

# Dual-AAV delivering split prime editor system for *in vivo* genome editing

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**Prime editor (PE), a new genome editing tool, can generate all 12 possible base-to-base conversions, insertion, and deletion of short fragment DNA. PE has the potential to correct the majority of known human genetic disease-related mutations. Adeno-associated viruses (AAVs), the safe vector widely used in clinics, are not capable of delivering PE (~6.3 kb) in a single vector because of the limited loading capacity (~4.8 kb). To accommodate the loading capacity of AAVs, we constructed four split-PE (split-PE994, split-PE1005, split-PE1024, and split-PE1032) using Rma intein (*Rhodothermus marinus*). With the use of a GFP-mutated reporter system, PE reconstituting activities were screened, and two efficient split-PEs (split-PE1005 and split-PE1024) were identified. We then demonstrated that split-PEs delivered by dual-AAV1, especially split-PE1024, could mediate base transversion and insertion at four endogenous sites in human cells. To test the performance of split-PE *in vivo*, split-PE1024 was then delivered into the adult mouse retina by dual-AAV8. We demonstrated successful editing of *Dnmt1* in adult mouse retina. Our study provides a new method to deliver PE to adult tissue, paving the way for *in vivo* gene-editing therapy using PE.**

## INTRODUCTION

CRISPR-CRISPR-associated protein 9 (Cas9), a novel genome-editing tool, guides site-specific DNA cleavage in the human genome under the guidance of a guide RNA (gRNA).<sup>1–3</sup> In cells, double-strand break (DSB) at the target DNA site is then repaired by endogenous repair pathways, including non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) and homology-directed repair (HDR),<sup>4,5</sup> which allow the accurate “cutting and pasting” of DNA. However, HDR can be inefficient and needs exogenous templates.<sup>6,7</sup> Then base editors, based on deaminase and Cas9 nickase (Cas9n), are developed and applied in many diseases caused by T > C or G > A mutations.<sup>8–13</sup> However, base editors cannot currently correct transversion mutations, which account for about 20% of the >75,000 known disease-associated human genetic variants. In addition, the efficient method for installing targeted insertions or deletions that account for about 30% of known pathogenic human genetic variants is in demand.<sup>14</sup> Recently, a new genome-editing tool, named the prime editor (PE), was developed.

PE is capable of installing targeted insertions, deletions, and all 12 possible base-to-base conversions without inducing DSBs. PE, an RNA-protein complex, contains an effector protein composed of Cas9n-H840A and C-terminal reverse transcriptase (Moloney murine leukemia virus reverse transcriptase [M-MLV RT]), and the RNA component of PE, named prime-editing extended gRNA (pegRNA), could accurately transmit genomic information from pegRNA to target locus with the help of the effector protein. Compared with base editors, PE permits not only single base editing but also insertions and deletions at target locus.<sup>14</sup> Meanwhile, PE had been employed to repair the point mutation of sickle cell anemia (*HBB* p.E6V, c.20A > T),<sup>14</sup> generate mutant mice with a point mutation (*Hoxd13* p.G224A, c.671G > C),<sup>15</sup> and edit the genome in mice<sup>16</sup> in intestinal organoids,<sup>17</sup> in *Drosophila*,<sup>18</sup> and in plants.<sup>19</sup>

Delivering genome editing tools to the patients for *in vivo* genome-editing therapy is promising disease therapeutics. Viral systems, such as adeno-associated virus (AAV), lentivirus, and adenovirus, are important delivery vectors for gene therapy.<sup>12,20</sup> Among these widely used systems, AAV has been demonstrated to be the safest and the most successful vector in the therapeutic application,<sup>21–23</sup> which makes it a preferred tool for *in vivo* genome editing.<sup>12,22</sup> Unfortunately, the loading capacity of AAV (~4.8 kb) limits its application in delivering large genome-editing tools (e.g., base editors and PE).<sup>24,25</sup>

To tackle this issue, the effector protein of the base editor is split into two smaller parts (split-adenine base editor [ABE] and split-cytosine base editor [CBE]), which could be packaged into two separate AAVs.

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After infecting the cells, the two separated parts will be reconstructed into one active effector protein through two different mechanisms (RNA *trans*-splicing and intein-mediated protein *trans*-splicing). Split-ABE, reconstructed through RNA *trans*-splicing, shows a low A > G editing efficiency in the adult mouse muscle tissue.<sup>26</sup> However, split-ABE, reconstructed by intein-mediated protein *trans*-splicing, edits the genome more efficiently *in vivo*.<sup>12,27</sup> Intein, an autocatalytic internal protein domain, could catalyze self-splicing and ligation of the two flanking peptides to generate a full-length functional protein at the post-translational level. Besides ABE, intein has also been used in other oversized genome editors (e.g., Cas9<sup>28,29</sup> and CBE<sup>27,30</sup>). Rma intein from *Rhodothermus marinus* DnaB had been used in split-Cas9 with a 713–714 splitting site<sup>28</sup> and split-ABE in both 573–574 and 674–675 splitting sites<sup>12</sup> for *in vivo* genome editing using the dual-AAV system. Of notice, different splitting sites will affect the reconstituting activity owing to structural stability, resulting in different genome-editing efficiency.<sup>31</sup> Rma intein has been demonstrated to be the best intein for reconstituting ABE.<sup>12</sup> However, there is no study evaluating the effect and safety of different splitting sites of Cas9n for PE.

Thus, we developed a dual-AAV split-PE system for *in vivo* genome editing. First, we engineered and screened four different split-PE systems, based on Rma intein, using a GFP (green fluorescent protein)-based reporter cell. In addition, we observed successful installing of short insertion and point mutations at endogenous target sites, when split-PEs were introduced into cultured cells by either plasmid transfection or AAV infection. Furthermore, single-nucleotide transversion could be generated *in vivo* by injecting the dual-AAV split-PE into the adult mouse retina. Our findings suggest that dual-AAV split-PE is a feasible tool for targeted genome editing *in vivo*.

## RESULTS

### GFP-mutated (GFPm) reporter screening of split-PEs

To accommodate the loading capacity of AAVs (~4.8 kb) as well as the essential elements of the vector (promoter, terminator [poly(A)], intein, and U6-pegRNA/gRNA), we could only divide PE (~6.3 kb) into two parts within a small region, which ranges from 990 (Asn) to 1,050 (Ile).<sup>14</sup> More importantly, the inteinC at the C-terminal half of PE should be followed by cysteine, serine, or threonine residues,<sup>32</sup> and then we found four sites (994–995 Thr, 1,005–1,006 Ser, 1,024–1,025 Ser, and 1,032–1,033 Thr in Cas9n-H840A) that satisfy the above two requirements. Then we divided the full-length PE into two parts at four different splitting sites (Figure 1A). The N-terminal half of PE was fused to the RmaN, whereas the C-terminal half of PE was fused to RmaC (Figure 1B).

Meanwhile, we established a GFPm reporter cell line, containing a premature stop codon in the GFP coding sequence, to evaluate the prime-editing efficiency of these four split-PEs conveniently and quickly. The GFP signal would be detected by a flow cytometer when the TAG codon in GFP was converted to the CAG codon (Figure 1C).<sup>12</sup> Taking advantage of this reporter cell, we could easily evaluate the editing efficiency of different split-PEs. First, we designed two

pegRNAs, both with a 13-nucleotide (nt) primer binding site (PBS) and a 19-nt RT template (Figure S1). Then we tested the editing efficiency of these four split-PEs through transfecting cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter-driven split-PEs and U6 promoter-driven pegRNA plasmids into GFPm reporter cells. 72 h after transfection, the percentage of GFP-positive cells and the mean fluorescence intensity were calculated (Figures 1D and 1E; Figure S2). We observed high editing efficiencies using split-PE1005 and split-PE1024, which were split at 1,005–1,006 or 1,024–1,025, respectively (Figures 1D and 1E).

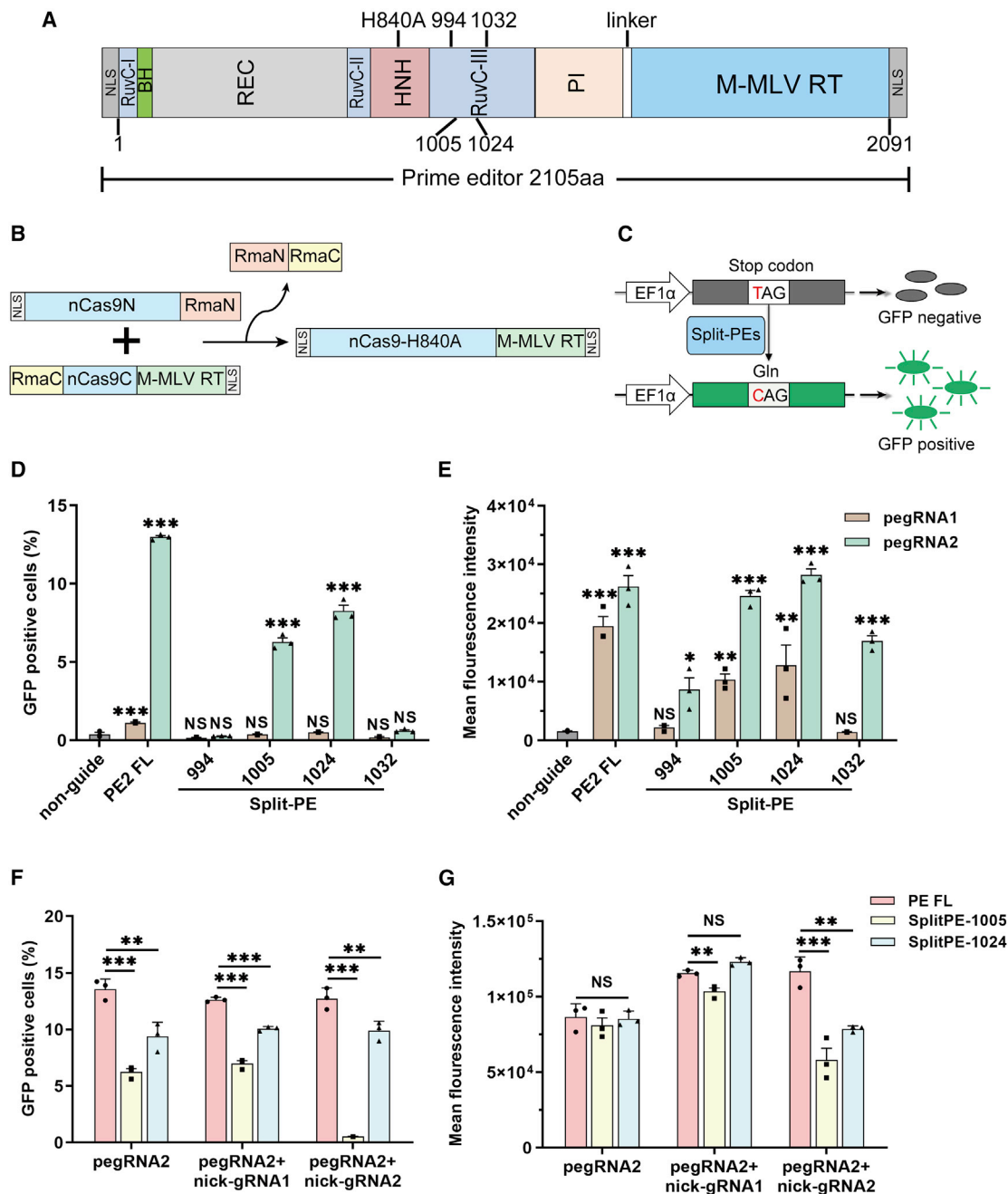
Compared with PE2, PE3 nicks the non-edited strand and shows increased editing efficiency at target sites.<sup>14</sup> To probe the editing efficiency of split-PE3, we designed two gRNAs (nick-gRNA1 and nick-gRNA2) to nick the non-edited strand (Figure S1). Split-PE3, especially split-PE1024, showed robust high editing efficiency with nick-gRNA1 (Figures 1F and 1G; Figure S3). Meanwhile, we observed similar mean fluorescence intensity with split-PE1024, which was comparable to that of full-length PE3 (Figure 1G; Figure S3). These findings validated the feasibility of reconstituting split PE effector protein into one functional effector protein from two independent expression vectors through protein *trans*-splicing. We identified two efficient split-PEs (split-PE1005 and split-PE1024) with high prime-editing efficiency. Therefore, we focused on these split-PEs in further experiments.

