth of MCF-7 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S24. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the inhibition of growth of SK-BR-3 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S25. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the inhibition of growth of triple-negative MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S26. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds 1 and **3–10** on the inhibition of growth of noncancerous MCF-10A breast cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S27. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the cell death of MCF-7 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S28. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the cell death of SK-BR-3 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S29. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the cell death of triple-negative MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment



Figure S30. Dose-response (0.32 - 320 μ M) of tamoxifen, olaparib, and compounds **1** and **3–10** on the cell death of noncancerous MCF-10A breast cells at 24 h (top) and 72 h (bottom) from treatment