## SUPPLIMENTARY DATA

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## Table S1: Exclusion Criteria

- · History of any other cardiovascular disorder
- NYHA Class III / IV heart failure
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Contraindication to magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanning (including claustrophobia)
- Known hypersensitivity to Trientine or excipients
- Known hypersensitivity to Gadolinium-based contrast agent
- eGFR < 50ml/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup>
- BMI > 40kg/m<sup>2</sup>
- History of significant malabsorption
- Copper deficiency at baseline
- Iron deficiency at baseline
- Haemoglobin < 10g/dL
- Unresolved haematological disorder
- Severe hepatic impairment
- Untreated thyroid disease
- Autoimmune disorders/connective tissue disease
- Drug or alcohol abuse
- Pregnancy/breast-feeding. Women of childbearing potential (not >2 years post- menopausal and/or not surgically sterilised) must have a negative blood serum pregnancy test, performed at visit 1 prior to administration of study medication
- Any clinically significant or unstable medical or psychiatric condition that would interfere with the patient's ability to participate in the study
- Any other condition, which in the opinion of the research team, may put participants at risk during the study, or which may affect the outcome of the study
- New medication within the preceding month of the study (excluding short term prescriptions)
- Participation in another study involving an investigational product in the previous 12 weeks

Table S2: Patient Characteristics

	Intervention	Control	p-value
	Group	Group	_
Age (years)	$55.5 \pm 8.4$	$54.7 \pm 13.3$	0.86
Male	15	7	
Body surface area (m <sup>2</sup> )	$2.06 \pm 0.25$	$1.94 \pm 0.24$	0.24
Systolic blood pressure (mmHg)	$130 \pm 15$	$137 \pm 13$	0.24
Diastolic blood Pressure (mmHg)	$81 \pm 12$	$75 \pm 15$	0.28
Heart Rate	$66.5 \pm 16.3$	$65.1 \pm 11.5$	0.81
ACEi / ARB	1	2	
Beta-blockers	10	5	
Calcium Channel Blockers	1	0	
Spironolactone	0	0	
PCr/ATP ratio	$1.27 \pm 0.44$	$1.51 \pm 0.82$	0.36
NYHA I	14	7	
NYHA II	6	3	
EF (%)	$69.0 \pm 6.8$	$69.8 \pm 8.3$	0.79
Mass/BSA (g/m²)	$73.5 \pm 20.0$	$79.8 \pm 18.6$	0.43

Table S3: Adverse effects leading to non-completion of study

	Gender	Length of Treatment (weeks)	Adverse Effect
1	Male	1	Abdominal bloating
2	Male	21	Oesophageal ulcer*
3	Male	20	Arthralgia <sup>†</sup>
4	Male	4	Migraine <sup>†</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> Related to tablet impaction- the patient was taking multiple other prescribed and over the counter medications, and the investigational medicinal product (IMP) was not deemed the culprit at OGD.

<sup>†</sup> Pre-existing prior to study

Table S4: Summary of important risks

Adverse Event	Number of patients experiencing adverse event	
	(Total number of patients = 20)	
Gastric complaints (nausea, gastric pain, bloating, diarrhoea, dyspepsia)	5	
Dizziness	2	
Increased exercise capacity	2	
Chest infection	3	
Increased Urinary Frequency	1	
Leukopenia	1	
Vivid dreams	1	
Appendicitis*	1	
Headache	2	
Influenza-like illness	1	
Common Cold	1	
Vivid dreams	1	
Palpitations requiring admission*	1	
Wrist Sprain*	1	
Adhesive capsulitis of the shoulder	1	

<sup>\*</sup>Serious adverse event

Table S5: Laboratory and haemodynamic data at baseline and after 6 months of treatment with trientine