### Efficient genome editing by split-PEs at endogenous sites in human cells

Inspired by the data above, we hypothesized that split-PEs might also install single-nucleotide transversion and indel mutations at endogenous target sites with high efficiency. We tested the editing efficiency of CMV promoter-driven split-PEs at four endogenous sites (*RNF2* +1 GTA insertion [ins], *VEGFA* +5 G to T, *HEK3* +1 CTT insertion [ins], and *PRNP* +6 G to T)<sup>14</sup> in human HEK293T cells (Figure 2). The editing efficiency and indel rate were detected by next-generation sequencing (NGS) and analyzed by MATLAB<sup>8</sup> and CRISPResso2<sup>33</sup> (Figure 2A). We found that both split-PE1005 or split-PE1024 splitting sites could induce efficient insertion and single-nucleotide transversion editing at all sites tested (Figures 2B–2E; Figure S4). Importantly, +1 GTA insertion was installed at the *RNF2* site with similar efficiency using either split-PE1024 or full-length PE (26.62% versus 29.39%) (Figure 2B). However, there is a drop in efficiency at some gene sites using either split-PE1005 or split-PE1024 compared to full-length PE (Figures 2C–2E). These data indicate that split-PEs could catalyze insertion and single-nucleotide transversion efficiently at endogenous genomic sites in human cells. Importantly, split-PE1024 is a preferred split-PE that displays a higher editing efficiency.

### Prime editing in human cell lines through split-PEs delivered by dual-AAV

The results above verified the feasibility of split-PEs in human cells by plasmids transfection. However, whether split-PE could be delivered by AAV was still unknown. Our previous data suggested that AAV1



**Figure 1. Efficient T-to-C editing by Split-PEs in the reporter cells**

(A) Schematic of split-PEs split at four different sites (994–995, 1,005–1,006, 1,024–1,025, and 1,032–1,033). RuvC, endonuclease domain; BH, bridge helix; REC, recognition domain; HNH, His-Asn-His endonuclease domain; PI, protospacer-adjacent motif (PAM)-interacting domain; M-MLV RT, engineered Moloney murine leukemia virus (M-MLV) reverse transcriptase (D200N, L603W, T306K, W313F, T330P). (B) Schematic of Rma intein-mediated PE reconstitution through protein *trans*-splicing. (C) Reporter cell harbors a mutated GFP (GFPm) coding sequencing, containing a premature stop codon in the GFP coding sequence, downstream of the EF1 $\alpha$  promoter. The GFP signal would be detected by flow cytometer when the TAG codon was converted to the CAG codon by split-PE. (D) The percentage of GFP-positive cells after different split-PE and pegRNA treatment. (E) The mean fluorescence intensity after different split-PE and pegRNA treatment. (F) The percentage of GFP-positive cells after varying split-PE3 treatment in GFPm reporter cells. (G) The mean fluorescence intensity after different split-PE3 and pegRNA2 treatment. non-guide, reporter cells transfected with full-length PE2 but not pegRNA. PE2 FL, reporter cells transfected with full-length PE2 and pegRNA. Values and error bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SD of three independent biological repeats. One-way ANOVA is used for calculating statistical significance (NS, not significant; \* $p < 0.05$ ; \*\* $p < 0.01$ ; \*\*\* $p < 0.001$ ).

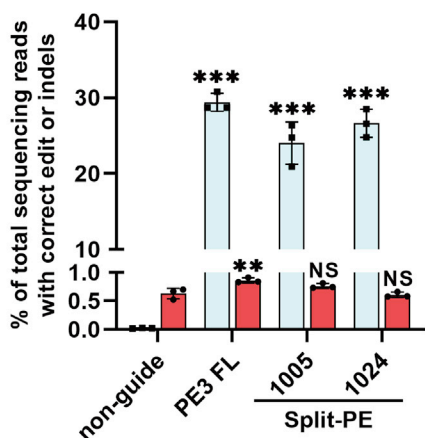
A

non-guide	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	G>T	Indels	
A	0.018	99.97	0	0.009	0.004	0.008	0.004	0.071	0.004	99.96	0.003	0.037	0.013	0.001	99.97	0.023	99.97	0.004	0.024	99.99	0.013	0.001	0.026
C	0.001	0	0.003	0	0.021	99.97	0.02	0	99.93	0.004	0	0.001	99.94	100	0.011	0.001	0.001	0.019	0	0.003	0.003	0.004	0
G	99.98	0.026	0.003	99.99	0.001	0.004	0.004	99.93	0.003	0.037	99.99	99.96	0.005	0	0.019	99.97	0.029	0.015	99.98	0.011	99.97	99.65	99.97
T	0.001	0	100	0.001	99.97	0.019	99.97	0.003	0.061	0.004	0.004	0.003	0.042	0.004	0.001	0.003	0.001	99.96	0	0	0.017	0.349	0.004
PE3 FL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	G>T	Indels	
A	0.026	99.96	0.004	0.026	0.002	0.008	0.003	0.064	0.002	99.97	0.009	0.029	0.005	0.009	99.95	0.036	99.98	0.004	0.019	99.98	0.007	0.009	0.04
C	0	0.003	0.009	0.003	0.003	99.96	0.031	0.005	99.93	0.007	0.003	0.004	99.95	99.97	0.015	0.002	0.002	0.015	0	0.002	0	0.004	0.002
G	99.97	0.028	0.011	99.97	0.002	0.007	0.01	99.93	0.007	0.023	99.98	99.96	0.002	0.005	0.04	99.96	0.019	0.009	99.98	0.019	99.98	67.54	99.96
T	0.003	0.01	99.98	0	99.99	0.02	99.96	0.003	0.061	0	0.012	0.005	0.048	0.015	0	0.007	0	99.97	0.002	0.002	0.009	32.45	0
Split-PE1005	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	G>T	Indels	
A	0.03	99.97	0.01	0.019	0.009	0.014	0.016	0.053	0.009	99.97	0.007	0.034	0.012	0.016	99.96	0.023	99.98	0.007	0.031	99.97	0.007	0.015	0.03
C	0	0.003	0.007	0.002	0.012	99.97	0.037	0.005	99.92	0.005	0	0.002	99.95	99.97	0.008	0.007	0	0.027	0	0.005	0	0.002	0.264
G	99.97	0.028	0.007	99.98	0.009	0	0.011	99.94	0.007	0.01	99.99	99.96	0.002	0	0.025	99.97	0.019	0.002	99.97	0.025	99.98	79.25	99.96
T	0	0	99.98	0.002	99.97	0.014	99.94	0.005	0.063	0.012	0.007	0.005	0.016	0.005	0.005	0.002	99.96	0	0	0.014	20.73	0.005	
Split-PE1024	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	G>T	Indels	
A	0.022	99.98	0.002	0.016	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.05	0.007	99.97	0.005	0.045	0.004	0.006	99.96	0.027	99.97	0.005	0.027	99.97	0.008	0.003	0.021
C	0.001	0.001	0.004	0.001	0.02	99.98	0.031	0.005	99.94	0.004	0	0.001	99.97	99.99	0.02	0	0	0.029	0	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.238
G	99.98	0.02	0.006	99.98	0.006	0.003	0.003	99.94	0.005	0.028	99.99	99.95	0.001	0.003	0.022	99.97	0.03	0.011	99.97	0.023	99.98	78.52	99.98
T	0.001	0	99.99	0.001	99.97	0.014	99.96	0.001	0.049	0.001	0.01	0	0.023	0.003	0.002	0.005	0	99.96	0.002	0.005	0.015	21.47	0.001

B

RNF2 On target **G T C A T C T T A G T C A T T A C C T G A G G**  
 RNF2 +1 GTA ins **G T C A T C T T A G T C A T T A C G T A C T G A G G**

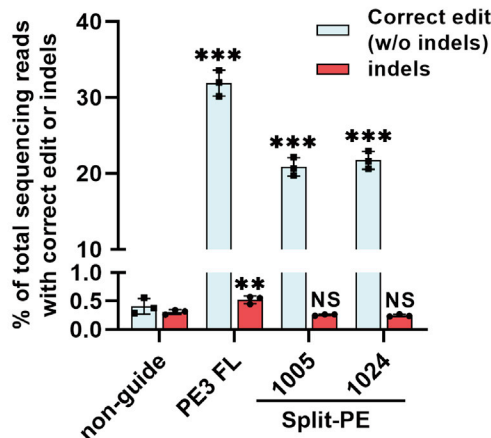
PE3, RNF2 +1 GTA ins



C

VEGFA On target **G A T G T C T G C A G G C C A G A T G A G G G**  
 VEGFA +5 G to T **G A T G T C T G C A G G C C A G A T G A G T G**

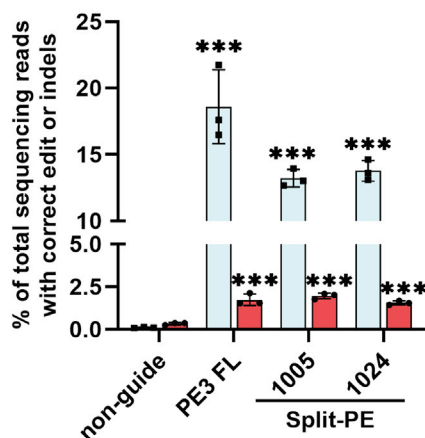
PE3, VEGFA +5 G to T



D

HEK3 On target **G G C C C A G A C T G A G C A C G T G A T G G**  
 HEK3 +1 CTT ins **G G C C C A G A C T G A G C A C G C T T T G A T G G**

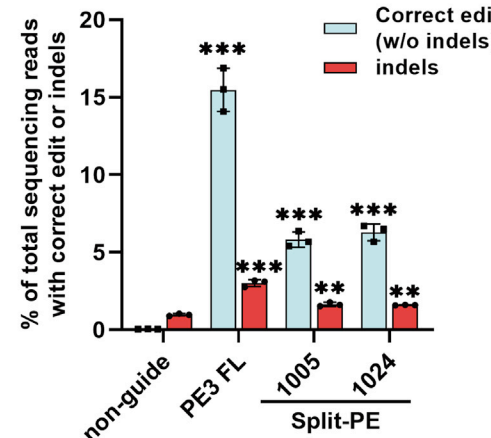
PE3, HEK3 +1 CTT ins



E

PRNP On target **G C A G T G G T G G G G G G C C T T G G C G G**  
 PRNP +6 G to T **G C A G T G G T G G G G G G C C T T G G C G T**

PE3, PRNP +6 G to T



(legend on next page)

was an optimized AAV serotype suitable for infecting HEK293T and HeLa cells.<sup>12</sup> Therefore, we packaged AAV1 carrying these two CMV promoter-driven split-PEs (split-PE1005 and split-PE1024) and infected HEK293T and HeLa cells with AAV1, of which the ratio between the N-terminal half and C-terminal half of PE was 1:1 (Figure 3A). We observed efficient editing of target sites in AAV1-infected HEK293T cells (Figure 3B). The editing efficiencies, further quantified by NGS, indicated that both split-PE1005 and split-PE1024 delivered by dual-AAV1 could induce efficient insertion and single-nucleotide transversion in HEK293T and HeLa cells (Figures 3C–3F). Importantly, we observed highly efficient prime editing for +1 CTT insertion at *HEK3* in the HEK293T cell by split-PE1024 (32.08% ± 1.68% average efficiency and 1.29% ± 0.16% indels) and split-PE1005 (26.18% ± 1.89% average efficiency and 0.95% ± 0.25% indels) (Figure 3C). At the *VEGFA* locus, split-PE1024 delivered by dual-AAV1 installed +5 G-to-T transversion editing efficiently (42.65% ± 2.56%) with few indels (0.50% ± 0.15%), whereas split-PE1005 showed 38.92% ± 5.52% average efficiency and 0.48% ± 0.03% indels in HEK293T cells (Figure 3D). In addition, we observed obvious prime editing for +1 GTA insertion at the *RNF2* site in HEK293T (35.59% ± 3.08% average efficiency and 0.37% ± 0.03% indels) and HeLa (2.36% ± 0.33% average efficiency and 0.37% ± 0.02% indels) cells with dual-AAV1-delivered split-PE1024, respectively. Meanwhile, split-PE1005 delivered by dual-AAV1 installed an efficient editing for +1 GTA insertion at the *RNF2* site in HEK293T (33.22% ± 3.48% average efficiency and 0.52% ± 0.10% indels) and HeLa (2.73% ± 0.62% average efficiency and 0.44% ± 0.02% indels) cells (Figures 3E and 3F).

