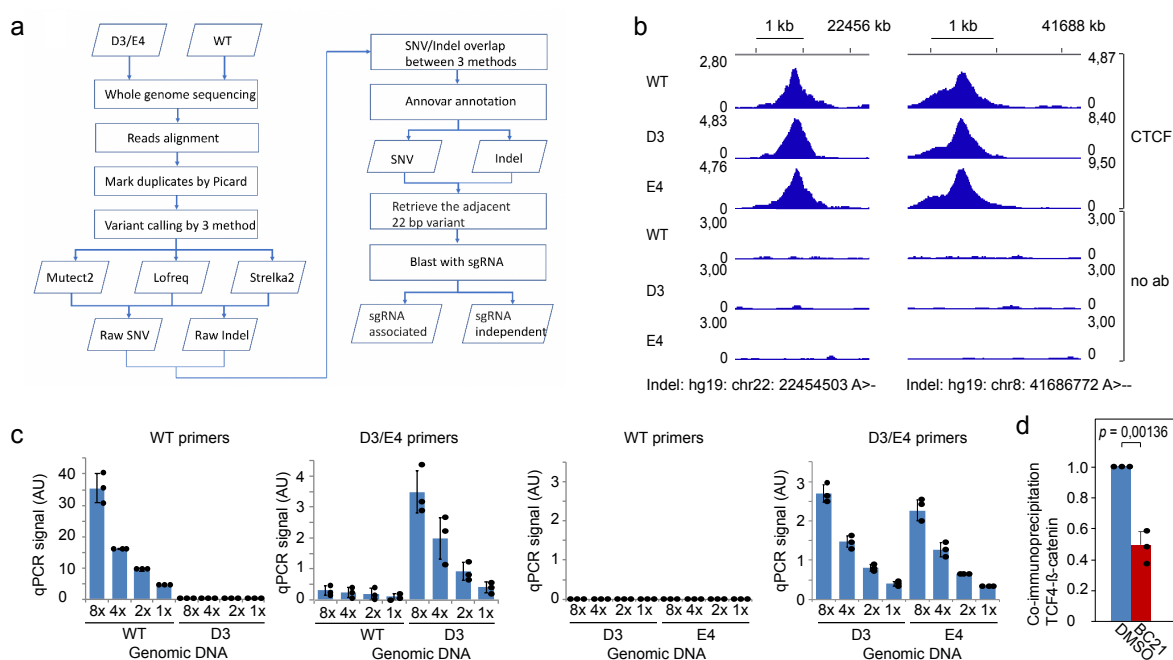


## Supplementary Figures and Table

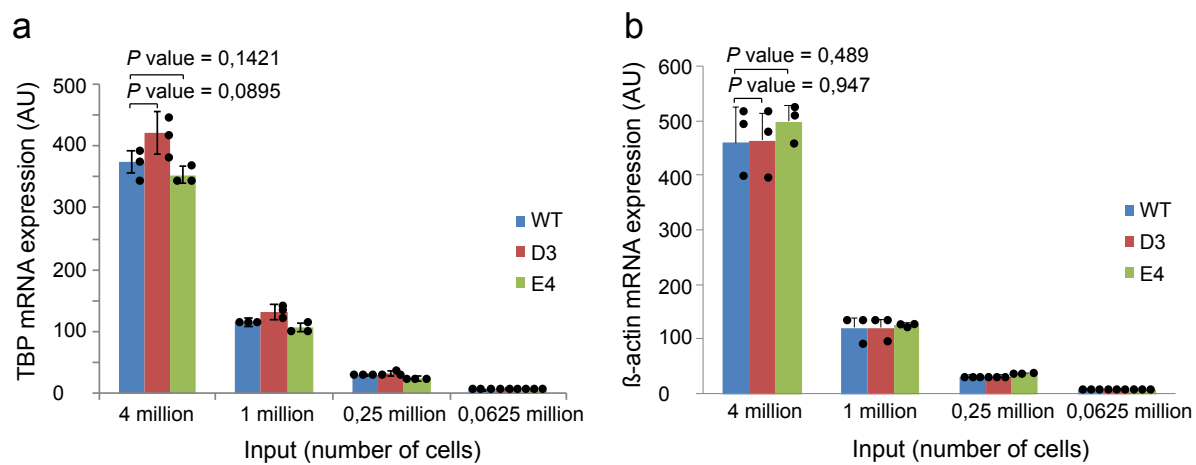
### Canonical WNT signaling-dependent gating of *MYC* requires a non-canonical CTCF function at a distal binding site

