

## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

### Variable susceptibility to gallium compounds of major cystic fibrosis pathogens

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**Table S1. Characteristics of bacterial strains used in this study<sup>a</sup>**

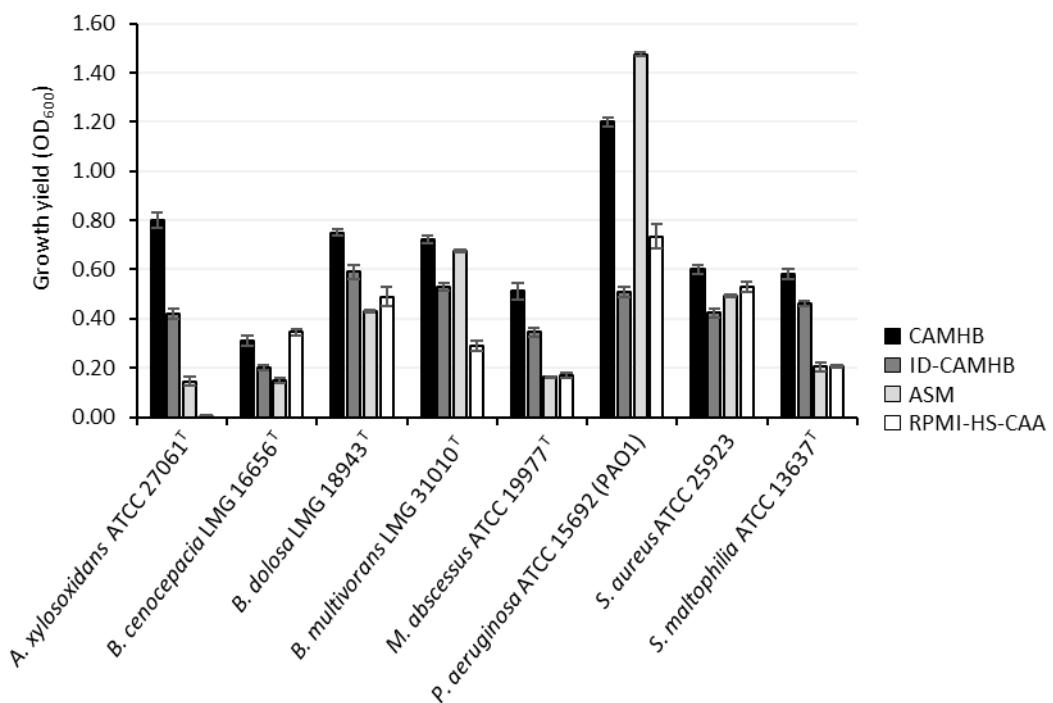
Bacterial species	Strain	Country	Year	Source	Resistance	Reference
<i>Achromobacter xylosoxidans</i>	ATCC 27061 <sup>T</sup>	Japan	ns	ear discharge	ns	[1]
<i>A. xylosoxidans</i>	CF-2	Italy	2008-2010	respiratory secretion of CF patient	MDR	[2]
<i>A. xylosoxidans</i>	CF-3	Italy	2008-2010	respiratory secretion of CF patient	MDR	[2]
<i>A. xylosoxidans</i>	CF-4	Italy	2008-2010	respiratory secretion of CF patient	MDR	[2]
<i>Burkholderia cenocepacia</i>	LMG 16656 <sup>T</sup>	UK	1989	sputum of CF patient	ns	[3]
<i>B. cenocepacia</i>	FFC 0076	UK	ns	CF patient	ns	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>Burkholderia dolosa</i>	LMG 18943 <sup>T</sup>	USA	ns	sputum of CF patient	ns	[4]
<i>B. dolosa</i>	FFC0305	USA	ns	CF patient	ns	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>Burkholderia multivorans</i>	LMG 31010 <sup>T</sup>	Belgium	1992	CF patient	ns	[5] <sup>b</sup>
<i>B. multivorans</i>	454	Czech Republic	2002	CF patient	ns	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	ATCC 49247	USA	1984	sputum of a pneumonia patient	ns	ATCC
<i>H. influenzae</i>	ATCC 9833	USA	ns	CF of patient with meningitis	ns	ATCC
<i>H. influenzae</i>	FC 89	Italy	2004-2009	CF patient	AMP, IPM	[6]
<i>H. influenzae</i>	FC 104	Italy	2004-2009	CF patient	ns	[6]
<i>Mycobacterium abscessus</i>	ATCC 19977 <sup>T</sup>	USA	1953	Knee infection	MDR	[7]
<i>M. abscessus</i>	ISS6	Italy	ns	unknown	MDR	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>M. abscessus</i>	ISS7	Italy	ns	unknown	MDR	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>M. abscessus</i>	ISS9	Italy	ns	unknown	MDR	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	ATCC 15692 (PAO1)	ns	ns	infected wound	ns	ATCC
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	TR1	Italy	2009	respiratory secretion of CF patient	ns	[8]
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	FM12	Italy	ns	respiratory secretion of CF patient	ns	[9]
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	FM13	Italy	ns	respiratory secretion of CF patient	ns	[9]
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	ATCC 25923	USA	1945	human clinical	ns	ATCC
<i>S. aureus</i>	BG-1	Italy	2016	CF patient	ns	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>S. aureus</i>	BG-6	Italy	2016	CF patient	MRSA	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>S. aureus</i>	BG-7	Italy	2016	CF patient	MRSA	This study <sup>b</sup>
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	ATCC 13637 <sup>T</sup>	ns	ns	OP region of patient with mouth cancer	ns	ATCC
<i>S. maltophilia</i>	K279a	UK	ns	blood of non-CF patient	MDR	[10]
<i>S. maltophilia</i>	OBGTC23	Italy	2003-2005	sputum of CF patient	MDR	[11]
<i>S. maltophilia</i>	OBGTC26	Italy	2003-2005	sputum of CF patient	MDR	[11]
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	ATCC 33400 <sup>T</sup>	ns	ns	unknown	ns	ATCC
<i>S. pneumoniae</i>	PFC-01	Italy	2010	CF patient	ns	[12]
<i>S. pneumoniae</i>	PFC-02	Italy	2010	CF patient	ns	[12]
<i>S. pneumoniae</i>	PFC-04	Italy	2010	CF patient	ns	[12]

