## SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

**Supplemental Table 1:** Comparison of those stroke patients eligible for analysis versus those excluded

	Eligible	Excluded	P value
	(n=924)	(n=817)	
Age (years)	67.6±14	65.3±14.8	0.001
Sex, male	518 (56%)	455 (56%)	0.91
Race, nonwhite	95 (11%)	182 (23%)	< 0.0001
NIHSS, baseline	7 (4-14)	5 (2-10)	< 0.0001
tPA treatment	614 (66%)	469 (57%)	0.001
Thrombectomy	133 (15%)	30 (4%)	< 0.0001
Diabetes mellitus	200 (22%)	215 (26%)	0.03
Glucose (mg/dl)	121 (106-146)	119 (104-148)	0.15
Systolic BP (mm Hg)	160±30	160±30	0.82
NIHSS, 24 hours	5 (2-11)	2 (1-6)	< 0.0001
Malignant edema	55 (6%)	6 (1%)	< 0.0001
TOAST stroke etiology			0.003
Large artery atherosclerosis	146 (16%)	117 (14%)	
Cardioembolism	363 (39%)	265 (32%)	
Small Vessel disease	68 (7%)	82 (10%)	
Other pathogenesis	37 (4%)	45 (6%)	
Undetermined	276 (34%)	308 (38%)	

Categorical variables are presented as number (%). Values are presented as medians (interquartile range) if distributions are not normal and means (standard deviations) if normal.

Abbreviations: BP, blood pressure;

**Supplemental Figure 1**: Spaghetti Plots of individual patient trajectories for hemispheric CSF ratio, organized by cerebral edema (CED) grades. CED grade 0 are those with no visible edema on follow-up imaging, CED-1 have focal edema affecting less than one-third of the hemisphere, CED-2 have focal edema affecting more than one-third of the hemisphere, and CED-3 have hemispheric edema with midline shift.

