

Fig. S1. Effect of *ngn-1* on *ceh-10* and *ttx-3* co-expression in AIY.

(A) Co-expression of *ceh-10p::mcherry* (*hpls292*) and *ttx-3pB::gfp* (*mgl18*) in the AIY neuron of wild type or *ngn-1* mutant larvae (L4). *ngn-1* affects *ceh-10p::mcherry* and *ttx-3pB::gfp* expression in the AIY neuron, but not *ceh-10p::mcherry* expression in another neuron, RID. Lateral view, anterior is left, dorsal is up, scale bar = 10 μ m.

(B) Percentage of animals with a loss of *ceh-10p::mcherry* (*hpls292*) and *ttx-3pB::gfp* (*mgl18*) expression in at least one AIY in wild type or *ngn-1* mutants, in late larvae (L4). In one AIY, when *ceh-10p::mcherry* expression is absent, *ttx-3pB::gfp* expression is also absent, and vice versa. Error bars show standard error of proportion; numbers above the bars show numbers of animals analyzed; *** p<0.001, Fisher's exact test.

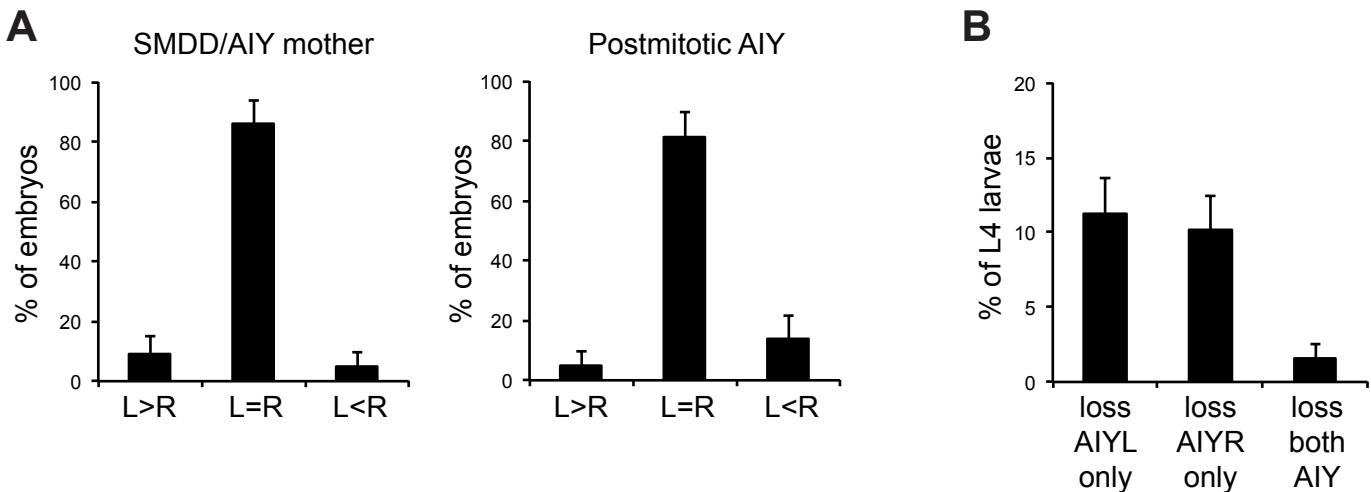


Fig. S2. NGN-1 expression and loss of *ttx-3* expression in *ngn-1* mutants do not display left-right asymmetries.

(A) Left-right asymmetry in the expression of the NGN-1 protein tagged with GFP (*nls394*) in embryos at epidermal enclosure stage before or after the terminal division of the SMDD/AIY mother cell. L>R: expression higher in the left lineage, L=R: expression identical between left and right lineages, L<R: expression lower in the left lineage. The AIY lineage is identified with *hh-16p::mcherry* (*stls10546*). Error bars show standard error of proportion; n = 21 embryos analyzed for SMDD/AIY mother and 21 embryos analyzed for postmitotic AIY.