	Baseline	Follow-up	p-value
Laboratory data			
Haemoglobin (g/l)	$145.5 \pm 13.3$	$143.2 \pm 12.5$	0.40
Urea (mmol/l)	$5.1 \pm 1.0$	$4.9 \pm 1.2$	0.25
Creatinine (µmol/l)	$75.0 \pm 13.0$	$74.2 \pm 11.7$	0.71
eGFR (ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	$82.7 \pm 8.6$	$84.5 \pm 7.2$	0.30
Alk. Phos (iu/l)	$73.0 \pm 19.8$	$78.6 \pm 19.1$	0.03
ALT (iu/l)	$20.5 \pm 6.4$	$23.6 \pm 5.0$	0.07
Magnesium (mmol/l)	$0.87 \pm 0.08$	$0.81 \pm 0.12$	0.14
Serum Copper (µmol/l)	$16.5 \pm 2.3$	$16.6 \pm 2.7$	0.83
Serum Caeruloplasmin (g/l)	$0.23 \pm 0.03$	$0.24 \pm 0.03$	0.04
Serum Zinc (µmol/l)	$20.4 \pm 5.4$	$25.3 \pm 7.9$	0.15
Haemodynamics			
Systolic BP (mmHg)	$131 \pm 15$	$125 \pm 15$	0.21
Diastolic BP (mmHg)	$83 \pm 14$	$74 \pm 7$	0.06
Heart Rate (bpm)	$57.5 \pm 10.0$	$58.8 \pm 9.2$	0.59
BSA (m <sup>2</sup> )	$2.07 \pm 0.28$	$2.06 \pm 0.28$	0.43
Cardiopulmonary Exercise Tes	ting		
Exercise time (min)	$14.7 \pm 3.2$	$14.4 \pm 2.9$	0.26
Anaerobic Threshold (l/mn)	$1.41 \pm 0.46$	$1.47 \pm 0.36$	0.89
VO2 Max (l/mn)	$2.44 \pm 0.81$	$2.41 \pm 0.74$	0.46
PR interval (ms)	$184 \pm 20$	$182 \pm 19$	0.42
QRS duration (ms)	$110 \pm 12$	$109 \pm 13$	0.44
QTc (ms)	$432 \pm 27$	$429 \pm 20$	0.75

Table S6: Echocardiographic data at baseline and after 6 months of treatment with trientine

	Baseline	Follow-up	p-value
E velocity (cm/s)	$60.8 \pm 16.7$	$61.8 \pm 12.9$	0.67
A velocity (cm/s)	$64.4 \pm 23.0$	$63.7 \pm 20.3$	0.77
E/A ratio	$1.11 \pm 0.67$	$1.10 \pm 0.50$	0.84
Mean S' Velocity (cm/s)	$6.9 \pm 2.5$	$8.1 \pm 1.9$	0.03
Mean E' Velocity (cm/s)	$6.8 \pm 3.4$	$7.0 \pm 2.5$	0.71
Mean A' Velocity (cm/s)	$7.4 \pm 3.1$	$8.4 \pm 2.7$	0.11
Mean E/E'	$10.7 \pm 3.3$	$10.1 \pm 3.2$	0.43
Mitral Decel. Time (ms)	$295 \pm 79$	$265 \pm 47$	0.11

Table S7: Cardiac MRI at baseline and after 6 months of treatment with trientine.

	Baseline	Follow-up	p-value
Cardiac MRI: Left ventricle			<b>-</b>
LVEDV (ml)	$171 \pm 36$	$169 \pm 38$	0.57
LVESV (ml)	54 ± 20	$52 \pm 20$	0.41
SV (ml)	$117 \pm 22$	$117 \pm 23$	0.98
EF (%)	69 ± 7	$70 \pm 6$	0.55
LVM (g)	$152 \pm 54$	$147 \pm 55$	0.06
LVEDVi (ml/m²)	$84 \pm 10$	$84 \pm 12$	0.84
LVESVi (ml/m²)	$26 \pm 7$	$26 \pm 8$	0.62
SVi (ml/m²)	58 ± 9	59 ± 8	0.75
LVMi (g/m²)	$73 \pm 20$	$73 \pm 22$	0.48
Native septal T1 (ms)	$1060 \pm 47$	$1049 \pm 42$	0.06
ECV Fraction (%)	$30.0 \pm 4.5$	$29.5 \pm 4.0$	0.06
Total Myocardial Volume (ml)	$145 \pm 52$	$140 \pm 53$	0.05
ECM Volume (ml)	$44 \pm 18$	$42 \pm 17$	0.04
Cellular Volume (ml)	$101 \pm 36$	99 ± 37	0.11
GLS	$-18.3 \pm 3.4$	$-19.4 \pm 3.4$	0.03
PCr / ATP Ratio	$1.27 \pm 0.44$	$1.4 \pm 0.39$	0.46
Cardiac MRI: Left atrium			
LAESV (ml)	$75.8 \pm 43.6$	$65.8 \pm 40.9$	0.04
LAEDV (ml)	$124.4 \pm 51.3$	$114.6 \pm 47.3$	0.18
Pre-atrial contraction vol (ml)	$102.9 \pm 46.7$	$93.3 \pm 40.1$	0.08
LAESVi (ml/m²)	$37.3 \pm 17.9$	$32.6 \pm 17.4$	0.06
LAEDVi (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	$61.7 \pm 21.9$	$57.4 \pm 20.8$	0.25
Pre-atrial contraction vol i	$50.9 \pm 19.8$	$46.6 \pm 17.2$	0.12
(ml/m <sup>2</sup> )			
Total EF (%)	$41.3 \pm 8.3$	$45.5 \pm 12.2$	0.07
Passive EF (%)	$18.0 \pm 5.8$	$18.7 \pm 4.9$	0.64
Booster EF (%)	$28.4 \pm 8.9$	$33.2 \pm 13.6$	0.16
LA Expansion Index	$0.73 \pm 0.22$	$0.94 \pm 0.54$	0.09
Total strain (%)	$20.0 \pm 3.9$	$21.5 \pm 5.0$	0.04
Peak systolic strain rate (-1)	$0.75 \pm 13$	$0.83 \pm 0.19$	0.11
Passive Strain (%)	$9.47 \pm 3.06$	$11.1 \pm 5.60$	0.68
Peak early negative strain rate (-1)	$-0.50 \pm 0.29$	$-0.49 \pm 0.23$	0.56
Active Strain (%)	$10.53 \pm 3.08$	$10.41 \pm 4.20$	0.76
Peak late negative strain rate (-1)	$-0.68 \pm 0.20$	$-0.66 \pm 0.30$	0.91

