

Supplemental Online Content

Gitajn IL, Werth PM, Sprague S, et al; for the PREP-IT Investigators. Association of COVID-19 with achieving time-to-surgery benchmarks in patients with musculoskeletal trauma. *JAMA Health Forum*. 2021;2(10):e213460. doi:10.1001/jamahealthforum.2021.3460

eTable 1. Patients Numbers by Site Stratified by Onset of COVID-19 for Both Open and Closed Fracture Cohorts

eTable 2. Evaluation of Race in Open Fracture Cohort

eTable 3. Evaluation of Race in Closed Fracture Cohort

eFigure 1. Random Effects of Hospital Sites for Open Fracture Cohort

eFigure 2. Random Effects of Hospital Sites for Closed Fracture Cohort

eFigure 3. Hip and Femur Fracture Interaction Plot

eFigure 4. Patient Enrollment Plot

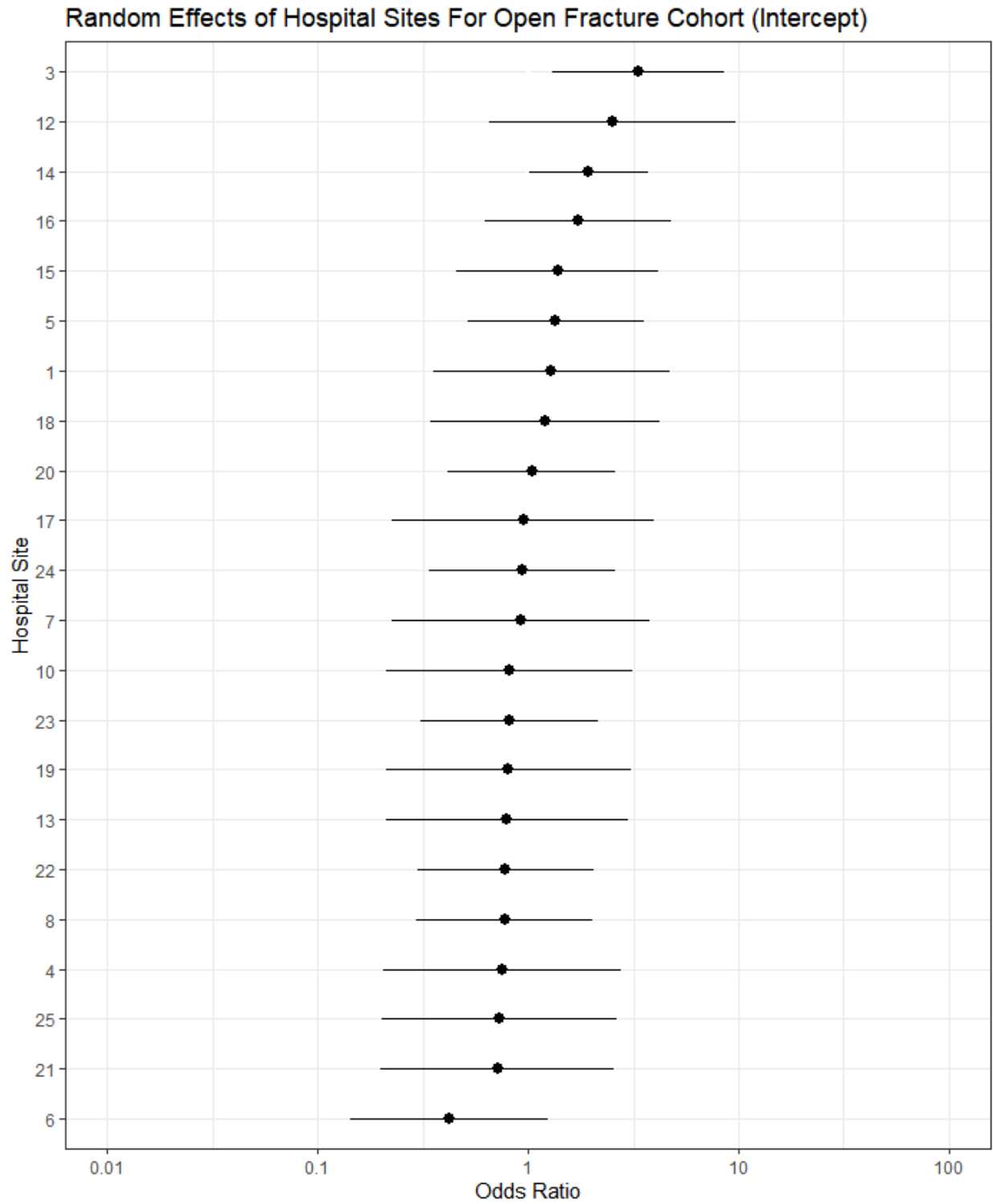
This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Patients Numbers by Site Stratified by Onset of COVID-19 for Both Open and Closed Fracture Cohorts				
	Open Fracture		Closed Fracture	