Meanwhile, to test whether prime editing would induce off-target editing, we amplified and detected the indel efficiency of off-target sites in the dual-AAV split-PE-infected cells. The indel rate (including all types of indels as well as base substitutions) of two known off-target sites of *RNF2*,<sup>34</sup> four known top off-target sites of *HEK3*,<sup>14,35</sup> and four predicted top off-target sites of *VEGFA*<sup>36,37</sup> were detected by NGS. Intriguingly, compared to control (AAV1-GFP), split-PE1024 displayed no detectable indels at all off-target sites, suggesting its high safety and reliability (Figures 4A–4C).

#### Single-nucleotide transversion in mouse retina by split-PE1024 delivered with AAV

The retina is a small and immune privilege organism that makes it an applicable target for AAV-mediated gene therapy.<sup>38,39</sup> To test the feasibility of the editing target site by split-PE *in vivo*, dual-AAV8 split-PE1024 targeting *Dnmt1* (p.P55Q, c.G164T) inducing +5 G-to-T transversion was injected into the adult mouse retina. A total

of  $1.1 \times 10^{10}$  vector genome (vg) AAV8 ( $5 \times 10^9$  vg N-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $5 \times 10^9$  vg C-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $1 \times 10^9$  vg GFP) was injected into 6-week-old mouse eyes through sub-retinal injection (Figure 5A). 1 week post-injection, the mouse retina was isolated. The GFP signal could be observed around the injection site (Figure 5B). The majority of infected cells with GFP expression was limited to photoreceptors and retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) (Figure 5C). 6 weeks post-injection, mouse retinal genomic DNA was extracted for PCR amplification. We confirmed the infection of AAV by PCR amplification (Figure 5D) and quantitative PCR analysis (Figure 5E) of the AAV genome in mouse retina. The editing efficiency, further quantified by NGS, indicated that split-PE1024 with the CMV promoter performed +5 G-to-T transversion editing with an average efficiency of 1.71% ± 1.35% and average indels of 0.17% ± 0.01% at *Dnmt1* in the adult mouse retina, which showed a significant difference compared with control (split-PE1024 with non-targeting pegRNA). Unfortunately, the elongation factor (EF)1 $\alpha$  core promoter injecting mouse retina showed an average editing efficiency of 0.58% ± 0.54% (Figure 5E), which may result from the fact that the copy number of the N-terminal half of the EF1 $\alpha$  core promoter-driven split-PE was slightly lower than that of the CMV promoter-driven split-PE (Figure 5E). Meanwhile, split-PE1024 displayed no detectable indels at eight predicted top off-target sites of *Dnmt1*, suggesting its high safety and reliability (Figure S7). These data showed that endogenous genomic sites in adult mouse retina could be edited split-PE delivered with dual-AAV.

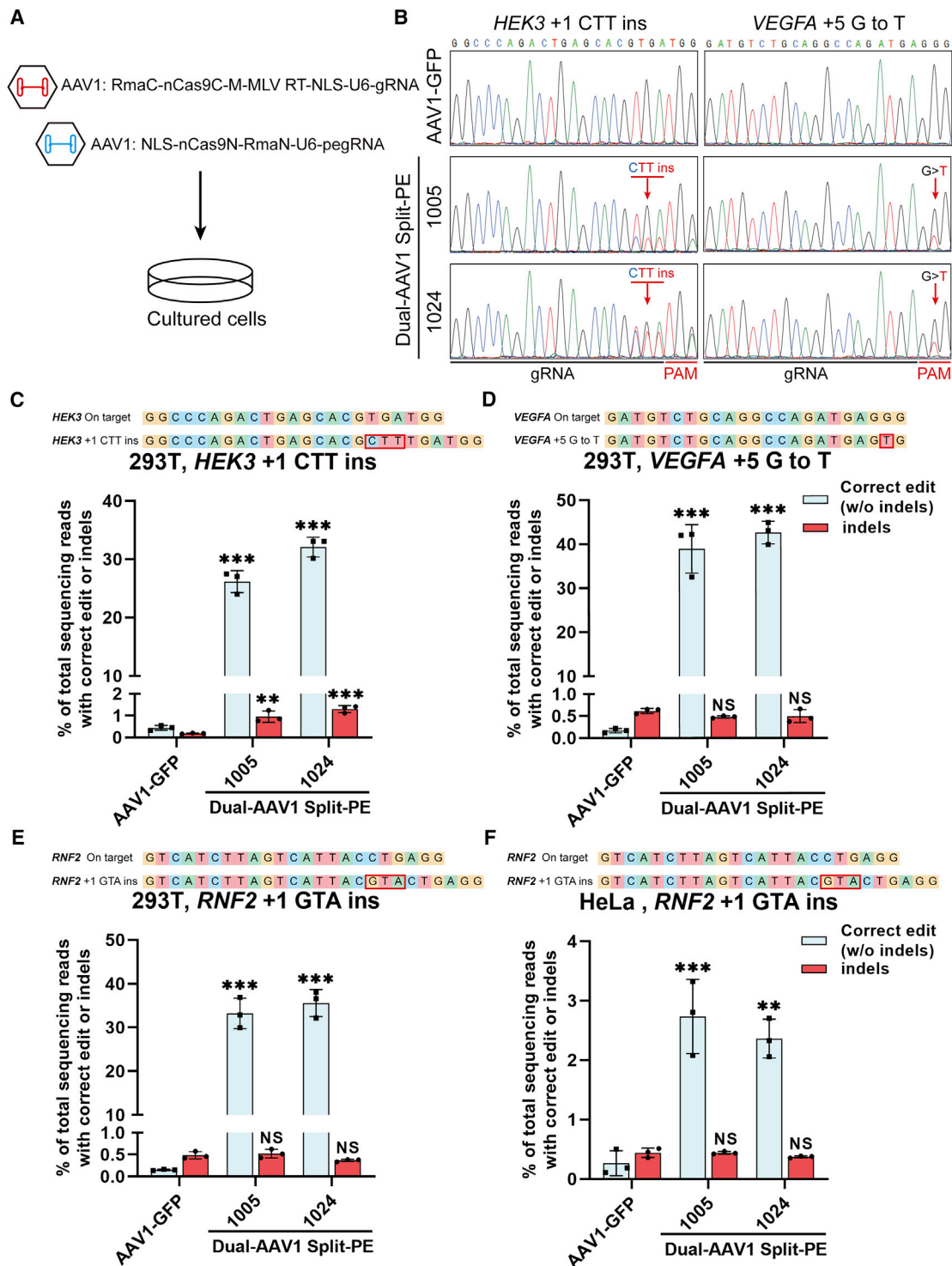
## DISCUSSION

In this study, we developed an optimized dual-AAV split-PE using Rma intein, which would enable *in vivo* genome editing by PE. First, we engineered and screened two efficient split-PEs (split-PE1005 and split-PE1024) with high editing efficiency using a GFP-based reporter cell line (Figure 1). Then, we demonstrated that split-PEs, especially split-PE1024, could mediate robust base-to-base transversion editing and insertion in mammalian cells through plasmid transfection or dual-AAV infection (Figures 2 and 3; Figures S4 and S5). We further confirmed the successful editing for +5 G-to-T transversion at *Dnmt1* in adult mouse retina through dual-AAV8 split-PE1024.

However, dual-AAV split-PE1024 performed low transversion editing (1.71% ± 1.35%) at *Dnmt1* in the adult mouse retina (Figure 5E). Meanwhile, Hyewon Jang et al.<sup>40</sup> reported almost the same editing efficiency (1.87%) in the mouse retina using *trans*-splicing AAV (tsAAV) vectors, which delivered two *trans*-splicing PE2 together with pegRNA and nick-gRNA. The low editing efficiencies may due to the relatively low editing activity of the PE system. The main problems facing PEs at

#### Figure 2. Prime editing of endogenous sites in HEK293T cells by split-PEs

(A) Example of deep-sequencing data analysis of G-to-T conversion at endogenous sites targeted by split-PEs. Single-nucleotide transversion editing efficiency was analyzed by MATLAB, whereas insertion editing efficiency and indel frequency were analyzed by CRISPResso2. (B) Targeted insertion of GTA at *RNF2* in HEK293T. (C) Targeted transversion of G to T at *VEGFA* in HEK293T. (D) Targeted insertion of CTT at *HEK3* in HEK293T. (E) Targeted transversion of G to T at *PRNP* in HEK293T. Editing efficiencies represent sequencing reads that contain the correct edit and do not contain indels among total sequencing reads. Indels were also plotted for comparison. non-guide, HEK293T cells transfected with full-length PE2 but not pegRNA. PE3 FL, HEK293T cells transfected with full-length PE2, pegRNA, and nick-gRNA. Values and error bars represent the mean ± SD of three independent biological repeats. One-way ANOVA was used for calculating statistical significance (\*\*p < 0.01; \*\*\*p < 0.001).



**Figure 3. Efficient editing of endogenous sites by dual-AAV split-PEs in human cells**

(A) Schematic of split-PE delivered by dual-AAV1. N-terminal half and C-terminal half of split-PEs were packaged into two AAV1 separately, and then the cells were infected with both N-terminal half virus and C-terminal half virus, of which the ratio was 1:1. 5 days post-infection, cells were collected for sequencing. (B) Example of Sanger sequencing to detect editing at endogenous sites targeted by split-PEs. The red arrow indicates the edited site. (C) Targeted insertion of CTT at *HEK3* in HEK293T cells. (D) Targeted transversion of G to T at *VEGFA* in HEK293T cells. (E) Targeted insertion of GTA at *RNF2* in HEK293T cells. (F) Targeted insertion of GTA at *RNF2* in HeLa cells.

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present are the limited scope of application and low editing efficiency in different gene locus. Thus, a recent study described the engineered PEs to expand the range of their target sites using various protospacer-adjacent motif (PAM)-flexible Cas9 variants, which could successfully generate more than 50 types of mutations with high prime-editing activity in HEK293T cells.<sup>41</sup> The formation of pegRNA is an identified factor affecting prime-editing efficiency, and some studies focus on the design of pegRNA to improve the prime-editing activity.<sup>42,43</sup> Recently, Caixia Gao and colleagues<sup>44</sup> reported an optimal performance of PE in rice, resulting from designing prime binding sites with a melting temperature of 30°C and using two in *trans* pegRNAs editing the same targets substantially. Yao Liu et al.<sup>45</sup> have generated enhanced PE (ePE) with markedly higher editing efficiency using multiple modifications, which prevent pegRNA circularization through the Csy4 process and optimized the scaffold of pegRNA. However, the changes of pegRNA are inapplicable to many human pathogenic genetic variants.<sup>14</sup> Therefore, further studies are needed to optimize the PEs to improve the editing efficiency.