Ilyas Chachoua, Ilias Tzelepis, Hao Dai, Jia-Pei Lim, Anna Lewandowska-Ronnegren, Felipe Beccaria Casagrande, Shuangyang Wu, Johanna Vestlund, Carolina Diettrich Mallet de Lima, Deeksha Bhartiya, Barbara Scholz, Mirco Martino, Rashid Mehmood and Anita Göndör

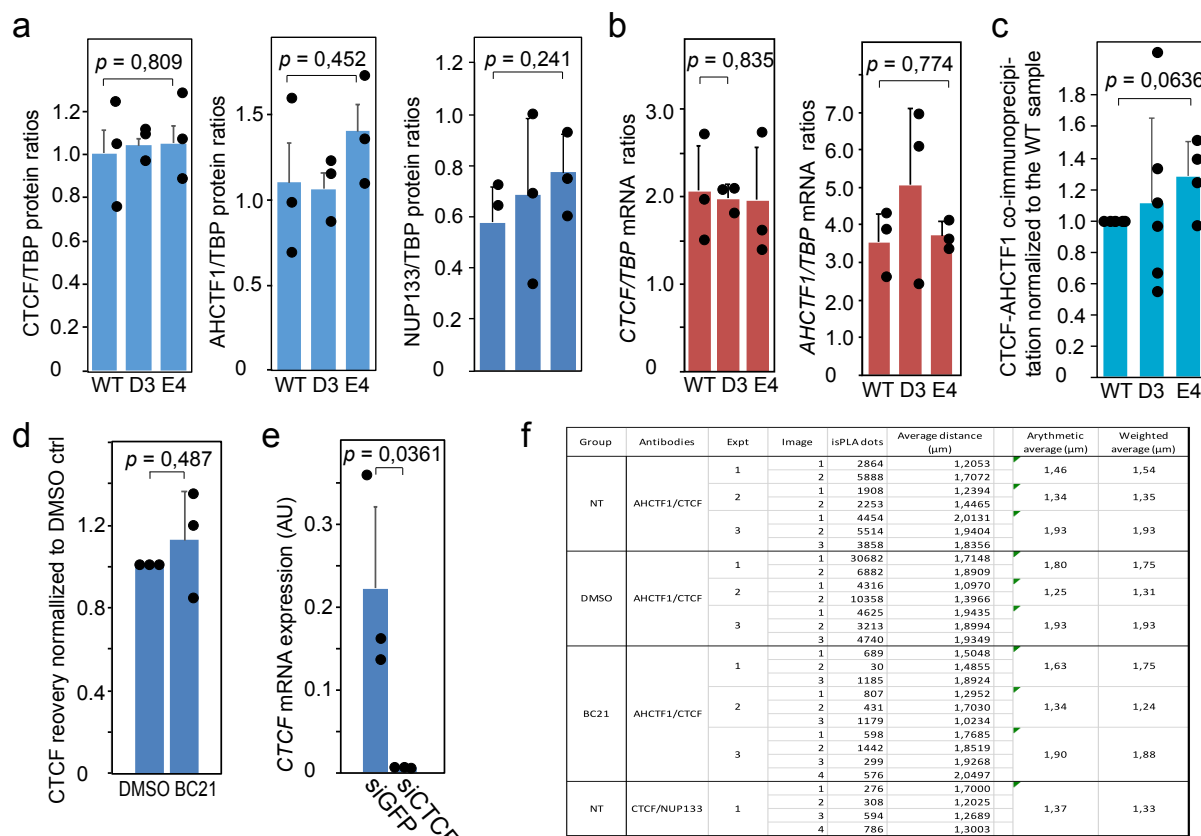


**Supplementary Figure 1. Characterization of the D3 and E4 cell clones.** a) Off-target detection pipeline modified from the GOT1 method<sup>22</sup>. b) The distribution of two indels common to both D3 and E4 cells and close to CTCFBSs overlaid in ChIP-seq data (average of three independent samples). In both cases, the indels are positioned in the flank of the CTCFBSs. c) Titration of the allele-specific qPCR analyses to quantitatively discriminate between the WT and the D3 alleles using primers specific for either the WT or the mutant CTCFBSs (D3 and E4), respectively. d) Co immunoprecipitation analyses