	Pre-COVID	COVID	Pre-COVID	COVID
Total n	1126	609	1062	807
Site (%)				
1	24 (2.1)	4 (0.7)	-	-
2	15 (1.3)	8 (1.3)	57 (5.4)	22 (2.7)
3	23 (2.0)	21 (3.4)	53 (5.0)	34 (4.2)
4	23 (2.0)	16 (2.6)	63 (5.9)	31 (3.8)
5	79 (7.0)	11 (1.8)	26 (2.4)	27 (3.3)
6	91 (8.1)	44 (7.2)	17 (1.6)	29 (3.6)
7	40 (3.6)	28 (4.6)	84 (7.9)	61 (7.6)
8	101 (9.0)	46 (7.6)	33 (3.1)	42 (5.2)
9	19 (1.7)	3 (0.5)	51 (4.8)	13 (1.6)
10	40 (3.6)	25 (4.1)	67 (6.3)	29 (3.6)
11	-	-	45 (4.2)	59 (7.3)
12	8 (0.7)	19 (3.1)	36 (3.4)	35 (4.3)
13	26 (2.3)	15 (2.5)	32 (3.0)	38 (4.7)
14	148 (13.1)	111 (18.2)	85 (8.0)	85 (10.5)
15	28 (2.5)	21 (3.4)	192 (18.1)	119 (14.7)
16	64 (5.7)	16 (2.6)	1 (0.1)	35 (4.3)
17	2 (0.2)	12 (2.0)	8 (0.8)	20 (2.5)
18	18 (1.6)	14 (2.3)	93 (8.8)	62 (7.7)
19	23 (2.0)	5 (0.8)	-	-
20	98 (8.7)	20 (3.3)	-	-
21	29 (2.6)	17 (2.8)	70 (6.6)	34 (4.2)
22	71 (6.3)	79 (13.0)	-	-
23	89 (7.9)	47 (7.7)	49 (4.6)	32 (4.0)
24	23 (2.0)	26 (4.3)	-	-
25	44 (3.9)	1 (0.2)	-	-