In addition, the structure of split-PE may also affect the joined full-length PEs (Figures 1 and 2), which is mainly related to the chosen inteins and splitting sites. Mxe intein (*Mycobacterium xenopi*) was used in split-Cas9 at the 656–657 site and resulted in ~50% recovery of cleavage activity compared to full-length *Streptococcus pyogenes* Cas9 (SpCas9).<sup>46</sup> Npu intein (*Nostoc punctiforme*), used in split-CBE at both 573–574<sup>27</sup> and 739–740<sup>30</sup> sites, performed comparable editing rates compared to the full-length version. ABE has been previously split at both 573–574 and 674–675 sites with Rma intein, and these two split-ABE showed similar or even higher editing efficiency compared to full-length ABE in some sites.<sup>12</sup> Recently, Pengpeng Liu et al.<sup>47</sup> reported that split-PE employing the Npu DNAE split intein has successfully utilized dual-AAVs for the delivery and enabled the correction of a pathogenic mutation in the mouse liver with low editing efficiencies (2.3% ± 0.4% at 6 weeks and 3.1% ± 0.6% at 10 weeks). Rma intein has been demonstrated to be the best intein for reconstituting ABE compared to the Mxe intein and Npu intein.<sup>12</sup> Therefore, we engineered four different split-PE systems based on Rma intein in this study (Figure 1). However, it is possible to construct more efficient split-PEs after screening more inteins and splitting sites.

Encouragingly, the development of prime editing fills the gaps in the field of genome editing, enabling all 12 possible base-to-base conversions, insertion, and deletion. In theory, the vast majority of known human pathogenic alleles (about 89%) could be efficiently and precisely corrected by PE without inducing DSBs.<sup>14</sup> Simultaneously, two research groups reported that DSBs induced by Cas9 are toxic and induce a p53-mediated DNA damage response.<sup>48,49</sup> PE is theoretically safer than CRISPR-Cas. Our study presents a novel dual-AAV split-PE system for genome editing in adult mammals *in vivo*. Split-PEs may provide new therapeutics for previously incurable human genetic diseases.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

### Cell lines and transfection

HEK293T, HeLa, and ARPE-19 cells were from ATCC, all of which were cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM; Thermo Fisher Scientific) containing 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS; HyClone) and 1% penicillin/streptomycin (P/S; Invitrogen). Polyethylenimine (PEI) was used for transfection in HEK293T at about 75% confluency. The split-PE-related plasmids were transfected into the ARPE-19 cells by electroporation (Lonza; 4D X-Unit, EA-104). Cells were collected 3 days post-transfection for further analysis.

### Mouse

CD-1 mice were fed under a stable raising condition (22°C ± 1°C) in a pathogen-free animal facility in Sun Yat-sen University. Experimental protocols associated with the handling of mice were approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of Sun Yat-sen University, PR China.

### Plasmid construction

pCMV-PE2 came from Addgene (#132775). All split-PE driven by the CMV promoter or EF1 $\alpha$  core promoter were modified from pX601 (Addgene; #61591). pLenti-GFP-puro was modified from pLenti-gRNA-puro (Addgene; #52963) containing a premature stop codon in the GFP coding sequence (Figure S1). pegRNAs were ligated to pLenti-gRNA-puro, pxSplit-PE1005, or pxSplit-PE1024; gRNAs were ligated to pLenti-gRNA-puro, pxSplit-PE1006, or pxSplit-PE1025. pegRNA and gRNA sequences for different targets were listed in Table S1. The vectors, in which PEs were driven by the CMV promoter, were used in Figures 1, 2, 3, and 4, and the vectors with the CMV promoter or EF1 $\alpha$  core promoter-driven PE expression were used in Figure 5. The split-PE AAV vector contains either inverted terminal repeat (ITR)-promoter-nucleic localization signal (NLS)-Cas9nN-RmaN-poly(A)-U6-pegRNA-ITR or ITR-promoter-RmaC-Cas9nC-MLV RT-NLS-poly(A)-U6-gRNA-ITR.

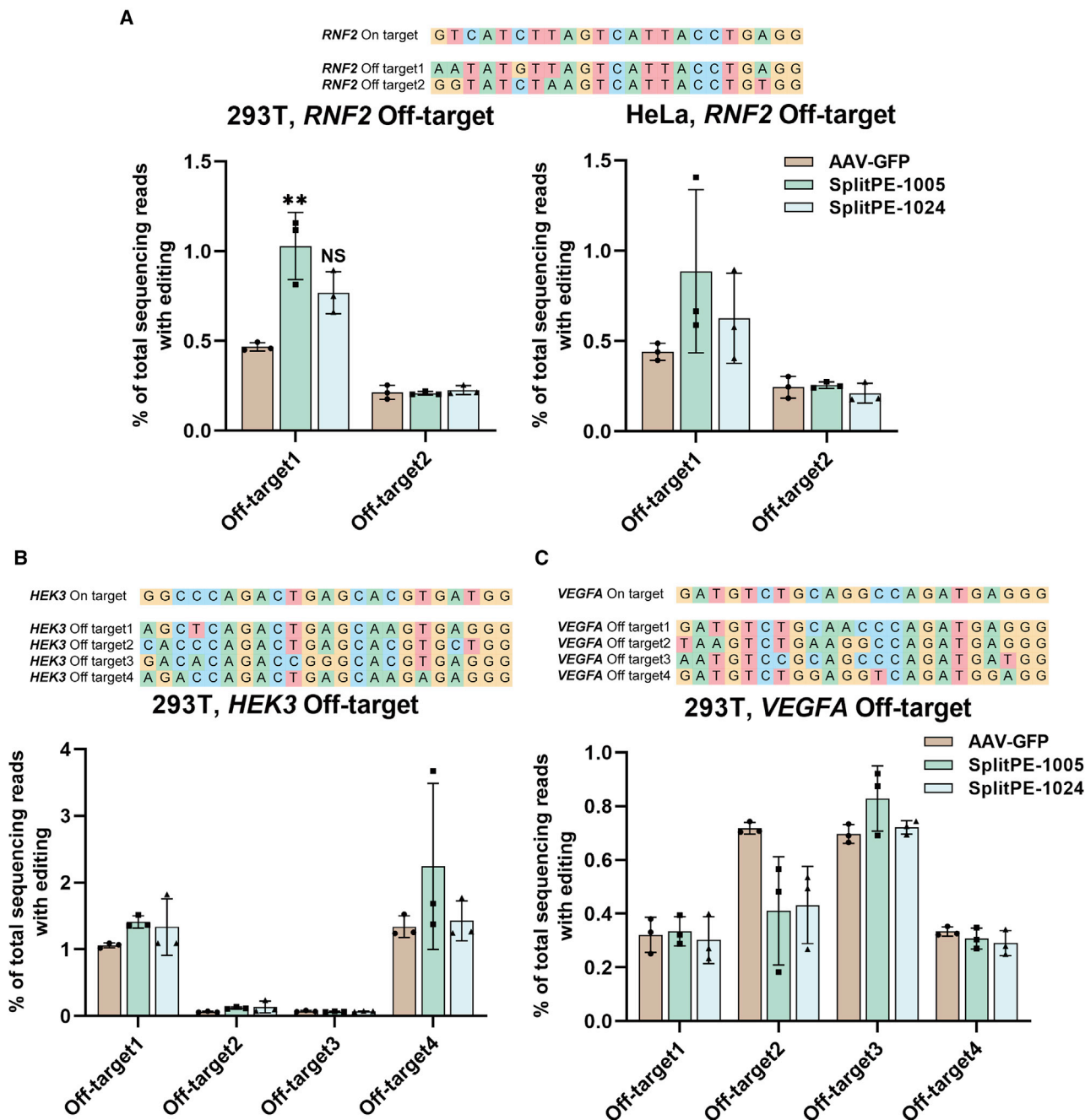
### Establishment of GFPm reporter cell line

HEK293T cells were transfected with pLenti-GFP-puro and lentivirus packaging vectors pMD2.G and pSPAX2. Then, HEK293T cells were infected with lentivirus supplemented carrying GFP with 8  $\mu$ g/mL polybrene. 2 days post-infection, infected cells were selected with 2  $\mu$ g/mL puromycin for at least 7 days.

### Flow cytometry analysis

GFPm reporter cells were washed with phosphate-buffered saline once and digested by 0.25% trypsin (Thermo Fisher Scientific). Then, the digested cells were terminated by the addition of phosphate-buffered saline containing 10% FBS. Samples were then detected by CytoFLEX (Beckman) to determine the percentage of GFP-positive cells.

Editing efficiencies represent sequencing reads that contain the correct edit and do not contain indels among total sequencing reads, which were analyzed by MATLAB and CRISPResso2. Indels were plotted for comparison. AAV1-GFP, negative control. Values and error bars represent the mean ± SD of three independent biological repeats. One-way ANOVA was used for calculating statistical significance (\*\*p < 0.01; \*\*\*p < 0.001).



**Figure 4. Off-target analysis of endogenous sites targeted by dual-AAV-delivered split-PEs in human cells**

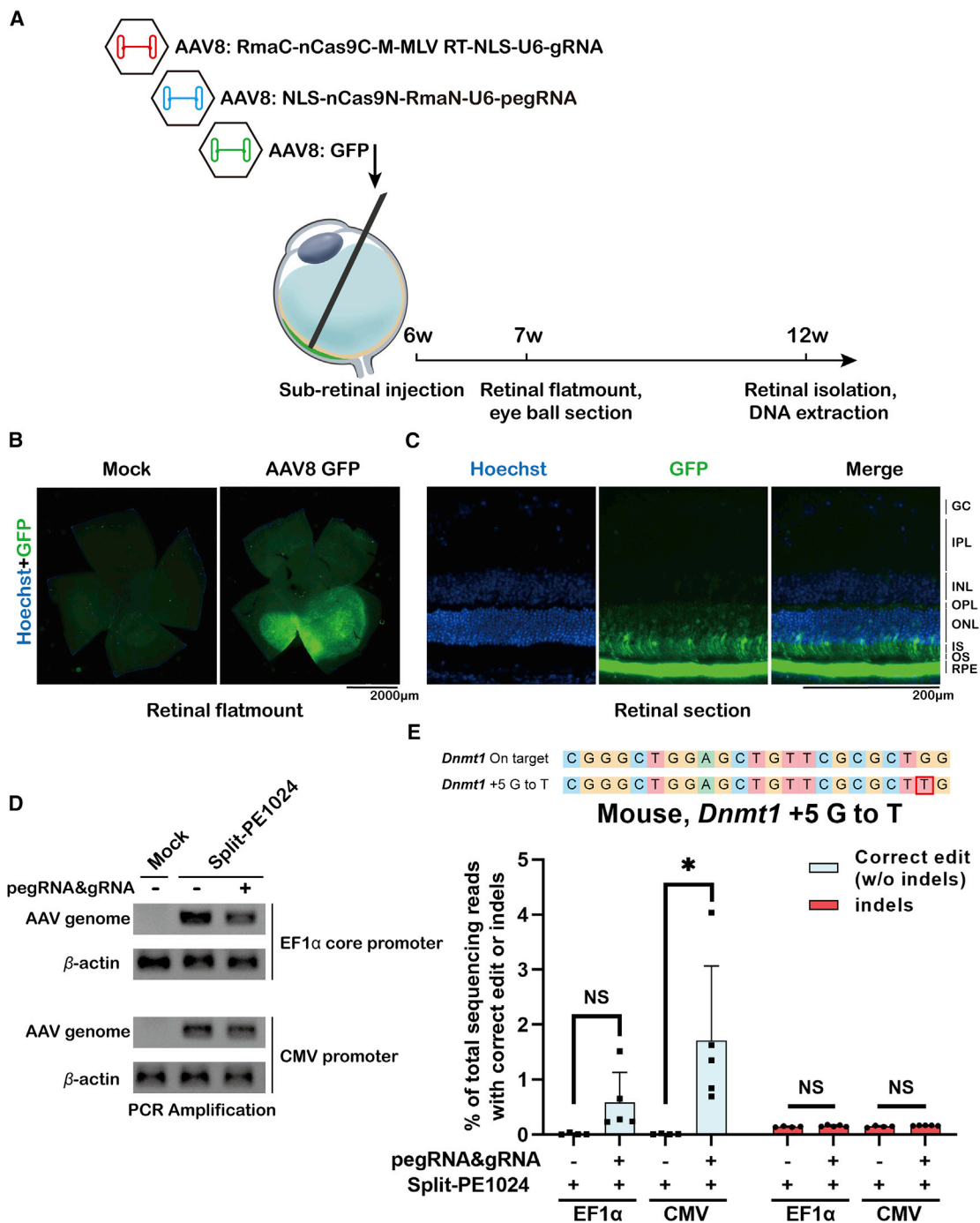
(A) Editing frequency of two known off-target sites of *RNF2* in HEK293T and HeLa cells. (B) Editing frequency of four known top off-target sites of *HEK3* in HEK293T cells. (C) Editing frequency of four predicted top off-target sites of *VEGFA* in HEK293T cells. The edits include all types of base substitutions as well as indels, which were analyzed by CRISPResso2. AAV1-GFP, negative control. Values and error bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SD of three independent biological repeats. One-way ANOVA was used for calculating statistical significance (\*\* $p < 0.01$ ).