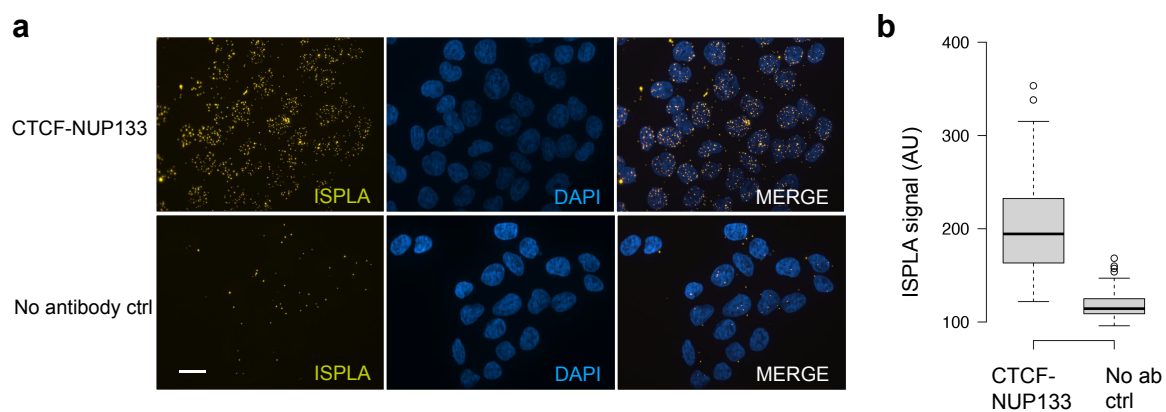
of physical interactions between TCF4 and  $\beta$ -catenin in the presence or absence of BC21. The data are normalized to the DMSO control. The bars in panels c and d represent the average of three independent samples with standard deviation. The  $p$  values were calculated by the two tailed Student's t-test.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Comparisons of TBP (a) and  $\beta$ -actin (b) mRNA expression in relation to the input number of cells.** The bars in panels a and b represent the average of three independent samples with standard deviation. The  $p$  values were calculated by the two tailed Student's t-test.



**Supplementary Figure 3. Comparisons of the levels of AHCTF1 and CTCF expression/interactions in WT HCT-116, D3 and E4 cells.** The relative expression levels of CTCF, AHCTF1 and NUP133 protein (a) or CTCF and AHCTF1 mRNA (b) in WT HCT-116, D3 and E4 cells were normalized to TBP expression. c) Relative difference in the recovery of CTCF-AHCTF1 co-immunoprecipitations in D3 and E4 cells normalized to the recovery of WT HCT-116 data. d) ChIP analyses of CTCF occupancy at the *CCAT1*-specific CTCFBS in control (DMSO) and BC21-treated WT HCT-116 cells. e) Efficiency of siRNA knockdown of CTCF mRNA expression. f) The average distribution of the CTCF-AHCTF1 and CTCF-NUP133 ISPLA signals in relation to the nuclear periphery. The bars in panels a-e represent the average of at least three independent samples with standard deviation. The  $p$  values were calculated by the two tailed Student's t-test.



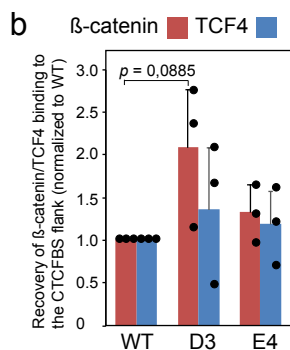
**Supplementary Figure 4. *In situ* proximity analyses between CTCF and NUP133 in WT HCT-116 cells.**

a) Extended view images of the signals generated by the NUP133-CTCF ISPLA reaction. No ab ctrl = ISPLA performed in the absence of primary antibodies. Bar = 10 micrometer. b) The quantitation of the ISPLA signals representing the sum of two independent experiments was done as has been described previously<sup>7</sup>. Box-and-whisker plots show median values, interquartile ranges and Tukey whiskers.