(B) Percentage of *ngn-1(ok2200)* larvae (L4 stage) with a loss of *ttx-3pB::gfp* (*otls173*) expression in the left AIY only, right AIY only, or both AIY. Error bars show standard error of proportion, n = 186 larvae analyzed.

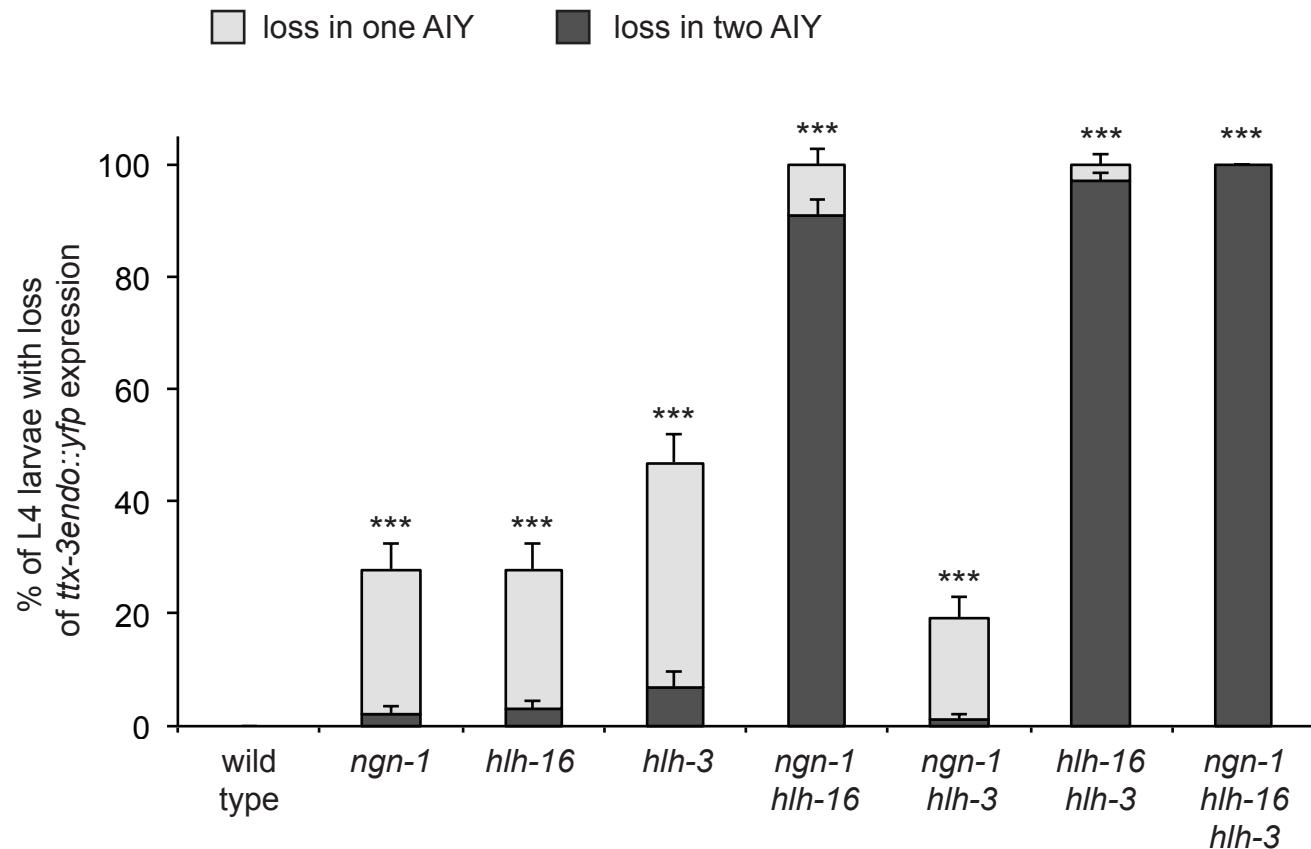


Fig. S3. Effect of combinations of bHLH mutants on *ttx-3endo::yfp* expression at larval stage. Percentage of animals with loss of *ttx-3endo::yfp* (*vba3*) expression in one or both AIY neurons at late larval stage (L4) in wild type or combinations of bHLH mutants. Error bars show standard error of proportion; n=100 neurons analyzed for each genotype; Fisher's exact test with Bonferroni correction for multiple comparisons (*** p<0.001).