#### AAV preparation

AAV package and quantification were referred to Addgene's protocols. HEK293T cells were transfected with transfer plasmid and AAV packaging vectors pHelper and Rep/Cap at about 75% conflu-

ency. 96 h post-transfection, the supernatant was collected and processed with PEG8000 (Sigma) for virus precipitation. Meanwhile, cells were collected and lysed by sonication and Benzonase treatment. For further purification of AAVs, an iodixanol gradient was used for





**Figure 5. Efficient editing of *Dnmt1* in adult mouse eye by split-PE1024 delivered with dual AAVs**

(A) Schematic illustration of subretinal injection.  $1.1 \times 10^{10}$  vg AAV8 ( $5 \times 10^9$  vg N-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $5 \times 10^9$  vg C-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $1 \times 10^9$  vg GFP) was injected into 6-week-old mouse retina. Mouse retina genomic DNA was isolated and extracted 6 weeks post-injection. (B) Representative retinal flatmount showing variable GFP intensity and uneven distribution. 1 week post-injection of  $10^9$  vg AAV8-GFP, the mouse retina was isolated. Scale bar, 2,000  $\mu$ m. (C) Fluorescence image of mouse retina section. RPE, retinal pigment epithelium; OS, outer segment; IS, inner segment; ONL, outer nuclear layer; OPL, outer plexiform layer; INL, inner nuclear layer; IPL, inner plexiform layer; GC, ganglion cell layer. Scale bar, 200  $\mu$ m. (D) PCR amplification to detect the AAV genome in mouse retina injected with non-targeting or *Dnmt1*-targeting dual-AAV split-PEs with the EF1 $\alpha$  or CMV promoter. Mock, noninjected control mouse retina. (E) Targeted editing

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ultracentrifugation. Fractions containing AAVs were collected and resuspended by phosphate-buffered saline with 0.001% Pluronic F-68. Finally, the qPCR analysis was used for determining the titers of the virus with the primers listed on Addgene (ITR FP (forward primer): 5'-GGAACCCCTAGTGATGGAGTT-3'; ITR FRP (reverse primer): 5'-CGGCCTCAGTGAGCGA-3'). Purified AAV was aliquoted and stored at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### AAV infection in human cells

5,000 HEK293T cells or HeLa cells were seeded in 24-well plates and infected with AAV1 at  $10^7$  MOI. 5 days post-infection, cells were collected for genomic DNA extraction using a DNeasy Blood & Tissue Kit (QIAGEN).

#### Subretinal injection

6-week-old CD-1 female mice were anesthetized. Phenylephrine (0.5%) and tropicamide (0.5%) were used for dilating the pupils. Then, proparacaine hydrochloride (0.5%) was used for anesthetizing the pupils. For assisted visualization of the mouse retina, a little ophthalmic viscoelastic solution was dropped on the corneal surface. Then, a small hole was punctured at the corneal margin using a 30G needle.  $1\ \mu\text{L}$  AAV8 ( $5 \times 10^9$  vg N-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $5 \times 10^9$  vg C-terminal half of split-PE1024 +  $1 \times 10^9$  vg GFP) was injected using a 33G blunt-end needle (Hamilton; 7803-05) in 40 s, which was connected with a Hamilton syringe (1701RN no needle, 7653-01) and inserted through the hole and positioned to subretinal space. For preventing dryness and post-surgery infection, vet ointment was used post-injection.

#### Targeted deep sequencing

Genomic DNA was purified from cultured cells or mouse RPE using a DNeasy Blood & Tissue Kit (QIAGEN). The target/off-target sites were amplified with barcode-containing primers and a KOD PCR kit (Toyobo) to generate a deep-sequencing library. PCR products were then sequenced paired end 150 HiSeq 2000 (Illumina). Single-nucleotide transversion-editing efficiency was analyzed by MATLAB,<sup>8</sup> whereas insertion editing efficiency and indel frequency were analyzed by CRISPResso2.<sup>33</sup>

#### Mouse retinal processing

1 week post-injection, for mouse retinal flatmount, the mouse retina was isolated and cut to a "clover" shape to release any tensions in the phosphate-buffered saline. The cut retina was then stained in 0.1% Hoechst and mounted in 7.5% polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP), 50 mM Tris (pH 8.0), mounting media. For the mouse retinal section, after removing the cornea and lens, the eyecup was washed with phosphate-buffered saline twice and fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde in phosphate-buffered saline for 30 min. Fixed eyecup was

incubated in phosphate-buffered saline with 30% sucrose at  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 12 h. Incubated eye cup was then immersed in *Tissue-Tek* O.C.T. (optimal cutting temperature) compound for cryo-section and stained in 0.1% Hoechst. Mouse retinal flatmount and section were imaged by the Lionheart imaging system.

#### Statistical analysis

The statistical significances were examined using one-way ANOVA with the Dunnett's test for data with equal variance among multiple values and normal distribution (GraphPad 8.0.2). t test was also used for calculating statistical significance comparing two groups of normally distributed data. Data were deemed significant at \* $p < 0.05$ , \*\* $0.01$ , or \*\*\* $0.001$ .

#### High-throughput sequencing (HTS) data availability

HTS data that support the findings of this study have been deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive database (SRA; <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra>) under accession numbers NCBI: PRJNA739843 and NCBI: PRJNA739877 and listed in Table S2.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental information can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ymthe.2021.07.011>.

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#### AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

J.H. conceived and designed the project and contributed to the final approval of the manuscript. S.Z., Y.C., G.W., J. Wen, J. Wu, Q.L., Y.L., R.K., S.H., and J. Wang performed the experiments and analyzed the data. S.Z., Y.C., P.L., and J.H. wrote the manuscript. All authors read and approved the final manuscript.

#### DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

The authors declare no competing interests.

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efficiencies at the *Dnmt1* site in adult mouse retina. Editing efficiencies represent sequencing reads that contain the correct edit and do not contain indels among total sequencing reads, which were analyzed by MATLAB and CRISPResso2. Indels were plotted for comparison. Retina injected with split-PE1024 and non-targeting pegRNA as the negative control. Values and error bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SD of more than three independent mice eyes. t test was used for calculating statistical significance (\* $p < 0.05$ ).

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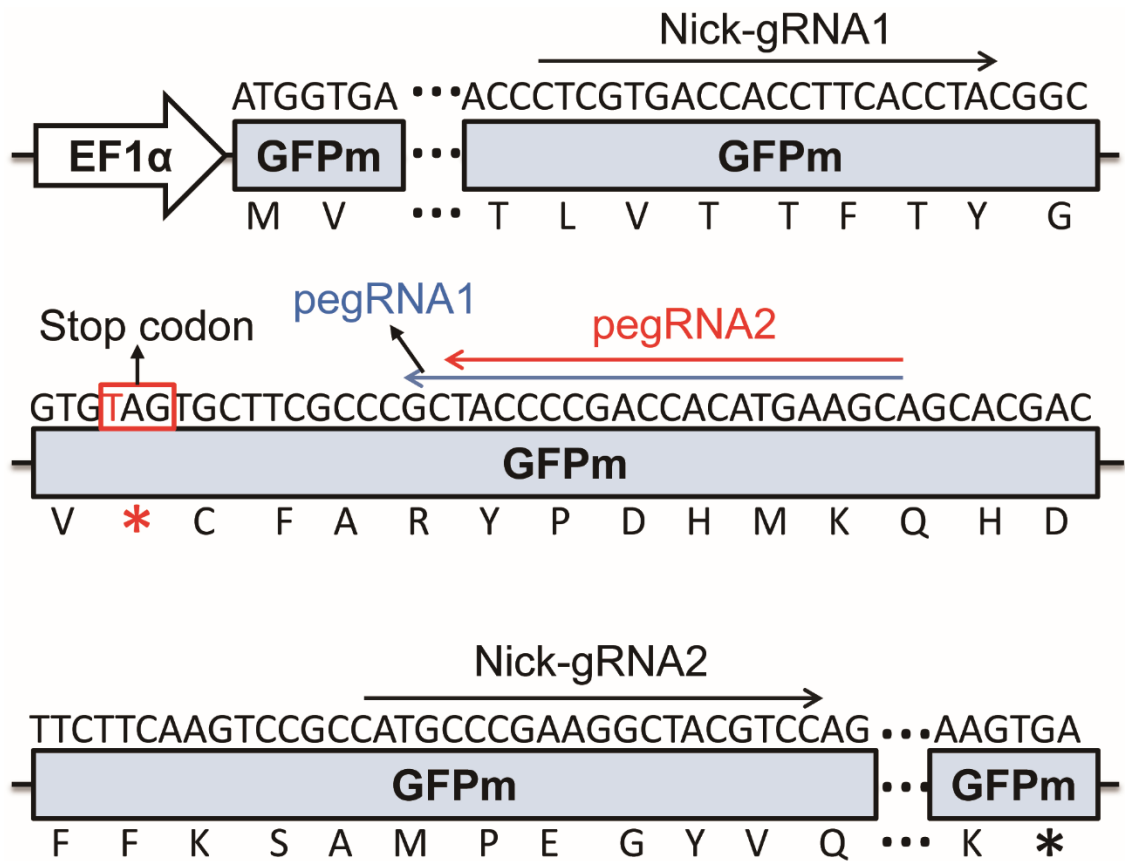
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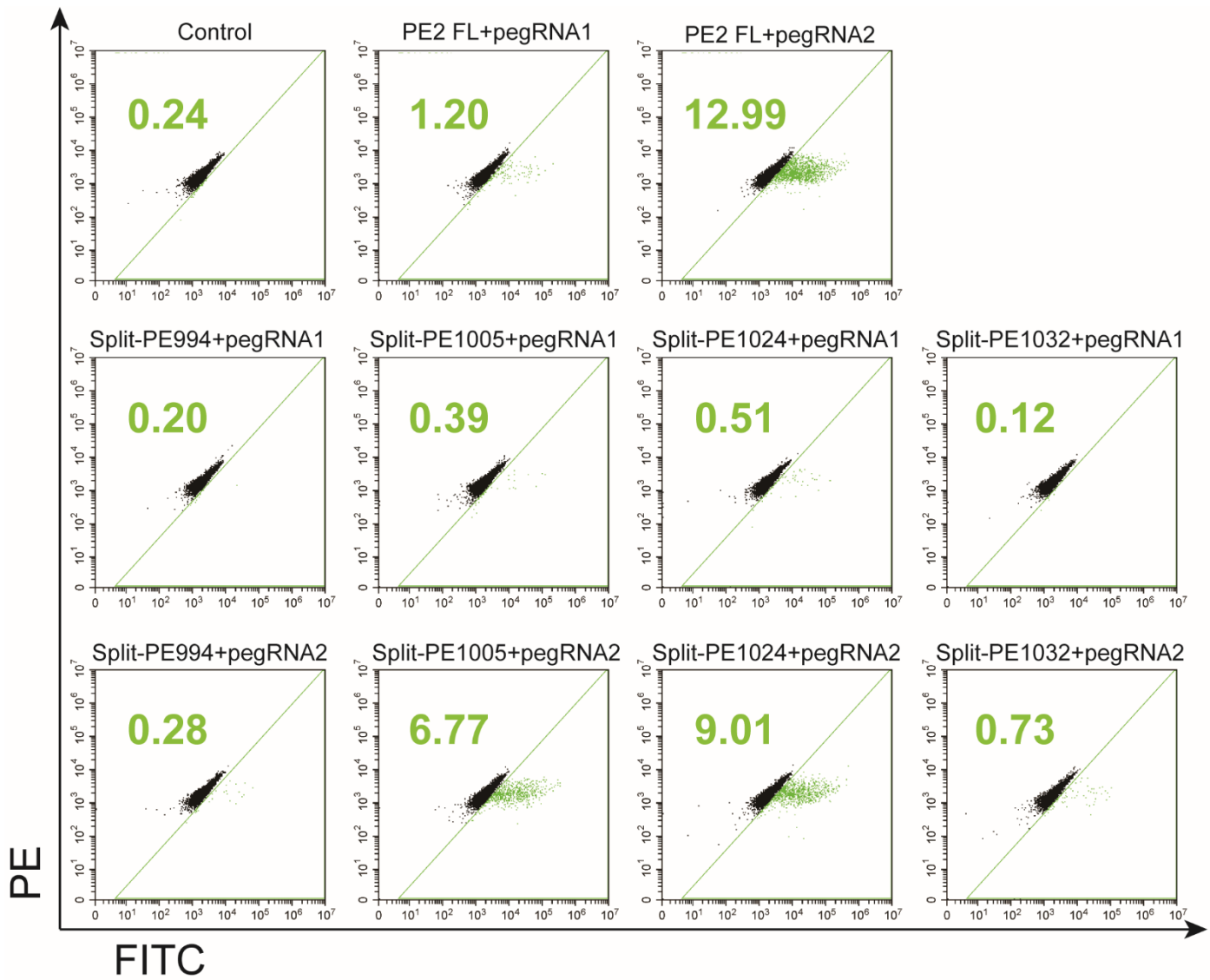
## **Supplemental Information**

