

2 Fig. S5 Structures of the apo AtALMT1.

a, Structural alignment of ALMT1_{apo/pH5} and ALMT1_{apo/pH7.5}. b, Side and top views of 1 ALMT1_{apo/pH7.5} (TM1-6), ABCG5 (TM1-6) and GLUT1 (TM1-6). ALMT1 displays different 2 3 transmembrane helix arrangements in comparison with ABCG5 and GLUT1. The orientations of ABCG5 and GLUT1 are set based on their structural alignments with ALMT1_{apo/pH7.5}. c, 4 Dimerization of the CTD in ALMT1_{apo/pH5}. d, Salt bridges and hydrogen bonds between two H3 5 helices. e, Hydrogen bonds stabilize the H3 and H6 helices. f, Hydrophobic interactions between 6 7 two H6 helices. g, Positively charged residues localized at the intracellular entrance of the channel pore. h, Hydrogen bonds and the cation- π interaction stabilize the side-chain conformations of 8 9 Arg80 and Arg165, respectively. i, Sequence alignment of Arabidopsis thaliana ALMT family and TaALMT1. Two highly conserved Arg and their interaction residues shown in h are 10 highlighted with cyan boxes. 11

12