# Supplemental Appendix

Content	Page
Supplemental Table 1. Framingham Heart Study criteria for HF diagnosis	2
Supplemental Table 2. Comparison of cumulative incidence of HF across the two	
epochs, adjusted for competing risk of death and according to risk factor strata:	3
participants without prior myocardial infarction	
Supplemental Table 3. Prevalence of major and minor criteria for HF in the two	6
epochs	U
Supplemental Table 4. Published estimates of RLR for HF at age 45/50 years.	7
<b>Supplemental Figure 1.</b> Derivation of sample sizes in the two epochs (overall and for	0
risk factor strata).	9
Supplemental Figure 2. RLR of HF according to risk factor strata (Panels A-H) in	10
participants without prior myocardial infarction: comparison between the two epochs.	10
Supplemental Figure 3. Association of risk factors with HF incidence using Fine-	
Gray subdistribution hazards regression models in the two epochs in participants	
without prior MI. Panel A represents comparisons within each epoch, and Panel B	14
represents comparisons of hazards ratios associated with a risk factor stratum in epoch	
2 vs. epoch 1.	
Supplemental Figure 4. RLR of HFpEF and HFrEF according to risk factor strata	16
(Panels A-H) in the second epoch	10
Supplemental Figure 5. Association of risk factors with HFpEF and HFrEF incidence	
using Fine-Gray subdistribution hazards regression models: results for participants in	20
the second epoch	
Jonly	

Supplemental Table 1. Framingham Heart Study criteria for HF diagnosis.

Major Criteria	Minor Criteria
Paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea or orthopnea	Pleural effusion by X-ray
Distended neck veins	Pulmonary vascular engorgement by X-ray
Hepatojugular reflux	Heart rate > 120/minute
Rales	Hepatomegaly
S3 gallop	Ankle edema
Treatment-induced weight loss >10lbs/5 days	Decrease in vital capacity by 1/3rd
Increased venous pressure > 16 cm water	Dyspnea on ordinary exertion
Pulmonary edema, visceral congestion, or cardiomegaly on autopsy	Night cough
Enlarged heart by X-ray	
Acute pulmonary edema on chest X-ray	

HF was diagnosed by the presence of 1 major criterion and 2 minor criteria, or 2 major criteria in the absence of an alternative explanation for findings.

Supplemental Table 2. Comparison of cumulative incidence of HF at age 50 years across the two epochs, adjusted for competing risk of death and according to risk factor strata: participants without antecedent myocardial infarction

