

Fig. S2. Vaccine-induced acute and memory RBD-specific T cell responses in spleen. The vaccine immunization schedule for BALB/c mice was the same as described in Figure 1a. Splenocytes were collected and subjected to T cell response analysis at day-9 (acute) and day-48 (memory) post the 2nd immunization. SARS-CoV-2 RBD-specific T cell responses in the spleen were detected by *ex vivo* RBD peptide pool stimulation followed by ICS at both acute (**a-c**) and memory (**d-f**) phase. (**a**, **d**) Representative dot plots present the gating of IFN- γ^+ , TNF-a⁺ or IL-2⁺ CD4 T (left) and CD8 T (right) against SARS-CoV-2 RBD. (**b**, **e**) Quantified results depict the percentage of IFN- γ^+ CD4 T (left) and IFN- γ^+ CD8 T (right). Each symbol represents an individual mouse. Error bars indicate the standard error of the mean. (**c**, **f**) The pie charts indicate the proportion of single or double or triple cytokines produced by CD4 T (left) and CD8 T (right). Statistics were generated using one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparisons test. *p<0.05; **p<0.01; ***p<0.001.