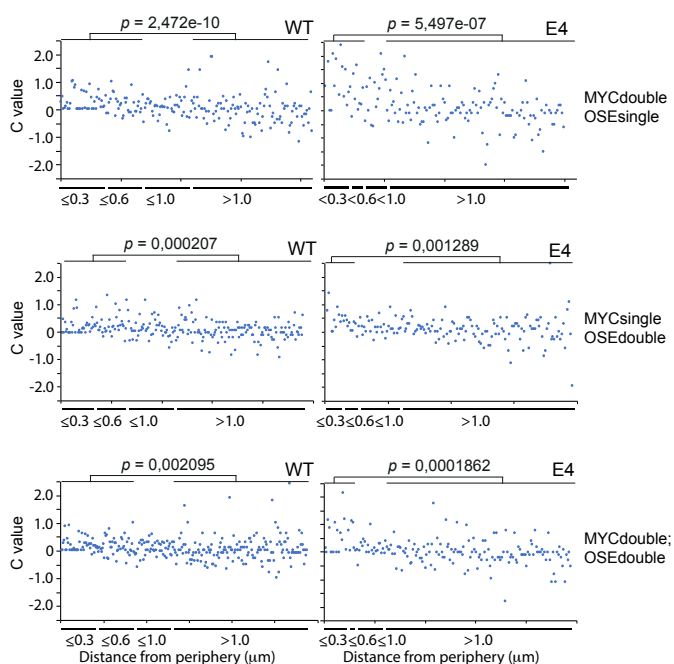
**a** hg19:chr8:128227230-128227453

CTCF Motif TCF4 motif

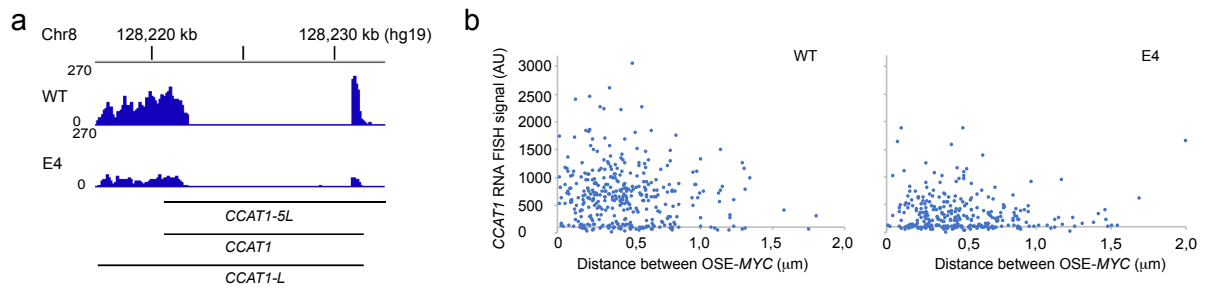
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 ACTCTAAAACCTATCCATGCTCCTAACCTCCTCACCA  
 TTGGAGGGCATTGCTGTTTACCCTTTCAGTTTCAGCTG  
 TACTATCAAAGCAGCAAATCAAGGGCAGGGACCACAG  
 CTTGACCTTAACTATTCAACTGCACCTTAATTACC



**Supplementary Figure 5.  $\beta$ -catenin and TCF4 binding to the *CCAT1*-specific CTCFBS region.** a) The distribution of TCF4 binding motifs (marked in green) in the regions flanking the *CCAT1*-specific CTCFBS (marked in orange). b) CHIP analyses of  $\beta$ -catenin and TCF4 binding to the *CCAT1*-specific CTCFBS region in WT HCT-116, D3 and E4 cells. The bars show in all instances the average of three independent experiments with indicated standard deviation. The  $p$  values were calculated by the two tailed Student's t-test.



**Supplementary Figure 6. The OSE-specific CTCFBS influences the proximity between the OSE, MYC and the nuclear periphery.** Analysis of the “c” value (scoring for the difference in the proximity of the OSE and MYC to the nuclear periphery) in relation to the proximity between the OSE and the nuclear periphery in control and mutant HCT-116 cells for replicated alleles (MYCdouble/OSEsingle; MYCsingle/OSEdouble; MYCdouble/OSEdouble) (see **Fig. 5a and b** for additional information). A total of 1085 (Ctrl) and 740 (E4) alleles were counted from two independent experiments (*P* values: Two-sided KS test).



**Supplementary Figure 7. *CCAT1* eRNA and *MYC* trafficking.** a) Map (hg19) of *CCAT1* eRNA expression in WT and mutant (E4) HCT-116 cells. The y axes indicate the number of normalized reads. The previously reported<sup>14,15</sup> *CCAT1* eRNA variants are indicated. b) 3D DNA FISH analyses of the proximity between the OSE and *MYC* plotted against *CCAT1* eRNA FISH signals in WT HCT-116 cells and the E4 clone.