		Adjusted (95% C	Cumulative ir I), 1965-1989	ncidence, % , Epoch 1	Adjusted (95% (	RLR Rate		
		30-year	40-year	Lifetime (RLR)	30-year	40-year	Lifetime (RLR)	ratio Epoch2/ Epoch 1, P
	N/ Pyr	255/87687	354/94536	362/95087	210/1001 24	456/113722	542/116044	
Overall	ACI	7.62 (6.71-8.53)	13.41 (12.00- 14.82)	<b>14.44</b> (12.88- 16.01)	6.18 (5.37- 7.00)	14.95 (13.67- 16.22)	<b>18.36</b> (16.95- 19.77)	1.27 P<0.001
Sex	NT/	1	1	1	1		1	
	N/ Pyr	139/52856	207/57753	214/58207	97/56899	250/66005	307/67762	
Women	ACI	6.96 (5.84-8.09)	13.50 (11.65- 15.36)	<b>14.99</b> (12.86- 17.11)	5.17 (4.16- 6.18)	14.38 (12.72- 16.04)	<b>18.02</b> (16.18- 19.85)	1.20 P=0.035
	N/ Pyr	116/34831	147/36783	148/36880	113/4322 7	206/47720	235/48282	
Men	ACI	8.64 (7.12- 10.17)	13.30 (11.13- 15.47)	<b>13.57</b> (11.35- 15.80)	7.42 (6.10- 8.75)	15.75 (13.74- 17.77)	<b>19.07</b> (16.82- 21.32)	1.41 P=0.001
Р		0.08	0.89	0.37	0.008	0.30	0.48	
BMI Catego	ry							
	N/ Pyr	72/36016	95/38118	98/38211	48/35352	136/41747	175/42959	
Normal	ACI	5.48 (4.23-6.74)	10.22 (7.93-12.50)	<b>15.51</b> (9.75-21.28)	3.89 (2.81- 4.97)	11.27 (9.49-13.06)	<b>14.81</b> (12.78- 16.84)	0.95 P=0.82
	N/ Pyr	91/31403	123/33507	125/33856	70/33112	159/37674	192/38425	
Overweight	ACI	7.77 (6.21-9.34)	13.48 (11.00- 15.96)	<b>14.37</b> (11.64- 17.09)	6.31 (4.87- 7.75)	15.58 (13.34- 17.82)	<b>19.33</b> (16.86- 21.80)	1.35 P=0.008
	N/ Pyr	41/10417	51/10948	52/10973	66/17312	110/18590	121/18777	
Obese	ACI	9.94 (6.95- 12.94)	15.98 (11.39- 20.58)	<b>17.53</b> (12.18- 22.89)	12.84 (9.86- 15.82)	25.83 (21.49- 30.16)	<b>29.23</b> (24.68- 33.78)	1.67 P=0.001
P Overweight vs. normal		0.025	0.06	0.73	0.008	0.003	0.006	
P Obese vs. normal		0.007	0.028	0.61	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	
BP category	NI/	1				Γ		
	Pyr	44/26458	57/27802	59/27860	40/41849	98/46851	135/47684	
Normal	ACI	4.96 (3.48-6.43)	10.11 (6.77-13.45)	<b>12.56</b> (7.93-17.18)	3.29 (2.27- 4.31)	9.81 (7.93-11.69)	<b>14.60</b> (12.29- 16.92)	1.16 P=0.44
Intermediate	N/ Pyr	61/27992	78/29544	79/29609	67/23821	148/28378	172/29199	

	ACI	6.55 (4.91-8.19)	10.98 (8.35-13.62)	<b>11.67</b> (8.74-14.61)	7.28 (5.60- 8.95)	15.71 (13.38- 18.03)	<b>18.44</b> (15.95- 20.93)	1.58 P=0.001
	N/ Pyr	102/24290	139/26181	142/26256	77/20911	159/23732	181/24245	
Hypertensio n	ACI	9.77 (7.96- 11.59)	15.97 (13.38- 18.56)	<b>21.31</b> (15.95- 26.67)	9.90 (7.79- 12.00)	21.39 (18.43- 24.34)	<b>24.40</b> (21.30- 27.49)	1.15 P=0.33
P Intermediate vs. Normal		0.16	0.69	0.75	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.027	
P Hypertensio n vs. Normal		< 0.001	0.007	0.015	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
<b>Diabetes Sta</b>	tus	1	1	1		1		1
	N/ Pyr	194/75708	253/80101	256/80235	171/8342 3	385/95370	468/97470	
Normal	ACI	6.98 (6.01-7.95)	12.38 (10.69- 14.07)	<b>13.29</b> (11.33- 15.25)	6.15 (5.25- 7.04)	14.94 (13.56- 16.33)	<b>18.64</b> (17.11- 20.17)	1.40 P<0.001
	N/ Pvr	5/540	-	-	10/1918	12/1948	12/1953	
Diabetes	ACI	22.15 (4.06- 40.24)	_	0	23.71 (9.38- 38.04)	37.59 (18.55- 56.62)	<b>37.59</b> (18.55- 56.62)	-
P Diabetes vs. Normal		0.10	-		0.016	0.020	0.05	
Cumulative	Risk fa	ctor burden <sup>3</sup>	*					
	N/PYr s	59/35068	76/36834	77/36878	55/44218	131/50707	176/51860	
Low*	ACI	5.17 (3.85-6.50)	9.52 (6.93-12.12)	<b>10.44</b> (7.33-13.55)	3.98 (2.94- 5.02)	10.50 (8.79-12.22)	<b>14.82</b> (12.78- 16.86)	1.42 P=0.021
Internetiste	N/PYr s	109/34871	142/37146	144/37223	80/32113	196/36955	229/37811	
*	ACI	8.03 (6.56-9.51)	13.12 (10.90- 15.33)	<b>14.10</b> (11.53- 16.66)	6.92 (5.45- 8.38)	17.60 (15.36- 19.84)	<b>20.82</b> (18.41- 23.22)	1.48 P<0.001
	N/PYr s	28/5474	36/5786	-	46/8253	70/8770	75/8854	
High*	ACI	11.73 (7.58- 15.88)	19.08 (12.84- 25.31)	-	18.18 (13.28- 23.09)	32.46 (25.97- 38.94)	<b>34.51</b> (28.00- 41.02)	-
P Intermediate vs. Low		0.005	0.039	0.08	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
P high vs. Low		0.003	0.006	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	