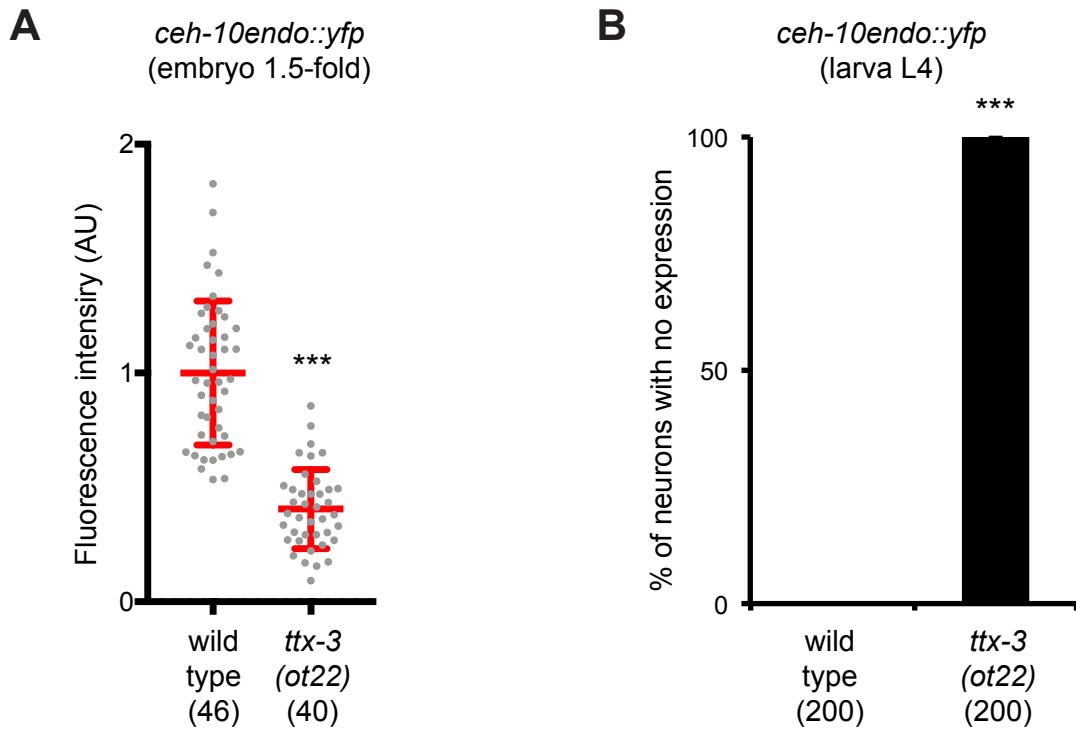


Fig. S4. Effect of *ttx-3* mutants on *ceh-10endo::yfp* expression.

(A) Quantification of the fluorescence levels of *ceh-10endo::yfp* (*vba1*) in AIY neurons at 1.5-fold embryonic stage in wild type or *ttx-3*(*ot22*) mutants. Each grey dot represents one neuron. The number of neurons analyzed is presented below the genotype. Red bars = mean and SD, Mann-Whitney test (**p < 0.001).

(B) Percentage of AIY neurons with no expression of *ceh-10endo::yfp* (*vba1*) at L4 larval stage in wild type or *ttx-3*(*ot22*) mutants. The number of neurons analyzed is presented below the genotype; error bars show standard error of proportion; Fisher's exact test (**p < 0.001).

