Fig. S6. Characterization of OatA activity against a NOSO-95179 analog. (A) LCMS analysis of NOSO-95179 (m/z: 1022) acetylated derivatives after 24 h of reaction with acetyl-CoA and odilorhabdin acetyltransferase A (OatA): the form present was 100% mono-acetylated (m/z: 1064). (B) MS/MS fragmentation analysis of mono-acetylated NOSO-95179 (m/z: 1064): acetylation of the amine group on Dab(βOH)<sub>2</sub>. (C) Antibacterial activity assay for NOSO-95179 after 24 h of reaction with acetyl-CoA (1), and OatA (2), or both (3) against *E. coli* ATCC2592. (D) Inhibition of synthesis of the GFP reporter protein in the *E. coli* cell-free transcription-translation system by NOSO-95179 after 24 h of reaction with acetyl-CoA, OatA, or both. Gentamicin (10 μM) was used as a positive control. The data shown are the means of three experiments  $\pm$  SD.