ACI= adjusted cumulative incidence, %. N = number of HF events, Pyrs= person-years of observation. Lifetime risk was evaluated at 45 years except for the analyses of the stratum according to diabetes status, in which 30 years was used due to limited data. \*participants received a score of 0-2 for the three BMI categories (0 for normal BMI, 1 for overweight, and 2 for obesity), a score of 0-2 for BP categories (0 for normal BP, 1 for intermediate BP, and 2 for hypertension), and a score of 0-1 for diabetes (0= no, 1= yes). Thus, participants could have a score that ranged from 0 (minimum) to 5 (maximum). Three strata of the risk score were empirically defined as 0-1 (low risk factor burden), 2-3 (intermediate), 4-5 (high risk factor burden).

	Epoch 1	Epoch 2	P* for Epoch 1 vs. 2
Major Criteria, %			
Paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea or Orthopnea	83%	73%	0.02
Distended neck veins	66%	50%	< 0.001
Hepatojugular reflux	61%	49%	0.16
Rales	92%	88%	0.04
S3 gallop	51%	19%	<0.001
Treatment induced weight loss >10lbs/5 days	44%	63%	0.11
Enlarged heart by X-ray	44%	46%	0.75
Acute pulmonary edema on chest X-ray	45%	46%	0.69
Minor Criteria, %			
Pleural effusion by X-ray	65%	68%	0.38
Pulmonary vascular engorgement by X-ray	73%	71%	0.58
Heart rate > 120/minute	17%	22%	0.15
Hepatomegaly	49%	8%	<0.001
Ankle edema	77%	72%	0.11
Dyspnea on ordinary exertion	96%	98%	0.17
Night cough	24%	41%	0.11

Supplemental Table 3. Prevalence of major and minor criteria for HF in the two epochs

