

CONSORT

CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	No. 1
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	NO. 2
Introduction			100.3
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	NO. 4
objectives	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	NO. 7
Methods			140.0
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	NO.5-6
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	NO.5
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	No. 5
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	NO. 3
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	NO. 6
	· 6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	No.6
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	NO. 6
Randomisation:			
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	NO.5
generation	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	No. 5
Allocation concealment	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	
mechanism			1.61
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	Wo.5-1
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those	

			No.5-6
	1011010	assessing outcomes) and how	
20 0 00 0 00 00	11b	in the valid decomposition of the similarity of little ventions	
Statistical methods	12a	and secondary outcomes	No. 6-7
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	
Results			
Participant flow (a	13a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and	
diagram is strongly		were analysed for the primary outcome	No 7
recommended)	13b		- No.7
Recruitment	14a		NO.5
	14b		No.6
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	No.14
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was	100.14
		by original assigned groups	No. 7
Outcomes and	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its	
estimation		precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	NO.7-8
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	NO &
Discussion			
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	No 9.10
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Nog-B.
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	ND.9
Other information		1	
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	No.5
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	NO.5
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	No.5

^{*}We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see www.consort-statement.org.

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