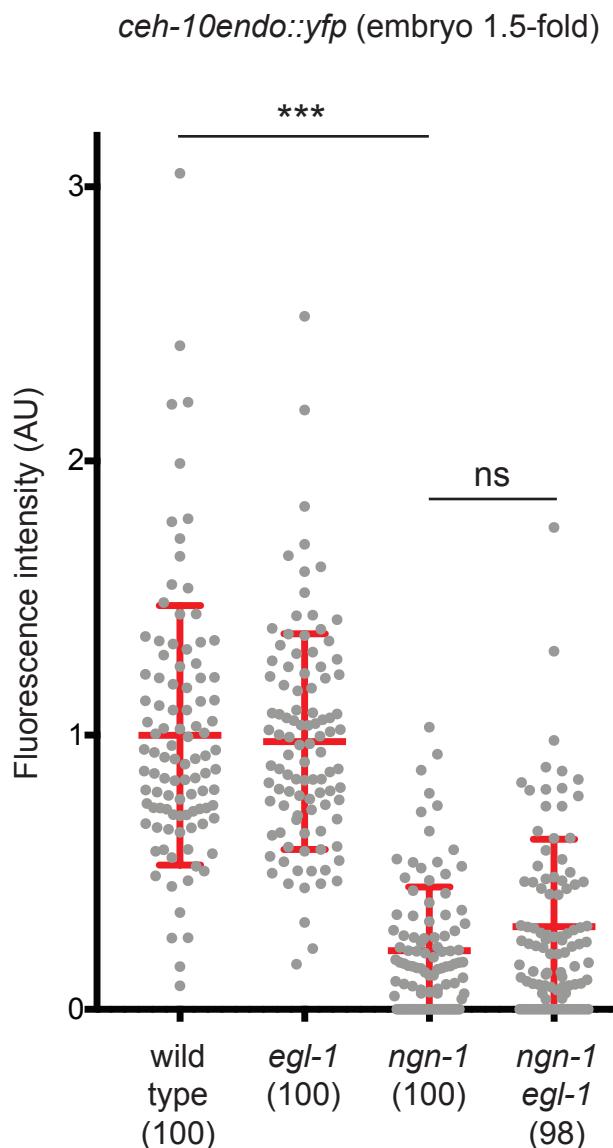


Fig. S5. Effect of *ngn-1* and *egl-1* on *ceh-10* initiation level.

Quantification of the fluorescence levels of *ceh-10endo::yfp* (*vba1*) in AIY neurons at 1.5-fold embryonic stage in wild type or combinations of *ngn-1(ok2200)* and *egl-1(n1084n3082)* mutants. Each grey dot represents one neuron. The number of neurons analyzed is presented below the genotype. Red bars = mean and SD, Mann-Whitney test with Bonferroni correction for multiple comparisons (ns: not significant, *** p<0.001).