\*by Chi-square test

# Supplemental Table 4. Published estimates of RLR for HF at age 45/50 years.

Study, Year,	Calendar	Sample	F/U	Median	HF	HF	RLR of	RLR of
reference	period	size	Person- yrs	F/u, years	events	/ criteria	HF in men	HF in women
Framingham Heart Study, 2002 (17)	1971- 1996	8229	124 262	N/A	583	FHS criteria; central adjudication	20.9 (11.6 without MI)	20.5 (15.5 without MI)
Rotterdam Study*, 2004 (10)	1989- 1993 (baseline)- 2000	7734	50268	7.1	725	Adjudicated RS criteria	33.0	28.5
Physicians Health Study, 2009 (11)	1982- 1983 through 2008	20,900	N/A	22.4	1200	Self-report	13.8 (11.5 without antecedent MI)	Not applicable
ARIC, 2012 (16)	1987- 1989 (baseline) -2008	14709	NA	17.6	2102	ICD9, adjudicated	32.8 (Blacks whites); esti pooled sexe	s), 25.9 imates for s
Chicago Heart Association, 2013 (13)	1967- 1973 (baseline)- 2003	19391	501,127	N/A	3,972	ICD9 Medicare discharge	30.2 in whites (26.1 without MI) 20.1 in Blacks (18.6 without MI)	32.3 in white (28.7 without MI) 23.7 in Blacks (22.7 without MI)
ARIC <sup>†</sup> , 2013 (13)	1987- 1989 (baseline) - 2005	15732	168,516	N/A	1010	ICD9, adjudicated	19.1 in whites (14.2 without MI) 21.3 in Blacks (15.9 without MI)	13.4 in whites (10.6 without MI) 23.9 in Blacks (19.9 without MI)
Cardiovascular Health Study**, 2013 (13)	1989- 1993 (baseline) -2004	4455	47,333	N/A	1001	Adjudicated review of medical records	41.6 in whites (26.4 without MI) 29.1 in Blacks	38.5 in whites (29.9 without MI) 46.1 in Blacks

							(22.1 without	(36.3 without
							MI)	MI)
CALIBER, 2014 (15)	1997- 2010	1,258,006	N/A	5.2	10437	CPRD and ICD 10 codes	5%	8%¶
ARIC, 2015 (12)	1987- 1989 (baseline) , to 2011	13462	N/A	22.5	2218	ICD-9	25.5 (21.3 w antecedent l Estimates fo sexes, poole	vithout MI) or pooled ed race
Cardiovascular Health Study** + MESA, 2018 (14)	1989- 1993 (baseline for CHS); 2000- 2002 baseline for MESA)	12417	NA	11.6	2178	adjudicated	27.4 (20 without MI; estimates for pooled sexes)	23.8

\*at age 55 years \*\*at age 65 years <sup>†</sup> follow-up up to 75 years. <sup>¶</sup>at age 30, extrapolated from Appendix, between normal BP and HTN. CPRD= clinical practice research datalink. N/A = not available in the publication. ARIC= Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities. CALIBER= CArdiovascular research using LInked Bespoke studies and Electronic Health Records. MESA= MultiEthnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Supplemental Figure 1. Derivation of sample sizes in the two epochs (overall and for risk factor strata).



Supplemental Figure 2. RLR of HF (%) at age 50 according to risk factor strata in *participants without prior MI*: comparison between the two epochs. Panel A.



#### Panel B.







Panel D.



#### Panel E.



Panel F.



### Panel G.



# Panel H.



**Supplemental Figure 3. Association of risk factors with HF incidence using Fine-Gray subdistribution hazards regression models in the two epochs in** *participants without prior MI***. Panel A represents comparisons within each epoch, and <b>Panel B** represents comparisons of hazards ratios associated with a risk factor stratum in epoch 2 vs. epoch 1.

# Panel A.

Subgroup	Adj-HR	95% CI	PValue	Adjusted In(HR) for HF (no prior MI)
Sex				
Epoch 1				
Men vs Women	1.09	(0.88-1.34)	0.43	
Epoch 2				( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
Men vs Women	1.12	(0.95-1.33)	0.18	
BMI Category				
Epoch 1				
Overweight vs Normal	1.39	(1.07-1.88)	0.014	
Obese vs Normal	1.84	(1.32-2.58)	<0.001	
Trend	1.36	(1.16-1.60)	<0.001	
Epoch 2				
Overweight vs Normal	1.36	(1.11-1.67)	0.003	
Obese vs Normal	2.35	(1.86-2.95)	<0.001	
Trend	1.52	(1.35-1.71)	<0.001	
BP Category				
Epoch 1				
Intermediate vs Normal	1.18	(0.85-1.66)	0.33	
Hypertension vs Normal	2.07	(1.52-2.81)	<0.001	
Trend	1.48	(1.26-1.73)	<0.001	-■-
Epoch 2				
Intermediate vs Normal	1.49	(1.19-1.87)	<0.001	
Hypertension vs Normal	2.14	(1.71-2.67)	<0.001	-■
Trend	1.46	(1.31-1.63)	<0.001	-■-
Diabetes Status				
Epoch 1				
Diabetes vs Normal	3.05	(1.22-7.64)	0.017	
Epoch 2				
Diabetes vs Normal	2.49	(1.37-4.54)	0.003	
				$\leftarrow$ Protective Detrimental $\rightarrow$
				0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0