<sup>a</sup> Abbreviations: ATCC, American type culture collection; AMP, ampicillin; CF, cystic fibrosis; CSF, cerebrospinal fluid; IPM, imipenem; MDR, multi-drug resistant; MRSA, methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*; OP, Oropharyngeal; ns, not specified. <sup>T</sup> type strain.

<sup>b</sup> Identification of strains as member of *B. cepacian* complex was carried out by a triphasic analysis: (i) growth on the selective *Burkholderia cepacia* agar base (ThermoFisher); (ii) positive identification using the commercial system API 20NE (bioMérieux, Marcy l'Etoile, France); (iii) molecular identification by *recA*-PCR-Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism as previously described<sup>13</sup>. *M. abscessus* was isolated on Lowenstein-Jensen solid medium and identified by matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization-time of flight mass spectrometry (MALDI-TOF MS, Bruker Daltonics); *S. aureus* strains were identified by both manual (API-STAPH System; bioMérieux, Marcy-L'Etoile, France) and automate (VITEK 2 System, bioMérieux) biochemical test-based system

**Table S2. Iron concentration in culture media used for Ga(III) susceptibility testing**

<b>Medium</b>	<b>Iron (<math>\mu\text{M}</math>)</b>
CAMHB	$3.305 \pm 0.001$
ID-CAMHB	$0.143 \pm 0.006$
HTM	$8.237 \pm 0.008$
DHTM	$0.284 \pm 0.001$
THYB	$17.136 \pm 0.011$
DTHYB	$5.298 \pm 0.002$
ASM	$3.880 \pm 0.002$
RPMI-CAA	$0.210 \pm 0.001$
RPMI-HS-CAA	$1.820 \pm 0.002$



**Figure S1.** Growth of reference non-fastidious CF pathogens in CAMHB, ID-CAMHB, ASM and RPMI-HS-CAA. Individual bacterial strains were inoculated (*ca.* 5 x 10<sup>5</sup> CFU/ml) into 96-well microtiter plates containing CAMHB (black), ID-CAMHB (dark grey), ASM (light grey) and RPMI-HS-CAA (white). The OD<sub>600</sub> was determined after 24-h incubation at 37 °C for all strains except *M. abscessus* ATCC 19977<sup>T</sup> which required 72-h incubation. Data are the means of triplicate experiments ± standard deviation.

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