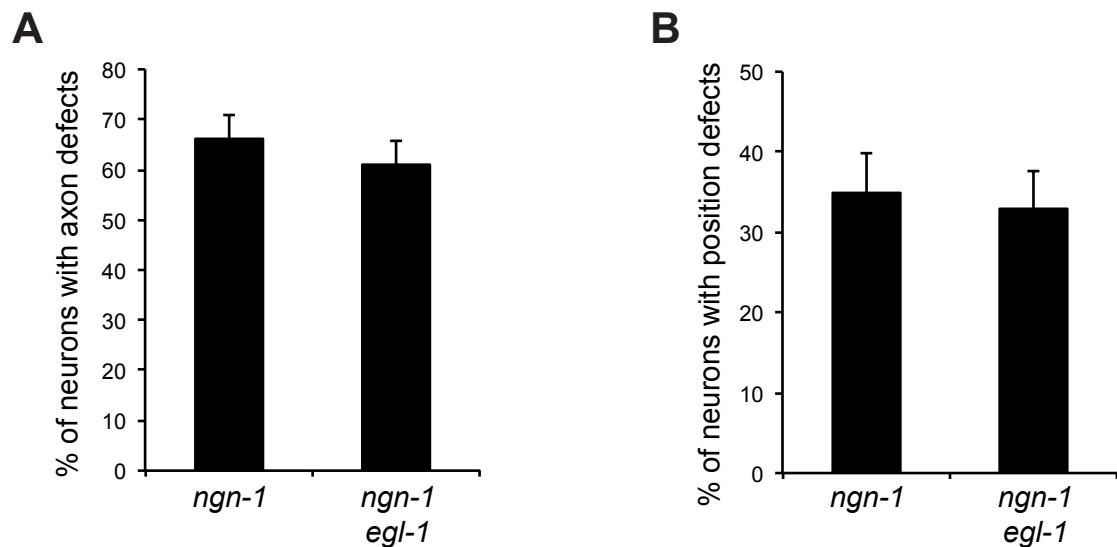


Fig. S6. *egl-1* does not suppress axon and position defects of *ngn-1* mutants.

(A) Percentage of AIY neurons expressing *ttx-3pB::gfp* (*otls173*) with axonal projection defects in *ngn-1(ok2200)* single mutants or *ngn-1(ok2200); egl-1(n1084n3082)* double mutants at late larval stage (L4). Axonal projection is considered defective if the axon stops before reaching the middle of the nerve ring, n = 100 neurons analyzed for each genotype.

(B) Percentage of AIY neurons expressing *ttx-3pB::gfp* (*otls173*) with cell body position defects in *ngn-1(ok2200)* single mutants or *ngn-1(ok2200); egl-1(n1084n3082)* double mutants at late larval stage (L4). Position is considered defective if the cell body is located anterior to the posterior bulb of the pharynx, n = 100 neurons analyzed for each genotype.

Table S1. RNAi screen on bHLH factors.

Presence (+) or absence (-) of defects of AIY labeled with *tx-3pB::gfp* (*mgls18*). bHLH clones were tested in two different genetic backgrounds: *rrf-3(pk1426)* and *rrf-3(pk1426); hlh-2(bx115)*.