### **Dual-AAV delivering split prime editor system for *in vivo* genome editing**

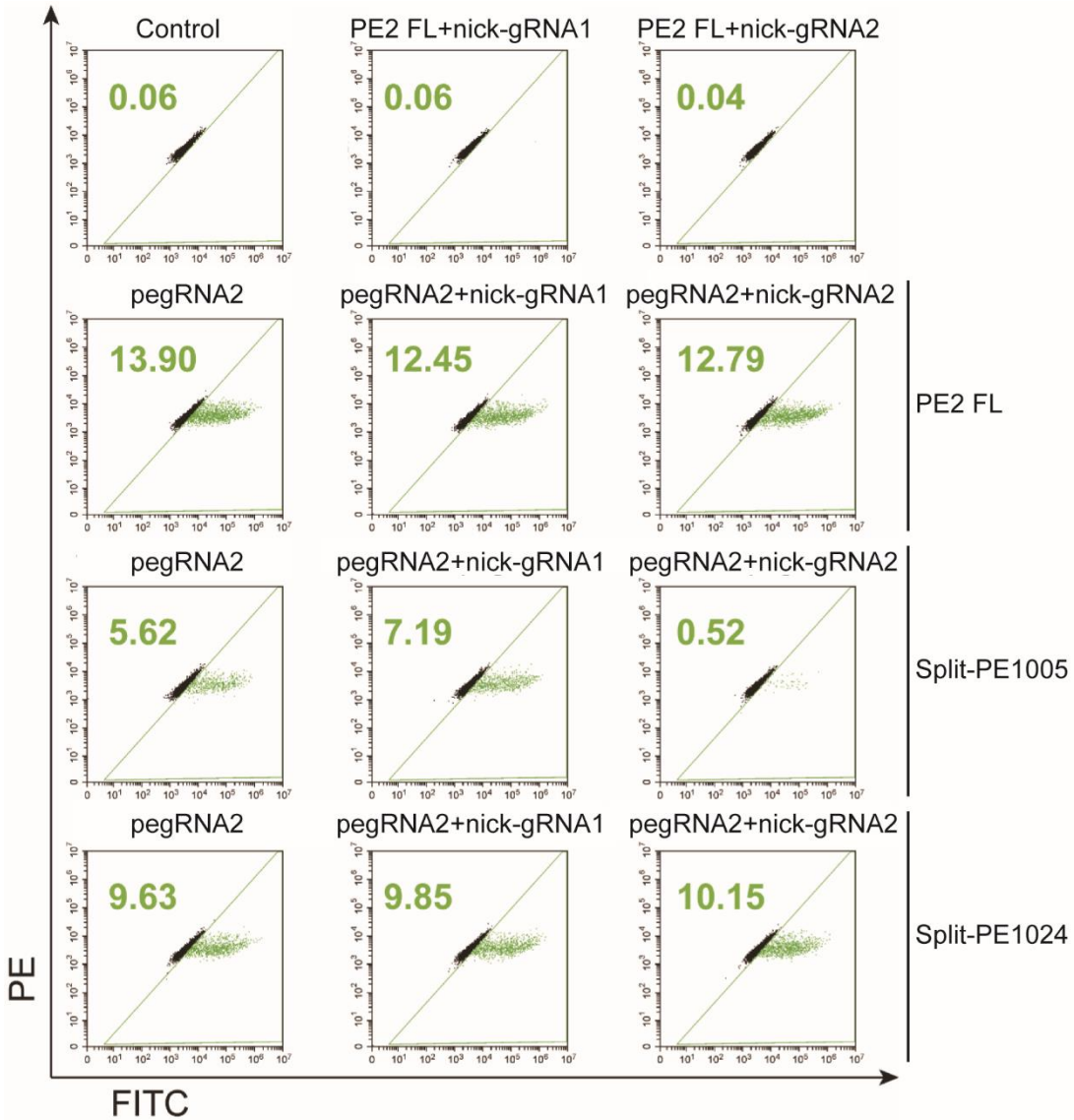
**Shengyao Zhi, Yuxi Chen, Guanglan Wu, Jinkun Wen, Jinni Wu, Qianyi Liu, Yang Li, Rui Kang, Sihui Hu, Jiahui Wang, Puping Liang, and Junjiu Huang**



**Figure S1. Schematics of GFP mutated (GFPm) reporter.** Two pegRNAs were designed both with a PBS length of 13 nt and an RT template length of 19 nt downstream the mutation site. And two nick-gRNAs were designed to nick the non-edited strand.

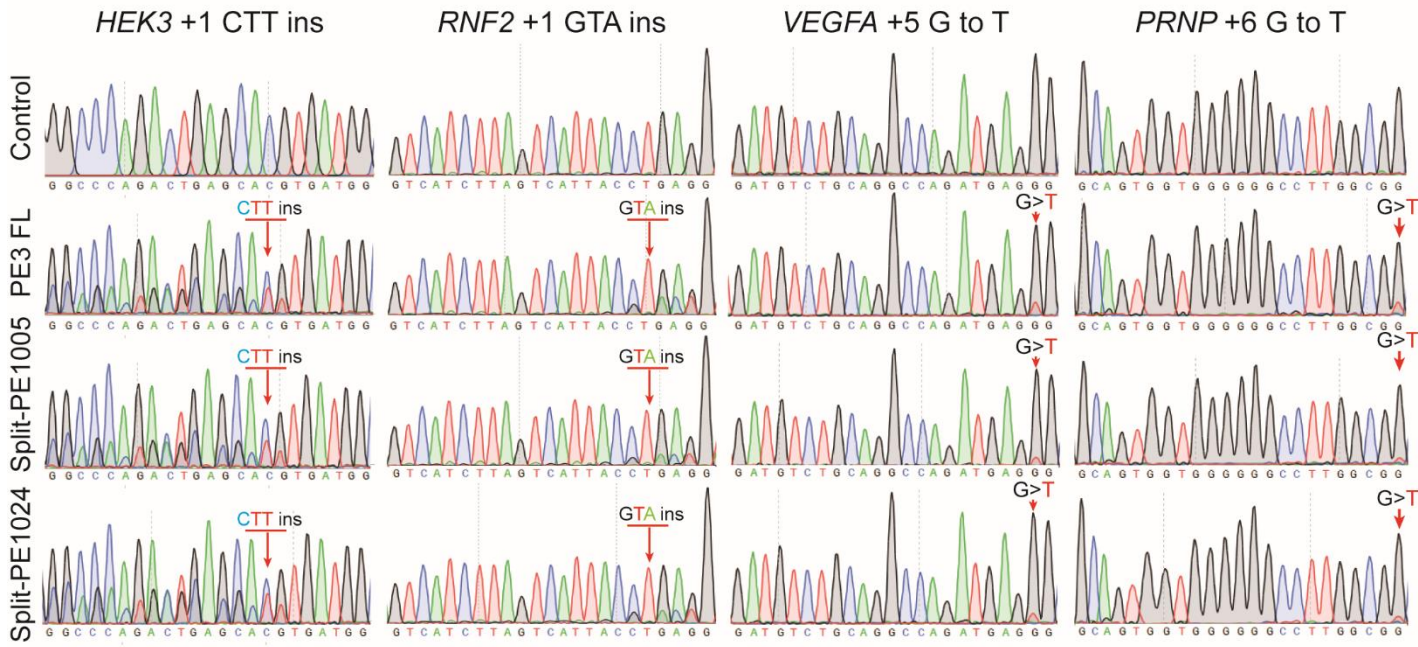


**Figure S2. Inducible GFP expression with different split-PE2 pairs and pegRNAs in the GFPm reporter cell.** The GFP signal would be detected by a flow cytometer when the TAG codon was corrected to CAG codon after split-PEs treatment. The signals of PE and FITC channels were collected to eliminate auto-fluorescence. The percentages of GFP positive cells were in green. Control, cells transfected with full-length PE2 but not pegRNA. PE2 FL refers to full-length PE2. Split-PE994, split-PE1005, split-PE1024, and split-PE1032 were split at 994-995, 1005-1006, 1024-1025, and 1032-1033, respectively.