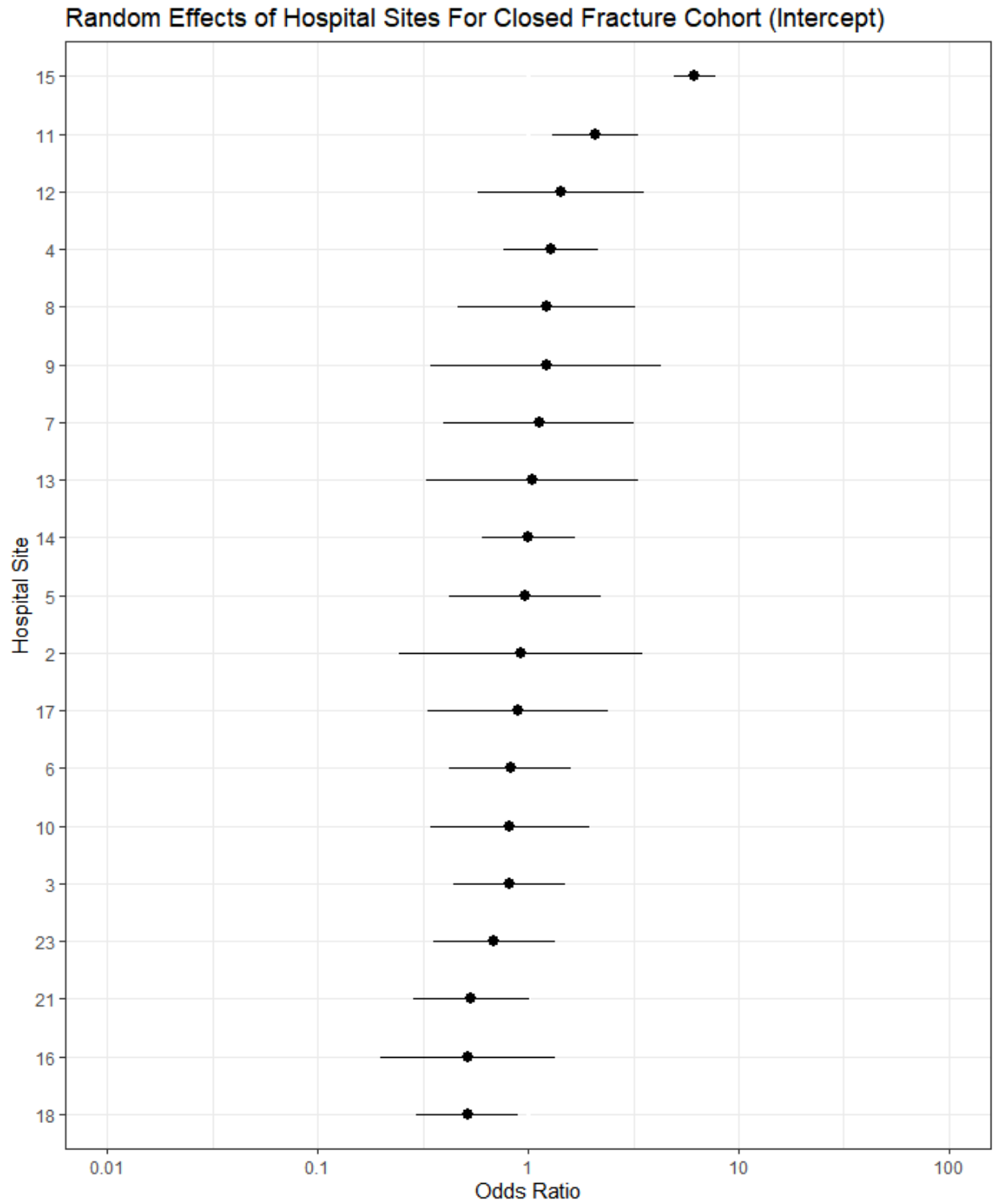
eTable 2. Evaluation of Race in Open Fracture Cohort			
<i>Univariate Binary Logistic Regression Model</i>			
	DV¹: Surgery within 24 hours [Y/N]		
<i>Variable</i>	<i>Odds Ratios</i>	<i>CI</i>	<i>p</i>
(Intercept)	0.04	0.02 – 0.07	<0.001
Race ² [Other ³]	0.36	0.10 – 1.02	0.075
Race [White]	0.78	0.42 – 1.51	0.436
Observations	1725		
R ² Tjur	0.002		
<i>Note:</i> ¹ Referent: Yes. ² Referent: Black/African American. ³ Other categories: Asian, American Indian or Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, Other.			