Supplementary Table I

Locus	qPCR primers for ChIP		Cycle
	Forward	Reverse	
<i>MYC</i> promoter	CCCACGGCCCTTTATAATGCGA	ATACTCAGCGGATCCCTCCCT	95 °C, 5m
CTCFBS	AGAGCCGAGATTTGAGCCCAGT	GGTCCCTGCCCTTGATTTGCTG	95 °C, 30 s; 65 °C, 30 s; 72 °C, 30s
<i>H19</i> ICR	ATGAGCGTCTATTCCAGA	CTCACACATCACAGCCCAAG	x 36
<i>CCAT1</i> promoter	CCTCAGTGGTCCCATCACACTAA	CGTGGCAATTACCATGGTCTTGC	
CTCF negative site	CCCAACATTGAGCCTCTGA	GGGCTGTCTCCACCTCTGA	
Mut_seq (D3, E4)	CTAAACCTCTTATTATTTATTTCA	TAGTTTAAAGTCAAGCTGTG	95 °C, 30 s; 53 °C, 30 s; 72 °C, 30s x 36
Mut_seq WT	CCTAAACCTCTCACCATTGGA	AGAGTGAGGGGACATCCTGTAT	95 °C, 30 s; 60 °C, 30 s; 72 °C, 30s x 36
TCF4	TAAATTTGCTGCTGGTGCTG	GGGGTTTTGAAAGACACAA	*95 °C, 30 s; 65 °C, 30 s; 72 °C, 30 s

Primer ID	PCR primers for DNA FISH and RNA FISH		Cycle
	Forward	Reverse	
<i>MYC</i> F1, R1	AAGGAACCGCCTGTCTTCC	CGATCCCTCCCTCCGTTCTT	
<i>MYC</i> F2, R2	CCGGTTTTCGGGGCTTTATC	TCCGGTTCGCAGATGA	94 °C, 2 m
<i>MYC</i> F3, R3	TGTATGTGGAGCGGCTTCTCG	CAGCCAAGTTGTGAGGTTG	94 °C, 15 s; 60 °C, 15 s; 68 °C, 2-3 m
<i>MYC</i> F4, R4	TGCATGATCAAATGCAACCTCA	CTTCTTCCAGGAGCCGTCA	x 34
SupE F1, R1	GGCACTTCACACGGATTGCTC	CACTGCACACGGGAAATGCT	
SupE F2, R2	TTTTTCCGGGCTTTGAAAGAT	CTACCCAAGCTCCCTCAGC	

Primer ID	PCR primers for total RNA and RNA export assay		Cycle
	Forward	Reverse	
<i>MYC</i>	TACAACACCCGAGCAAGGAC	TTCTCCTCCTCGTCGAGTA	95 °C, 5 min
<i>MYC</i> intron 1	CGCTGGAAACCTTGACCTC	CGATCCCTCCCTCCGTTCTT	95 °C, 30 s; 65 °C, 30 s; 72 °C, 30 s
<i>CytB</i>	CCGGTTTTCGGGGCTTTATC	TCCGGTTCGCAGATGA	x 36
<i>TBP</i>	TTCCGCTGGCCATAGTGAT	TGCTGCTGCCTTTGTTGCTC	
<i>b-Actin</i>	CGTCCAGTTGGTGACGATG	CCGTGCTCAGGGCTTCTTGT	
<i>ERCC-113</i>	GCGACCAACATCGTTACG	CCGCGCTGAGCACTT	
<i>CCAT1</i>	CATTGGGAAAGGTGCCGAG	ACGTTAGCCATACAGAGCC	
<i>FAM49B</i>	GGGGTGCAGTTGTTCCACTA	CTCGCTAGATGCTGGGTG	
<i>CTCF</i>	TTGTGCAAGTTATGCCAGCAG	CACTTGGGTAAACCGAGCA	
<i>AHCTF1</i>	TCAGAAAGTCCGGCAACAA	CGCCACAGCTTCTTCACTA	

CRISPR oligonucleotides	
guide RNA sequence	UAAACAGCAAUGCCCUCAA
Donor DNA sequence	TTCTCACTGACTCTAAACCTATCCATGCTCCTAAACCTCTTATTATTTATTTTCATGCTGTTACCCCTTCAGTTTCAGCTGTACTATCAAAGCAG