ORF	Gene name	Clone source	Clone name	Defects in <i>rrf-3(pk1426)</i>	Defects in <i>rrf-3(pk1426); hlh-2(bx115)</i>
C25A1.11	<i>aha-1</i>	Vidal Library	mv_AAB99999	-	-
C41G7.5	<i>ahr-1</i>	Ahringer Library	I-4P19	-	-
C15C8.2	<i>cky-1</i>	Vidal Library	mv_C15C8.2	-	-
C34E10.7	<i>cnd-1</i>	Ahringer Library	III-2B18	-	-
F38A6.3	<i>hif-1</i>	Ahringer Library	V-13O05	-	-
B0304.1	<i>hlh-1</i>	Ahringer Library	II-3J04	-	-
ZK682.4	<i>hlh-10</i>	Ahringer Library	V-6F01	-	-
F58A4.7	<i>hlh-11</i>	Ahringer Library	III-5K17	-	-
C28C12.8	<i>hlh-12</i>	Ahringer Library	IV-4G20	-	-
F48D6.3	<i>hlh-13</i>	Ahringer Library	X-2H09	-	-
C18A3.8	<i>hlh-14</i>	Poole et al.		-	-
C43H6.8	<i>hlh-15</i>	Ahringer Library	X-1J06	-	-
DY3.3	<i>hlh-16</i>	Ahringer Library	I-4I02	+	+
F57C12.3	<i>hlh-19</i>	Ahringer Library	X-1E19	-	-
M05B5.5	<i>hlh-2</i>	Karp and Greenwald	pKM1196	+	nd
C17C3.8	<i>hlh-26</i>	Vidal Library	mv_C17C3.8	-	-
F31A3.2	<i>hlh-28</i>	Ahringer Library	X-7H22	-	-
F31A3.4	<i>hlh-29</i>	Ahringer Library	X-7J02	-	-
T24B8.6	<i>hlh-3</i>	Ahringer Library	II-6F03	-	+
W02C12.3	<i>hlh-30</i>	Ahringer Library	IV-2C11	-	-
F38C2.8	<i>hlh-31</i>	Ahringer Library	IV-7J16	-	-
Y39A3CR.6	<i>hlh-33</i>	Ahringer Library	III-7I11	-	-
T01D3.2	<i>hlh-34</i>	Ahringer Library	V-9C07	-	-
T05G5.2	<i>hlh-4</i>	Vidal Library	mv_T05G5.2	-	-
T15H9.3	<i>hlh-6</i>	Ahringer Library	II-6J18	-	-
C02B8.4	<i>hlh-8</i>	Ahringer Library	X-4M03	-	-
C44C10.8	<i>hnd-1</i>	Ahringer Library	X-5J01	-	-
T14F9.5	<i>lin-32</i>	Ahringer Library	X-1D20	-	-
R03E9.1	<i>mdl-1</i>	Vidal Library	mv_R03E9.1	-	-
T20B12.6	<i>mml-1</i>	Vidal Library	mv_T20B12.6	-	-
T19B10.11	<i>mxi-1</i>	Ahringer Library	V-7N05	-	-
F40G9.11	<i>mxi-2</i>	Ahringer Library	III-1G23	-	-
F46G10.6	<i>mxi-3</i>	Ahringer Library	X-6C16	-	-
Y69A2AR.29	<i>ngn-1</i>	Ahringer Library	IV-8L18	+	+
T01E8.2	<i>ref-1</i>	Ahringer Library	II-7O13	-	-
Y47D3B.7	<i>sbp-1</i>	Ahringer Library	III-6C01	-	-
Y16B4A.1	<i>unc-3</i>	Ahringer Library	X-6J06	-	-

Table S2. Genotyping primers.

For large deletions, external (Ex) and internal (In) primers were used in forward (F) or reverse (R) orientation for PCR with the combinations: ExF/ExR, ExF/InR, InF/ExR. For point mutations or small deletions a pair of forward (F) and reverse (R) primers was used for PCR amplification before sequencing.

Allele	Primers
<i>ngn-1(tm2446)</i>	ExF: GCCAAGTGAGAGCAAATTGAC ExR: CCAGCTCTCCAGATGAGCC InF: CGTCTCGCAGCACTGAGAGG InR: CCTCTCAGTGCTGCGAGACG
<i>ngn-1(ok2200)</i>	ExF: ATTCGGACGACGAACGTGC ExR: ATCTCCAGACTGGTGTCCG InF: ACAGCTGTACAATACCATGAG InR: GTTCGGATTCTAAGCCACC
<i>hlh-3(tm1688)</i>	ExF: CACACAAAACAAGAACCGGCCAC ExR: GACATTCCGAGTTGCTTCTGCAG InF: ATTCAAGACTCCAGCGCAATGC InR: ATGTGATTGCAATTCTGTCACCATG
<i>rff-3(pk1426)</i>	ExF: TGCGATTGCGATTGGAAACTGCC ExR: CTCTTGATACTTGAGCATGTCC InF: AAGAATGAGTCACGCTCATTGGC InR: CGTTTCCATATTGAGAACCTTCGAC
<i>hlh-2(bx115)</i>	F: GGAATGCCACCAGGATCAAGTGC R: GGTTTCCTTTCATTCAGCCATCAC
<i>hlh-16(ot711)</i>	F: GCCGACAGCTTCATCTCCG R: TGAAGCCCTTCCACCGAAG
<i>egl-1(n1084n3082)</i>	F: GATCTTCTACCAATGTCCAACG R: ATGGAAGAGGCTTCTGTCGG
<i>tx-3(ot22)</i>	F: CTTAACCCGCTTGTACCGAGTAG R: GTACTGAACCAGTATTTCATGCGTG