ECV fraction was calculated as ECV = (1-hematocrit) x  $\lambda$ , where  $\lambda$  is the partition coefficient. Total myocardial volume was LV Mass / 1.05. The total extracellular volume (ECM) was calculated with the formula ECM= ECV x LVM/1.05, while the cellular volume was calculated as Cellular volume (ml)=Total myocardial volume – ECM volume).

Figure 1

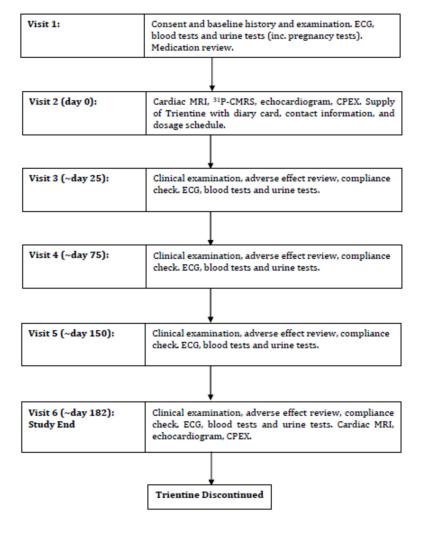


Figure 2

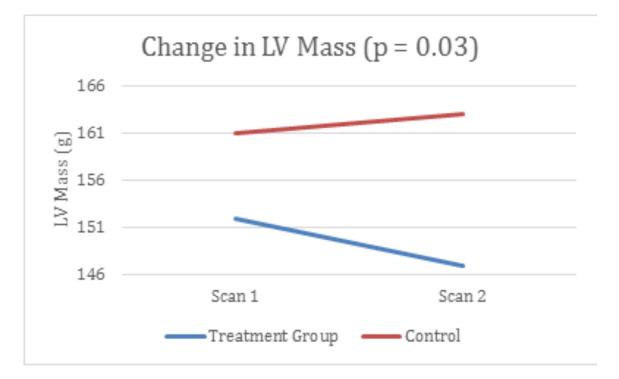


Figure 3

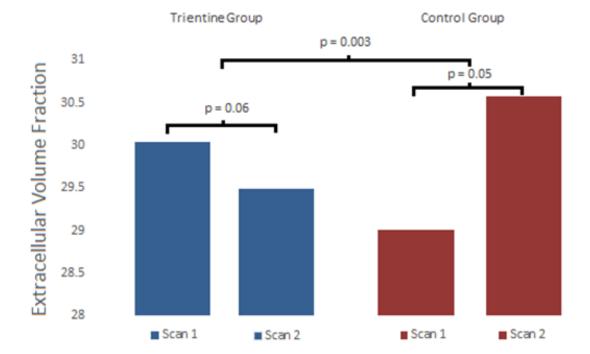


Figure 4