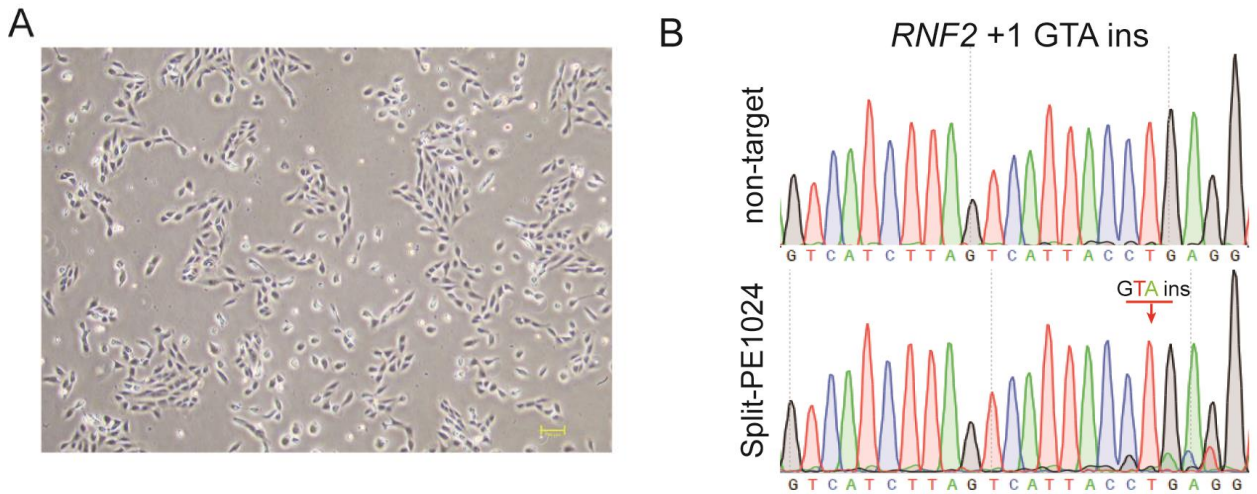


**Figure S3. Inducible GFP expression with varying split-PE2 pairs, pegRNA2, and nick-gRNAs in GFPm reporter.** The GFP signal would be detected by a flow cytometer when the stop codon (TAG) has been corrected to wild-type Gln (CAG) codon after split-PEs treatment. PE and FITC channels were collected to eliminated auto-fluorescence. Green color labeling the percentages of GFP positive cells. Control, cells transfected with full-length PE2 but not pegRNA. PE2 FL refers to full-length PE2. Split-PE1005 and split-PE1024 were split at 1005-1006 and 1024-1025, respectively.

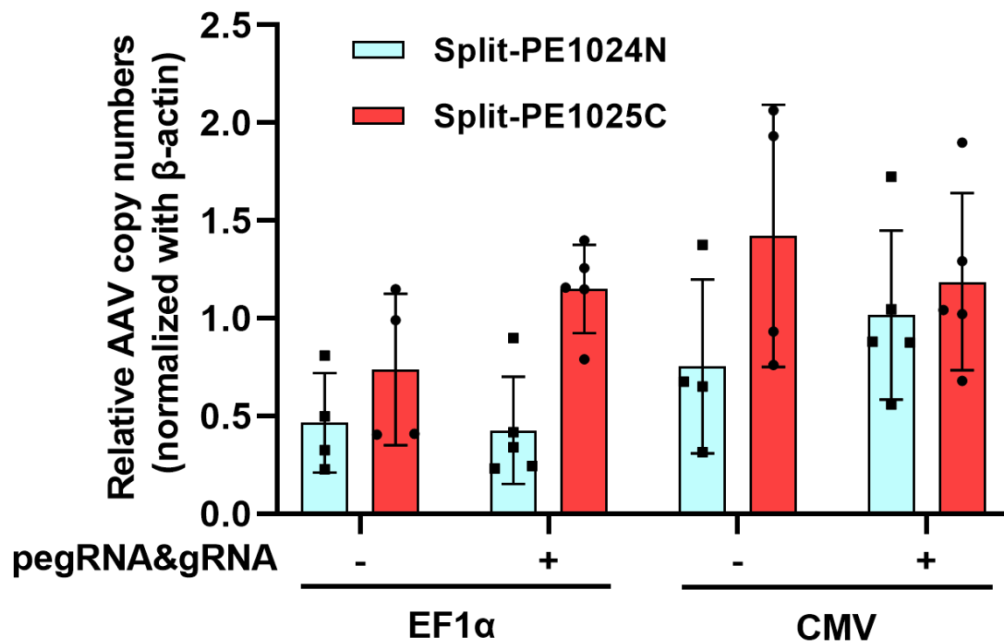




**Figure S4. Prime editing of endogenous sites in HEK293T cells by split-PEs.** Sanger sequencing data analysis of insertion and single-nucleotide transversion prime editing at four endogenous sites targeted by split-PEs through plasmid transfection. The red arrow indicates the editing site. Control, HEK293T cells transfected with full-length PE2 but not pegRNA. PE3 FL, HEK293T cells transfected with full-length PE2, pegRNA and nick-gRNA. Split-PE1005 and split-PE1024 were split at 1005-1006 and 1024-1025, respectively.



**Figure S5. Prime editing of endogenous site in ARPE-19 cells by split-PE1024.** (A) Morphology of ARPE-19 cells. Scale bars indicated 100  $\mu\text{m}$ . (B) Example of Sanger sequencing to detect editing at *RNF2* for +1 GTA insertion targeted by split-PE1024 in ARPE-19 cells. The red arrow indicates the edited site.



**Figure S6. Quantitative PCR analysis of relative AAV copy numbers in mice retina.** Blue columns refer to the N-terminal half of PE (Split-PE1024N), whereas red columns refer to the C-terminal half of PE (Split-PE1025C). Data were normalized using  $\beta$ -actin. Values and error bars represent the mean  $\pm$  S.D. of more than three independent mice eyes.

*Dnmt1* On target C G G G C T G G A G C T G T T C G C G C T G G

*Dnmt1* Off target1 C G G C C T G C A G C T G A G C G C G C T G G

*Dnmt1* Off target2 C G G G G T C G A G C A G T G C G C G C G G G

*Dnmt1* Off target3 C G G G C T G G T G G T T G T C G C G C G G G

*Dnmt1* Off target4 G C A G C T G C A C C T G T T C G C G C T G G

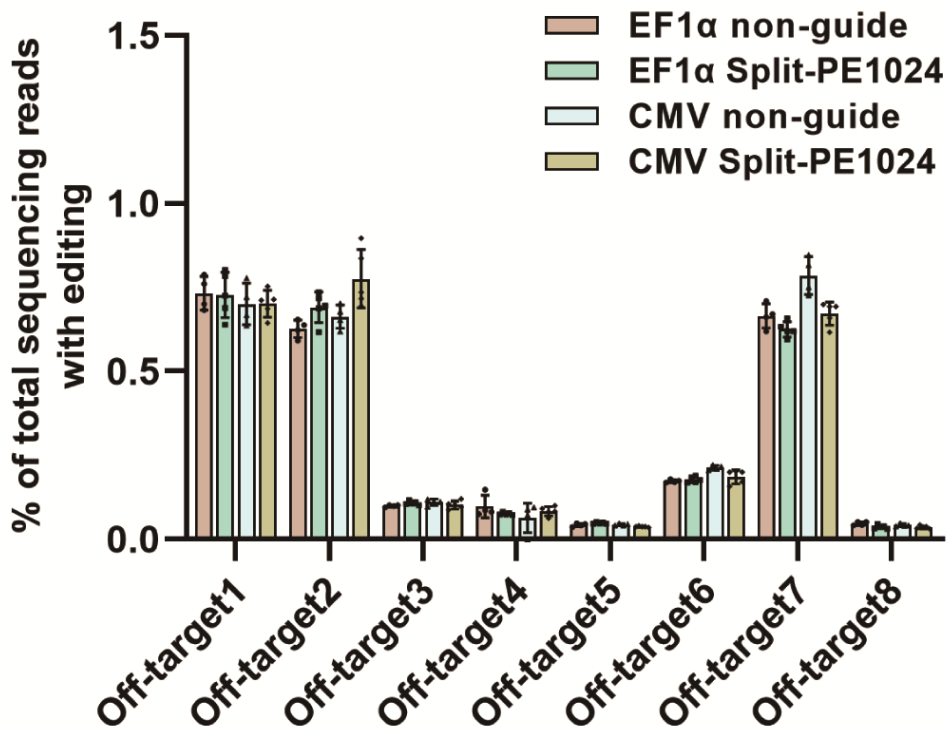
*Dnmt1* Off target5 A C G C C T G G A G G T G G T C G C G C T G G

*Dnmt1* Off target6 G G C A C T G G G G C T G T C G C G C G G G

*Dnmt1* Off target7 G G A C C T G G A G C T G C G C G C G C G G

*Dnmt1* Off target8 G A G G C T G G A G C T G T T G G C G C A G G

### mouse, *Dnmt1* Off-target



**Figure S7. Off-target analysis of *Dnmt1* targeted by dual-AAV delivered split-PE1024 in mouse retina.** All types of editing, including all types of indels as well as base substitutions, were analyzed by CRISPResso2. Retinas injected with split-PE1024 and non-targeting pegRNA were regarded as negative control. Values and error bars represent the mean  $\pm$  S.D. of more than three independent mice eyes.

Supplementary Table S1. List of pegRNAs, gRNAs, and primers.

Sequences of pegRNAs				
pegRNA	spacer sequence	3'extension sequence	PBS length (nt)	RT template length (nt)
GFPm_pegRNA1	cttcatgtggcgggtagc	gtgtagtgctcggcctaccccaccacat	13	19
GFPm_pegRNA2	gcttcatgtggcgggtag	tgtagtgctcggcctaccccaccacatg	13	19
<i>RNF2</i> _+1GTA_ins	gtcatcttagcattacctg	aacgaacacctcagtagtaataactaatg	15	17
<i>VEGFA</i> _+5GtoT	gatgtctgcaggccagatga	atctggagcactcatctggcctgcaga	13	14
<i>HEK3</i> _+1CTT_ins	ggcccagactgagcacgtga	tctgccatcaaagcgtgctcagctctg	13	13
<i>PRNP</i> _+6GtoT	gcagtggggtggggccttgg	atgtagtcgccaaggccccccacc	12	12
<i>DNMT1</i> _+5GtoT	cgggctggagctgttcgcgc	aagatgcaagcgcgaacagctccag	13	12
Sequences of gRNAs				
Nick-gRNA	spacer sequence			
GFPm-nick-gRNA1	ctcgtgaccaccttcaccta			
GFPm-nick-gRNA2	catgccgaaggctacgtcc			
<i>RNF2</i> -nick-gRNA	tcaaccattaagcaaacat			
<i>VEGFA</i> -nick-gRNA	ccctctgacaatgtgccatc			
<i>HEK3</i> -nick-gRNA	gtcaaccagtatcccgggtgc			
<i>PRNP</i> -nick-gRNA	gcatgtttcagcatagtaa			
<i>DNMT1</i> -nick-gRNA	ccgcgcgcgcgaaaaagccg			
Sequences of primers				
Description	Forward	Reverse		
<i>RNF2</i> -DS	aacggaactcaaccattaagca	ccaacatacagaagtcaggaatgc		
<i>VEGFA</i> -DS	aaacttggtgccaattctctcc	tatttgggactggagttgcttca		
<i>HEK3</i> -DS	cgcccatgcaattagctatttct	actgtcaaccagtatcccg		
<i>PRNP</i> -DS	aacaagccgagtaagcaaaaaac	gtaacggtgcatgttttcacgat		
<i>DNMT1</i> -DS	gccccctccaattggtttc	ggagatacccccaatatatgctt		
<i>RNF2</i> -OT1	aaattatcatatgtgaaagaagccagg	cctgccaatgaaatccaaatgaaa		
<i>RNF2</i> -OT2	atgtggttaaaatccactgttctaa	caatagtgatcagtaaagtaagaaatc		
<i>HEK3</i> -OT1	gtccaaaggccaagaacct	gagagggaacagaggggct		
<i>HEK3</i> -OT2	tccccgttgacctggagaa	actgtacttgccctgacca		
<i>HEK3</i> -OT3	tgagatgtgggcagaaagg	tggtgttgacaggagcaaa		
<i>HEK3</i> -OT4	gctcatcttaactgctcagcc	cctagcactttggaaggtcg		
<i>VEGFA</i> -OT1	gaggaggccaagagctagcttgac	tagaggctgaaagtctgagatcagagtg		
<i>VEGFA</i> -OT2	cctttgtttgtgttttggctgtagg	aataggtggtgatcgctgcca		
<i>VEGFA</i> -OT3	ttttgtaactcgagagcccaggtgt	cagctgtcttccccactctactctga		
<i>VEGFA</i> -OT4	ggaaaagaggagctctttggaagaca	gcatccccattcatccagcagtg		
AAV-PE-detect	tcttctcgtggaagaggataa	ctcgaacagctggtgttaggtc		
SplitPE-N-qPCR	accagagcaagaacggctac	tggtcagcttcacgagcagt		
SplitPE-C-qPCR	gacaaagtgtctgctccgcta	ctggtgtacctcttccggtc		
mouse- $\beta$ -actin-qPCR	gagagctcaccattcaccatctt	gggcccggactcatcgtact		
mouse- $\beta$ -actin	gtccctcaccctccaaaag	gctgctcaaacctcaacce		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target1	cggaggaggcggcgcgcgcc	gtacagcagcacggccagtgccgc		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target2	agagcggctgcagtaagccg	tcacctgcacgcacagaaccagt		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target3	cggagtcctagagcgaagc	gtgacaagaggacgaaaagcg		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target4	ttttccaccggctcctcttg	ggacagcttggctgaggac		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target5	agcggattacctaagcaggg	cggtgacctccggtgtttc		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target6	ctttccaggtgatcggcg	ttctgggatggagaagatcgc		
<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target7	gagcagggtgggactcac	gactcggcccctggatttc		