# Panel B.

Subgroup	Adj-HR	95% CI	PValue	Adjusted In(HR) for HF (no prior MI)
Sex				
Women				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.18	(0.99-1.40)	0.06	
Men		<b>、</b>		
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.24	(1.01-1.52)	0.044	
BMI Category Normal				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.21	(0.96-1.54)	0.11	
Overweight				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.27	(1.02-1.58)	0.036	
Obese				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.51	(1.08-2.11)	0.015	
BP Category Normal				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.09	(0.81-1.47)	0.57	
Intermediate				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.70	(1.30-2.21)	<0.001	
Hypertension				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.43	(1.15-1.78)	0.001	
Diabetes Status Normal				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	1.34	(1.15-1.55)	<0.001	
Diabetes				
Epoch 2 vs Epoch 1	0.88	(0.28-2.76)	0.82	
				$\leftarrow \text{Protective} \qquad \text{Detrimental} \rightarrow$
				0.25 0.33 0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0

# Supplemental Figure 4. RLR (%) of HFpEF and HFrEF at age 50 years according to risk factor strata in the second epoch

Panel A.



## Panel B.







Panel D.











## Panel G.



Panel H.



**Supplemental Figure 5.** Association of risk factors with HFpEF and HFrEF incidence using Fine-Gray subdistribution hazards regression models: results for participants in the second epoch.

Subgroup	Adj-HR	95% CI	PValue	Adjusted In(HR) for HFpEF and HFrEF	
Sex HFpEF					
Men vs Women	0.71	(0.57-0.89)	0.003		
HFrEF	4.07	(4 5 4 0 07)	-0.004		
Men vs vvomen BMI Category	1.87	(1.54-2.27)	<0.001		
HFpEF					
Overweight vs Normal	1.28	(0.99-1.65)	0.06		
Obese vs Normal	1.97	(1.47-2.64)	<0.001		
Trend	1.39	(1.20-1.62)	<0.001		
HFIEF Overweight vs Normal	1 53	(1 21-1 93)	<0.001		
Obese vs Normal	2.03	(1.54-2.66)	<0.001		
Trend	1.43	(1.26-1.63)	<0.001		
BP Category HFpEF		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Intermediate vs Normal	1.43	(1.07-1.91)	0.017		
Hypertension vs Normal	2.11	(1.59-2.81)	<0.001		
Trend	1.46	(1.26-1.68)	<0.001		
Intermediate vs Normal	1 66	(1.28-2.15)	<0.001		
Hypertension vs Normal	2.06	(1.20-2.13)	<0.001		
Trend	1.42	(1.26-1.61)	< 0.001		
Diabetes Status HFpEF					
Diabetes vs Normal	1.71	(0.80-3.67)	0.17		
HFrEF					
Diabetes vs Normal	3.03	(1.80-5.10)	<0.001		>
HEDEE					
Intermediate vs Low	1.50	(1.17-1.92)	0.002		
High vs Low	2.65	(1.89-3.71)	<0.001		
Trend	1.60	(1.35-1.89)	<0.001	■	
HFrEF	4 70	(1.40.0.00)	10.004		
Intermediate vs Low	1.76	(1.40-2.20)	< 0.001		
Trend	2.50	(1.62 - 3.43) (1.40 - 1.87)	<0.001		
TI OTM	1.02	(1.40-1.07)	0.001		
				$\leftarrow Protective \qquad Detrimental \rightarrow$	
				0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0	5.0