Telehealth for patients with interstitial lung diseases (ILD): results of an international survey of clinicians

SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX

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Appendix 1. Clinician questionnaire

Tele-health for patients with interstitial lung diseases

Thank you for agreeing to take part in this survey

We really appreciate your time answering this anonymised service evaluation survey. Your responses will help us to better understand the value of tele-health in detecting deteriorations and/or progressions.

We define tele-health as home monitoring of symptoms and physiological parameters (e.g vital signs, spirometry) with regular automatic transmission of data from patient's home to the health-care provider.

The aim of this survey is to:

- Evaluate clinician services
- Gather clinical opinion
- Identify the methods and practices that are most effective to detect deteriorations and/ or exacerbations in patients with ILD in regard to the use of tele-heatlh

This survey is brief and will take less than 5 minutes to complete.

This research study is being led by Professor Joanna Porter, and Professor John Hurst, Professors of Respiratory Medicine at University College London. This survey is being run in collaboration with Doctor Anne-Marie Russell, University of Exeter College of Medicine and Health.

Thank you for taking time to consider this survey. The study coordinator is Mr. Malik Althobiani. Please email: malik.althobiani.20@ucl.ac.uk if you would like more information about this survey.

* 1. What is your age group?
18-24
25-34
35-44
45-54
55-64
65+
Prefer not to say

О	Consultant physician
О	Traineephysician
О	Nurse
О	Physician associate
О	Speech and language the rapist
О	Occupational therapist
\odot	Physiotherapist
О	Healthcare assistant
О	Primary care physician
O	Dietician
О	Clinical research
О	Respiratory therapist
О	Other (please specify)
* 3. l i	n what country do you work?
О	England
\odot	Scotland
O	Nales
\odot	Northern Ireland
\odot	Rest of Europe
О	North America
О	South America
0	Australasia

* 2. What is your professional status?

- 🔵 Asia
- 🔵 Africa
- Middle East
- Other (please specify)

* 4. Is tele-health (As defined above) used by your place of work to remotely monitor ILD patients?



Tele-health for patients with interstitial lung diseases

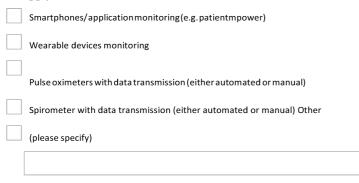
* 5. Tele-health (remote monitoring) is used by your place of work: (Please check all that apply)

To Provide early detection of exacerbation To
identify disease progression
To monitor quality of life
Tomonitor use of medication including oxygen To
help monitor recovery from exacerbations To
avoid unnecessary in-person visit
To provide psychological support
Other (please specify)

* 6. In your experience how effective is tele-health compared to face-to-face monitoring?

Neither effective nor					
Not at all effective	Not particularly effective	ineffective	Quite effective	Very effective	
\odot	\odot	\odot	\bigcirc	0	

* 7. What technologies do you use at your centre to remotely monitor patients with ILD? (Please check all that apply)



* 8. What variables do you use at your centre to remotely monitor patients with ILD? (Please check all that apply)

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	Symptoms Physical	
	activity Oxygen use	
	Oxygen saturation (SpO2)	
	Spirometry	
	Heart rate	
	Respiratory rate	
	The use of rescue medication	
	Quality of life	
	Cough (by audio detection)	
	Other (please specify)	

* 9. Please tell us how useful you think the following tele-health options might be in monitoring patients with ILD? (Please check all that apply)

	Not at all useful	Slightly useful	Moderately useful	Very useful	Extremely useful
Remote monitoring for symptoms using electronic questionnaires	Õ	0	0	Õ	0
Home based monitoring using smartphone /tablet app	0	O	О	0	0
An online remote monitoring system using wearable sensor (e.g garmin, fitbit, apple watch)	Ō	0	O	0	0

* 10. The main barriers to clinician participation in Tele-health are:

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly agree
Lack of professional confidence	\bigcirc	\odot	0	\odot	\odot
Lack of training	Õ	0	0	Õ	Õ
Lack of evidence for efficacy	\bigcirc	0	0	0	\odot
Lack of time and/or work overload	0	Ō	0	0	0
Lack of organizational structure	\bigcirc	\odot	0	\odot	\odot
Cost	\odot	0	O	0	0
Clinical governance issues	\bigcirc	0	0	0	\odot
Technical issues	0	-O	O	0	0

* 11. The main barriers to patient participation in Tele-health are:

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly agree
Lack of confidence in tele-health	\bigcirc	\odot	0	\odot	0
lack of knowledge of using smartphones	Õ	0	0	Õ	Õ
Lack of awareness	\bigcirc	\odot	\odot	\bigcirc	\odot
Lack of manual dexterity	0	0	0	Õ	0
Limited access to smartphones	0	\odot	0	\odot	0
Limited access to internet	0		0	0	0
Visual impairment (can not read LCD screens)	0	0	0	0	0
Mistrustoftechnology	0	0	0	0	0
Privacy and confidentiality concerns or issues	0	0	0	0	0
Language barriers	Ô	O	0	Õ	Õ

* 12. What would be the biggest help to you to set up tele-health in your institution?

13. Do you have any further comments or suggestions regarding using tele-health programs?

14. Please enter your name and email, if you wish to see the survey results!(Optional)

Name

Email Address