<i>Dnmt1</i> -Off-target8	cgaaggggaaaaccaggaa	ggtggcactgctagatctcc		
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**Supplementary Table S2. List of amplicon sequence\_data used in this study.**

<b>Amplicon_seq_data_name</b>	<b>Figure</b>	<b>Target gene</b>	<b>SRA_data_name (SRR_numbers)</b>	<b>PRJNA_numbers</b>	<b>Barcode</b>
RNF2_non_guide_repeat1	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	AGTTCAGG
RNF2_non_guide_repeat2	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	AGTTCAGG
RNF2_non_guide_repeat3	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	AGTTCAGG
RNF2_PE3_FL_repeat1	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	GACCTGAA
RNF2_PE3_FL_repeat2	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	GACCTGAA
RNF2_PE3_FL_repeat3	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	GACCTGAA
RNF2_SplitPE1005_repeat1	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	TCTCTACT
RNF2_SplitPE1005_repeat2	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	TCTCTACT
RNF2_SplitPE1005_repeat3	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	TCTCTACT
RNF2_SplitPE1024_repeat1	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	CTCTCGTC
RNF2_SplitPE1024_repeat2	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	CTCTCGTC
RNF2_SplitPE1024_repeat3	2B	RNF2	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	CTCTCGTC
VEGFA_non_guide_repeat1	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	ATCCACTG
VEGFA_non_guide_repeat2	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	ATCCACTG
VEGFA_non_guide_repeat3	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	ATCCACTG
VEGFA_PE3_FL_repeat1	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	GCTTGTC
VEGFA_PE3_FL_repeat2	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	GCTTGTC
VEGFA_PE3_FL_repeat3	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	GCTTGTC
VEGFA_SplitPE1005_repeat1	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	CAAGCTAG
VEGFA_SplitPE1005_repeat2	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	CAAGCTAG
VEGFA_SplitPE1005_repeat3	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	CAAGCTAG
VEGFA_SplitPE1024_repeat1	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	TGGATCGA
VEGFA_SplitPE1024_repeat2	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	TGGATCGA
VEGFA_SplitPE1024_repeat3	2C	VEGFA	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	TGGATCGA
HEK3_non_guide_repeat1	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	AGCGCTAG
HEK3_non_guide_repeat2	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	AGCGCTAG
HEK3_non_guide_repeat3	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	AGCGCTAG

HEK3_PE3_FL_repeat1	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	GATATCGA
HEK3_PE3_FL_repeat2	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	GATATCGA
HEK3_PE3_FL_repeat3	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	GATATCGA
HEK3_SplitPE1005_repeat1	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	CGCAGACG
HEK3_SplitPE1005_repeat2	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	CGCAGACG
HEK3_SplitPE1005_repeat3	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	CGCAGACG
HEK3_SplitPE1024_repeat1	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	TATGAGTA
HEK3_SplitPE1024_repeat2	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	TATGAGTA
HEK3_SplitPE1024_repeat3	2D	HEK3	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	TATGAGTA
PRNP_non_guide_repeat1	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	CCAAGTCT
PRNP_non_guide_repeat2	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	CCAAGTCT
PRNP_non_guide_repeat3	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	CCAAGTCT
PRNP_PE3_FL_repeat1	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	TTGGACTC
PRNP_PE3_FL_repeat2	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	TTGGACTC
PRNP_PE3_FL_repeat3	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	TTGGACTC
PRNP_SplitPE1005_repeat1	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	GGCTTAAG
PRNP_SplitPE1005_repeat2	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	GGCTTAAG
PRNP_SplitPE1005_repeat3	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	GGCTTAAG
PRNP_SplitPE1024_repeat1	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891600)	PRJNA739843	AATCCGGA
PRNP_SplitPE1024_repeat2	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891599)	PRJNA739843	AATCCGGA
PRNP_SplitPE1024_repeat3	2E	PRNP	Fig2-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891598)	PRJNA739843	AATCCGGA
HEK3_AAV_GFP_repeat1	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-GFP-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_GFP_repeat2	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-GFP-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_GFP_repeat3	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-GFP-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1005-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1005-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1005-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1024-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1024-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None



HEK3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	3C	HEK3	Fig3-293T-HEK3-AAV-split1024-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_GFP_repeat1	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-GFP-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_GFP_repeat2	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-GFP-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_GFP_repeat3	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-GFP-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1005-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1005-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1005-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1024-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1024-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
VEGFA_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	3D	VEGFA	Fig3-293T-VEGFA-AAV-splitPE1024-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-GFP-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-GFP-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-GFP-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1005-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1005-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1005-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1024-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1024-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	3E	RNF2	Fig3-293T-RNF2-AAV-splitPE1024-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-GFP-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-GFP-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-GFP-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1005-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1005-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1005-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1024-1.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1024-2.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
HeLa_RNF2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	3F	RNF2	Fig3-HeLa-RNF2-AAV-split1024-3.fastq	PRJNA739843	None
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT

293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
293T_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
293T_RNF2_OT2_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	CTAGCGCT
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1005_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	GCCACAGG
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
HeLa_RNF2_OT1_AAV_Split PE1024_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target1	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	CATAATAC
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	TCGATATC

HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	ATTGTGAA
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891593)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891592)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
HeLa_RNF2_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4A	RNF2_off_target2	Fig4-HeLa-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891591)	PRJNA739843	GATCTATC
HEK3_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CCTGTGGC
HEK3_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CCTGTGGC
HEK3_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CCTGTGGC
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GCCAAGGT
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GCCAAGGT
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GCCAAGGT
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CACTACGA
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CACTACGA
HEK3_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CACTACGA
HEK3_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TTCACAAT
HEK3_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TTCACAAT
HEK3_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TTCACAAT
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	ATTGGAAC
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	ATTGGAAC
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	ATTGGAAC
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GCAGAATC
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GCAGAATC
HEK3_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GCAGAATC
HEK3_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	AACAGGAA
HEK3_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	AACAGGAA
HEK3_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	AACAGGAA
HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TAGAGCGC
HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TAGAGCGC

HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TAGAGCGC
HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	ACCACTTA
HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	ACCACTTA
HEK3_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	ACCACTTA
HEK3_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GGTGAAGG
HEK3_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GGTGAAGG
HEK3_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GGTGAAGG
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CGAGATAT
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CGAGATAT
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CGAGATAT
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TGTCGTAG
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TGTCGTAG
HEK3_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4B	HEK3_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TGTCGTAG
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CTGCTTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CTGCTTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CTGCTTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	AGTACTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	AGTACTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	AGTACTCC
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CCATT CGA
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CCATT CGA
VEGFA_OT1_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target1	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CCATT CGA
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TCATCCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TCATCCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TCATCCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GACGTCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GACGTCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1005_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GACGTCTT
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1024_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	ACACTAAG

VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	ACACTAAG
VEGFA_OT2_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target2	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	ACACTAAG
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	AGGTTATA
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	AGGTTATA
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	AGGTTATA
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	TGCGAGAC
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	TGCGAGAC
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	TGCGAGAC
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	GTGTCGGA
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	GTGTCGGA
VEGFA_OT3_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target3	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	GTGTCGGA
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CTCACCAA
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CTCACCAA
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_GFP_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CTCACCAA
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	ACAGGCGC
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	ACAGGCGC
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_005_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	ACAGGCGC
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat1	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq1.fq.gz (SRR14891597)	PRJNA739843	CCTTCACC
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat2	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq2.fq.gz (SRR14891595)	PRJNA739843	CCTTCACC
VEGFA_OT4_AAV_SplitPE1_024_repeat3	4C	VEGFA_off_target4	Fig4-293T-PE-amplicon-seq3.fq.gz (SRR14891594)	PRJNA739843	CCTTCACC
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye1	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	GGACTTGG
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye2	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	AAGTCCAA
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye3	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	ATCCACTG
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye4	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	GCTTGTC
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye1	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	GGACTTGG
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye2	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	AAGTCCAA
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye3	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	TGGATCGA
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye4	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	AGTTCAGG
Dnmt1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye5	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	GACCTGAA

Dnmt1_CMV_non_guide_eye1	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	TCTCTACT
Dnmt1_CMV_non_guide_eye2	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	CTCTCGTC
Dnmt1_CMV_non_guide_eye3	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	AATCCGGA
Dnmt1_CMV_non_guide_eye4	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885688)	PRJNA739877	TAATACAG
Dnmt1_CMV_SplitPE1024_ey e1	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	TTGGACTC
Dnmt1_CMV_SplitPE1024_ey e2	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	ATGTAAGT
Dnmt1_CMV_SplitPE1024_ey e3	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	GCACGGAC
Dnmt1_CMV_SplitPE1024_ey e4	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	GCAGAATT
Dnmt1_CMV_SplitPE1024_ey e5	5E	Dnmt1	Dnmt1-ON-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885696)	PRJNA739877	ATGAGGCC
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	AGTATCTT
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_non_guide _eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_non_guide _eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_non_guide _eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT1_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget1	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	TGCCACCA
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC

Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	GACGCTCC
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_non_guide _eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_non_guide _eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_non_guide _eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT2_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget2	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	CTCTGCCT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	CATGCCAT
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_non_guide _eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_non_guide _eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_non_guide _eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC

Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT3_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget3	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	TCTCATTC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	TGCATTGC
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_non_guide _eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_non_guide _eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_non_guide _eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT4_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget4	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	ACGCCGCA
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT



Dnmt1_OT5_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	GCCAAGGT
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT5_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget5	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	GATAGATC
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_EF1 $\alpha$ _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	CGAGATAT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT

Dnmt1_OT6_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget6	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	AGCGAGCT
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	TAGAGCGC
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_non_guide _eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_non_guide _eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_non_guide _eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT7_CMV_SplitPE10 24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget7	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	CAGTTCCG
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _non_guide_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_EF1α _SplitPE1024_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	GGTTCACC
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_non_guide _eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_ta rget8	Dnmt1-OT-P6.fq.gz (SRR14885692)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA

Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_non_guide_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P7.fq.gz (SRR14885691)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_non_guide_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P8.fq.gz (SRR14885690)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_non_guide_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P9.fq.gz (SRR14885689)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_SplitPE10_24_eye1	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P1.fq.gz (SRR14885698)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_SplitPE10_24_eye2	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P2.fq.gz (SRR14885697)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_SplitPE10_24_eye3	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P3.fq.gz (SRR14885695)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_SplitPE10_24_eye4	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P4.fq.gz (SRR14885694)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA
Dnmt1_OT8_CMV_SplitPE10_24_eye5	S6	Dnmt1_off_target8	Dnmt1-OT-P5.fq.gz (SRR14885693)	PRJNA739877	CTAGGCAA