eTable 3. Evaluation of Race in Closed Fracture Cohort			
<i>Univariate Binary Logistic Regression Model</i>			
DV¹: Surgery within 24 hours [Y/N]			
<i>Predictors</i>	<i>Odds Ratios</i>	<i>CI</i>	<i>p</i>
(Intercept)	0.25	0.18 – 0.33	<0.001
Race: <i>Other</i>	2.93	2.04 – 4.27	<0.001
Race: <i>White</i>	0.77	0.55 – 1.01	0.138
Observations	1869		
R ² Tjur	0.064		
<i>Note: ¹Referent: Black or African American.</i>			

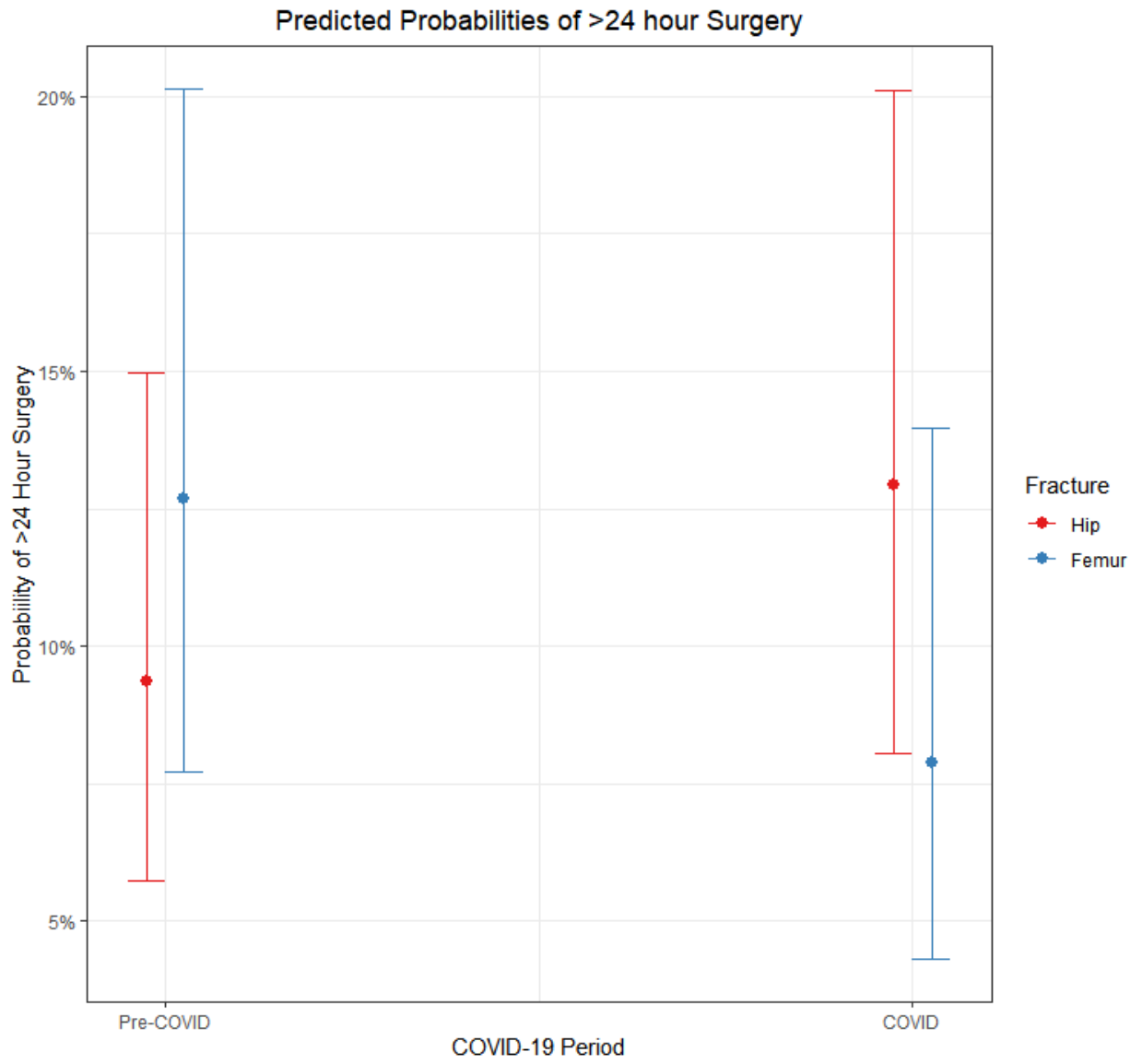
eFigure 1. Random Effects of Hospital Sites for Open Fracture Cohort



eFigure 2. Random Effects of Hospital Sites for Closed Fracture Cohort



eFigure 3. Hip and Femur Fracture Interaction Plot



eFigure 4. Patient Enrollment Plot

